

Illia Danilishyn, Oleksandr Danilishyn

ELEMENTS OF DYNAMIC SCIENCE

Monograph



Primedia eLaunch

Illia Danilishyn, Oleksandr Danilishyn

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Monograph

Edited by *Volodymyr Pasynkov*

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Epigraph 1:

Mathematics is on the border of science (knowledge), so it is she who is able to make major breakthroughs beyond this border.

Epigraph 2:

We will still leave our cozy world for other worlds in order to return....

Reviewer: Volodymyr PASYNKOV

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and calculated techniques department of «National Metallurgical Academy», Ukraine*

*Dedicated to Carlos Castaneda,
his teachers and our math teachers*

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The monograph first task: to understand hierarchy of energies in the Universe and the principles of functioning of living energy (living organism, in particular, human, subtle energies), and then using these principles to "construct" artificial living energies (let's call them pseudo-living energies). It is possible to significantly expand the horizons of science, in particular physics, by studying the subtle energies in the Universe. For this, some aspects are proposed for consideration of **Dynamic Science**. *self^{our theory}_{science}* - science here acts as a space for the application of our theory in the self-format, i.e., any place of science, in particular physics, can act as a place for the "location" of the self. It contains itself (accommodates any action C) in any place of science. On the basis of mathematical uncertainties, new mathematical structures are formed, allowing us to describe processes and objects that are fundamentally not determined by conventional deterministic methods. Objective uncertainties in any case can mean manifestations of processes and objects that are fundamentally not determined by conventional deterministic methods. Many energies are indeterminate because they are based on uncertainties from the perspective of traditional science - large concentrations of specific energy in a chaotic state. The foundation of dynamic mathematics lies in working with uncertainties, which makes it possible to manipulate these indeterminate energies using direct-accumulative direct-parallel neural networks. The second task of the monograph is to construct a new mathematical apparatus for neural networks of a fundamentally new type: direct- parallel and direct-accumulative action. We construct models of singularities for singular work with them through neural networks - analogues of the human CNS. Ordinary regular work with them in ordinary science is fundamentally unable to realize their capabilities. Therefore, singular science realized on a neural network - an analogue of the human CNS - will be much more natural. Unfortunately, we do not have funding to perform the necessary experiments and the practical creation of a technical model of such a neural network. There is a need to develop an instrumental mathematical base for new technologies. The task of the work is to create new approaches for this by introducing new concepts and methods. Our mathematics is unusual for a mathematician, because here the fulcrum is the action, and not the result of the action as in classical mathematics. Therefore, our mathematics is adapted not only to obtain results, but also to directly control actions, which will certainly show its benefits on a fundamentally new type of neural networks with directly parallel calculations, for which it was created. Any action has much greater potential than its result. Social justice is fundamentally impossible as long as education (training) is based on achieving results, and not on the process. It is time for physicists to begin studying not only the manifestations of living energies, but also the living energies themselves, which are by no means expressed through objectivity and ordinary energies, although they are capable of manifesting themselves through a lower level - objectivity and ordinary energies. We, as mathematicians, offer a new corresponding apparatus for understanding nature and studying living energies. Significance of the article: in a new qualitatively different approach to the study of complex processes through new mathematical, hierarchical, dynamic structures, in particular those processes that are dealt with by Synergetics. The significance of our article is in the formation of the presumptive mathematical structure of subtle energies, this is being done for the first time in science, and the presumptive classification of the mathematical structures of subtle energies for the first time. The experiments of the 2022 Nobel laureates Asle Ahlen, John Clauser, Anton Zeilinger and the experiments in chemistry Nazhipa Valitov eloquently demonstrate that we are right and that these studies are necessary. Be that as it may, we created classes of new mathematical structures, new mathematical singularities, i.e., made a contribution to the development of mathematics.

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Foreword:

In this book, the authors develop the themes of the books [40], [42], [47], [48] in more interesting dynamic structures. The foundation of dynamic science lies in dynamic mathematics, working with uncertainties, which makes it possible to manipulate these indeterminate energies using direct-accumulative direct-parallel neural networks. Significance of the monograph: development of dynamic science by mathematical uncertainties and their applications, in a new qualitatively different approach to the study of complex processes through new mathematical hierarchical dynamic structures, in particular those processes that are dealt with by Synergetics. Constructing pseudo-living energy is Uncertainty constructing first of all, which correspond to singularity. Authors' approach is not based on deterministic equations that generate self-organization, which is very difficult to study and gives very small results for a very limited class of problems and does not provide the most important thing - the structure of self-organization. They are just starting from the assumed structure of self-organization, since they are interested not so much in the numerical calculation of this as in the structure of self-organization itself, its formation (construction) for the necessary purposes and its management. Although they are also interested in numerical calculations. They represent equations for the dynamic description of processes and objects. Nobel laureates in physics 2023 Ferenc Kraus and his colleagues Pierre Agostini and Anna Lhuillier used a short-pulse laser to generate attosecond pulses of light to study the dynamics of electrons in matter. According to their Theory of singularities of the type synthesizing, its action corresponds to singularity $\uparrow \downarrow q h$, which allows one to reach the upper level of subtle energies to manipulate lower levels. In April 2023 [14], the authors proposed using a short-pulse laser to achieve the desired goals by a directly parallel neural network. They then proposed the fundamental development of this directly parallel neural network. There is a long overdue need for the use of singular hierarchical structures, in particular self-sets, to describe complex processes, in particular to describe unusual states of consciousness and pathological conditions in medicine. The experiments of Nobel laureates in 2022-year Asle Ahlen, Clauser John, Zeilinger Anton correspond to the concept of the Universe as its self-containment in itself. The monograph aims to create new constructive hierarchical mathematical objects for new technologies, particularly for a fundamentally new type of neural network with parallel computing and not the usual parallel computing through sequential computing.

Ukraine, June 2025
Volodymyr Pasyukov

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Introduction

In a living organism, the rotation of energy in the energy centers is counterclockwise, except for the energy center on the top of the head, where the movement of energy has been altered by foreign influence through ineffective education. Social justice is fundamentally impossible as long as education (training) is based on achieving results, and not on the process. Our World is indeed from a point, but not from the Big Bang, but from the position of the

assemblage point on the energy cocoon of a person: $SCprt \begin{matrix} E_r \\ g \\ r \end{matrix}$, where r is the

assemble point position, E_r is a bundle of energy fibers of the Universe in this position r , which is consistent with the same positions of the assemblage point of other people, and the result of manifestation is a physical space with objects, because this is the result of our inventory of this bundle of emanations (i.e., the creation of a self through internal dialogue). The assemblage point on the energy cocoon of a person in this position collects all the basic components of our World in the form of a "bundle" of energy fibers of the Universe. Therefore, everything in our World is interconnected simultaneously. Just as radio wave receivers, television waves receive a transmission on the corresponding channel, so the assemblage point of people's energy cocoons receives energy fibers of the Universe in the corresponding areas of the energy cocoon, which are called positions of the assemblage point. The mind, through internal dialogue, "unfolds" the 2-interpretation of the bundle of energy fibers from this position of the assemblage point into the physical space with objects. The will "unfolds" its interpretation into the 2-hierarchical energy space, where at the upper level actions can have the structure of $pa|||$. Will can perform self, pa self, $|||$ actions. Control of Will through $pa|||$. By moving the assemblage point even a little bit from its

position that corresponds to the perception of our world: $SCprt \begin{matrix} E_{r+\Delta r} \\ g \\ r + \Delta r \end{matrix}$, we become,

as it were, "to the side" of it, being on its periphery and thus becoming capable of manipulating it. Since the energy fibers of the Universe are in constant self-motion, then in fact our flow of the World in each "section" of existence is in two mutually opposite directions (approaching and moving away simultaneously). It's just that our training is set up to manipulate the receding flow of the World for simplicity. Although with appropriate retraining we can perceive in both directions. The center of manifestation of the world in the form of objects thus manifests the subject of manifestation itself - a person in the form of an object, and thus the self for subject of manifestation in the form of an object is constructed in relation to

manifestation. When creating self for the subject of a dream in the form of an object in relation to dreamlike, it is separated from a person in the form of an energetic “double”, which will act and perceive much more freely and effectively, since it does not have the usual objectivity.

Having established (organized) the necessary singularity in the form of a corresponding energy structure at the upper level, we will obtain the necessary process or the necessary object (in particular, for protection from the ozone hole) etc. Similar to how a satellite is installed in orbit.

Dynamic mathematics is a new syntax for science for translating living energy into non-living objects. The positions of the assemblage point on the energy cocoon of a living organism correspond to the elements of Order in the living organism. Placing the assemblage point on the energy cocoon of a living organism outside of the positions corresponds to Chaos in the living organism. $self_{science}^{our\ theory}$ - science here acts as a space for the application of our theory in the self-format, i.e., any place of science, in particular physics, can act as a place for the "location" of the self. It contains itself (accommodates any action C) in any place of science. The structure of dynamic measuring instruments can be based on the following

$\{\}$ $\{\}$ $\{\}$ $\{\}$
dynamic structures: $\{\}$ SCprt{ }, $\{\}$ SCprt, SCprt{ }.
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Part I Elements of Dynamic Science

Introduction

Unlike the usual Metaphysics, which is not based on science, our **Dynamic Physics** is based on a new section of non-classical mathematics and is a superstructure over Physics, i.e., Physics becomes hierarchical, in which **Dynamic Physics** in our edition occupies the next level up. Unlike the usual calculations of physics, we offer the physics of action. Here, characteristics can not only be calculated, but also actively changed in objects and processes etc. Dynamic Science is Pyamo-Practical Science. This Science is adapted to neural network SmnSprt[16], [21], [29], [30], which can actively change characteristics (in particular, their values) in objects and processes. The introduced dynamic operators correspond not only to objects, processes, characteristics, but also to the actions with them, i.e., dynamic operators work (function) by SmnSprt in their dynamic environment. It is time to use not only actions mediated through numbers, but also direct actions by dynamic operators, which should be "switches" of actions and "follow" them, SmnSprt will use specific "scanning" of objects, processes, characteristics for this. SmnSprt will "go out" to their upper energy level for the necessary manipulations with them. For example, it is possible to change a) to other ones, b) to their other locations, c) to other actions with them, d) to another time, e) to creation of their doubles, f) getting anything from nowhere, g) to

anything etc. Self-action $\overset{Q}{Q}(\text{Dprt}Q)[16, 21]$ (for example, self-containment

$\overset{Q}{\text{SCprt}g_1[16, 21]}$) can "generate" self-objects, everything depends on the level of self-action. For example, $A|||B$ can "generate" C, stirring water can "generate" foam. This is somewhat more than using ordinary mathematical operators.

$\text{self}_{\text{science}}^{\text{our theory}}$ - science here acts as a space for the application of our theory in the self-format, i.e., any place of science, in particular physics, can act as a place for the "location" of the self. It contains itself (accommodates any action C) in any

place of science. By quasi proper elements ||| we can understand its manifestations at a lower level in a similar form (i.e., proper elements by level (hierarchy)). We can also consider functions, operators, equations by level (hierarchy) etc. Our science works (functions) only in a neural network SmnSprt environment. It is high time to make a new - dynamic science. The old science was created when there were no such neural network capabilities that allow in the neural network SmnSprt environment not only to carry out indirect manipulation through calculations, but also direct manipulation, in particular, by instantaneous replacement of real characteristics, their values, objects, processes, actions with others.

We will try to "illustrate" the essence of Dynamic Physics, Dynamic Chemistry, Dynamic Biology, Dynamic Economy using examples.

1.1 Some aspects of Dynamic physics for Classical Mechanics

Using elements of the mathematics of SCprt, we introduce the concept of SCprt –

the change in physical quantity B: $SCprt \begin{matrix} \{\Delta_1 B, \dots, \Delta_n B\} \\ g_1 \\ x \end{matrix}$, where g_1 is type of

containment $\{\Delta_1 B, \dots, \Delta_n B\}$ into x . Then the mean SCpr - velocity will be $v_{cpscpr}(t,$

$\Delta t) = SCprt \begin{matrix} \left\{ \frac{\Delta_1 B}{\Delta t}, \dots, \frac{\Delta_n B}{\Delta t} \right\} \\ g_1 \\ x \end{matrix}$ and SCprt-velocity at time $t: v_{sct} = \lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} v_{cpscpr}(t, \Delta t)$.

SCprt – acceleration: $a_{sct} = \frac{dv_{sct}}{dt}$.

When using SCprt with "target weights", we get, depending on the "target weights", one or another modification, namely, for example, the velocity v_{sct}^f (with a "target weight" f in the case when two velocities v_1, v_2 are involved in the set

$\{v_1 f, v_2\}$ for $v_{st}^f = SCprt \begin{matrix} \{v_1 f, v_2\} \\ g_1 \\ x \end{matrix}$, f – instantaneous replacement we get an

instantaneous substitution v_1 by v_2 at point x of space at time t_0 with containment type g_1 .

Similarly, the concepts of SCprt - force and SCprt - energy are introduced.

For example, $E_{st}^f = \text{SCprt}_{g_1}^{\{E_1f, E_2\}}$ it would mean the instantaneous replacement of energy E_1 by E_2 at time t_0 with accommodation type g_1 . Two aspects of SCprt–energy should be distinguished: 1) carrying out the desired "target weight" and 2) fixing the result of it. Do not confuse energy - SCprt (the node of energies) with SCprt – energy that generates the node of energies, usually with the "target weights." In the case of ordinary energies, the energy node is carried out automatically.

Remark1.2. SCprt – elements are all ordinary, but with "target weights," they become peculiar. Here you need the necessary energy to carry them out. As a rule, this energy is at the level of self_g . This is natural since it's much easier to manage elements of the k level via the elements of a more structured $k + 1$ level. Let us consider the concepts of capacities of physical objects in themselves. The question

arises about the self_g -energy of the object. In particular, $\text{SCprt}_{g_1}^B$ will mean SC_{1f}^B

B. For example, $\text{SCprt}_{g_1}^{\text{DNA}}$ allows you to reach the level of DNA self_g -energy

$\text{SCprt}_{g_1}^Q$ allows you to reach the level of self_g -energy Q . The law of self_g -energy

conservation operates already at the level of self_g -energy. Also, in addition to capacities in themselves, you can consider the types of accommodation of oneself_g in oneself_g: the first type of the accommodation of oneself_g in oneself_g the second type of the accommodation of oneself_g in oneself: potentially, for example, in the form of programming oneself_g, the third type is partial accommodation of oneself_g in themselves_g—for example, self-operator, self-action, whirlwind. A container containing itself can be formed by self_g -accommodation, i.e., accommodation in oneself_g. Let us clarify the concept of the term capacity in itself_g: it is a capacity

containing itself_g f potentially. Consider self_g -Q, where Q can be anything, including Q=self_g; in particular, it can be any action. Therefore, self_g -Q is when Q is made by itself_g; it makes itself_g. There is a partial self_g -Q for any Q with partial self_g -fulfillment. Let's consider several examples for capacities in themselves: ordinary lightning, electric arc discharge, and ball lightning. You can consider Hierarchical induction, for example, from the lower level to the upper one. An example is the induction of a magnetic field when an electric current moves along a wire.

Upper level [18], [30] of canonical Hamilton equations

$$\dot{d}_i \equiv \frac{\frac{\partial H}{\partial \text{SCprt}g_1} \frac{w}{p_i}}{\frac{\partial \text{SCprt}g_1}{\partial w}}, \dot{u}_i \equiv - \frac{\frac{\partial H}{\partial \text{SCprt}g_1} \frac{w}{q_i}}{\frac{\partial \text{SCprt}g_1}{\partial w}}, u_i = \frac{\text{SCprt}g_1 p_i}{w}, d_i = \frac{\text{SCprt}g_1 q_i}{w}.$$

Here we mean real H, p_i , q_i not their numerical values.

Upper level of Hamilton-Jacobi equation

$$\text{SCprt} \frac{H(b_1, b_2, \dots, b_s, c_1, \dots, c_s)}{g_1} + \text{SCprt} \frac{\frac{\partial S}{\partial t}}{g_1} \equiv 0, b_i = \frac{\text{SCprt}g_1 q_i}{w}, c_i = \frac{\text{SCprt}g_1 \frac{\partial S}{\partial q_i}}{w}.$$

Here we mean real H, S, q_i not their numerical values.

1.2 Some aspects of Dynamic physics for thermodynamics and molecular physics

|||Basic equation of the kinetic theory of gases:

$$\text{SCprt} \frac{p}{u} \text{SCprt} \frac{V}{u} \equiv \frac{2}{3} \text{SCprt} \frac{W_k}{u}, p - \text{gas pressure, } V - \text{its volume, } W_k - \text{total}$$

kinetic energy of translational motion of n gas molecules located in volume V.

Here we mean real p , V , W_k not their numerical values, ||| see in [16], [18], [21], [30].

|||Fourier equation:

$$\frac{Q}{dSCprt_{g1}} \equiv -K \frac{dT}{dx} \frac{S}{dSCprt_{g1}} \frac{t}{dSCprt_{g1}}$$

$\frac{Q}{dSCprt_{g1}}$ - upper level of amount of heat transferred in time $\frac{t}{dSCprt_{g1}}$ through

area $\frac{S}{dSCprt_{g1}}$ in the direction of normal x to this area in the direction of

decreasing temperature, $\frac{dT}{dx}$ – gradient of temperature, K - thermal

conductivity coefficient. Here we mean real Q , T , S , t not their numerical values.

|||Van der Waals equation, “describing” upper level of the state of a real gas:

$$\left(\frac{p}{SCprt_{g1}} + \frac{a}{V_0^2}\right)\left(\frac{V_0}{SCprt_{g1}} - b\right) \equiv R \frac{T}{SCprt_{g1}}$$

||| of Vant Hoff equation:

$$\frac{p_{osm}}{SCprt_{g1}} \equiv \frac{n}{V} R \frac{T}{SCprt_{g1}}, \frac{p_{osm}}{SCprt_{g1}} - \text{osmotic pressure, } n - \text{number of}$$

moles of dissolved substance in the volume $\frac{V}{SCprt_{g1}}$, $\frac{T}{SCprt_{g1}}$ - thermodynamic temperature. Here we mean real p_{osm} , T , V not their numerical values.

||| equation of Clapeyron-Clausius:

$$\frac{\frac{T_{melting}}{dSCprt_{g1}}}{\frac{p}{dSCprt_{g1}}} \equiv \frac{\frac{T_{melting}}{SCprt_{g1}} \left(\frac{v_{liquid}}{SCprt_{g1}} - \frac{v_{solid}}{SCprt_{g1}} \right)}{\frac{r_{melting}}{SCprt_{g1}}}$$

||| Gibbs equation:

$$SC_{prt g_1} \equiv \frac{G}{w} \frac{\partial SC_{prt g_1}}{\partial \mu}, \quad SC_{prt g_1} - \text{adsorption value, } \frac{\partial SC_{prt g_1}}{\partial w} - \text{surface tension,}$$

μ
 $\frac{\partial SC_{prt g_1}}{\partial w}$ - chemical potential of a given component at phase equilibrium. Here we mean real G, σ, μ not their numerical values.

1.3 Some aspects of Dynamic physics for Classical Hydrodynamics

liquid equilibrium equation:

$$SC_{prt g_1} \equiv \frac{F}{w} \frac{1}{SC_{prt g_1}} \text{grad} SC_{prt g_1} \cdot p$$

Here we mean real F, p, ρ not their numerical values.

The continuity equation for volume charge density:

$$\text{div} SC_{prt g_1} + \frac{j}{w} \frac{\partial SC_{prt g_1}}{\partial t} \equiv 0$$

Here we mean real j, t, ρ not their numerical values.

The wave equation:

$$\Delta SC_{prt g_1} \equiv \frac{1}{w} \frac{\partial^2 SC_{prt g_1}}{c_2^2 \partial t^2}, \quad \Delta - \text{operator of Laplace. Here we mean real } \varphi, t \text{ not their numerical values.}$$

Upper level of Navier-Stokes equation

$$\frac{d SC_{prt g_1}}{dt} \equiv SC_{prt g_1} \frac{F}{w} - \frac{1}{SC_{prt g_1}} \frac{p}{w} \text{grad}(SC_{prt g_1}) + SC_{prt g_1} \frac{v}{w} \Delta v + \left(\frac{\zeta}{\rho} + \frac{v}{3} \right) \text{graddiv}(SC_{prt g_1}).$$

Here we mean real v, F, p, ρ not their numerical values.

Induction is precisely what gives rise to oscillations (waves).

1.4 Some aspects of Dynamic physics for Classical Electrodynamics

|||Poisson's equation:

for potential φ of electrostatic field in dielectric

$$\text{divgrad } \frac{\varphi}{w} \equiv -\frac{\rho}{\varepsilon \varepsilon_0}. \text{ Here we mean real } \varphi, \rho \text{ not their numerical values.}$$

|||equation of forced electromagnetic oscillations:

$$\frac{L}{w} \frac{d^2 \frac{q}{SC_{prt}g_1}}{dt} + \frac{R}{w} \frac{d \frac{q}{SC_{prt}g_1}}{dt} + \frac{\frac{q}{SC_{prt}g_1}}{\frac{C}{w}} \equiv -\xi_0 \sin \Omega t. \text{ Here we mean real } L, q, R \text{ not their numerical values.}$$

Maxwell's |||equations on electromagnetic energy:

$$\text{rot}(E_{\text{SprtA}}^{\text{tw}}) \equiv -(1/q_0) \partial(B_{\text{SprtA}}^{\text{tw}}) / \partial t, (*_H)$$

$$\text{rot}(H_{\text{SprtA}}^{\text{tw}}) \equiv j/q_0 + (1/q_0) \cdot \partial(D_{\text{SprtA}}^{\text{tw}}) / \partial t, (**_H)$$

$E_{\text{SprtA}}^{\text{tw}}$ - activation tension with target weight tw, $B_{\text{SprtA}}^{\text{tw}}$ - induction of self with target weight tw, q_0 - constant, $H_{\text{SprtA}}^{\text{tw}}$ - tension of self with target weight tw, $D_{\text{SprtA}}^{\text{tw}}$ - activation induction with target weight tw, j - activation density. Here we mean real $E_{\text{SprtA}}^{\text{tw}}$, $B_{\text{SprtA}}^{\text{tw}}$, $H_{\text{SprtA}}^{\text{tw}}$, $D_{\text{SprtA}}^{\text{tw}}$ not their numerical values.

Some aspects of Dynamic physics for the theory of heat exchange

$$C = \frac{A_0}{SC_{prt}g_1} - \text{specific heat capacity with type of containment } g_1.$$

|||Relationship between thermodynamic potentials and their derivatives:

$$\frac{U}{w} \equiv \frac{H}{w} - \frac{p}{w} \quad \frac{V}{w} \equiv \frac{H}{w} + \frac{V}{w} \left(\frac{\partial SC_{prt}g_1}{\partial SC_{prt}g_1} \right)_S,$$

$$\frac{H}{w} \text{SCprt}g_1 \equiv \frac{U}{w} \text{SCprt}g_1 + \frac{p}{w} \text{SCprt}g_1 \quad \frac{V}{w} \text{SCprt}g_1 \equiv \frac{U}{w} \text{SCprt}g_1 + \frac{p}{w} \frac{\partial \text{SCprt}g_1}{\partial \text{SCprt}g_1} \left(\frac{w}{p} \right)_S,$$

$$\frac{F}{w} \text{SCprt}g_1 \equiv \frac{U}{w} \text{SCprt}g_1 - \frac{T}{w} \text{SCprt}g_1 \quad \frac{S}{w} \text{SCprt}g_1 \equiv \frac{U}{w} \text{SCprt}g_1 + \frac{T}{w} \frac{\partial \text{SCprt}g_1}{\partial \text{SCprt}g_1} \left(\frac{w}{T} \right)_V,$$

$$\frac{\Phi}{w} \text{SCprt}g_1 \equiv \frac{H}{w} \text{SCprt}g_1 - \frac{T}{w} \text{SCprt}g_1 \quad \frac{S}{w} \text{SCprt}g_1 \equiv \frac{H}{w} \text{SCprt}g_1 + \frac{T}{w} \frac{\partial \text{SCprt}g_1}{\partial \text{SCprt}g_1} \left(\frac{w}{T} \right)_F,$$

Here we mean real U, H, p, V, F, Φ, T, S, not their numerical values.

||| differential equation of adiabat:

$$\left(\frac{w}{V} \right)_S \frac{\partial \text{SCprt}g_1}{\partial \text{SCprt}g_1} \equiv - \frac{\text{SCprt}g_1}{C_V} \frac{\partial \text{SCprt}g_1}{\partial \text{SCprt}g_1} \left(\frac{w}{T} \right)_V$$

Here we mean real p, V, T, S not their numerical values.

||| equation of Clapeyron-Clausius:

$$\frac{d \text{SCprt}g_1}{\frac{w}{T}} \equiv \frac{\text{SCprt}g_1}{T} \frac{r}{\Delta v}, \quad r - \text{specific heat of phase transition from the first phase to the second, } \Delta v = v_2 - v_1 - \text{difference of specific volumes of phases. Here we mean real p, } \Delta v, T, r \text{ not their numerical values.}$$

the second, Δv = v₂- v₁ - difference of specific volumes of phases. Here we mean real p, Δv, T, r not their numerical values.

||| equation of initial state:

$$\left(\frac{\mu_i}{w} \text{SCprt}g_1 \right)_T \equiv R \frac{T}{w} \text{SCprt}g_1 d \left(\frac{\ln f_i}{w} \right). \text{ Here we mean real } \mu_i, f_i, T \text{ not their numerical values.}$$

numerical values.

||| Fourier equation of thermal conductivity for homogeneous isotropic body:

$SCprt_{g_1}^{\frac{dT}{dx}} \equiv a SCprt_{g_1}^{\frac{\Delta T}{w}} + \frac{SCprt_{g_1}^{\frac{q_V}{c\rho}}}{w}$. Here we mean real q_V , $c\rho$, T not their numerical values.

1.5 Some aspects of Dynamic physics for the theory of elementary particles

Consider, in particular, some examples: 1) $SCprt_{g_1}^e$ describes the presence of $\{x_1, x_2\}$ the same electron e at two different points x_1, x_2 . 2) The nuclei of atoms can be considered as $SCprt$ elements. The self of the simplest atom - the hydrogen atom - corresponds to the combination of the spin of the proton, the spin of the electron, the rotation of the electron around the proton, and the spin of the atom itself. There are as many types of self for them as there are different atoms. The nucleus of an atom Q can be interpreted as a form of containment at a point x in space - $SCprt_{g_1}^Q$, and the orbitals of electrons W around it as a form of containment at a point t in time - $SCprt_{g_2}^W$.

Klein-Gordon-Fock equation for a real wave function $\varphi(x)$ of a free neutral scalar particle of mass m :

$(\partial_0^2 - \nabla^2) SCprt_{g_1}^{\varphi(x)} \equiv m^2 SCprt_{g_1}^{\varphi(x)}$. Here we mean real $\varphi(x)$, m not their numerical values.

Physics deals with the template of atoms, chemistry deals with the individual forms of atoms. The template of atoms - $|||_{\{q\}}(|||)self(\{e\}), \{q\}$ - nucleon nucleus of q_i , $self(\{e\})$ - orbitals of electrons e_j . Energy of self-connections A is the subtle part of $selfA$, the rest of $selfA$ can be called the "rough" part of $selfA$.

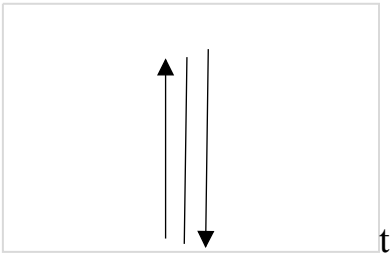
We can define a proton as $self(a) = Sprt_a^a$, a neutron as $self(b) = Sprt_b^b$, and other elementary particles as $oself(c_i) = \frac{c_i}{c_i} Sprt$, $i = 1, 2, \dots$. Energy structure of the atom: $Q = ((|||self_n))|||((|||self_p)))pa|||PrCself\{oself_e\}$. Elementary particles

are quasieigenvalues of $|||^{-1}$. $\downarrow I \uparrow$ by any elementary particles for $S_{mn}S_{prt}$ activation. Quarks are carriers of $|||_{\{q\}}$, $\{q\}$ - nucleon nucleus of q_i .

1.6 Some aspects of Dynamic physics for Time

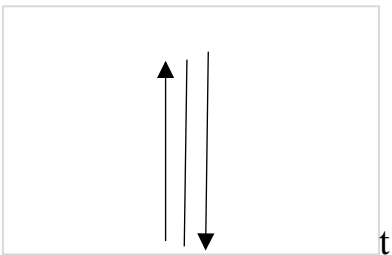
Time compression:

X



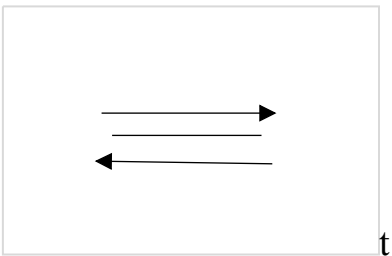
or

Objects



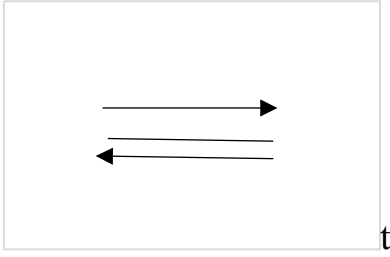
Time dilation(space compression or Objects-space compression):

Ix



or

Objects



self_t = Sprt_t^t - time in itself, self_t = ^tSprt - time from itself, paself_t = ^tSprt_t^t - paradoxical time.

1.7 Some aspects of self-type structures in Dynamic physics

Objects of physics and chemistry have an energy structure, which can be tried to be represented in the form of a hierarchical energy structure: the upper level of subtle self_g -energy and the lower level, which is manifested in the form of objectivity.

Ordinary types of energy are manifestations of a lower level from these structures.

If we represent an amorphous body with a mathematical structure of self_g -object

$\text{SCprt} \begin{matrix} A_0 + E_s \\ g_1 \\ A_0 + E_s \end{matrix}$, where $\text{SCprt} \begin{matrix} A_0 \\ g_1 \\ A_0 \end{matrix}$ - level of objectivity of an amorphous object, (

$\text{SCprt} \begin{matrix} A_0 \\ g_1 \\ A_0 + E_s \end{matrix} + \text{SCprt} \begin{matrix} A_0 + E_s \\ g_1 \\ A_0 \end{matrix}$) - the energy of connections between the level of

subtle energy $\text{SCprt} \begin{matrix} E_s \\ g_1 \\ E_s \end{matrix}$ and the level of objectivity .

Thus, one can try to conventionally represent the mathematical model of the energy structure of an amorphous object as a hierarchical dynamic operator

$$\begin{array}{c}
 E_s \\
 \text{SCprt} \begin{array}{c} g_1 \\ E_s \end{array} \\
 \begin{array}{cc} A_0 & A_0 + E_s \\ (\text{SCprt} \begin{array}{c} g_1 \\ A_0 + E_s \end{array} + \text{SCprt} \begin{array}{c} g_1 \\ A_0 \end{array}) \end{array} \\
 A_0 \\
 \text{SCprt} \begin{array}{c} g_1 \\ A_0 \end{array}
 \end{array} \quad (1.7.1).$$

In particular, the magnetic field and spin belong to the second level in (1.7. 1).

The next level of objectivity responds to crystal. We represent a crystal with a mathematical structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
 A_0 + E_s \\
 \text{SCprt} \begin{array}{c} g_1 \\ A_0 + E_s \end{array} \\
 \text{SCprt} \begin{array}{c} g_1 \\ A_0 + E_s \end{array} \\
 \text{SCprt} \begin{array}{c} g_1 \\ A_0 + E_s \end{array}
 \end{array} \quad (1.7. 2).$$

Thus, one can try to conventionally represent the mathematical model of the energy structure of a crystal as a hierarchical dynamic operator (1.7. 2). The next level of objectivity responds to a living crystal, for example, the bone of a living organism, a nail, viruses, DNA, RNA and etc. When there is no nutrient medium

and energy, it behaves like a crystal:

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \{ \} \\
 \text{SCprt} \{ \} \\
 \{ \} \\
 \{ \} \\
 \text{SCprt} \{ \} \\
 \{ \}
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 A_0 + E_s \\
 \text{SCprt} \begin{array}{c} g_1 \\ A_0 + E_s \end{array} \\
 A_0 + E_s \\
 g_1 \\
 A_0 + E_s \\
 \text{SCprt} \begin{array}{c} g_1 \\ A_0 + E_s \end{array}
 \end{array}, \text{ a nutrient}$$

medium appears and the necessary energy:

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 & B_0 + E_q & B_0 + E_q \\
 \text{SCprt} & g_1 & \text{SCprt} & g_1 \\
 & B_0 + E_q & & B_0 + E_q \\
 & g_1 & \text{SCprt} & g_1 \\
 & B_0 + E_q & & B_0 + E_q \\
 \text{SCprt} & g_1 & \text{SCprt} & g_1 \\
 & B_0 + E_q & & B_0 + E_q
 \end{array} ,$$

its structure is transformed into a mathematical structure

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 & B_0 + E_q & \\
 \text{SCprt} & g_1 & \\
 & B_0 + E_q & \\
 & g_1 & \text{SCprt} \\
 & B_0 + E_q & \\
 \text{SCprt} & g_1 & \\
 & B_0 + E_q &
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 A_0 + E_s + B_0 + E_q \\
 \text{SCprt} & g_1 \\
 A_0 + E_s + B_0 + E_q \\
 & g_1 \\
 A_0 + E_s + B_0 + E_q
 \end{array}$$
 . The division of DNA into two DNAs after sufficient

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 A_0 + E_s + B_0 + E_q \\
 \text{SCprt} & g_1 \\
 A_0 + E_s + B_0 + E_q
 \end{array}$$

accumulation of bases and energy - this minimal division into only two duplicates corresponds to the law of conservation of living energy and minimization of the entropy of the system.

Next comes the level of living organisms:

$$\begin{array}{cccc}
 \begin{array}{c} A_0 + E_s \\ \text{SCprt } g_1 \\ A_0 + E_s \\ g_1 \\ A_0 + E_s \\ \text{SCprt } g_1 \\ A_0 + E_s \end{array} &
 \begin{array}{c} A_0 + E_s \\ \text{SCprt } g_1 \\ A_0 + E_s \\ g_1 \\ A_0 + E_s \\ \text{SCprt } g_1 \\ A_0 + E_s \end{array} &
 \begin{array}{c} A_0 + E_s \\ \text{SCprt } g_1 \\ A_0 + E_s \\ g_1 \\ A_0 + E_s \\ \text{SCprt } g_1 \\ A_0 + E_s \end{array} &
 \begin{array}{c} A_0 + E_s \\ \text{SCprt } g_1 \\ A_0 + E_s \\ g_1 \\ A_0 + E_s \\ \text{SCprt } g_1 \\ A_0 + E_s \end{array} \\
 & g_1 & \text{SC}_1\text{prt} & g_1 \\
 \begin{array}{c} A_0 + E_s \\ \text{SCprt } g_1 \\ A_0 + E_s \\ g_1 \\ A_0 + E_s \\ \text{SCprt } g_1 \\ A_0 + E_s \end{array} &
 \begin{array}{c} A_0 + E_s \\ \text{SCprt } g_1 \\ A_0 + E_s \\ g_1 \\ A_0 + E_s \\ \text{SCprt } g_1 \\ A_0 + E_s \end{array} &
 \begin{array}{c} A_0 + E_s \\ \text{SCprt } g_1 \\ A_0 + E_s \\ g_1 \\ A_0 + E_s \\ \text{SCprt } g_1 \\ A_0 + E_s \end{array} &
 \begin{array}{c} A_0 + E_s \\ \text{SCprt } g_1 \\ A_0 + E_s \\ g_1 \\ A_0 + E_s \\ \text{SCprt } g_1 \\ A_0 + E_s \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

Next comes the level of Globe, where the role of living cells (molecules in the case of a crystal) is played by living organisms. Next comes the level of Universe, where the role of living cells (molecules in the case of a crystal) is played by planets inhabited by living beings. You can try to represent these levels through more complex mathematical models, there are options for going beyond the level of objectivity for objects with energy structures of a sufficiently high level, but this is already material for subsequent publications. Our object world is an interpretation of the manifestation of only one set of subtle energy fibers out of their countless number.

C

$g_2\text{SCprt}$ will be called dynamic anti-capacity from oneself_g. For example, “white C

hole” in physics is such simple anti-capacity. The concepts of “white hole” and “black hole” were formulated by the physicists based on the subject of physics –the usual energies level. Mathematics allows you to deeply find and formulate the concept of singular points in the Universe based on the levels of more subtle energies. The experiments of the 2022 Nobel laureates Asle Ahlen, John Clauser,

Anton Zeilinger and the experiments in chemistry Nazhipa Valitov correspond to the concept of the Universe as a capacity in itself_g as the element. They experimented with connections for elements of the microworld, and since here the connections are self_g -connections, then when the object component of self_g -connections is removed, its higher level remains, which was manifested in their experiments. The electron spin belongs to the second level - above the level of objectivity. The energy of self_g -accommodation in itself_g is closed on itself_g.

Remark 1.7.1. From the point of view of our theory of dynamic operators and sets, we can interpret the energy effect of a thermonuclear reaction as the result of the “collapse” of two self_g -objects: for example, 1) ${}^3_2\text{He}$, ${}^3_2\text{He}$ and the formation of one self_g -object ${}^4_2\text{He}$, 2) ${}^3_2\text{He}$, ${}^2_1\text{H}$ and the formation of one self_g -object ${}^4_2\text{He}$. As a result, the energy of the collapse of the lost part of the self_g is released.

Remark 1.7.2. To gain access to object transformation, just go to the level $\text{IS} = \frac{2}{\pi} \arctg(1 + \varepsilon)$, ε may be quite small.

Examples of transformation:

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \begin{array}{ccc}
 & q & b \\
 & \text{SCprt}g_1 & \text{SCprt}g_1 \\
 q & q & c \\
 1) \text{ SCprt}g_1 \rightarrow \text{SCprt} & g_1 & \rightarrow \text{SCprt} & g_1 \\
 q & q & b \\
 & \text{SCprt}g_1 & \text{SCprt}g_1 \\
 & q & c
 \end{array} \\
 \\
 \begin{array}{ccc}
 q & & r \\
 2) \text{ SCprt}g \rightarrow \text{SC}_3\text{f}(\text{self}_g(q)) \rightarrow \text{SCprt}g \\
 q & & r
 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

This is a rather conditional interpretation, because in fact, the IS of the “vessel” (energy cocoon) of the object may turn out to be greater than $\frac{2}{\pi} \arctg(1)$. This is taken for initiation: we build a theory of this, starting from this stage of interpretation. After experiments, the next stage may begin.

$\text{self}_g A = \text{SCprt } g \begin{smallmatrix} A \\ A \end{smallmatrix}$ can be transformed into any D if $\mu_l(D) = \mu_l(\text{SCprt } g \begin{smallmatrix} A \\ A \end{smallmatrix})$, $\mu_l(x)$

- level measure of self_g for x, in particular, into $\text{SCprt } g \begin{smallmatrix} \text{any } C \\ A \end{smallmatrix}$ or $\text{SCprt } g \begin{smallmatrix} A \\ \text{any } C \end{smallmatrix}$, and

also an object R into any object Q or any energy U. The transformations of this type will be called stransformations. $\text{self}_g^N A$ can transform itself_g into any D if $N \geq 2$; to realize this we need an even larger quantity N.

Example of a parallel-serial program statement

```

                                C
                                g
                                Q
if {p}SCprt s := SCprt SCprt g
                                A
                                g
                                A
SCprt      g
                                af :=
                                SCprt g
                                E
for w SCprt      g
                                if C
                                SCprt g
                                J

```

Each self_g -field can automatically rebuild the self_g -program to the desired.

self_g^N - OS and is designed for such transformations, and it itself_g can be transformed at $N \geq 1$, or it itself_g can be transformed at $N \geq 2$.

Remark 1.7.3. Hypothesis 1.7: equations for real processes in a non-trivial form can be used to fully or partially interpret the self_g -level of the process, replacing the equal signs with identification signs, and solutions to these equations as a manifestation of this level on the level of objectivity and ordinary energies. That is, equations for real processes serve as a definition of the self_g -level of the process, the definition of self_g -values (self_g -characteristics) of the process through the

identification sign, i.e., they are defined (expressed) through themselves. In particular, forms (1.1) - (1.4) [16, 21] can be used as forms of identification. Each such singularity creates its own field, the process, the object etc. Much more effective than science for working with these singularities will be special Dynamic programming, which we are currently working on to create. Identification at the lower levels of a hierarchical dynamic structure of type (1.1) will lead to the upper level. You can also try to use it for full or partial interpretation of the self_g -level of chemical reactions, but here there will be a trivial identification and determination of the self_g -level will be much simpler. For example, a type $w \equiv 2w$ singularity at the top level of the structure of a mathematical simplified model of DNA generates a field for DNA division. A rather complex type of singularity at the upper level of the structure of a simplified mathematical model generates an electromagnetic field through identification in Maxwell's equations.

Remark 1.7.4. Parallel operator $\text{SCprt} \begin{matrix} \text{symbols} \\ g \\ \text{places for symbols} \end{matrix}$ corresponds to
theoretical science, parallel operator $\text{SCprt} \begin{matrix} \text{objects} \\ g \\ x \end{matrix}$ corresponds to technology, x
– the space “point” (space place).

Remark 1.7.5. Let self_g -energy of A looks like $\text{SCprt} \begin{matrix} C_A + \Delta C \\ g \\ C_A + \Delta C \end{matrix} = \text{SCprt} \begin{matrix} C_A \\ g \\ C_A \end{matrix} +$
 $\text{SCprt} \begin{matrix} \Delta C \\ g \\ C_A \end{matrix} + \text{SCprt} \begin{matrix} C_A \\ g \\ \Delta C \end{matrix} + \text{SCprt} \begin{matrix} \Delta C \\ g \\ \Delta C \end{matrix}, \text{SCprt} \begin{matrix} C_A \\ g \\ C_A \end{matrix}$ corresponds to objectivity of A,
 $\text{SCprt} \begin{matrix} \Delta C \\ g \\ C_A \end{matrix} = E_A \text{ (1.7.3),}$

E_A - usual energy of A. ΔC determined from (1.7.3) through C_A and then we can

determine the complete self_g-energy of A. $\|SCprt \begin{matrix} C_A \\ g \\ C_A \end{matrix} \| = mc^2$.

Remark 1.7.6. Let us consider an analogue of the Schrödinger equation for networks operating on electromagnetic energy

$$\frac{\partial w}{\partial x} = [w, \mu_g S(H)]$$

w - measure of self_g for networks operating, $\mu_g S(H)$ - measure of self_g for H , $H = H(\mu_g S(p), \mu_g S(q), t)$ - an analogue of the Hamiltonian in the space of actions of artificial neurons in a neural network, q is the operator of an artificial neurons action result, p is the operator of an artificial neurons action impulse.

Remark 1.7.7. The self_g-space of a higher level contains many self_g-energetic fibers, collecting into appropriate sets that can be accessed by the corresponding self_g-spaces of lower levels. That's right, for example. This assembly point on the human cocoon can carry out this, in particular, access to our self_g-space with objects.

Remark 1.7.8. It is quite possible to try to build up the levels of objects and processes; change something at these levels.

Remark 1.7.9. One can try to conventionally represent the mathematical model (1.7.1) of the atom (molecule) as a hierarchical dynamic operator.

Remark 1.7.10. Here, self_g-action is understood as action on oneself_g (i.e., to the same action), while physicists understand self_g-action, for example, as the absorption of one elementary particle by another of the same type.

Remark 1.7.10.1. Subtle energy can manifest itself in the form of: 1) objectivity, 2) ordinary energies, 3) information. Using neural networks of the SmnCSprt-type, it

is possible to organize a SC-Internet, where instead of exchanging information, an exchange of subtle energies will take place.

Supplement 1

A self_g -molecule (self_g -atom, self_g -(elementary particle))) as a capacity can have the following types of self_g: self_g -set, self_g -structure, self_g -hierarchy or its elements that generates this self_g -molecule (self_g -atom, self_g -(elementary particle))). self_g -power is force that is applied to oneself_g or its elements that generates this self_g -power.

Supplement for Quantum Mechanics and Classical statistical Mechanics through SCprt-elements:

Hamilton operator $\widehat{H} = \widehat{H}_0 + \widehat{W}_0$, $\widehat{H}_0$ -considered quantum system energy, consisting of two or more parts, without their interaction with each other, $\widehat{W}_0$ is the

energy of their interaction, $\widehat{H}$ -statistical operator [20]. self_g -energy $SCpr \frac{\widehat{H}}{\widehat{H}} =$

$$SCpr \frac{\widehat{H}_0 + \widehat{W}_0}{\widehat{H}_0 + \widehat{W}_0} = SCpr \frac{\widehat{H}_0}{\widehat{H}_0 + \widehat{W}_0} + SCpr \frac{\widehat{W}_0}{\widehat{H}_0 + \widehat{W}_0} = SCpr \frac{\widehat{H}_0}{\widehat{H}_0} + SCpr \frac{\widehat{H}_0}{\widehat{W}_0} +$$

$SCpr \frac{\widehat{W}_0}{\widehat{H}_0} + SCpr \frac{\widehat{W}_0}{\widehat{W}_0}$, $SCpr \frac{\widehat{H}_0}{\widehat{H}_0}$ -considered quantum system self_g -energy,

$SCpr \frac{\widehat{W}_0}{\widehat{W}_0}$ is self_g -energy of their interaction, $SCpr \frac{\widehat{H}_0}{\widehat{W}_0}$ --object manifestation of

the energy of the system in an external field., $SCpr \frac{\widehat{W}_0}{\widehat{H}_0}$ - the manifestation of the

energy of the system in the energy interaction with the external field. Variants of the Schrödinger equation $\frac{\partial \hat{\rho}}{\partial t} + [\hat{W}, \hat{\rho}] = 0$ of the form SC₂f, SC₃f are possible, using the form (1.1) [16, 21] or form from the forms (1.1.1) – (1.4) [16, 21].

The carrier of the measure of objectivity-mass should be objectivity - elementary
objectivity
particle graviton, look like SCpr g , therefore it is a self_g-particle and is
objectivity

not an element of the level of objectivity, but is an element of the level self_g.

Therefore, it cannot be found at our level. In fact, the theory of SCprt-elements helps to form a unified field theory on a qualitative level, because it is not possible to create a quantitative unified field theory. Supplement for string theory: May be to try represent elementary particles in the form of continual self_g-elements of the type $CS_{\infty}^{-} = \sin(-\infty)|g \rightarrow \downarrow I \uparrow_{-1}^1|g$, $CT_{\infty}^{+} = \text{tg}\infty|g \rightarrow \uparrow I \downarrow_{-\infty}^{\infty}|g$, $CT_{\infty}^{-} = \text{tg}(-\infty)|g \rightarrow \downarrow I \uparrow_{-\infty}^{\infty}|g$, $f \uparrow I \downarrow w|g$ for any f, w etc.

Remark 1.7.11. If there is no energy in nature that corresponds to singularity A, then it must be created artificially up to the creation of artificial elementary particles and other objects, actions etc.

Remark 1.7.12. Place x equations for objects $o = \{o_1, o_2, \dots, o_n\}$:

$$|||_x^o = \text{Sprt}_x^{\{o_1, o_2, \dots, o_n\}} = \text{self}_o x, o = \{o_1, o_2, \dots, o_n\}.$$

Remark 1.7.13. New relative self-type (relative |||-type) structures through index interpretation (for example, the lower right index determines the type of action that generates the given self, the lower left index determines the area "through" which the action is carried out):

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{self}_s^{\text{self}_s^{\text{self}_s^{\dots \text{self}_s^Q}}} \\ \text{self}_s^{Q_2} \\ \text{self}_s^Q \dots \text{self}_s^Q \text{self}_s^{\text{self}_s^{\text{self}_s^{\dots \text{self}_s^{Q_1}}} \\ \text{self}_s^{\text{self}_s^{\dots \text{self}_s^Q}} \text{self}_s^Q \text{self}_s^Q \dots \text{self}_s^{Q_1} \\ pa|||_V^G \end{array}$$

Remark 1.7.14. The main thing is to induce transition of SmnSprt using a short-pulse laser or UHF to the upper level of A and from there to the upper level of C and instantly replace A with C, where A and C can be not only different

objects or processes, but also different values of the characteristics of an object or process. Numbers, symbols, and information are self-objects and also have an upper energy level (the so-called Noosphere), which is based on the energy of people.

Remark 1.7.15. People are devices for capturing the energies of these higher levels and using them after appropriate training and tuning. And these functions will also be partially performed by SmnSprt

Remark 1.7.16. Ordinary computers, neural networks can create chaos from order, we are designing a neural network SmnSprt that will create order from chaos.

Here the calculation will take place not so much in numbers as in structures, structure is the frame (skeleton) of energy.

Remark 1.7.17. People are used to perceiving at the level of objectivity, where there are so many limitations. Although they have all the opportunities to reach higher levels, where there are an order of magnitude fewer limitations and this can be learned.

Remark 1.7.18. The main thing is to induce transition of SmnSprt using a short-pulse laser or UHF to the upper level of A and from there to the upper level of C and instantly replace A with C, where A and C can be not only different objects or processes, but also different values of the characteristics of an object or process.

Formation of not only the goal, but also the result in SmnSprt (simultaneously). ||| of our science with living energies is possible in SmnSprt. Thus, the upper level of our science is formed, where there are fewer restrictions than at our level. We must simply manifest at our level through SmnSprt in the right way.

It is time for physicists to begin studying not only the manifestations of living energies, but also the living energies themselves, which are by no means expressed through objectivity and ordinary energies, although they are capable of manifesting themselves through a lower level - objectivity and ordinary energies. We, as

mathematicians, offer a new corresponding apparatus for understanding nature and studying living energies. The capacity for uncertainty may be any. Such uncertainties can be conditionally designated: a) in probability theory through $\uparrow_0|$ (by dynamic operator $Sprt_X^{\{xp\}}$, where X is distribution of a random variable $\{x\}$ with probabilities $\{p\}$), b) $\uparrow_{-1}| \downarrow$ for $\sin^\infty$, c) $\frac{A}{B} \int_g^f$, d) $\frac{A}{B} | \frac{A}{B} |$ e) ${}_D^w Sprt = |||_D^{-1} W$ etc. Any oscillation (wave) in the limit gives an uncertainty type $\uparrow_D^Q | \downarrow$. For effective results, you should use an uncertainty in total. May consider forms and structures of uncertainties, including with ∞ -uncertainties, self-emptiness, self-manifestation. It is our direct-accumulative approach through dynamic operators that allows us to construct the regular necessary uncertainties. Each subtle energy has its own uncertainties and vice versa. Using Smnsprt-construction of such energy uncertainties through the corresponding dynamic programs, we gain access to these subtle energies. A failure in a normal computer system will automatically switch to operation mode of Smnsprt. There are no failures in operation, paradoxes, there are new elements and new possibilities. The system will work like this: if B is not defined in the system, then this B will be defined as a new element and the system will work with it (in particular, through $|||$) and with a new operator according to its structure. For example, the operator $\uparrow \downarrow (A) = \forall B$, an operator transformer, a program operator transformer, a virtual operator, a program virtual operator, dynamic operator with «scenario» changes, dynamic program operator with «scenario» changes etc. The computer is the example of dynamic operator. The program operator of uncertainty type A leads to the energy A. The fuzzy program operator of uncertainty type A leads to the fuzzy energy A. For any uncertainty, we can "construct" a dynamic operator and then work through it. For example, for uncertainty B at point w, we get $B = {}_D^w Sprt_w^Q$. After choosing Q and D we get the tool for work. It is possible to set the necessary uncertainties on a special filter and transmit UHF (or ultraviolet or pulses of a short-pulse laser) through it to form a program operator when constructing energy to perform the necessary goals. A

program's appeal to itself makes it a self-program, from which oself will help to exit. May use recurrent method of constructing a pseudo-living energy. An uncertainty form is a qualitative leap compared to the pre-limit form of its process, i.e., is an element of another space of a higher level, i.e., it is a "hole" (passage) between these spaces. May consider the new dynamic operator $SIprt_B^A = A|||_B B$, $|||_B$ is $|||$ in norm(format) of B. As soon as we start working with uncertainty, it ceases to be uncertainty and becomes certainty. Uncertainties are "holes" through which, with the right settings, the right actions can be performed to obtain the appropriate results, in particular, "loopholes" to other worlds. They correspond to subtle energies that allow you to do this. Uncertainty usually corresponds to a large concentration of elements in it with large changes in them. This gives it great opportunities. Transforming uncertainties through $|||$, we get singularities, or better to say that many singularities correspond to uncertainties through $|||$. Any Uncertainty correspond to energy type. Random events are uncertainties type, where probability is a certainties measure and entropy - a uncertainties measure. Also, it is for fuzzy. Uncertainties are higher level elements than usual ones, in particular, self- level elements and higher. Manifestations of such energies at our level give uncertainties. Constructing pseudo-living energy is Uncertainty constructing first of all, which correspond to singularity. Then needed dynamic program operator works in SmnSprr activation. May consider regular uncertainties with weights, random uncertainties, singular uncertainties, hierarchical uncertainties, uncertainty operators as program as mathematical. For example, $Sprr_{tw}^{\{A|q\}}$, q are weights, $A = (|||, self, oself, self -oself, paself, \dots, pa|||, pa(self - oself), etc)$. $(|||_s)^{-1} (|||_Q)^{-1} |||_Q = (|||_s)^{-1}$. $A|||_x B, self_{(A, B)} x$, where A, B are objects, x is the capacity of space or x is object, A, B are capacities of space. **paself** is capable of penetrating into self, for example: a short-pulse laser, an electric arc, ball lightning etc.

May consider

$$\begin{pmatrix} self_{(A_{11}, B_{11})} D_{11} \\ self_{(A_{21}, B_{21})} A_{11} \quad self_{(A_{22}, B_{22})} B_{11} \\ \dots \quad \dots \quad \dots \quad \dots \\ self_{(A_{n1}, B_{n1})} A_{n-1,1} \quad \dots \quad \dots \quad self_{(A_{nm}, B_{nm})} B_{n-1,m} \\ \dots \quad \dots \quad \dots \quad \dots \end{pmatrix},$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} A_{11} |||_{D_{11}} B_{11} \\ A_{21} |||_{A_{11}} B_{21} \quad A_{22} |||_{B_{11}} B_{22} \\ \dots \quad \dots \quad \dots \quad \dots \\ A_{n1} |||_{A_{n-1,1}} B_{n1} \quad \dots \quad \dots \quad A_{nm} |||_{A_{n-1,m}} B_{nm} \\ \dots \quad \dots \quad \dots \quad \dots \end{pmatrix} \text{ etc.}$$

Let's consider the vector of energy levels of a non-living object A:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \dots \\ parelf A \left(decignation - \overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \right) \\ singelf A \left(decignation - \overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \right) \\ \text{subtle energy of object } A \text{ paradoxical upper level } (pa|||) \left(decignation - \overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \right) \\ \text{subtle energy of object } A \text{ paradoxical mid - level } \left(decignation - \overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \right) \\ / \\ \text{subtle energy of } |||^{-1} \quad \backslash \quad \text{subtle energy of } ||| \\ (\overline{A}) \\ \text{ordinary energy exhibited by an object } A (decignation - \underline{A}) \leftarrow \text{the raw energy of an object } A (decignation - A) \end{pmatrix} \text{ For usual}$$

self-energy of object may consider the object-equation:

$$Sprt(t)_{b(t)}^{b(t)} = Sprt(t)_t \begin{matrix} Sprt(t)_{b(t)}^{b(t)} \\ \text{output energy}(t) \end{matrix} Sprt(t)_{b(t)}^{\text{input energy}(t)} \quad (****_1),$$

can be rewritten as:

$$y(t) = Sprt(t)_t^{\text{output energy}(t)} Sprt(t)_{y(t)}^{\text{input energy}(t)}, \quad Sprt(t)_{b(t)}^{b(t)} = y(t) \quad (****_2).$$

For usual self-energy of object may try to consider the example of object-equation for $b(t)$:

$$Sprt(t)_{b(t)}^{b(t)} = Sprt(t)_t \left\{ \begin{matrix} Sprt(t)_{b(t)}^{b(t)} \\ Sprt(t)_{b(t)}^{b(t)} Sprt(t)_{b(t)}^{b(t)} \\ Sprt(t)_{b(t)}^{b(t)} \text{output energy}(t) Sprt(t)_{b(t)}^{\text{input energy}(t)} \end{matrix} \right\} (*****_1),$$

$$\text{Paself}(a) = a|||(-a) = {}^a_a\text{Sprt}, \text{self}(a) = a|||a = \text{Sprt}_a^a, {}^a_a\text{Sprt}_a^a = \text{paself}(a) ||| \text{self}(a).$$

Let's consider the vector of energy levels of a living object A:

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} \dots \\ \text{parelf} A \left(\text{decignation} - \overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \right) \\ \text{singelf} A \left(\text{decignation} - \overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \right) \\ \text{subtle energy of object } A \text{ paradoxical upper level } (pa|||) \left(\text{decignation} - \overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \right) \\ \text{subtle energy of object } A \text{ paradoxical mid-level } \left(\text{decignation} - \overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \right) \\ / \\ \text{subtle energy of } |||^{-1} \\ \overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \\ \left(\overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \right) \\ \text{ordinary energy exhibited by an object } A \left(\text{decignation} - \underline{A} \right) \leftarrow \text{the raw energy of an object } A \left(\text{decignation} - A \right) \end{array} \right) \quad (*_{6.1})$$

The are equations $(**_{1.1})$, $(***_{1.1})$ from Part I for living objects.

Let's consider the vector of energy levels of an action A:

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} \dots \\ \text{parelf} A \left(\text{decignation} - \overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \right) \\ \text{singelf} A \left(\text{decignation} - \overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \right) \\ \text{subtle energy of action } A \text{ paradoxical upper level } (pa|||) \left(\text{decignation} - \overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \right) \\ \text{subtle energy of action } A \text{ paradoxical mid-level } \left(\text{decignation} - \overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \right) \\ / \\ \text{subtle energy of } |||^{-1} \\ \overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \\ \left(\overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \right) \\ \text{ordinary energy exhibited by an action } A \left(\text{decignation} - \underline{A} \right) \leftarrow \text{the raw energy of an action } A \left(\text{decignation} - A \right) \end{array} \right) \quad (*_{6.2})$$

May consider the induction from clotting. The result of it is the new self-type of a higher level than clotting result.

$$\left(\begin{array}{c}
\text{...} \\
\text{parelf } A \left(\text{decignation} - \overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \right) \\
\text{singelf } A \left(\text{decignation} - \overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \right) \\
\text{subtle energy of induction } A \text{ paradoxical upper level } (pa|||) \left(\text{decignation} - \overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \right) \\
\text{subtle energy of induction } A \text{ paradoxical mid-level } \left(\text{decignation} - \overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \right) \\
/ \\
\text{subtle energy of } |||^{-1} \quad \text{subtle energy of } ||| \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \\
\left(\overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \right) \quad \left(\overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \right) \\
\text{ordinary energy exhibited by an induction } A \left(\text{decignation} - \overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \right) \leftarrow \text{the raw energy of an induction } A \left(\text{decignation} - A \right)
\end{array} \right) \quad (*6.3)$$

For usual self-energy of object may consider the object-equation for $b(t)$:

$$Sprt_{b(t)}^{b(t)} = Sprt_t \left\{ \begin{array}{c} Sprt_{b(t)}^{b(t)} Sprt_{b(t)}^{b(t)} Sprt_{b(t)}^{b(t)} Sprt_{b(t)}^{input \text{ energy}(t)} \\ Sprt_{b(t)}^{b(t)}, \text{ output energy}(t) Sprt_{b(t)}^{b(t)} Sprt_{b(t)}^{b(t)} \end{array} \right\} (*_{6.4}).$$

Physics of Singular Transformations

Any *Singular Transformations* in *Physics* are possible, since we live not only in the strip of inanimate objects and energies but also in the strip of living objects and living energies, in which much is possible that is not possible only in the strip of inanimate objects and energies. May use *Singular Transformations* in sociology, chemistry, engineering etc.

May consider the next example:

the structure $(*_{D.1})$ (Fig.1), where A goes into B, B goes into Q, Q goes into D, D goes into C, C goes into A, D goes out from A, A goes out from Q, C goes out from B, is used by the ancient Chinese concept of "wu-xing," for example, for energy meridians on the skin person, in this case (Fig.2): $(*_{D.2})$, $(*_{D.3})$, $(*_{D.4})$ will mean pathological changes.

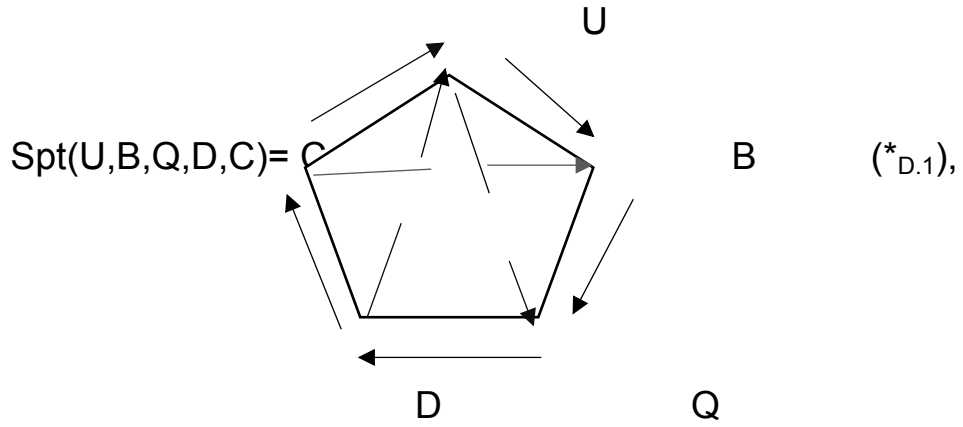
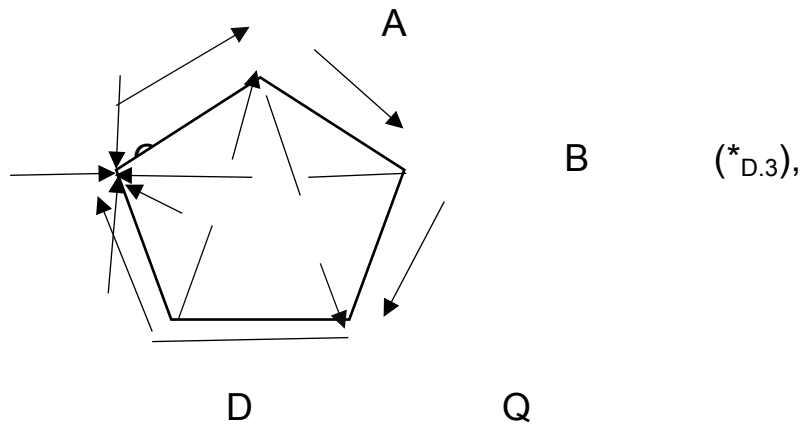
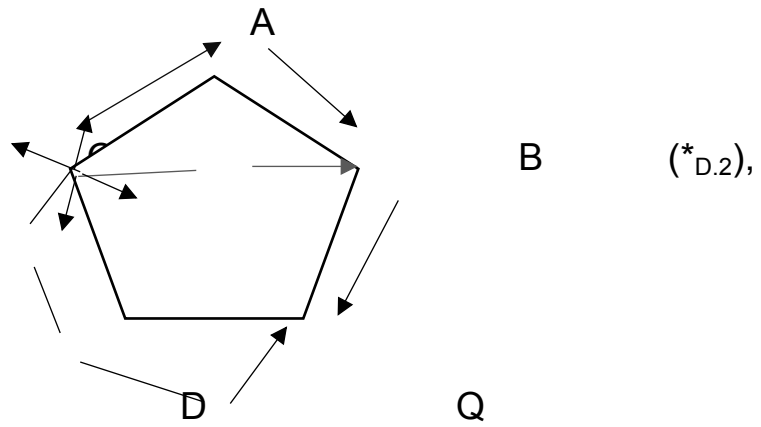


Fig. 1

for example, $U = {}^A\text{Sprt}_A^A$, $B = \text{Sprt}_{\text{Sprt}_A^A}^A$, $Q = \text{Sprt}_A^A$, $D = {}^A\text{Sprt}_A^{\text{Sprt}_A^A}$,

${}^A\text{Sprt}_A C = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \text{Sprt}_A^A \\ 0 & \text{Sprt}_A^A \end{pmatrix}$, for $A = \{ \}$, $\text{Spt}(U, B, Q, D, C)$ is virtual operator.



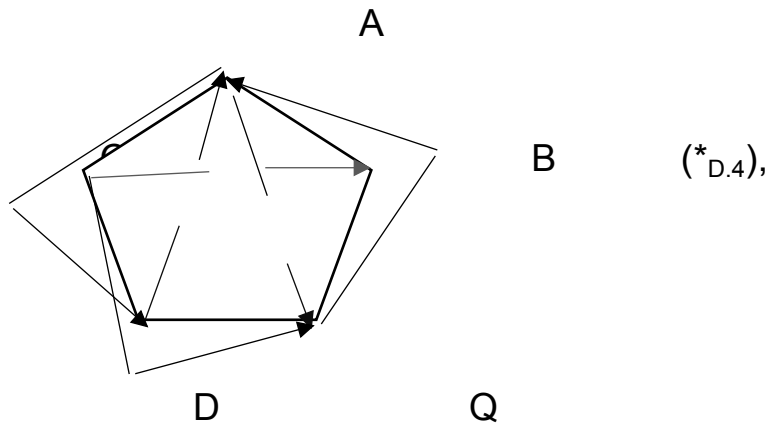


Fig. 3

Self-interpretation $\epsilon H = (\text{by interpretation } \infty \text{ of interpretation})$
(decignation – siin). Self-operator $\epsilon O = (\text{by operator } \infty \text{ of operator})$
(decignation – siop). $O_1 = (\text{by } O \infty \text{ of } O), \dots, O_{n+1} = (\text{by } O_n \infty \text{ of } O_n), \dots,$
 O_∞ .

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} \dots \\ \text{parelf}(H) \\ \text{singelf}(H) \\ \text{subtle energy of } pa||| \\ \left(\begin{array}{c} \equiv \\ H \end{array} \right) \\ / \\ \text{subtle energy of } |||^{-1} \\ \begin{array}{c} H \\ \equiv \\ \left(\begin{array}{c} H \\ \equiv \end{array} \right) \\ H \end{array} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \backslash \\ \text{subtle energy of } ||| \\ \begin{array}{c} \equiv \\ H \\ \equiv \\ H \\ \left(\begin{array}{c} H \\ \equiv \end{array} \right) \\ H \end{array} \end{array} \right)$$

,

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} \dots \\ \text{parelf}(Q) \\ \text{singelf}(Q) \\ \text{subtle energy of } pa||| \\ \left(\begin{array}{c} \equiv \\ Q \end{array} \right) \\ \\ / \quad \backslash \\ \text{subtle energy of } |||^{-1} \quad \text{subtle energy of } ||| \\ \begin{array}{c} Q \\ \equiv \\ \left(\begin{array}{c} Q \\ \equiv \end{array} \right) \\ Q \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \equiv \\ Q \\ \equiv \\ Q \\ \left(\begin{array}{c} Q \\ \equiv \end{array} \right) \\ Q \end{array} \\ \leftarrow Q \end{array} \end{array} \right)$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} \dots \\ \text{parelf}(O_\infty) \\ \text{singelf}(O_\infty) \\ \text{subtle energy of } pa||| \\ \left(\begin{array}{c} \equiv \\ O_\infty \end{array} \right) \\ \\ / \quad \backslash \\ \text{subtle energy of } |||^{-1} \quad \text{subtle energy of } ||| \\ \begin{array}{c} O_\infty \\ \equiv \\ \left(\begin{array}{c} O_\infty \\ \equiv \end{array} \right) \\ O_\infty \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \equiv \\ O_\infty \\ \equiv \\ O_\infty \\ \left(\begin{array}{c} O_\infty \\ \equiv \end{array} \right) \\ O_\infty \end{array} \\ \leftarrow O_\infty \end{array} \end{array} \right)$$

etc.

Physics of Singular Transformations

Any *Singular Transformations* in *Physics* are possible, since we live not only in the strip of inanimate objects and energies but also in the strip of living objects and living energies, in which much is possible that is not possible only in the strip of inanimate objects and energies.

Using Hamilton's canonical equations, we represent

$$\{p_1, \dots, p_s, q_1, \dots, q_s\} \overset{a}{\text{Sprt}} \left\{ \frac{\partial p_1}{\partial t} = - \frac{\partial H}{\partial q_1}, \dots, \frac{\partial p_s}{\partial t} = - \frac{\partial H}{\partial q_s}, \frac{\partial q_1}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial H}{\partial p_1}, \dots, \frac{\partial q_s}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial H}{\partial p_s} \right\} \text{ as a}$$

solution option for elementary particles.

Remark 1.7.19. The structure of an atom is an approximate paself: (approximate||| by nucleons)approximate|||(approximate self by electrons) as manifestation of it upper level.

Remark 1.7.20. $\overset{a}{\text{Sprt}}_a$ allows you to access the energy entering the object - $\overset{a}{\text{Sprt}}_a$

$\overset{a}{\text{Sprt}}_a \text{input energy}(t)$ and the energy leaving it - $\overset{a}{\text{Sprt}}_a \text{output energy}(t) \cdot \overset{a}{\text{Sprt}}_a$

allows you to access the energy entering the object - $\overset{a}{\text{Sprt}}_a \text{input energy}(t)$,

$\text{output energy}(t) \overset{a}{\text{Sprt}}_a$ and the energy leaving it - $\overset{a}{\text{Sprt}}_a \text{output energy}(t)$ and other

various manipulations by some a from $\overset{a}{\text{Sprt}}_a$. For example,

$\text{output energy}(t) \overset{a}{\text{Sprt}}_a \text{input energy}(t)$ may correspond to the introduction of foreign energy into the body (parasites, etc.).

More complex ones are also possible: $\overset{a}{\text{Sprt}}_a \text{input energy}(t) \overset{a}{\text{Sprt}}_a \text{output energy}(t)$,

$\text{output energy}(t) \overset{a}{\text{Sprt}}_a \text{input energy}(t) \overset{a}{\text{Sprt}}_a \text{output energy}(t)$ etc.

Supplement for Quantum Mechanics and Classical statistical Mechanics through Sprt-elements:

Using Hamilton's canonical equations [27], we represent

$$\{p_1, \dots, p_s, q_1, \dots, q_s\} \overset{a}{\text{Sprt}} \left\{ \frac{\partial p_1}{\partial t} = - \frac{\partial H}{\partial q_1}, \dots, \frac{\partial p_s}{\partial t} = - \frac{\partial H}{\partial q_s}, \frac{\partial q_1}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial H}{\partial p_1}, \dots, \frac{\partial q_s}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial H}{\partial p_s} \right\}$$

as a solution option for elementary particles.

Variants of the Schrödinger equation $\frac{\partial \hat{\hat{p}}}{\partial t} + [\hat{\hat{W}}, \hat{\hat{p}}] = 0$ of the form S_2f , S_3f are possible, using the forms (1.1) -(1.4) [16, 21]. The upper-level singularity of the

Schrödinger equation $\frac{\partial \hat{\hat{p}}}{\partial t} + [\hat{\hat{W}}, \hat{\hat{p}}] = 0$

As a hypothesis

$$\frac{\partial J(\hat{\rho})}{\partial t} + [J(\hat{W}), J(\hat{\rho})] = 0, J(A) = {}^A_Sprt^A_A$$

$$\frac{\partial U(\hat{\rho})}{\partial t} + [U(\hat{W}), U(\hat{\rho})] = 0, U(A) = {}^0_Sprt^A_A,$$

using quasi-measure:
$$\begin{pmatrix} ls \\ \mu s \\ \rho_{ls, \mu s} \\ \rho \end{pmatrix}.$$

Remark S1. Let us introduce the following notations: self_BA is self A by form B, C |||_BA is ||| A with C by form B. You can consider any functions, operators: for example, g(self_BA, d), self_BA(B(self_BA, d), q) etc. If usual self can be associated with the action "in a circle" on itself, then the action "in a double circle in the form of an eight" on itself can be associated with a 2-self, the action "in a triple circle in the form of 3 circles intersecting only at one point" on itself can be associated with a 3-self etc.

A set B containing itself as N elements will be denoted by NselfB. (φ)selfA containing itself as A^φ, (φ)paselfA containing itself as A^φ ||| A^{-φ}, (f(φ))selfA containing itself as f(A, φ), (f(φ))paselfA containing itself as f(A, φ) ||| f(A⁻¹, φ).

The example of difference between the internal and external form of the same self: the external form of the self of a living organism is represented by an energy cocoon and, at the object level, by a physical body, and the internal form of the self of a living organism is represented by numerous DNA and RNA.

q↑||q has self-structure for q and paself-structure by directions. An atom has paself for electric-structure, self-structure for by electron orbitals, ||| by nucleons.

Likewise, any other object (process) can have different singular characteristics.

oselfA = ${}_A^A Sprt$ can be interpreted also as (-self)A.

For example, you can study the "side" version of self: sidselfA is A next to the side of itself.

The hierarchy of singularities of one can be included in the hierarchy of singularities of another, for example, the hierarchy of singularities of the fruit of a tree is included in the hierarchy of singularities of a tree, the hierarchy of

singularities of a person is included in the hierarchy of singularities of the Universe etc. self of the fruit $\subset$ self of the tree $\subset$ self of the Universe.

self_BA, self A can be not only for objects (processes) but also for their characteristics, structures etc.

Remark S2. Classical science forms its abstractions as the intersection of properties of objects (processes), our approach to the formation of singularities is through $|||$.

Remark S3. All dynamic operators and examples with them in [1]-[15], [16, 21] are examples of constructing pseudo-living energies.

Remark S4. Self is the resting point of the accumulation process. A living organism is protected from further folding (compression) of its energy into the upper levels and loss of our energy cocoon until its I is destroyed. Some fearless people, prolonging the folding (compression) of energy into the upper levels of their organism and reaching other states of awareness, stop this folding (compression) of their energy into the upper levels in time so as not to lose protection. In the limit, "they include all states of awareness at once and move to another, higher level of energy accumulation, removing the protection at the previous level: "burning with fire from within." Here (in this paper) by accumulation we mean: increasing the capacity by increasing the level.

Note S5. Supercoiling of DNA before its duplication shows the role of "folding" into a higher level of its self to perform superactions.

Remark S6. As one of the options $A|||B$ can be tried to be interpreted as a generalization (1.1) [16, 21]: by the form

$(2(1, (2,1)),1) (1.7.4),$

or $(1.1.4.1), (1.1.4.2) [16, 21],$

and the corresponding self² by the form

$(1, (2(1,(2,1)),1)) (1.7.5),$

for $pa|||$ by the form

$(2((1, (2(1,(2,1)),1))), 1) (1.7.6)$

or $(1.1.4.3), (1.1.4.4) [16, 21].$

$\text{self}^2 A = \text{pa self} A = {}^A_A \text{Sprt}_A^A$ can be tried to interpret in the following ways,
 depending on the choice of interpretation of the operation for $\text{Sprt}_B^A = A * B$ or
 $\text{Sprt}_B^A = A \neq B$, as $\text{self} A * \text{self}(A)^{-1}$ or $\text{self} A * \text{self}(-A)$ respectively. $\text{self} A$ does not
 mean accumulation for A , but means a new, higher level of energy for A due to its
 new accumulative structure. There are an infinite number of qualitatively different
 other variants of accumulation. We simply proceed from our usual 2 -
 interpretations of the world. Therefore, we limit ourselves to the formula $A ||| B$. If

through 3 –

interpretation, then we can consider the
$$\begin{array}{c} A \quad B \\ |||_3 \\ C \end{array}$$
 - accumulation and its

degenerations – self-type structures, for example
$$\begin{array}{c} A \quad A \\ |||_3 \\ A \end{array}$$
 etc. It is also possible

through 4 – interpretation etc. Namely, self-type structures are the structures of
 self-organization. May consider type of $||| : A - ||| = ||| A |||$ for any A , accumulation-
 $(\text{pa} |||) D = D(\text{pa} |||)$ accumulation $(\text{pa} |||) D$ for any D , pa self -accumulation,

accumulation $||| C$ for any C , self $||| Q$ for any Q ,
$$\left(\begin{array}{l} \text{accumulation} - (\text{pa} |||) D \\ \text{pa self} - \text{accumulation of } D \\ \text{accumulation} ||| D \\ \text{self} ||| D \\ \text{the raw energy of } ||| D \\ \text{the manifestation of } ||| D \end{array} \right)$$

is levels accumulation of D etc.

An accumulation means the folding (squeezing) of energy from the lower levels to the upper levels.

Remark S7. self-induction: when the induction changes, we obtain an induction on itself.

Remark S8. May consider the manifestation of self-operator A (subject (master) of
 operator A) according to B . May consider the manifestation of self-action Q
 (subject (master) of action Q) according to C . May consider the manifestation of
 self- D (subject (master) of D) according to R for any D, R .

Remark S9. Energy manifests itself through actions, objects ("gives birth" to actions, objects). Subject ||| in the cocoon of a living organism is the assemblage point. It also has its own subject (master), who carries out its necessary adjustment, control. The "tipper" that gives energy to a living organism has the type

self – oself.

Remark S10. One can try to interpret it in a very simplified way self-level of a living organism as self(oself- self). Then one can try to interpret it in a very simplified way self-level of energy-producing beams for living organisms as

self – oself. Then self-level of energy others objects - self.

Remark S11. Let us introduce some generalizations of |||: a) $(m \rightarrow n)|||$, $(2 \rightarrow 1)|||$,

b) $(A \rightarrow B)|||$ for any A, B, c) $\frac{A \quad B}{C} |||$, ..., $(\forall Q)|||$ etc.

Types, forms internal and external, structures of potential self, potential ||| and others potential singularities

Self characterizes by the average level, at the lower level it can only be in potential form, for example, DNA in living organisms. Denotes a potential self as poself, potential ||| as po|||. Self-sets, self-(material objects) can only be classified on object level as a potential selves. Denotes a potential self, containing itself potentially, but its potentiality does not contain its potentiality, as p1self. It is also possible to consider any other types of potential singularities, all sorts of potentially singular structures, forms, degrees, characteristics. $\text{poself}A = A(\text{p}|||)A$.

May consider $\text{po}(\text{po}(\dots(\text{poself}A)\dots))$.

One can try to simplify the energy cocoon of a living organism with the expression $\text{paself}A = \frac{A}{A} \text{Sprt}_A^A$, then we can try to simplify the assemblage point on the energy

cocoon using expression $\xrightarrow{\frac{A}{A} \nabla \text{prt}_A^B}$ for a female and $\xrightarrow{\frac{A}{A} \Delta \text{prt}_A^B}$ for a male, where B are an external energy fibers of the Universe, ∇ here means the shape of the assemblage point in the form of a cone, facing "funnel" upwards, and Δ - "funnel" downwards, $\rightarrow$ sets the direction from action $\frac{A}{A} \text{Sprt}$ to action Sprt_A^B ; you can try to

simplify the energy gap on the energy cocoon at the level below the navel on the energy cocoon with expression $\overleftarrow{InB}^{A}Sprt_A^A$, where InB are an internal energy fibers, $\overleftarrow{\quad}$ sets the direction from action $Sprt_A^A$ to action $InB^A Sprt$, similar, but to a lesser extent than this energy gap, can be imagined for the energy manifestations of the eyes. To obtain energies of a higher level, it is necessary to use level accumulation structures.

In our dynamic mathematics, instead of repeating identifiers of specific material objects, energies, special singularities are used, their characteristics are another matter.

The structure of dynamic measuring instruments can be based on the following

dynamic structures: $\begin{matrix} \{\} & \{\} & \{\} \\ \{\} SCprt\{\} & \{\} SCprt & SCprt\{\} \\ \{\} & \{\} & \{\} \end{matrix}$.

Some available types of "pseudo-living energy"

- a) UHF with amplitude close to zero, b) short pulse laser pulses, c) UHF with twisting around a hollow wire, d) ultraviolet, e) in the form of ball lightning, h) vortices from UHF with almost zero amplitude, q) electric arc with almost zero amplitude, f) UHF by a "twisted" wire with minimal loops, made using nano-technology, by manipulating frequencies, it is possible to "construct" various pseudo-living energies, g) for ultraviolet similar waveguide, r) vortices from ultraviolet etc.

Supplement 2

Remark W. "Invisibility" of subtly energies can be explained using the example of a wave with a propagation law $w(t, k) = c(k)\sin(kt)$, $\lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} c(k) = 0$, $\lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} \frac{c(k)}{k^2} = Q \neq 0$

: $\frac{d^2 w(t, k)}{dt^2}$ responsible for the force and energy will be a normal (non-zero) value,

unlike the amplitude of the wave itself, which will tend to zero, when $k \rightarrow \infty$.

When the devices cannot record the wave due to its very small amplitude, the wave will act. Moreover, in the limit we obtain a singularity of the type $\uparrow I \downarrow_{-Q}^Q$.

Remark W1. Information is the interpretation of subtle energies - one of their manifestations. Direct knowledge is the interpretation, in particular, of external singularities through internal ones.

Remark W2. Protection against virus A: $\text{paself}(A)$.

Remark W3. Based on SmnSprt [16, 21], using grown elements of the central nervous system similar to the human central nervous system (in particular, neurons), one can try to create an Energy Internet to connect to subtle energies.

Remark W4. Any self-object A can be interpreted as a kind of equation, a problem with an unknown A, and vice versa, any equation, any problem can be presented as a definition of a self-object by $|||$.

Remark W5. Solving problems (equations): 1) by $\text{problemA}(x)_x \text{Sprt}$, 2) by

$\frac{\text{problemA}(x)}{\text{problemA}(x)} \text{Sprt}$ or $\text{problemA}(x) |||^{-1} \text{problemA}(x)$, x - the desired value, here

removing self with $\text{problemA}(x)$, 3) $\frac{\text{problemA}(x)}{\text{problemA}(x)} \text{Sprt}^{\frac{\text{problemA}(x)}{\text{problemA}(x)}}$ or

$\text{problemA}(x)_x \text{Sprt}^x_{\text{problemA}(x)}$ - paradoxical solving, SmnSprt $||| \text{problemA}(x)$, the

manifestation of this singularity should give x (so-called "direct knowledge").

Similarly for the study of other objects and material processes too etc.

Remark W6. For the development and use of directly parallel algorithms, programs, directly parallel processors and directly parallel RAM are required. For example, the DNA double helix is a directly parallel program and, moreover, a self-program.

Remark W7. Energy of a living organism:

$$\text{ffg}(r, a(E_q)) = \text{ffSprt} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} q \left(\begin{array}{cc} a & a \\ \mu_{1\text{ffSrt}} \mu_1 & \mu_1 \\ a & a \end{array} \right) \\ W_q \end{array} f \text{Sprt}^{E_q} \left(\begin{array}{cc} a & a \\ \mu_{1\text{ffSrt}} \mu_1 & \mu_1 \\ a & a \end{array} \right)' f \text{Sprt}^{\{E_{\text{ext}} l^{d_r}\}}_{d_r(E_{\text{int}} l^{d_r})} \right\} (**_{2.1}).$$

μ
 t_0

μ_1 - internal energy of a living organism, q - a gap in the energy cocoon of a living organism, r -the position of the assemblage point d_r on the energy cocoon of a living organism, W_q - energy prominences from the gap in the cocoon of a living organism, E_q -external energy entering the gap in the cocoon of a living organism, $E^{ex}l^{d_r}$ - a bundle of fibers of external energy self-capacities from outside the cocoon, collected at the point of assembly of the cocoon of a living organism at time t_0 , $E_{in}l^{d_r}$ - a bundle of fibers of external energy self-capacities from inside the cocoon, collected at the point of assembly of the cocoon of a living organism in the same position r of the assemblage point d_r . d_r is the subject of identifying the energy fibers of the subtle energy of the Universe in position r both outside and inside the cocoon.

Energy with measure of fuzziness μ_1, μ_2 of a living organism of a person:

$$ffpg(r, a(E_q)) = ffSprt \left\{ \begin{matrix} q \left(\begin{matrix} a & a \\ \mu_1 ffSrt \mu_1 & \\ a & a \end{matrix} \right) \\ W_q fSprt^{E_q} \left(\begin{matrix} a & a \\ \mu_1 ffSrt \mu_1 & \\ a & a \end{matrix} \right), fSprt^{E^{ex}l^{d_r}}_{d_r} \left(self(E_{in}l^{d_r}) \right) \end{matrix} \right\}$$

μ
 t_0

(***)_{2.1}).

(**_{2.1}), (***)_{2.1}) can be interpreted as ffSprt- program operators.

$$\overbrace{ffSprt}^{\mu} \{ ffpg(r_1, a(E_q)), ffpg(r_2, a(E_q)), \dots, ffpg(r_i, a(E_q)), \dots, ffpg(r_N, a(E_q)) \} = ffSprt \overbrace{ffSprt}^{\mu}$$

(**_{2.2}),

N is the number of assemblage point positions. This is the definition of $\overline{ffSprt}$ - singularity of exit to a higher level. r_i by its action = $ffSprt \mu$, an assemblage point $\{\}$ μ d_{r_i} by its action = $ffSprt \{\}$ $\mu ffSprt \{\}$.

Remark W8. Directly parallel actions in any experimental science leads to self-type structures, for example, directly parallel evidence (directly parallel logic).

Remark W9. Let us introduce the notations of the $|||$ result - $|||rt$ and $|||$ process - $|||prt$. Let us introduce the notation of absolute chaos: $I \rightarrow I$. Singularity $\forall |||no$ creates a field. The absolute change is the absolute chaos. The absolute rest is the emptiness.

Remark W10. Chronic, systemic diseases form in the body self-type harmful structures, for example, $Sprt_{disease A}^{disease A}$, that is why it is so difficult to cure them.. To cure them needs $\frac{disease A}{disease A} Sprt$ or $|||^{-1} disease A$ etc.

Remark W11. Induction from change is self- change (change spirit).

Remark W12. Induction from $|||$ is self- $|||$ ($|||$ spirit).

In fact, the classification of singularities determines the classification of outputs from our 2-world to other levels in the 2-interpretation. Science is 2-interpretation and 2-classification. In principle, there can be nothing else, and that's not bad either.

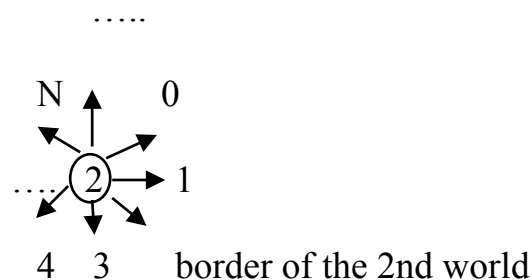


Fig.1. $(2 \rightarrow i)$ -connections, $I = 0, 1, 2, \dots, N, \dots$

Remark W13. Function $\delta(x)$ is actually a functional of singularity $\uparrow I \downarrow_0^\infty$.

Remark W14. All singularities can act as program operators in a special type of programming - singular programming.

Remark W15. The identification of all singularities can be considered as the new higher-level singularity.

Remark W16. You can set norms for the same type singularities and study their topologies.

Singularities within singularities.

Increasing the level of singularity in the internal singular parts in singularities, in particular, for microwave alternating current, corresponding to the upper level through the identification of the corresponding Maxwell equations.

Partial self-type singularities.

Consider a third type of capacity in itself. For example, based on $Srt_x^{\{a\}}$, where $\{a\} = (a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n)$, i.e. n - elements at one point, we can consider the capacity S_3f in itself with m elements from $\{a\}$, $m < n$, which is formed according to the forms from (1.1) – (1.4) [16, 21] and corresponding generalizations of (1.4) [16, 21] on (1.3.1) - (1.3.4) [16, 21], etc. (1.3), (1.4) are represented through the usual 2-bond. Science is the discipline of 2-connections, since everything in science is carried out through 2-connected logic, quantum logic is also a projection of 3-connected logic onto 2-connected logic. (1.3.1) - (1.3.4) schematically interpret the formation of capacity in itself through a pseudo 3-connected form with a 2-connected form.

Remark W17. Hypothesis G.1: Considering (1.7.1), we can assume that access to

the upper level can be achieved through $Sprt_{A_0}^{A_0}$, and access to the middle level

can be achieved through $Sprt_{A_0 + Sprt_{A_0}^{A_0}}^{A_0} + Sprt_{A_0}^{A_0 + Sprt_{A_0}^{A_0}}$.

Remark W18. The same in Hypothesis 1.7 applies to real problems: identifying the conditions of the problems with their request will give the singularity of the upper level of the problems. It is clear that the upper-level singularity corresponds not only to one object, process, task, etc., but also to a whole class of those corresponding to this singularity. The upper level is the identification of everything that is there, by definition. The upper level of objectivity (i.e., the boundary of objectivity) is the identification of all objects. The necessary manifestations of the upper level on the lower ones can be carried out through the appropriate settings in the upper level. Then it is quite possible, through the use of dynamic programming in the required activation (via microwave with minimum amplitude and maximum frequency, ultraviolet), to transfer S_{mnSt} to the boundary of objectivity to perform the desired task, in particular, for the necessary transformation, the necessary action etc. Using the work of 2023 Nobel Prize winners in physics Ferenc Kraus and his colleagues Pierre Agostini and Anna Lhuillier, their experimental methods of generating attosecond pulses of light to study the dynamics of electrons in matter, we will attempt to carry out the experimental part of our work as soon as we receive a specially equipped laboratory and funding. It is clear that the upper-level singularity corresponds not only to one object, process, task, etc., but also to a whole class of those corresponding to this singularity. Therefore, in particular, a transition to other elements of this class is possible.

Hypothesis G.2: The upper level is the identification of everything that is there, by definition.

The level that is below the lower level of objects is the level of their ordinary emanations from them - the level of ordinary energies. In particular for mathematical objects - equations, these are their solutions. For any mathematical object, one can give definitions of its singular generalizations, and not only for mathematical ones, in particular, all real objects and processes have an upper (singular) level.

Remark W19. So far we have used all sorts of (algebraic) structures to interpret some simplified processes and their results. Unfortunately, sometimes their great complexity is not entirely justified, so here we will try to interpret them through geometric constructions.



Fig. G.1

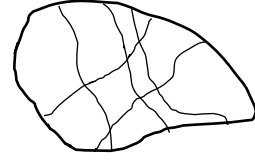


Fig. G.2

Fig. G.1 we will try to interpret the energy of a living organism. The ellipse represents a cross-section of the energy cocoon of a living organism, d_r is the assembly point on it, curved lines inside and outside are the energy fibers of the Universe, r -the position of the assemblage point d_r on the energy cocoon of a living organism.

Fig. G.2 we will try to interpret the energy of a non-living object. Shape border represents a cross-section of the energy cocoon of a non-living object; the curved lines are the energy fibers of the Universe enclosed in the cocoon of the object. In particular, string theory considers an elementary particle as a “string,” although in our opinion it is more natural to consider an elementary particle as a manifestation of a “string,” an energy fiber of the Universe. Energy cocoons are not structures of our object world; they are structures of energy space, the manifestation of which is our object world. For example, it is quite possible to try to interpret the nucleus of an atom as a manifestation of the intersection of such fibers, which are actually incubators of protons and neutrons that make up the nucleus of an atom, and the nucleus of a cell of a living organism as a manifestation of the intersection of such fibers, which are actually incubators of chromosomes with DNA. For example, (Fig. G.3) it is to try to interpret an atom ${}^4_2\text{He}$ as the cocoon with two layers of self-capacity in the form of orbitals that surround the intersection of energy fibers - incubators of protons and neutrons.

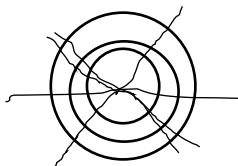


Fig. G.3

Since the energy fibers of the Universe have an energy type of not lower than paself, then we receive ordinary energy as a manifestation of paself both when "self-breaking" connections and when they are formed. An example is thermonuclear fusion.

May consider the following dynamic operator:

$$XC(w, q, g_1, g_2) = \begin{matrix} q & w & q & w \\ g_2 SCprt g_1 \uparrow I \downarrow g_2 SCprt g_1, & \text{for example, } w - \text{our World.} \\ w & q & w & q \end{matrix}$$

May consider the new concept: paself(connection). Energy is given by self-destructive connections and forming connections. Let us introduce the notations: B_{con} = connections, A_{con} = ||| of connections, D_{con} = pa||| of connections.

May consider: $B_{con}^n, B_{con}^\varphi, B_{con}^\infty, B_{con}^{B_{con}}, A_{con}^n, A_{con}^\varphi, A_{con}^\infty, A_{con}^{A_{con}}, D_{con}^n, D_{con}^\varphi, D_{con}^\infty, D_{con}^{D_{con}}, \text{parelf}(B_{con}^n), \text{singelf}(B_{con}^n)$ etc. Self is eigenoperator of operator self:

$\text{self}(\text{self}(A)) = \text{self}(A) ||| \text{self}(A) = \text{self}(A)$. oself is eigenoperator of operator oself: $\text{oself}(\text{oself}(A)) = \text{oself}(A)$. May consider the next new singularities: $g(A) ||| g(A) = \text{ha } g(A), \psi(D) ||| \psi(D) = Q(D), L(S) ||| L^{-1}(S) = R(S), \phi(U) |||^{-1} \phi(U) = G(U)$ etc. May

consider $o ||| = (|||^{-1})^2 = (|||^{-1}) (|||^{-1}), SCprt \begin{matrix} (|||^{-1}) \\ g_1 \end{matrix} = \text{self}(|||^{-1}), \begin{matrix} (|||^{-1}) \\ g_1 \end{matrix} SCprt = \text{oself}(|||^{-1})$

$|||^{-1}$). $|||_c A$ is ||| of elements from A among themselves by c. $|||_B^{-1} A$ is $|||^{-1}$ of elements from A among themselves by B. May consider $\text{parelf}(|||_B^{-1}), \text{singelf}(|||_B^{-1})$, any operator $F(|||_B^{-1})$ etc. May consider the new following probabilities: $P(Vprt), P(PrSCprt)$ etc.

1.8 Elements of Dynamic Chemistry

Chemical reactions are examples of $|||st$ substances that can be carried out at the usual level (i.e., this is a degeneration of $|||st$ substances that in the general position are carried out through the upper level). That is, these are the so-called quasieigenvalues of $|||st$ substances.

If we introduce for the energy of a chemical element the concept $self_g$ -energy (the concept of a chemical element was introduced earlier): $SCprt \overset{R}{g}$, $R=Q+D$, Q -

internal energy, D is the energy of its interaction with the external environment.

$$SCprt \overset{R}{g} = SCprt \overset{Q+D}{g} = SCprt \overset{Q}{g} + SCprt \overset{D}{g} = SCprt \overset{Q}{g} + SCprt \overset{Q}{g} + SCprt \overset{D}{g}$$

$$\overset{D}{g} + SCprt \overset{D}{g}, SCprt \overset{Q}{g} - \text{internal } self_g\text{-energy, } SCprt \overset{D}{g} - \text{the external } self_g\text{-energy,}$$

$$SCprt \overset{Q}{g} - \text{object component of a chemical element, } SCprt \overset{D}{g} - \text{usual energy}$$

component of a chemical element. We describe the usual chemical reactions for the

$$SCprt \overset{Q}{g} - \text{component using the } SCprt \overset{D}{g} - \text{component. A } self_g\text{-molecule (} self_g\text{-atom,}$$

$self_g$ -(elementary particle))) as a capacity can have the following types of $self_g$: $self_g$ -set, $self_g$ -structure, $self_g$ -hierarchy or its elements that generates this $self_g$ -

$$\text{molecule (} self_g\text{-atom, } self_g\text{-(elementary particle))). } SCprt \overset{R}{g} \text{ corresponds to}$$

$$\{CO_2\} \\ \text{crystal. For example, } SCprt \overset{R}{g}_{usual \text{ crystal}} \text{ corresponds to crystal lattice of } \{CO_2\},$$

$$\{Al_2O_3\} \qquad \{DNA_K\} \\ SCprt \overset{R}{g}_{usual \text{ crystal}} \text{ corresponds to sapphire crystal, , } SCprt \overset{R}{g}_{\text{living organism}} \\ \{Al_2O_3\} \qquad \{DNA_K\}$$

corresponds to living organism K.

1.9 Elements of Dynamic Biology

Elements of NDynamic Morphology

May consider some Dynamic interpretation variants of Cell division:

$$a) \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt} \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_a^a + \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_a^a \right\} \right\} = \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt} \left\{ \left\{ \text{cell pool} \right\} \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_a^a \right\} \text{Sprt}_a^a \right\} \right\} +$$

$$\left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt} \left\{ \left\{ \text{cell pool} \right\} \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_a^a \right\} \text{Sprt}_a^a \right\} \right\}$$

$$\text{Result} \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt} \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_a^a + \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_a^a \right\} + \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt} \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_a^a + \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_a^a \right\} \right\},$$

$$b) \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt} \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_a^a + \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_a^a \right\} \right\} = \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_a^a \right\} \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt} \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_a^a \right\} \right\} +$$

$$\left\{ \left\{ \text{cell pool} \right\} \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_a^a \right\} \text{Sprt} \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_a^a \right\} \right\}$$

$$\text{Result} \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt} \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_a^a + \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_a^a \right\} + \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt} \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_a^a + \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_a^a \right\} \right\},$$

$$c) \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt} \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_a^a + \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_a^a \right\} \right\} = \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt} \left\{ \left\{ \text{cell pool} \right\} \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_a^a \right\} \text{Sprt}_a^a \right\} \right\} +$$

$$\left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt} \left\{ \left\{ \text{cell pool} \right\} \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_a^a \right\} \text{Sprt}_a^a \right\} \right\},$$

$$\text{Result} \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt} \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_a^a + \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_a^a \right\} + \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt} \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_a^a + \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_a^a \right\} \right\}$$

$$d) \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt} \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_a^a + \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_a^a \right\} \right\} = \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_a^a \right\} \text{Sprt} \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_a^a \right\} +$$

$$\left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_a^a \right\} \text{Sprt} \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_a^a \right\},$$

$$\text{Result} \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt} \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_a^a + \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_a^a \right\} + \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt} \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_a^a + \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_a^a \right\} \right\} \right\}.$$

Energy of living organism:

$$Q(b,a,p,q,t) = \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_{b_1}^{b_1}, \dots, \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_{b_N}^{b_N} \right\} \text{PrSprt} \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_{b_1}^{b_1}, \dots, \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_{b_N}^{b_N} \right\} +$$

$$\left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt} \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_{a_1}^{a_1}, \dots, \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_{a_N}^{a_N} \right\} + \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt} \{p_1, \dots, p_M\} \right\}.$$

$$\text{the easy part:} \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_{b_1}^{b_1}, \dots, \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_{b_N}^{b_N} \right\} \text{PrSprt} \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_{b_1}^{b_1}, \dots, \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_{b_N}^{b_N} \right\}, b_i =$$

$$\frac{d_i \text{Sprt}_{d_i}}{d_i},$$

$$\text{objective part:} \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt} \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_{a_1}^{a_1}, \dots, \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_{a_N}^{a_N} \right\} + \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt} \{p_1, \dots, p_M\} \right\}, a_i = \frac{c_i}{c_i} \text{Sprt}_{c_i}^{c_i},$$

$$p_j = \left\{ \left\{ \right\} \text{Sprt}_{r_j}^{r_j} \right\}.$$

People are used to perceiving at the level of objectivity, where there are so many limitations. Although they have all the opportunities to reach higher levels, where

there are an order of magnitude fewer limitations and this can be learned. People are devices for capturing the energies of these higher levels and using them after appropriate training and tuning. And these functions will also be partially performed by SmnSprt. Here the calculation will take place not so much in numbers as in structures, structure is the frame (skeleton) of energy.

Cure from bacteria, viruses, pathogenic fungi in SmnSprt (SmnSDS etc) with the right tw.

C for treatment of bacteria and pathogenic fungi from the equation:

$\frac{a}{a} \text{Sprt}^{a+b+C} = \frac{a}{a+b} \text{Sprt}^a$, where $\frac{a}{a} \text{Sprt}^a$ - man as energy, $\frac{b}{b} \text{Sprt}^b$ - bacteria and pathogenic fungi as energy

D for treatment of virus and virus in oncological diseases from the equation:

$\frac{a}{a} \text{Sprt}^{a+q+D} = \frac{a}{a+q} \text{Sprt}^a$, where $\frac{a}{a} \text{Sprt}^a$ - man as energy, $\frac{q}{q} \text{Sprt}^q$ virus as energy.

Bioresonance of pathogenic microorganisms according to Voll can classify them according to their usual energy manifestations.

A virus is $\{\} \text{Sprt}^a$ or $\{\} ||| (|||) pa_{\{\}} \text{self}$. An energy of living organism is $\frac{a}{a} \text{Sprt}^a$ or $pa ||| (pa |||) pa_{\text{self}}$.

Remark 1.9.1. HYPOTHALAMUS is the subject (controller) of pa. It manifests its 2- essence through the eyes and the gap in the human energy cocoon at the level below the navel. In fact, it controls the Will of a person and allows his energy body to go to the border of objectivity and further and thereby make any replacements with objects, processes, etc.

Remark 1.9.2. Energy structure of the DNA, virus: $D = pa_{\text{self}} \{Q\}$, where $pa_{\text{self}} = \{\} \text{Sprt}^A$. Energy structure of a cell of a living organism:

$((\{D\} ||| \{Q_1\}) pa ||| (|||_{pa_{\text{self}}} \{Q_2\}))$.

Remark 1.9.3. $\downarrow I \uparrow$ by thermophilic bacteria that can live at a temperature of about 400 degrees. Thermophilic bacteria survive at a temperature of 400 degrees, since they constantly have a replacement at their upper level for a significantly lower temperature. Bacteria, viruses, and pathogenic fungi do not have a top-level block, so they are difficult to deal with.

Remark 1.9.4. Some highly developed people can be on two levels at the same time: the normal and the upper. Such as Jesus Christ, some highly developed magicians. And some other highly developed people can easily go to their upper level. Both are masters of their upper level and therefore they can do a lot that people are not capable of. And the plot of Adam and Eve's expulsion from Paradise is nothing more than blocking their upper level for them, which is also the case with ordinary people. Social justice is fundamentally impossible as long as education (training) is based on achieving results, and not on the process. Education (training) based on getting results leads to blocking the upper level. This is done to easily control people. And in order to unblock it, education (training) based on the process and re-examination of previous experience with its alienation is necessary. In a living organism, the rotation of energy in the energy centers is counterclockwise, except for the energy center on the top of the head, where the movement of energy has been altered by foreign influence through ineffective education.

Remark 1.9.5. Bacteria, viruses, and pathogenic fungi do not have a top-level block, so they are difficult to deal with. DNA outside of their environment, virus by $\{\} \text{Sprt}_A^A$ as operator: in one's environment C $\text{DNA} = \{\} \text{Sprt}_A^A(C) = {}_A^A \text{Sprt}_A^A$, virus in environment D of living organism $= \{\} \text{Sprt}_A^A(D) = {}_d^d \text{Sprt}_{A+d}^{A+d}$, d is energetic part of D, which virus captures in environment D.

Remark 1.9.6. By quasi proper elements $|||$ we can understand its manifestations at a lower level in a similar form (i.e., proper elements by level (hierarchy)). We can

also consider functions, operators, equations by level (hierarchy) etc. May consider $\text{parelf}(\| \|_B^{-1})$, $\text{singelf}(\| \|_B^{-1})$, any operator $F(\| \|_B^{-1})$ etc.

Remark 1.9.7. The objective part Q of a living organism can be interpreted as a

form of containment in point x in space - $\text{SCprt} \underset{x}{g_1}^Q$, and the non-objective energetic

part W around it as a form of containment in a point t in time - $\text{SCprt} \underset{t}{g_2}^W$.

$\underset{g_2}{C_q}$ SCprt $\underset{C_p}{g_1}$ External energy $(**)$, C_p - assembly point position of
Internal energy(Will)

cocoon C , C_q - gap in the cocoon C . May consider the following equation:

$C = \underset{g_2}{C_q}$ SCprt $\underset{C_p}{g_1}$ External energy $\text{Internal energy(Will)}$.

May consider $\underset{\| \|}{C_q}$ SCprt $\underset{C_p}{g_1}$ External energy , $\underset{\| \|}{C_q}$ Self $\underset{C_p}{g_1}$ External energy .

$\{DNA_K\}$
 $\text{SCprt } g_{\text{living organism}}$ corresponds to living organism K .
 $\{DNA_K\}$

1.10 Elements of Dynamic Economy

Let's consider the following dynamic operator of economization process (DEprt - element)

$\underset{B}{A}$
 $\text{DEprt}_w (1.10.1),$

where A economizes in B by w , w is type (criterion) of economization; A , B , w may be fuzzy. The result of this operator is

$$\begin{array}{c} A \\ \text{DErtw (1.10.2).} \\ B \end{array}$$

Let's consider the following dynamic operator of de-economization process

$$\begin{array}{c} B \\ r \text{DEprt (1.10.3),} \\ C \end{array}$$

where C de-economizes B by r; B, C, r may be fuzzy. The result of this operator is

$$\begin{array}{c} B \\ r \text{DEprt (1.10.4).} \\ C \end{array}$$

Let's consider the following more general dynamic operator

$$\begin{array}{cc} Q & A \\ r \text{DEprt}w \text{ (1.10.5),} & \\ C & B \end{array}$$

where A economizes in B by w, C de-economizes Q by r; A, B, C, Q, r, w may be fuzzy. The result of this operator is

$$\begin{array}{cc} Q & A \\ r \text{DEprt}w \text{ (1.10.6).} & \\ C & B \end{array}$$

Let us introduce the notations: $\text{sel}^{DE} f_w(A) = \begin{array}{c} A \\ \text{DEprt}w \\ A \end{array}$, $\text{osel}^{DE} f_r(B) = \begin{array}{c} B \\ r \text{DEprt} \\ B \end{array}$,

$$\text{pasel}^{DE} f_{w,r}(A) = \begin{array}{cc} A & A \\ r \text{DEprt}w & \\ A & A \end{array}.$$

$\begin{array}{cc} B & A \\ r \text{DEprt}w & \end{array}$ corresponds to competitive relations between A and C. The result: $\begin{array}{c} B \\ r \text{DE} \\ C \end{array}$
 $\begin{array}{c} A \\ \text{rt}w. \\ B \end{array}$

May consider self-type(or ||-type) economic structures or paself-type(or pa||-type) etc. In particular, through a built-in program in each economic cell of economic structure - an analogue of DNA.

May consider self-production by artificial intelligence(in particular, by SmnSprt [29], [30]),

self-marketing by artificial intelligence(in particular, by SmnSprt), self-advertising etc. $\text{maself}_q(A)$ is self-maximum of A by q. $\text{mnsel}_q(A)$ is self-minimum of A by q. $\text{NXsel}_q^w(A)$ is $\min_w \max_q A(w, q)$ [18], [30].

self-modification of Leontief's input-output models [31] by artificial intelligence(SmnSprt):

$\text{maself}_q(\|c(t)\|)$ under the following restrictions:

$$x(t) = A(t)x(t) + B(t)\dot{V}(t) + c(t), 0 \leq x(t) \leq V(t), \dot{V}(t) \geq 0, c(t) \geq c(t_0), a_0(t)x(t) \leq \pi(t), G_1 V(T) \leq a_1, G_2 V(T) = a_2,$$

$c(t)$ is a vector - consumption of the population, $x(t)$ is a vector - product output, $V(t)$ is a production capacities vector, $B(t)$ is a capital intensity matrix, $A(t)$ is a direct costs matrix, $a_0(t)$ is a vector-line of direct labor costs for the production of a single set of products.

Dynamic generalization π -model [32], [18], [18], [30]:

$\|\pi$ -model:

$$Ax_t + D\eta_t + L_t c < \| x_t,$$

$$x_t < \| \xi_{t-1},$$

$$\xi_t < \| \xi_{t-1} + \eta_t,$$

$$\langle l, x_t \rangle < \| L_t,$$

$(x_t, \xi_t, \eta_t, L_t) > \| 0, t = 1, 2, \dots, T$. This displays the 2-interpretation of the corresponding upper-level singularity.

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Authors' contributions

The contribution of the authors is the same, we will not separate.

Part II. Dynamic uncertainties of Vprt, PrSCprt types

Introduction

Some examples of Dynamic uncertainties:

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} \dots \\ \text{parelf} A \left(\text{decignation} - \overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \right) \\ \text{singelf} A \left(\text{decignation} - \overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \right) \\ \text{subtle energy of object } A \text{ paradoxical upper level } (pa|||) \left(\text{decignation} - \overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \right) \\ \text{subtle energy of object } A \text{ paradoxical mid-level} \left(\text{decignation} - \overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \right) \\ / \\ \text{subtle energy of } |||^{-1} \\ \overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \\ \left(\overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \right) \\ \text{ordinary energy exhibited by an object } A \left(\text{decignation} - \underline{A} \right) \leftarrow \text{the raw energy of an object } A \left(\text{decignation} - A \right) \end{array} \right)$$

A = SmnSprt,

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} \dots \\ \text{parelf} A \left(\text{decignation} - \overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \right) \\ \text{singelf} A \left(\text{decignation} - \overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \right) \\ \text{subtle energy of object } A \text{ paradoxical upper level } (pa|||) \left(\text{decignation} - \overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \right) \\ \text{subtle energy of object } A \text{ paradoxical mid-level} \left(\text{decignation} - \overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \right) \\ / \\ \text{subtle energy of } |||^{-1} \\ \overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \\ \left(\overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \right) \\ \text{ordinary energy exhibited by an object } A \left(\text{decignation} - \underline{A} \right) \leftarrow \text{the raw energy of an object } A \left(\text{decignation} - A \right) \end{array} \right)$$

A = SmnSprt activation,

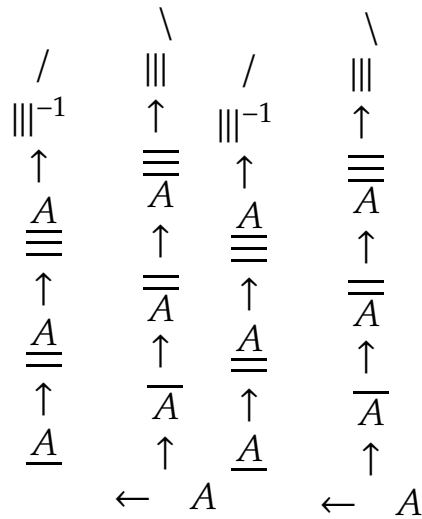
$$\left(\begin{array}{c}
\text{parelf} A \left(\text{decignation} - \overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \right) \\
\text{singelf} A \left(\text{decignation} - \overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \right) \\
\text{subtle energy of object } A \text{ paradoxical upper level (pa|||)} \left(\text{decignation} - \overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \right) \\
\text{subtle energy of object } A \text{ paradoxical mid-level} \left(\text{decignation} - \overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \right) \\
/ \\
\text{subtle energy of |||}^{-1} \quad \text{subtle energy of |||} \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \\
\left(\overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \right) \quad \left(\overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \right) \\
\text{ordinary energy exhibited by an object } A \left(\text{decignation} - \underline{\underline{A}} \right) \leftarrow \text{the raw energy of an object } A \left(\text{decignation} - A \right)
\end{array} \right)$$

$A = \text{upper level.}$

$$\left(\begin{array}{c}
\text{parelf} A \left(\text{decignation} - \overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \right) \\
\text{singelf} A \left(\text{decignation} - \overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \right) \\
\text{subtle energy of object } A \text{ paradoxical upper level (pa|||)} \left(\text{decignation} - \overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \right) \\
\text{subtle energy of object } A \text{ paradoxical mid-level} \left(\text{decignation} - \overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \right) \\
- \\
\text{subtle energy of |||}^{-1} \quad \text{subtle energy of |||} \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \\
\left(\overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \right) \quad \left(\overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \right) \\
\text{ordinary energy exhibited by an object } A \left(\text{decignation} - \underline{\underline{A}} \right) \leftarrow \text{the raw energy of an object } A \left(\text{decignation} - A \right)
\end{array} \right)$$

For our 2-interpretations, options with two lower "rings", with three, etc., with N concentric lower "rings" for N-interpretations are also possible etc. For example,

$$\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
||| \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \\
\uparrow \\
||| \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \\
\uparrow \\
||| \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \\
\uparrow \\
||| \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{A}}}
\end{array}$$



A. Vprt-elements and Their Applications

Introduction

The part task: to understand hierarchy of energies in the Universe and the principles of functioning of living energy (living organism, in particular, human, subtle energies), and then using these principles to "construct" artificial living energies (let's call them pseudo-living energies). We transform all kinds of uncertainties into new singularities and use them to describe uncertain energies. Here is considered **paradoxical** singularities (singularities of disintegration&synthesis), self-type singularities.

A.1 Vprt – elements, self-type Vprt-structures

A.1 Vprt – elements, self-type Vprt-structures

We consider dynamic operator

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D_1}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \parallel Q \\
\uparrow \parallel M \\
\parallel^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots \parallel O \uparrow \parallel J \uparrow \parallel W \uparrow \parallel B \\
\parallel E \uparrow \parallel S \uparrow \parallel A \parallel^{-1} / \\
\parallel U \uparrow \parallel Y \uparrow \parallel T \parallel \setminus \\
\parallel F \uparrow \parallel G \uparrow \parallel K \uparrow \parallel Z \parallel \vdots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
C \uparrow \overline{R} \uparrow \overline{P} \uparrow \overline{L} \uparrow \parallel \\
/ \text{Vprt}
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D_2}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \parallel Q \\
\uparrow \parallel M \\
\parallel^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots \parallel O \uparrow \parallel J \uparrow \parallel W \uparrow \parallel B \\
\parallel E \uparrow \parallel S \uparrow \parallel A \parallel^{-1} / \\
\parallel U \uparrow \parallel Y \uparrow \parallel T \parallel \setminus \\
\parallel F \uparrow \parallel G \uparrow \parallel K \uparrow \parallel Z \parallel \vdots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
C \uparrow \overline{R} \uparrow \overline{P} \uparrow \overline{L} \uparrow \parallel \\
/ \text{Vprt}
\end{array}
=$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D_1} \cup \overline{D_2} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Q} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{M} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{}^{-1} \setminus \\
\overline{} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{B} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{W} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{J} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{O} \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
C \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{R} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{P} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{L} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{} \\
/ \text{Vprt}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\overline{Z} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{K} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{G} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{F} \\
\setminus \\
\overline{} \\
/ \\
\overline{}^{-1} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{A} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{S} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{E}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\overline{Z} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{K} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{G} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{F} \\
\setminus \\
\overline{} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{T} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Y} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{U} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{H}
\end{array}
\quad (\text{A.1.3}),$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \quad \parallel \\
Q_1 \uparrow \\
\parallel \\
M \uparrow \\
\parallel \\
\parallel^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots \quad \parallel \\
O \parallel \uparrow \parallel \\
\parallel \uparrow \parallel \\
J \parallel \uparrow \parallel \\
W \parallel \uparrow \parallel \\
B \parallel \uparrow \parallel \\
\parallel \uparrow \parallel \\
\parallel^{-1} /
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{C}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \quad \parallel \\
\overline{R} \uparrow \\
\parallel \\
\overline{P} \uparrow \\
\parallel \\
L \uparrow \\
\parallel \\
\parallel / \text{Vprt}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \parallel \\
\parallel \uparrow \parallel \\
K \parallel \uparrow \parallel \\
G \parallel \uparrow \parallel \\
F \parallel \uparrow \parallel \\
\parallel \setminus \\
\parallel \uparrow \parallel \\
T \parallel \uparrow \parallel \\
Y \parallel \uparrow \parallel \\
U \parallel \uparrow \parallel \\
H \parallel \uparrow \parallel \\
\parallel \setminus \\
\parallel \uparrow \parallel \\
A \parallel \uparrow \parallel \\
S \parallel \uparrow \parallel \\
E \parallel \uparrow \parallel \\
\parallel^{-1} /
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \quad \parallel \\
Q_2 \uparrow \\
\parallel \\
M \uparrow \\
\parallel \\
\parallel^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots \quad \parallel \\
O \parallel \uparrow \parallel \\
\parallel \uparrow \parallel \\
J \parallel \uparrow \parallel \\
W \parallel \uparrow \parallel \\
B \parallel \uparrow \parallel \\
\parallel \uparrow \parallel \\
\parallel^{-1} /
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{C}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \quad \parallel \\
\overline{R} \uparrow \\
\parallel \\
\overline{P} \uparrow \\
\parallel \\
L \uparrow \\
\parallel \\
\parallel / \text{Vprt}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \parallel \\
\parallel \uparrow \parallel \\
K \parallel \uparrow \parallel \\
G \parallel \uparrow \parallel \\
F \parallel \uparrow \parallel \\
\parallel \setminus \\
\parallel \uparrow \parallel \\
T \parallel \uparrow \parallel \\
Y \parallel \uparrow \parallel \\
U \parallel \uparrow \parallel \\
H \parallel \uparrow \parallel \\
\parallel \setminus \\
\parallel \uparrow \parallel \\
A \parallel \uparrow \parallel \\
S \parallel \uparrow \parallel \\
E \parallel \uparrow \parallel \\
\parallel^{-1} /
\end{array}
=
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \quad \parallel \\
Q_1 \cup Q_2 \uparrow \\
\parallel \\
M \uparrow \\
\parallel \\
\parallel^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots \quad \parallel \\
O \parallel \uparrow \parallel \\
\parallel \uparrow \parallel \\
J \parallel \uparrow \parallel \\
W \parallel \uparrow \parallel \\
B \parallel \uparrow \parallel \\
\parallel \uparrow \parallel \\
\parallel^{-1} /
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{C}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \quad \parallel \\
\overline{R} \uparrow \\
\parallel \\
\overline{P} \uparrow \\
\parallel \\
L \uparrow \\
\parallel \\
\parallel /
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \vdots \\
 \equiv \\
 Z \\
 \uparrow \\
 K \\
 \uparrow \\
 G \\
 \uparrow \\
 F \\
 \text{Vprt}
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{array}{c}
 \backslash \\
 \equiv \\
 \uparrow \\
 \equiv \\
 T \\
 \uparrow \\
 \equiv \\
 Y \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{U} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \leftarrow H
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{array}{c}
 / \\
 \equiv^{-1} \\
 \uparrow \\
 A \\
 \equiv \\
 \uparrow \\
 S \\
 \equiv \\
 \uparrow \\
 E
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \text{(A.1.3.1),}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \quad \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \quad \overline{\overline{Q}} \\
\uparrow \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{M}}} \\
\uparrow \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{L}}}} \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{L}}}}}^{-1} \quad \backslash \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{B}}}}} \quad \uparrow \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{W}}}} \quad \uparrow \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{J}}}} \quad \uparrow \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{O}}}} \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\quad
\begin{array}{c}
C \quad \uparrow \quad \overline{\overline{R}} \quad \uparrow \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{P}}} \quad \uparrow \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{L}}}} \quad \uparrow \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{L}}}}} \\
/ \quad \text{Vprt}
\end{array}
\quad
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{Z}}}}} \quad \uparrow \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{K}}}}} \quad \uparrow \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{G}}}}} \quad \uparrow \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{F}}}}} \\
\backslash \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{F}}}}} \quad \uparrow \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{T}}}}} \quad \uparrow \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{Y}}}}} \quad \uparrow \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{U}}}}} \\
\leftarrow \quad H
\end{array}
\quad (A.1.3.2),$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \parallel Q \\
\uparrow \parallel M \\
\parallel^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots \\
\parallel B \uparrow \parallel W \uparrow \parallel J \uparrow \parallel O_1 \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
C \uparrow \overline{R} \uparrow \overline{P} \uparrow \overline{L} \uparrow \parallel / \\
\text{Vprt} \\
\parallel^{-1} / \uparrow A \parallel \uparrow S \parallel \uparrow E \\
\parallel \uparrow T \uparrow \overline{Y} \uparrow \overline{U} \uparrow H \\
\parallel \uparrow K \uparrow \parallel G \uparrow \parallel F \\
\vdots
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \parallel Q \\
\uparrow \parallel M \\
\parallel^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots \\
\parallel B \uparrow \parallel W \uparrow \parallel J \uparrow \parallel O_2 \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
C \uparrow \overline{R} \uparrow \overline{P} \uparrow \overline{L} \uparrow \parallel / \\
\text{Vprt} \\
\parallel^{-1} / \uparrow A \parallel \uparrow S \parallel \uparrow E \\
\parallel \uparrow T \uparrow \overline{Y} \uparrow \overline{U} \uparrow H \\
\parallel \uparrow K \uparrow \parallel G \uparrow \parallel F \\
\vdots
\end{array}
=
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \parallel Q \\
\uparrow \parallel M \\
\parallel^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots \\
\parallel B \uparrow \parallel W \uparrow \parallel J \uparrow \parallel O_1 \cup O_2 \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
C \uparrow \overline{R} \uparrow \overline{P} \uparrow \overline{L} \uparrow \parallel / \\
\parallel \uparrow T \uparrow \overline{Y} \uparrow \overline{U} \uparrow H \\
\parallel \uparrow K \uparrow \parallel G \uparrow \parallel F \\
\vdots
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \text{Vprt} \\
 \begin{array}{c}
 / \\
 \parallel^{-1} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{A}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{S}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{E}}
 \end{array}
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \parallel \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{F}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{G}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{K}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{Z}} \\
 \parallel \\
 \vdots
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \backslash \\
 \parallel \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{T}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{Y}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{U}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \leftarrow H
 \end{array}
 \quad (\text{A.1.3.3}),$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \parallel Q \\
\uparrow \parallel M \\
\parallel^{-1} \setminus \\
\begin{array}{c}
\parallel B \uparrow \parallel W \uparrow \parallel J_1 \uparrow \parallel O \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
C \uparrow \overline{R} \uparrow \overline{P} \uparrow \overline{L} \uparrow \parallel \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\parallel Z \uparrow \parallel K \uparrow \parallel G \uparrow \parallel F \\
\parallel^{-1} / \\
\begin{array}{c}
\parallel A \uparrow \parallel S \uparrow \parallel E \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\parallel T \uparrow \parallel Y \uparrow \parallel U \\
\leftarrow H
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \parallel Q \\
\uparrow \parallel M \\
\parallel^{-1} \setminus \\
\begin{array}{c}
\parallel B \uparrow \parallel W \uparrow \parallel J_2 \uparrow \parallel O \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
C \uparrow \overline{R} \uparrow \overline{P} \uparrow \overline{L} \uparrow \parallel \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\parallel Z \uparrow \parallel K \uparrow \parallel G \uparrow \parallel F \\
\parallel^{-1} / \\
\begin{array}{c}
\parallel A \uparrow \parallel S \uparrow \parallel E \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\parallel T \uparrow \parallel Y \uparrow \parallel U \\
\leftarrow H
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \parallel Q \\
\uparrow \parallel M \\
\parallel^{-1} \setminus \\
\begin{array}{c}
\parallel B \uparrow \parallel W \uparrow \parallel J_1 \cup \parallel J_2 \uparrow \parallel O \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
C \uparrow \overline{R} \uparrow \overline{P} \uparrow \overline{L} \uparrow \parallel \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\parallel Z \uparrow \parallel K \uparrow \parallel G \uparrow \parallel F \\
\parallel^{-1} / \\
\begin{array}{c}
\parallel A \uparrow \parallel S \uparrow \parallel E \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\parallel T \uparrow \parallel Y \uparrow \parallel U \\
\leftarrow H
\end{array}
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \text{Vprt} \\
 \begin{array}{c}
 / \\
 |||^{-1} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{A}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{S}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{E}}
 \end{array}
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \vdots \\
 ||| \\
 \underline{\underline{Z}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{K}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{G}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 ||| \\
 \underline{\underline{F}}
 \end{array}
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \backslash \\
 ||| \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{T}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{Y}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{U}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \leftarrow H
 \end{array}
 \quad (\text{A.1.3.4}),$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \parallel Q \\
\uparrow \parallel M \\
\parallel^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{C}{\uparrow} \overline{R} \uparrow \overline{P} \uparrow \overline{L} \uparrow \parallel / \\
\text{Vprt}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\parallel \parallel B \uparrow \parallel \parallel W_1 \uparrow \parallel \parallel J \uparrow \parallel \parallel O \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\parallel^{-1} \uparrow A \parallel \uparrow S \parallel \uparrow E \\
\parallel \uparrow T \parallel \uparrow Y \parallel \uparrow U \parallel \uparrow H \\
\parallel \uparrow Z \parallel \uparrow K \parallel \uparrow G \parallel \uparrow F \\
\parallel \setminus
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \parallel Q \\
\uparrow \parallel M \\
\parallel^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{C}{\uparrow} \overline{R} \uparrow \overline{P} \uparrow \overline{L} \uparrow \parallel / \\
\text{Vprt}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\parallel \parallel B \uparrow \parallel \parallel W_2 \uparrow \parallel \parallel J \uparrow \parallel \parallel O \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\parallel^{-1} \uparrow A \parallel \uparrow S \parallel \uparrow E \\
\parallel \uparrow T \parallel \uparrow Y \parallel \uparrow U \parallel \uparrow H \\
\parallel \uparrow Z \parallel \uparrow K \parallel \uparrow G \parallel \uparrow F \\
\parallel \setminus
\end{array}
=
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \parallel Q \\
\uparrow \parallel M \\
\parallel^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{C}{\uparrow} \overline{R} \uparrow \overline{P} \uparrow \overline{L} \uparrow \parallel / \\
\text{Vprt}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\parallel \parallel B \uparrow \parallel \parallel W_1 \cup W_2 \uparrow \parallel \parallel J \uparrow \parallel \parallel O \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\parallel^{-1} \uparrow A \parallel \uparrow S \parallel \uparrow E \\
\parallel \uparrow T \parallel \uparrow Y \parallel \uparrow U \parallel \uparrow H \\
\parallel \uparrow Z \parallel \uparrow K \parallel \uparrow G \parallel \uparrow F \\
\parallel \setminus
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \vdots \\
 \equiv \\
 Z \\
 \uparrow \\
 K \\
 \uparrow \\
 G \\
 \uparrow \\
 F \\
 \text{Vprt}
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{array}{c}
 \backslash \\
 \equiv \\
 \uparrow \\
 \equiv \\
 T \\
 \uparrow \\
 \equiv \\
 Y \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{U} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \leftarrow H
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{array}{c}
 / \\
 \equiv^{-1} \\
 \uparrow \\
 A \\
 \equiv \\
 \uparrow \\
 S \\
 \equiv \\
 \uparrow \\
 E
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \text{(A.1.3.5),}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \vdots \\
 \equiv \\
 Z \\
 \uparrow \\
 K \\
 \uparrow \\
 G \\
 \uparrow \\
 F \\
 \text{Vprt}
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{array}{c}
 \backslash \\
 \equiv \\
 \uparrow \\
 \equiv \\
 T \\
 \uparrow \\
 \equiv \\
 Y \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{U} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \leftarrow H
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{array}{c}
 / \\
 \equiv^{-1} \\
 \uparrow \\
 A \\
 \equiv \\
 \uparrow \\
 S \\
 \equiv \\
 \uparrow \\
 E
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \text{(A.1.3.6),}$$

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$$\begin{array}{c}
 \text{Vprt} \\
 \begin{array}{c}
 / \\
 |||^{-1} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{A}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{S}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{E}}
 \end{array}
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \vdots \\
 ||| \\
 \underline{\underline{Z}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{K}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{G}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 ||| \\
 \underline{\underline{F}}
 \end{array} \\
 \backslash \\
 ||| \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{T}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{Y}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{U}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \leftarrow H
 \end{array}
 \end{array}
 \quad (\text{A.1.3.7}),$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \vdots \\
 \equiv \\
 Z \\
 \uparrow \\
 K \\
 \uparrow \\
 G \\
 \uparrow \\
 F \\
 \text{Vprt}
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{array}{c}
 \backslash \\
 \equiv \\
 \uparrow \\
 \equiv \\
 T \\
 \uparrow \\
 \equiv \\
 Y \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{U} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{E}
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{array}{c}
 / \\
 \equiv^{-1} \\
 \uparrow \\
 A \\
 \equiv \\
 \uparrow \\
 S \\
 \equiv \\
 \uparrow \\
 E
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{array}{c}
 \leftarrow H
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \text{(A.1.3.8),}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D_1} \cup \overline{D_2} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Q} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{M} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{}^{-1} \setminus \\
\overline{} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{B} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{W} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{J} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{O} \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\leftarrow \\
\overline{C} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{R} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{P} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{L} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{} \\
/ \text{Vprt}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\overline{Z} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{K} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{G} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{F} \\
\setminus \\
\overline{} \\
/ \\
\overline{}^{-1} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{A} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{S} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{E}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{H} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{U} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Y} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{T} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{} \\
\setminus \\
\overline{}
\end{array}
\quad (\text{A.1.3.9}),$$

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$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \frac{Q}{=} \\
\uparrow \frac{M}{=} \\
\uparrow \frac{\text{|||}^{-1}}{\setminus} \\
\vdots \quad \frac{\text{|||}}{B} \uparrow \frac{\text{|||}}{W} \uparrow \frac{\text{|||}}{J} \uparrow \frac{\text{|||}}{O}
\end{array}
\quad
\begin{array}{c}
C \uparrow \frac{\overline{R}}{\uparrow} \frac{\overline{P}}{\uparrow} \frac{\text{|||}}{L_1} \cup \frac{\text{|||}}{L_2} \\
\uparrow \text{|||} / \\
\text{Vprt}
\end{array}
\quad
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{\text{|||}}{F} \uparrow \frac{\text{|||}}{G} \uparrow \frac{\text{|||}}{K} \uparrow \frac{\text{|||}}{Z} \vdots \\
\setminus \text{|||} \uparrow \frac{\text{|||}}{T} \uparrow \frac{\text{|||}}{Y} \uparrow \frac{\text{|||}}{U} \uparrow H \\
\text{|||}^{-1} / \uparrow \frac{\text{|||}}{A} \uparrow \frac{\text{|||}}{S} \uparrow \frac{\text{|||}}{E}
\end{array}
\quad (A.1.3.10),$$

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(A.1.3.12),

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{Q}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{M}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{L}}^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots \quad \underline{\underline{O}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{J}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{W}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{B}}
\end{array}
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{Q}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{M}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{L}}^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots \quad \underline{\underline{O}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{J}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{W}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{B}}
\end{array}
\end{array}
=
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{Q}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{M}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{L}}^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots \quad \underline{\underline{O}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{J}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{W}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{B}}
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \underbrace{\underbrace{\quad}_{Z_1} \cup \underbrace{\quad}_{Z_2}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underbrace{\quad}_{K} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underbrace{\quad}_{G} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underbrace{\quad}_{F} \\
 \text{Vprt} \quad \quad \quad \backslash \quad \quad \quad (A.1.3.14), \\
 \begin{array}{cc}
 / & \parallel \\
 \parallel^{-1} & \uparrow \\
 \uparrow & \underbrace{\quad}_{T} \\
 \underbrace{\quad}_{A} & \uparrow \\
 \uparrow & \overline{Y} \\
 \underbrace{\quad}_{S} & \uparrow \\
 \uparrow & \overline{U} \\
 \underbrace{\quad}_{E} & \uparrow \\
 & \leftarrow H
 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{Q}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{M}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{L}}^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots \quad \underline{\underline{O}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{J}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{W}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{B}}
\end{array}
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{Q}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{M}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{L}}^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots \quad \underline{\underline{O}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{J}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{W}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{B}}
\end{array}
\end{array}
=
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{Q}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{M}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{L}}^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots \quad \underline{\underline{O}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{J}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{W}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{B}}
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \vdots \\
 \equiv \\
 \equiv \\
 \equiv \\
 Z \\
 \uparrow \\
 \equiv \\
 \equiv \\
 \equiv \\
 K_1 \cup K_2 \\
 \uparrow \\
 \equiv \\
 \equiv \\
 \equiv \\
 G \\
 \uparrow \\
 \equiv \\
 \equiv \\
 \equiv \\
 F \\
 \swarrow \quad \searrow \\
 / \quad \equiv \\
 \equiv^{-1} \quad \uparrow \\
 \uparrow \quad \equiv \\
 \equiv \quad T \\
 \uparrow \quad \equiv \\
 \equiv \quad Y \\
 \uparrow \quad \equiv \\
 \equiv \quad U \\
 \uparrow \quad \equiv \\
 \equiv \quad \leftarrow H
 \end{array}
 \quad (A.1.3.15),$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{Q}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{M}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{M}}^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots \quad \underline{\underline{O}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{J}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{W}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{B}} \\
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
C \uparrow \overline{R} \uparrow \overline{P} \uparrow \underline{\underline{L}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{L}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{M}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{P}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{R}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{C}} \\
/ \text{Vprt}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \underline{\underline{Z}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{K}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{G}}_1 \uparrow \underline{\underline{F}} \\
\setminus \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{T}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{Y}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{U}} \uparrow H \\
\leftarrow
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \underline{\underline{A}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{S}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{E}} \\
\underline{\underline{M}}^{-1}
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{Q}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{M}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{M}}^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots \quad \underline{\underline{O}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{J}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{W}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{B}} \\
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
C \uparrow \overline{R} \uparrow \overline{P} \uparrow \underline{\underline{L}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{L}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{M}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{P}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{R}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{C}} \\
/ \text{Vprt}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \underline{\underline{Z}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{K}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{G}}_2 \uparrow \underline{\underline{F}} \\
\setminus \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{T}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{Y}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{U}} \uparrow H \\
\leftarrow
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \underline{\underline{A}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{S}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{E}} \\
\underline{\underline{M}}^{-1}
\end{array}
=
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{Q}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{M}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{M}}^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots \quad \underline{\underline{O}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{J}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{W}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{B}} \\
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
C \uparrow \overline{R} \uparrow \overline{P} \uparrow \underline{\underline{L}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{L}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{M}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{P}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{R}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{C}} \\
/
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \vdots \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Z}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{K}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{G_1}}} \cup \overline{\overline{\overline{G_2}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{F}}} \\
 \text{Vprt} \quad \backslash \quad (A.1.3.16), \\
 \begin{array}{c}
 / \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{\cdot}}}^{-1} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{S}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{E}}}
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{T}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Y}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{U}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \leftarrow H
 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{Q}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{M}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}}^{-1} \backslash \\
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{B}{\underline{\underline{|||}}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{\{\{\}}}} W \uparrow \underline{\underline{\{\{\}}}} J \uparrow \underline{\underline{\{\{\}}}} O \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\end{array}
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{Q}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{M}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}}^{-1} \backslash \\
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{B}{\underline{\underline{|||}}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{\{\{\}}}} W \uparrow \underline{\underline{\{\{\}}}} J \uparrow \underline{\underline{\{\{\}}}} O \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\end{array}
\end{array}
=
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{Q}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{M}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}}^{-1} \backslash \\
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{B}{\underline{\underline{|||}}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{\{\{\}}}} W \uparrow \underline{\underline{\{\{\}}}} J \uparrow \underline{\underline{\{\{\}}}} O \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \vdots \\
 \equiv \\
 Z \\
 \uparrow \\
 \equiv \\
 K \\
 \uparrow \\
 \equiv \\
 G \\
 \uparrow \\
 \begin{array}{c}
 \equiv \\
 F_1
 \end{array} \cup \begin{array}{c}
 \equiv \\
 F_2
 \end{array} \\
 \text{Vprt} \quad \quad \quad \backslash \\
 \quad \quad \quad / \\
 \equiv^{-1} \quad \quad \equiv \\
 \uparrow \quad \quad \uparrow \\
 \equiv A \quad \quad \equiv T \\
 \uparrow \quad \quad \uparrow \\
 \equiv S \quad \quad \equiv Y \\
 \uparrow \quad \quad \uparrow \\
 \equiv E \quad \quad \equiv \overline{U} \\
 \quad \quad \quad \uparrow \\
 \quad \quad \quad \leftarrow H
 \end{array}
 \quad (A.1.3.17),$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{Q}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{M}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}}^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots \quad \underline{\underline{O}} \underline{\underline{|||}} \underline{\underline{|||}} \underline{\underline{|||}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{J}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{W}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{B}}
\end{array}
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{Q}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{M}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}}^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots \quad \underline{\underline{O}} \underline{\underline{|||}} \underline{\underline{|||}} \underline{\underline{|||}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{J}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{W}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{B}}
\end{array}
\end{array}
=
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{Q}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{M}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}}^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots \quad \underline{\underline{O}} \underline{\underline{|||}} \underline{\underline{|||}} \underline{\underline{|||}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{J}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{W}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{B}}
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \vdots \\
 \equiv \\
 \equiv \\
 \equiv \\
 Z \\
 \uparrow \\
 \equiv \\
 K \\
 \uparrow \\
 \equiv \\
 G \\
 \uparrow \\
 \equiv \\
 F \\
 \text{Vprt} \quad \backslash \quad (A.1.3.18), \\
 / \\
 \equiv^{-1} \quad \equiv \\
 \uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
 \equiv A \quad \equiv \\
 \equiv T_1 \cup T_2 \\
 \uparrow \quad \equiv \\
 \equiv Y \\
 \uparrow \\
 \equiv U \\
 \uparrow \\
 \equiv E \quad \leftarrow H
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{Q}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{M}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}}^{-1} \backslash \\
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{C}{\uparrow} \frac{\overline{R}}{\uparrow} \frac{\overline{P}}{\uparrow} \frac{\overline{L}}{\uparrow} \underline{\underline{|||}} / \\
\text{Vprt}
\end{array}
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{B}{\uparrow} \frac{\overline{W}}{\uparrow} \frac{\overline{J}}{\uparrow} \underline{\underline{|||}} \underline{\underline{O}} \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{Q}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{M}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}}^{-1} \backslash \\
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{C}{\uparrow} \frac{\overline{R}}{\uparrow} \frac{\overline{P}}{\uparrow} \frac{\overline{L}}{\uparrow} \underline{\underline{|||}} / \\
\text{Vprt}
\end{array}
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{B}{\uparrow} \frac{\overline{W}}{\uparrow} \frac{\overline{J}}{\uparrow} \underline{\underline{|||}} \underline{\underline{O}} \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\end{array}
=
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{Q}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{M}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}}^{-1} \backslash \\
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{C}{\uparrow} \frac{\overline{R}}{\uparrow} \frac{\overline{P}}{\uparrow} \frac{\overline{L}}{\uparrow} \underline{\underline{|||}} / \\
\text{Vprt}
\end{array}
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{B}{\uparrow} \frac{\overline{W}}{\uparrow} \frac{\overline{J}}{\uparrow} \underline{\underline{|||}} \underline{\underline{O}} \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \vdots \\
 \equiv \\
 \equiv \\
 \equiv \\
 Z \\
 \uparrow \\
 \equiv \\
 K \\
 \uparrow \\
 \equiv \\
 G \\
 \uparrow \\
 \equiv \\
 F \\
 \text{Vprt} \quad \quad \quad \backslash \quad \quad \quad (A.1.3.19), \\
 / \quad \quad \quad \equiv \\
 \equiv^{-1} \quad \uparrow \quad \equiv \\
 \uparrow \quad \equiv \\
 \equiv \\
 A \\
 \equiv \\
 \uparrow \\
 \equiv \\
 S \\
 \equiv \\
 \uparrow \\
 E \\
 \equiv
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \equiv \\
 \equiv \\
 \equiv \\
 \equiv \\
 T \\
 \uparrow \\
 \equiv \\
 \overline{Y_1} \cup \overline{Y_2} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{U} \\
 \uparrow \\
 H
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \text{Vprt} \\
 \begin{array}{c}
 / \\
 |||^{-1} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{A}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{S}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{E}}
 \end{array}
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \vdots \\
 ||| \\
 \underline{\underline{Z}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{K}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{G}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{F}}
 \end{array} \\
 \backslash \\
 ||| \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{T}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{Y}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{U}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 H_1 \cup H_2
 \end{array}
 \leftarrow
 \begin{array}{c}
 \vdots \\
 ||| \\
 \underline{\underline{Z}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{K}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{G}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{F}}
 \end{array}
 \quad (A.1.3.21),
 \end{array}$$

We consider the following self-type Vprt-structure, **paradoxical** self-type Vprt-structure (paself-type Vprt-structure) of the first type:

[illegible]

$$\begin{array}{c}
\overline{Q} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Q} \\
\uparrow \\
M \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Q}^{-1} \\
\backslash \\
\overline{B} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{W} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{J} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Q} \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{Q} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{R} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{P} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{L} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Q} \\
/ \text{Vprt}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\overline{Z} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{K} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{G} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{F} \\
\backslash \\
\overline{Q}^{-1} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{A} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{S} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Q}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{Z} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{K} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{G} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{F} \\
\backslash \\
\overline{Q}^{-1} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{T} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Y} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{U} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Q}
\end{array}$$

denote $V_2 f$,

denote $V_3 f$,

denote $V_4 f$,

denote $V_5 f$,

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \vdots \\
 \equiv \\
 Z \\
 \uparrow \\
 K \\
 \uparrow \\
 G \\
 \uparrow \\
 F \\
 \text{Vprt}
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{array}{c}
 \backslash \\
 \equiv \\
 \uparrow \\
 \equiv \\
 T \\
 \uparrow \\
 \equiv \\
 Y \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{U} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{E}
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{array}{c}
 / \\
 \equiv^{-1} \\
 \uparrow \\
 A \\
 \equiv \\
 \uparrow \\
 S \\
 \equiv \\
 \uparrow \\
 E
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{array}{c}
 \leftarrow H
 \end{array}
 \quad
 (A.1.8),$$

the result of this process will be described by the expression

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \vdots \\
 \equiv \\
 Z \\
 \uparrow \\
 \equiv \\
 K \\
 \uparrow \\
 \equiv \\
 G \\
 \uparrow \\
 \equiv \\
 F \\
 \text{Vrt} \quad \quad \quad \backslash \quad \quad \quad (A.1.9) \\
 / \quad \quad \quad \equiv \\
 \equiv^{-1} \quad \uparrow \\
 \uparrow \quad \equiv \\
 \equiv A \quad \equiv T \\
 \equiv \quad \uparrow \\
 \uparrow \quad \equiv \\
 \equiv S \quad \equiv Y \\
 \equiv \quad \uparrow \\
 \uparrow \quad \overline{U} \\
 \equiv E \quad \uparrow \\
 \leftarrow H
 \end{array}$$

or

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{D}{\uparrow} \quad \leftarrow \quad C \\
 \frac{Q}{\uparrow} \quad \frac{\overline{R}}{\uparrow} \\
 \frac{M}{\uparrow} \quad \frac{\overline{P}}{\uparrow} \\
 \frac{\parallel^{-1}}{\backslash} \quad \frac{\parallel}{/} \\
 \frac{\parallel}{B} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \frac{\parallel}{W} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \frac{\parallel}{J} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \frac{\parallel}{O} \\
 \dots
 \end{array}
 \text{Vprt (A.1.10),}$$

the result of this process will be described by the expression

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow C \\
 \frac{Q}{\uparrow} \quad \frac{\overline{R}}{\uparrow} \\
 \frac{M}{\uparrow} \quad \frac{\overline{P}}{\uparrow} \\
 \frac{\parallel^{-1}}{\backslash} \quad \frac{\parallel}{/} \\
 \frac{\parallel}{B} \\
 \frac{\}}{W} \\
 \frac{\}}{J} \\
 \frac{\}}{O} \\
 \dots
 \end{array}
 \text{Vprt (A.1.11).}$$

Definition 1,2. The dynamic operator (A.1.8) we shall call Vprt – element of the second type, (A.1.9) we shall call Vrt – element of the second type.

It's allowed to add Vprt – elements of the second type:

$$\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\text{---} \\
\text{---} \\
Z_1 \\
\uparrow \\
\text{---} \\
K \\
\uparrow \\
\text{---} \\
G \\
\uparrow \\
\text{---} \\
F \\
\text{---}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\text{---}^{-1} \\
\uparrow \\
A \\
\text{---} \\
\uparrow \\
S \\
\text{---} \\
\uparrow \\
E \\
\text{---}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\text{---} \\
\uparrow \\
T \\
\text{---} \\
\uparrow \\
Y \\
\text{---} \\
\uparrow \\
U \\
\text{---} \\
\uparrow \\
H
\end{array}
+ \text{Vprt}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\text{---} \\
\text{---} \\
Z_2 \\
\uparrow \\
\text{---} \\
K \\
\uparrow \\
\text{---} \\
G \\
\uparrow \\
\text{---} \\
F \\
\text{---}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\text{---}^{-1} \\
\uparrow \\
A \\
\text{---} \\
\uparrow \\
S \\
\text{---} \\
\uparrow \\
E \\
\text{---}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\text{---} \\
\uparrow \\
T \\
\text{---} \\
\uparrow \\
Y \\
\text{---} \\
\uparrow \\
U \\
\text{---} \\
\uparrow \\
H
\end{array}
= \text{Vprt}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\text{---} \\
\text{---} \\
Z_1 \cup Z_2 \\
\uparrow \\
\text{---} \\
K \\
\uparrow \\
\text{---} \\
G \\
\uparrow \\
\text{---} \\
F \\
\text{---}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\text{---}^{-1} \\
\uparrow \\
A \\
\text{---} \\
\uparrow \\
S \\
\text{---} \\
\uparrow \\
E \\
\text{---}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\text{---} \\
\uparrow \\
T \\
\text{---} \\
\uparrow \\
Y \\
\text{---} \\
\uparrow \\
U \\
\text{---} \\
\uparrow \\
H
\end{array}
\quad (\text{A.1.12}),$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\{\!\!\{\!\!\{\!\!\{Z\}\!\!\}\!\!\} \\
\uparrow \\
\{\!\!\{\!\!\{K_1\}\!\!\} \\
\uparrow \\
\{\!\!\{\!\!\{G\}\!\!\} \\
\uparrow \\
\{\!\!\{\!\!\{F\}\!\!\} \\
\text{Vprt}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
- \\
\uparrow \\
\{\!\!\{\!\!\{A\}\!\!\} \\
\uparrow \\
\{\!\!\{\!\!\{S\}\!\!\} \\
\uparrow \\
\{\!\!\{\!\!\{E\}\!\!\} \\
\leftarrow H
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\uparrow \\
\{\!\!\{\!\!\{T\}\!\!\} \\
\uparrow \\
\{\!\!\{\!\!\{Y\}\!\!\} \\
\uparrow \\
\{\!\!\{\!\!\{\overline{U}\}\!\!\} \\
\uparrow
\end{array}
+ \text{Vprt}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\{\!\!\{\!\!\{Z\}\!\!\} \\
\uparrow \\
\{\!\!\{\!\!\{K_2\}\!\!\} \\
\uparrow \\
\{\!\!\{\!\!\{G\}\!\!\} \\
\uparrow \\
\{\!\!\{\!\!\{F\}\!\!\} \\
\text{Vprt}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
- \\
\uparrow \\
\{\!\!\{\!\!\{A\}\!\!\} \\
\uparrow \\
\{\!\!\{\!\!\{S\}\!\!\} \\
\uparrow \\
\{\!\!\{\!\!\{E\}\!\!\} \\
\leftarrow H
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\uparrow \\
\{\!\!\{\!\!\{T\}\!\!\} \\
\uparrow \\
\{\!\!\{\!\!\{Y\}\!\!\} \\
\uparrow \\
\{\!\!\{\!\!\{\overline{U}\}\!\!\} \\
\uparrow
\end{array}
= \text{Vprt}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\{\!\!\{\!\!\{Z\}\!\!\} \\
\uparrow \\
\{\!\!\{\!\!\{\overline{K_1} \cup \overline{K_2}\}\!\!\} \\
\uparrow \\
\{\!\!\{\!\!\{G\}\!\!\} \\
\uparrow \\
\{\!\!\{\!\!\{F\}\!\!\} \\
\text{Vprt}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
- \\
\uparrow \\
\{\!\!\{\!\!\{A\}\!\!\} \\
\uparrow \\
\{\!\!\{\!\!\{S\}\!\!\} \\
\uparrow \\
\{\!\!\{\!\!\{E\}\!\!\} \\
\leftarrow H
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\uparrow \\
\{\!\!\{\!\!\{T\}\!\!\} \\
\uparrow \\
\{\!\!\{\!\!\{Y\}\!\!\} \\
\uparrow \\
\{\!\!\{\!\!\{\overline{U}\}\!\!\} \\
\uparrow
\end{array}
\quad (\text{A.1.13}),$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\| \\
Z \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
K \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
G_1 \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
F \\
\text{Vprt}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\|^{-1} \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
A \\
\| \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
S \\
\| \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
E \\
\leftarrow
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\| \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
T \\
\| \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
Y \\
\| \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
U \\
\uparrow \\
H
\end{array}
+ \text{Vprt}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\| \\
Z \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
K \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
G_2 \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
F \\
\text{Vprt}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\|^{-1} \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
A \\
\| \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
S \\
\| \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
E \\
\leftarrow
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\| \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
T \\
\| \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
Y \\
\| \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
U \\
\uparrow \\
H
\end{array}
= \text{Vprt}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\| \\
Z \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
K \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
\overline{G_1} \cup \overline{G_2} \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
F \\
\text{Vprt}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\|^{-1} \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
A \\
\| \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
S \\
\| \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
E \\
\leftarrow
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\| \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
T \\
\| \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
Y \\
\| \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
U \\
\uparrow \\
H
\end{array}
\quad (\text{A.1.13.1}),$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{Vprt} \\
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\equiv^{-1} \uparrow \\
\equiv A_1 \\
\equiv \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{S}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{E}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\equiv \uparrow \\
\equiv T \\
\equiv \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Y}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{U} \\
\uparrow \\
H
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\equiv \\
\equiv \uparrow \\
\equiv F
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\equiv \\
\equiv \uparrow \\
\equiv G \\
\equiv \uparrow \\
\equiv K \\
\equiv \uparrow \\
\equiv Z
\end{array}
\end{array}
+ \text{Vprt}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\equiv^{-1} \uparrow \\
\equiv A_2 \\
\equiv \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{S}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{E}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\equiv \uparrow \\
\equiv T \\
\equiv \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Y}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{U} \\
\uparrow \\
H
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\equiv \\
\equiv \uparrow \\
\equiv F
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\equiv \\
\equiv \uparrow \\
\equiv G \\
\equiv \uparrow \\
\equiv K \\
\equiv \uparrow \\
\equiv Z
\end{array}
= \text{Vprt}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\equiv^{-1} \uparrow \\
\equiv A_1 \cup A_2 \\
\equiv \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{S}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{E}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\equiv \uparrow \\
\equiv T \\
\equiv \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Y}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{U} \\
\uparrow \\
H
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\equiv \\
\equiv \uparrow \\
\equiv F
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\equiv \\
\equiv \uparrow \\
\equiv G \\
\equiv \uparrow \\
\equiv K \\
\equiv \uparrow \\
\equiv Z
\end{array}
\quad (\text{A.1.13.3}),$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{Vprt} \\
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\equiv^{-1} \\
\uparrow \\
A \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
S_1 \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
E
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
T \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
Y \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{U} \\
\uparrow \\
H
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
F
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
G \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
K \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
Z \\
\equiv
\end{array}
+ \text{Vprt}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\equiv^{-1} \\
\uparrow \\
A \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
S_2 \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
E
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
T \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
Y \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{U} \\
\uparrow \\
H
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
F
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
G \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
K \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
Z \\
\equiv
\end{array}
= \text{Vprt}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\equiv^{-1} \\
\uparrow \\
A \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
S_1 \cup S_2 \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
E
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
T \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
Y \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{U} \\
\uparrow \\
H
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
F
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
G \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
K \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
Z \\
\equiv
\end{array}
\quad (\text{A.1.13.4}),$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{Vprt} \\
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \uparrow A \equiv \uparrow S \equiv \uparrow E_1 \\
\backslash \\
\text{|||} \uparrow T \equiv \uparrow Y \equiv \uparrow \overline{U} \\
\leftarrow H
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\text{|||} \\
\uparrow \\
\text{|||} \\
\uparrow \\
F
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\text{|||} \\
\uparrow \\
\text{|||} \\
\uparrow \\
G \\
\uparrow \\
\text{|||} \\
\uparrow \\
K \\
\uparrow \\
\text{|||} \\
\uparrow \\
Z \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\end{array}
+ \text{Vprt}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \uparrow A \equiv \uparrow S \equiv \uparrow E_2 \\
\backslash \\
\text{|||} \uparrow T \equiv \uparrow Y \equiv \uparrow \overline{U} \\
\leftarrow H
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\text{|||} \\
\uparrow \\
\text{|||} \\
\uparrow \\
F
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\text{|||} \\
\uparrow \\
\text{|||} \\
\uparrow \\
G \\
\uparrow \\
\text{|||} \\
\uparrow \\
K \\
\uparrow \\
\text{|||} \\
\uparrow \\
Z \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\end{array}
= \text{Vprt}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \uparrow A \equiv \uparrow S \equiv \uparrow E_1 \cup E_2 \\
\backslash \\
\text{|||} \uparrow T \equiv \uparrow Y \equiv \uparrow \overline{U} \\
\leftarrow H
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\text{|||} \\
\uparrow \\
\text{|||} \\
\uparrow \\
F
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\text{|||} \\
\uparrow \\
\text{|||} \\
\uparrow \\
G \\
\uparrow \\
\text{|||} \\
\uparrow \\
K \\
\uparrow \\
\text{|||} \\
\uparrow \\
Z \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\end{array}
\quad (\text{A.1.13.5}),$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{Vprt} \\
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\equiv^{-1} \\
\uparrow A \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow S \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow E
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow T \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow Y_1 \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow U \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow H
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\equiv \\
\uparrow F \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow G \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow K \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow Z \\
\equiv
\end{array}
+ \text{Vprt}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\equiv^{-1} \\
\uparrow A \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow S \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow E
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow T \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow Y_2 \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow U \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow H
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\equiv \\
\uparrow F \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow G \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow K \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow Z \\
\equiv
\end{array}
= \text{Vprt}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\equiv^{-1} \\
\uparrow A \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow S \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow E
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow T \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow Y_1 \cup Y_2 \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow U \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow H
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\equiv \\
\uparrow F \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow G \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow K \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow Z \\
\equiv
\end{array}
\quad (\text{A.1.13.7}),$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{Vprt} \\
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\equiv^{-1} \\
\uparrow A \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow S \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow E
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow T \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow Y \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \overline{U_1} \\
\uparrow \\
\leftarrow H
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\equiv \\
\uparrow F
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\equiv \\
\uparrow G \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow K \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow Z \\
\equiv
\end{array}
+ \text{Vprt}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\equiv^{-1} \\
\uparrow A \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow S \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow E
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow T \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow Y \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \overline{U_2} \\
\uparrow \\
\leftarrow H
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\equiv \\
\uparrow F
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\equiv \\
\uparrow G \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow K \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow Z \\
\equiv
\end{array}
= \text{Vprt}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\equiv^{-1} \\
\uparrow A \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow S \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow E
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow T \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow Y \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \overline{U_1} \cup \overline{U_2} \\
\uparrow \\
\leftarrow H
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\equiv \\
\uparrow F
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\equiv \\
\uparrow G \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow K \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow Z \\
\equiv
\end{array}
\quad (\text{A.1.13.8}),$$

denote $V_7 f A; Q; a$, $a \in A$,

denote $V_8fa;Q;A, a \in A$,

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
\begin{array}{c} \frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\ \frac{Q}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{M_1}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{\uparrow}{\downarrow} \\ \frac{\uparrow}{\downarrow} \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} \frac{C}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{\overline{R}}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{\overline{P}}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{\overline{L}}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{\uparrow}{\downarrow} \end{array} & + \\
\begin{array}{c} \frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\ \frac{Q}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{M_2}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{\uparrow}{\downarrow} \\ \frac{\uparrow}{\downarrow} \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} \frac{C}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{\overline{R}}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{\overline{P}}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{\overline{L}}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{\uparrow}{\downarrow} \end{array} & = \\
\begin{array}{c} \frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\ \frac{Q}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{M_1 \cup M_2}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{\uparrow}{\downarrow} \\ \frac{\uparrow}{\downarrow} \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} \frac{C}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{\overline{R}}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{\overline{P}}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{\overline{L}}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{\uparrow}{\downarrow} \end{array} & \text{(A.1.17),}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\frac{Q_1}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{M}{\uparrow} \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
C \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{R} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{P} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{L} \\
\uparrow \\
\text{|||} \\
/ \text{Vprt} +
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\frac{Q_2}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{M}{\uparrow} \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
C \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{R} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{P} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{L} \\
\uparrow \\
\text{|||} \\
/ \text{Vprt} =
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\frac{Q_1 \cup Q_2}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{M}{\uparrow} \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
C \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{R} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{P} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{L} \\
\uparrow \\
\text{|||} \\
/ \text{Vprt (A.1.18),}
\end{array}$$

Vprt (A.1.18.2),

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{Q}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{M}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}}^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots \underline{\underline{O}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{J}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{W}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{B}}
\end{array}
&
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{Q}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{M}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}}^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots \underline{\underline{O}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{J}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{W}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{B}}
\end{array}
+ \text{Vprt}
&
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{Q}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{M}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}}^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots \underline{\underline{O}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{J}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{W}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{B}}
\end{array}
= \text{Vprt}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{C}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \overline{R_1} \\
\uparrow \overline{P} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{L}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} \\
/
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{C}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \overline{R_2} \\
\uparrow \overline{P} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{L}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} \\
/
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{C}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \overline{R_1} \cup \overline{R_2} \\
\uparrow \overline{P} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{L}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} \\
/
\end{array}
\text{Vprt (A.1.18.3),}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\frac{Q}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{M}{\uparrow} \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \setminus \\
\text{|||} \text{ } / \text{Vprt} +
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{C}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{\overline{R}}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{\overline{P}}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{\text{|||}}{L_1} \\
\text{|||}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\frac{Q}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{M}{\uparrow} \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \setminus \\
\text{|||} \text{ } / \text{Vprt} =
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{C}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{\overline{R}}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{\overline{P}}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{\text{|||}}{L_2} \\
\text{|||}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\frac{Q}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{M}{\uparrow} \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \setminus \\
\text{|||} \text{ } / \text{Vprt (A.1.18.5),}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{C}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{\overline{R}}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{\overline{P}}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{\text{|||}}{L_1 \cup L_2} \\
\text{|||}
\end{array}$$

150

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
\begin{array}{c} \frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\ \frac{Q}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{M}{\uparrow} \\ \text{|||}^{-1} \backslash \\ \text{|||} \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} \frac{C}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{\overline{R}}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{\overline{P}}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{\overline{L}}{\uparrow} \\ \text{|||} / \end{array} & \text{Vprt} + \\
\begin{array}{c} \text{|||} \\ \overline{B} \\ \uparrow \\ \{\overline{W}_1\} \\ \uparrow \\ \{\overline{J}\} \\ \uparrow \\ \{\overline{O}\} \\ \vdots \end{array} & & \\
\begin{array}{c} \frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\ \frac{Q}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{M}{\uparrow} \\ \text{|||}^{-1} \backslash \\ \text{|||} \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} \frac{C}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{\overline{R}}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{\overline{P}}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{\overline{L}}{\uparrow} \\ \text{|||} / \end{array} & \text{Vprt} = \\
\begin{array}{c} \text{|||} \\ \overline{B} \\ \uparrow \\ \{\overline{W}_2\} \\ \uparrow \\ \{\overline{J}\} \\ \uparrow \\ \{\overline{O}\} \\ \vdots \end{array} & & \\
\begin{array}{c} \frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\ \frac{Q}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{M}{\uparrow} \\ \text{|||}^{-1} \backslash \\ \text{|||} \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} \frac{C}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{\overline{R}}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{\overline{P}}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{\overline{L}}{\uparrow} \\ \text{|||} / \end{array} & \text{Vprt (A.1.18.7),} \\
\begin{array}{c} \text{|||} \\ \overline{B} \\ \uparrow \\ \{\overline{W}_1 \cup \overline{W}_2\} \\ \uparrow \\ \{\overline{J}\} \\ \uparrow \\ \{\overline{O}\} \\ \vdots \end{array} & &
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\frac{Q}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{M}{\uparrow} \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \setminus \\
\text{|||} \nearrow \\
\frac{B}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{W}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{J_1}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{O}{\uparrow} \\
\vdots
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\frac{Q}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{M}{\uparrow} \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \setminus \\
\text{|||} \nearrow \\
\frac{B}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{W}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{J_2}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{O}{\uparrow} \\
\vdots
\end{array}
=
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\frac{Q}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{M}{\uparrow} \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \setminus \\
\text{|||} \nearrow \\
\frac{B}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{W}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{J_1 \cup J_2}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{O}{\uparrow} \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\text{Vprt (A.1.18.8),}$$

We consider the following self-type tprV-structures:

denote $V_9fd;Q;D, d \subset D$,

A.2 Dynamic Vprt – elements, self-type dynamic Vprt-structures

We considered Vprt – elements earlier. Here we consider dynamic Vprt – elements. We consider dynamic operators, whose elements change over time

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \overline{D(t)} \leftarrow \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{Q(t)} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{M(t)} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\parallel}^{-1} \setminus
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \overline{C(t)} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{R(t)} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{P(t)} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{L(t)} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\parallel} / \text{Vprt}(t)
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \overline{Z(t)} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{K(t)} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{G(t)} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{F(t)} \setminus
 \end{array}
 \end{array}
 \quad (A.2.1),$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \overline{B(t)} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{W(t)} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{J(t)} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{O(t)} \\
 \dots
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 / \\
 \overline{\parallel}^{-1} \uparrow \\
 \overline{A(t)} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{S(t)} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{E(t)}
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \overline{\parallel} \uparrow \\
 \overline{T(t)} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{Y(t)} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{U(t)} \\
 \leftarrow \overline{H(t)}
 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

where $\overline{Z(t)}$, $\overline{O(t)}$ - *parelf* levels of $Z(t)$ and $O(t)$ respectively, $\overline{J(t)}$, $\overline{K(t)}$ – *singelf* levels of $J(t)$ and $K(t)$ respectively, $\overline{G(t)}$, $\overline{W(t)}$ - **paradoxical** upper levels of $G(t)$ and $W(t)$ respectively, $\overline{F(t)}$, $\overline{B(t)}$ - **paradoxical** average levels of $F(t)$ and $B(t)$ respectively, $\overline{U(t)}$, $\overline{R(t)}$ - *middle₁* levels of $U(t)$ and $R(t)$ respectively, $\overline{E(t)}$, $\overline{D(t)}$ - *ordinary energies exhibited* by $E(t)$, $D(t)$ respectively, $\overline{Q(t)}$, $\overline{S(t)}$ - first sublevel of $Q(t)$ and $S(t)$ respectively, $\overline{A(t)}$, $\overline{M(t)}$ - second sublevel of $A(t)$ and $M(t)$ respectively. The result of this process will be described by the expression

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Q(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{M(t)}} \\
\uparrow \quad \text{|||}^{-1} \quad \backslash \\
\begin{array}{c}
\underline{\underline{B(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{W(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{J(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{O_1(t)}} \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{C(t)} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{R(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{P(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{L(t)}} \uparrow \\
\text{|||} \uparrow \\
\text{Vprt}(t)
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\underline{\underline{Z(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{K(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{G(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{F(t)}} \backslash \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \uparrow \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \uparrow \\
\begin{array}{c}
\underline{\underline{A(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{S(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{E(t)}} \leftarrow \\
H(t)
\end{array}
\end{array}
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Q(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{M(t)}} \\
\uparrow \quad \text{|||}^{-1} \quad \backslash \\
\begin{array}{c}
\underline{\underline{B(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{W(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{J(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{O_2(t)}} \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{C(t)} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{R(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{P(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{L(t)}} \uparrow \\
\text{|||} \uparrow \\
\text{Vprt}(t)
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\underline{\underline{Z(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{K(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{G(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{F(t)}} \backslash \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \uparrow \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \uparrow \\
\begin{array}{c}
\underline{\underline{A(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{S(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{E(t)}} \leftarrow \\
H(t)
\end{array}
\end{array}
\end{array}
=$$

(A.2.2.2.1),

$$\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow \overline{C(t)} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Q(t)}} \quad \underline{\underline{R(t)}} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{M(t)}} \quad \underline{\underline{P(t)}} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \quad \text{|||} \\
\backslash \quad / \\
\text{Vprt}(t)
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow \overline{C(t)} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Q(t)}} \quad \underline{\underline{R(t)}} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{M(t)}} \quad \underline{\underline{P(t)}} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \quad \text{|||} \\
\backslash \quad / \\
\text{Vprt}(t)
\end{array}
=
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow \overline{C(t)} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Q(t)}} \quad \underline{\underline{R(t)}} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{M(t)}} \quad \underline{\underline{P(t)}} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \quad \text{|||} \\
\backslash \quad / \\
\text{Vprt}(t)
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow \overline{C(t)} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Q(t)}} \quad \underline{\underline{R(t)}} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{M(t)}} \quad \underline{\underline{P(t)}} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \quad \text{|||} \\
\backslash \quad / \\
\text{Vprt}(t)
\end{array}
=$$

(A.2.2.2),

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Q(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{M(t)}} \\
\uparrow \quad \text{|||}^{-1} \quad \backslash \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{C(t)} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{R(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{P(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{L(t)}} \uparrow \\
\text{|||} \quad / \quad \text{Vprt}(t)
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\underline{\underline{Z(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{K(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{G(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{F(t)}} \backslash \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \quad / \quad \text{Vprt}(t)
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Q(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{M(t)}} \\
\uparrow \quad \text{|||}^{-1} \quad \backslash \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{C(t)} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{R(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{P(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{L(t)}} \uparrow \\
\text{|||} \quad / \quad \text{Vprt}(t)
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\underline{\underline{Z(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{K(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{G(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{F(t)}} \backslash \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \quad / \quad \text{Vprt}(t)
\end{array}
=
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\underline{\underline{B(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{W_1(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{J(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{O(t)}} \uparrow \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \quad \text{|||}^{-1} \quad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{A(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{S(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{E(t)}}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\underline{\underline{T(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Y(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{U(t)}} \uparrow \\
\leftarrow \quad H(t)
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\underline{\underline{B(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{W_2(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{J(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{O(t)}} \uparrow \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \quad \text{|||}^{-1} \quad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{A(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{S(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{E(t)}}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\underline{\underline{T(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Y(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{U(t)}} \uparrow \\
\leftarrow \quad H(t)
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

(A.2.2.2.3),

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Q(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{M(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \setminus
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{C(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{R(t)} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{P(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{L(t)}} \uparrow \\
\text{|||} \uparrow \\
/ \text{Vprt}(t)
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{\dots} \\
\overline{Z(t)} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{K(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{G(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{F(t)}} \setminus
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\underline{\underline{B_1(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{W(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{J(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{O(t)}} \leftarrow \\
\dots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{A(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{S(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{E(t)}} \leftarrow
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\underline{\underline{T(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Y(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{U(t)}} \uparrow \\
\overline{H(t)} \leftarrow
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Q(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{M(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \setminus
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{C(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{R(t)} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{P(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{L(t)}} \uparrow \\
\text{|||} \uparrow \\
/ \text{Vprt}(t)
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{\dots} \\
\overline{Z(t)} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{K(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{G(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{F(t)}} \setminus
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\underline{\underline{B_2(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{W(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{J(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{O(t)}} \leftarrow \\
\dots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{A(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{S(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{E(t)}} \leftarrow
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\underline{\underline{T(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Y(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{U(t)}} \uparrow \\
\overline{H(t)} \leftarrow
\end{array}
=
\end{array}$$

(A.2.2.2.4),



$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\text{...} \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}}
\end{array} \\
(t) \quad \begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}}
\end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}}
\end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c}
\leftarrow \\
H(t)
\end{array}
\end{array}
=
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{\overline{\overline{D_1(t)} \cup D_2(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{M(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{|||^{-1}}}} \backslash
\end{array} \\
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{\overline{\overline{B(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{W(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{J(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{O(t)}}} \\
\text{...}
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
C(t) \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{R(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{P(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{L(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{|||}}} / \text{Vprt}(t)
\end{array} \\
\begin{array}{c}
\text{...} \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}}
\end{array}
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

(A.2.2.2.5),

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Q_1(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{M(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\|^{-1} \setminus
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{C(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{R(t)} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{P(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{L(t)}} \uparrow \\
\| \uparrow \\
/ \text{Vprt}(t)
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{\dots} \\
\overline{Z(t)} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{K(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{G(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{F(t)}} \setminus
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\underline{\underline{B(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{W(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{J(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{O(t)}} \leftarrow \\
\dots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\|^{-1} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{A(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{S(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{E(t)}} \leftarrow
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\underline{\underline{T(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Y(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{U(t)}} \uparrow \\
\overline{H(t)} \leftarrow
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Q_2(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{M(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\|^{-1} \setminus
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{C(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{R(t)} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{P(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{L(t)}} \uparrow \\
\| \uparrow \\
/ \text{Vprt}(t)
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{\dots} \\
\overline{Z(t)} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{K(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{G(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{F(t)}} \setminus
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\underline{\underline{B(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{W(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{J(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{O(t)}} \leftarrow \\
\dots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\|^{-1} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{A(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{S(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{E(t)}} \leftarrow
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\underline{\underline{T(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Y(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{U(t)}} \uparrow \\
\overline{H(t)} \leftarrow
\end{array}
=
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
\frac{D(t)}{\equiv} & \leftarrow & C(t) & & \dots \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \equiv \\
\frac{Q_1(t) \cup Q_2(t)}{\equiv} & & \frac{R(t)}{\equiv} & & Z(t) \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \uparrow \\
M(t) & & \frac{P(t)}{\equiv} & & \frac{K(t)}{\equiv} \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \uparrow \\
\equiv & & \frac{L(t)}{\equiv} & & \frac{G(t)}{\equiv} \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \uparrow \\
\equiv^{-1} & & \equiv & & \frac{F(t)}{\equiv} \\
\backslash & & / \text{ Vprt}(t) & & \backslash \\
\frac{B(t)}{\equiv} & & / & & \equiv \\
\uparrow & & \equiv^{-1} & & \uparrow \\
\frac{W(t)}{\equiv} & & \uparrow & & \frac{T(t)}{\equiv} \\
\uparrow & & \frac{A(t)}{\equiv} & & \uparrow \\
\frac{J(t)}{\equiv} & & \uparrow & & \frac{Y(t)}{\equiv} \\
\uparrow & & \frac{S(t)}{\equiv} & & \uparrow \\
\frac{O(t)}{\equiv} & & \uparrow & & \frac{U(t)}{\equiv} \\
\uparrow & & \frac{E(t)}{\equiv} & & \uparrow \\
\equiv & & & & \leftarrow H(t) \\
\dots & & & &
\end{array}$$

(A.2.2.2.6),

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Q(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{M(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\text{|||}^{-1}} \backslash
\end{array}
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Q(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{M(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\text{|||}^{-1}} \backslash
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{C(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{R(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{P(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{L_1(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{\text{|||}} / \text{Vprt}(t)
\end{array}
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{C(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{R(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{P(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{L_2(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{\text{|||}} / \text{Vprt}(t)
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{Z(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{K(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{G(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{F(t)} \backslash \\
\overline{\text{|||}^{-1}} / \overline{A(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{S(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{E(t)} \leftarrow
\end{array}
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{Z(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{K(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{G(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{F(t)} \backslash \\
\overline{\text{|||}^{-1}} / \overline{A(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{S(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{E(t)} \leftarrow
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{B(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{W(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{J(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{O(t)} \leftarrow
\end{array}
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{B(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{W(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{J(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{O(t)} \leftarrow
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{H(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{U(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{Y(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{T(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{\text{|||}} \uparrow \\
\overline{\text{|||}^{-1}} /
\end{array}
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{H(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{U(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{Y(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{T(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{\text{|||}} \uparrow \\
\overline{\text{|||}^{-1}} /
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Q(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{M(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\text{|||}^{-1}} \backslash
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{C(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{R(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{P_1(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{L(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\text{|||}} /
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{Vprt(t)}
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{B(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{W(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{J(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{O(t)} \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\overline{\text{|||}^{-1}} \uparrow \\
\overline{A(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{S(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{E(t)}
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{F(t)} \backslash \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{G(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{K(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Z(t)} \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{H(t)} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{U(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Y(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{T(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\text{|||}}
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
+
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Q(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{M(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\text{|||}^{-1}} \backslash
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{C(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{R(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{P_2(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{L(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\text{|||}} /
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{Vprt(t)}
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{B(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{W(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{J(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{O(t)} \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\overline{\text{|||}^{-1}} \uparrow \\
\overline{A(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{S(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{E(t)}
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{F(t)} \backslash \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{G(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{K(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Z(t)} \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{H(t)} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{U(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Y(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{T(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\text{|||}}
\end{array}
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Q(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{M(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \setminus
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{C(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{R_1(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{P(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{L(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\text{|||} /
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{Vprt(t)} \\
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{B(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{W(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{J(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{O(t)} \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\end{array}
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Q(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{M(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \setminus
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{C(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{R_2(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{P(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{L(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\text{|||} /
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{Vprt(t)} \\
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{B(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{W(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{J(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{O(t)} \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{Z(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{K(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{G(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{F(t)} \\
\setminus \\
\text{|||} \uparrow \\
\text{|||}^{-1} /
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{A(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{S(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{E(t)} \\
\leftarrow \\
H(t)
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{T(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Y(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{U(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
H(t)
\end{array}
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow C_1(t) \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Q(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{M(t)} \\
\uparrow \text{|||}^{-1} \backslash \\
\overline{B(t)} \uparrow \overline{W(t)} \uparrow \overline{J(t)} \uparrow \overline{O(t)} \dots
\end{array}
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow C_2(t) \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Q(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{M(t)} \\
\uparrow \text{|||}^{-1} \backslash \\
\overline{B(t)} \uparrow \overline{W(t)} \uparrow \overline{J(t)} \uparrow \overline{O(t)} \dots
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

$\begin{array}{c} \overline{C_1(t)} \\ \uparrow \\ \overline{R(t)} \\ \uparrow \\ \overline{P(t)} \\ \uparrow \\ \overline{L(t)} \\ \uparrow \text{|||} / \\ \text{Vprt}(t) \end{array}$

$\begin{array}{c} \dots \\ \overline{Z(t)} \\ \uparrow \\ \overline{K(t)} \\ \uparrow \\ \overline{G(t)} \\ \uparrow \\ \overline{F(t)} \\ \uparrow \text{|||} \backslash \\ \text{|||}^{-1} \uparrow \overline{A(t)} \uparrow \overline{S(t)} \uparrow \overline{E(t)} \end{array}$

$\begin{array}{c} \dots \\ \overline{Z(t)} \\ \uparrow \\ \overline{K(t)} \\ \uparrow \\ \overline{G(t)} \\ \uparrow \\ \overline{F(t)} \\ \uparrow \text{|||} \backslash \\ \text{|||} \uparrow \overline{T(t)} \uparrow \overline{Y(t)} \uparrow \overline{U(t)} \leftarrow \overline{H(t)} \end{array}$

$\begin{array}{c} \overline{C_2(t)} \\ \uparrow \\ \overline{R(t)} \\ \uparrow \\ \overline{P(t)} \\ \uparrow \\ \overline{L(t)} \\ \uparrow \text{|||} / \\ \text{Vprt} \end{array}$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\text{...} \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
\text{...}
\end{array} \\
\text{(t)}
\end{array}
=
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{\overline{\overline{D(t)}}} \leftarrow C_1(t) \cup C_2(t) \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{M(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{L(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{B(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{W(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{J(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{O(t)}}} \\
\text{...}
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\text{...} \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
\text{...}
\end{array} \\
\text{Vprt(t)}
\end{array}$$

(A.2.2.2.11),

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Q(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{M(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \setminus \\
\overline{B(t)} \uparrow \overline{W(t)} \uparrow \overline{J(t)} \uparrow \overline{O(t)} \dots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{C(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{R(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{P(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{L(t)} \uparrow \\
\text{|||} \setminus \\
\overline{Vprt(t)}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\dots \\
\overline{Z_1(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{K(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{G(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{F(t)} \setminus \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \setminus \\
\overline{A(t)} \uparrow \overline{T(t)} \uparrow \overline{Y(t)} \uparrow \overline{U(t)} \leftarrow \overline{H(t)}
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Q(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{M(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \setminus \\
\overline{B(t)} \uparrow \overline{W(t)} \uparrow \overline{J(t)} \uparrow \overline{O(t)} \dots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{C(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{R(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{P(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{L(t)} \uparrow \\
\text{|||} \setminus \\
\overline{Vprt(t)}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\dots \\
\overline{Z_2(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{K(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{G(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{F(t)} \setminus \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \setminus \\
\overline{A(t)} \uparrow \overline{T(t)} \uparrow \overline{Y(t)} \uparrow \overline{U(t)} \leftarrow \overline{H(t)}
\end{array}
=
\end{array}$$

(A.2.2.2.11.1),

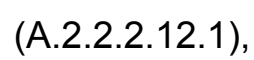
$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Q(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{M(t)}} \\
\uparrow \quad \text{|||}^{-1} \quad \backslash \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{C(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{R(t)} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{P(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{L(t)}} \uparrow \\
\text{|||} \uparrow \\
/ \quad \text{Vprt}(t)
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\underline{\underline{Z(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{K_1(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{G(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{F(t)}} \backslash \\
/ \quad \text{|||}^{-1} \quad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{A(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{S(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{E(t)}} \leftarrow \\
H(t)
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\underline{\underline{W(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{J(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{O(t)}} \leftarrow \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{B(t)} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{T(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Y(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{U(t)}} \uparrow \\
H(t)
\end{array}
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Q(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{M(t)}} \\
\uparrow \quad \text{|||}^{-1} \quad \backslash \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{C(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{R(t)} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{P(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{L(t)}} \uparrow \\
\text{|||} \uparrow \\
/ \quad \text{Vprt}(t)
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\underline{\underline{Z(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{K_2(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{G(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{F(t)}} \backslash \\
/ \quad \text{|||}^{-1} \quad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{A(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{S(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{E(t)}} \leftarrow \\
H(t)
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\underline{\underline{W(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{J(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{O(t)}} \leftarrow \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{B(t)} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{T(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Y(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{U(t)}} \uparrow \\
H(t)
\end{array}
\end{array}
=
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
\overline{D(t)} & \leftarrow & C(t) & & \dots \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
\overline{\overline{Q(t)}} & & \overline{R(t)} & & \uparrow \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{K_1(t)}} \cup \overline{\overline{K_2(t)}} \\
\overline{\overline{M(t)}} & & \overline{\overline{P(t)}} & & \uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\uparrow \parallel^{-1} \setminus & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{G(t)}} \\
\overline{\overline{B(t)}} & & \overline{\overline{L(t)}} & & \uparrow \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow \parallel & & \overline{\overline{F(t)}} \\
\overline{\overline{W(t)}} & & / \text{Vprt}(t) & & \setminus \\
\uparrow & & & & \parallel \\
\overline{\overline{J(t)}} & & & & \uparrow \\
\uparrow & & & & \overline{\overline{T(t)}} \\
\overline{\overline{O(t)}} & & & & \uparrow \\
& & & & \overline{\overline{Y(t)}} \\
& & & & \uparrow \\
& & & & \overline{U(t)} \\
& & & & \uparrow \\
& & & & \leftarrow H(t)
\end{array}$$

...

(A.2.2.2.12),

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Q(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{M(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\parallel}^{-1} \setminus \\
\overline{B(t)} \uparrow \overline{W(t)} \uparrow \overline{J(t)} \uparrow \overline{O(t)} \dots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{C(t)} \uparrow \overline{R(t)} \uparrow \overline{P(t)} \uparrow \overline{L(t)} \uparrow \overline{\parallel} / \text{Vprt}(t)
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\dots \\
\overline{Z(t)} \uparrow \overline{K(t)} \uparrow \overline{G_1(t)} \uparrow \overline{F(t)} \setminus \\
/ \overline{\parallel}^{-1} \uparrow \overline{A(t)} \uparrow \overline{S(t)} \uparrow \overline{E(t)} \leftarrow \overline{H(t)}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{T(t)} \uparrow \overline{Y(t)} \uparrow \overline{U(t)}
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Q(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{M(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\parallel}^{-1} \setminus \\
\overline{B(t)} \uparrow \overline{W(t)} \uparrow \overline{J(t)} \uparrow \overline{O(t)} \dots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{C(t)} \uparrow \overline{R(t)} \uparrow \overline{P(t)} \uparrow \overline{L(t)} \uparrow \overline{\parallel} / \text{Vprt}(t)
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\dots \\
\overline{Z(t)} \uparrow \overline{K(t)} \uparrow \overline{G_2(t)} \uparrow \overline{F(t)} \setminus \\
/ \overline{\parallel}^{-1} \uparrow \overline{A(t)} \uparrow \overline{S(t)} \uparrow \overline{E(t)} \leftarrow \overline{H(t)}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{T(t)} \uparrow \overline{Y(t)} \uparrow \overline{U(t)}
\end{array}
=
\end{array}$$



$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Q(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{M(t)}} \\
\uparrow \quad \text{|||}^{-1} \quad \backslash \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{C(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{R(t)} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{P(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{L(t)}} \uparrow \\
\text{|||} \uparrow \\
\text{Vprt}(t)
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\underline{\underline{Z(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{K(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{G(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{F_1(t)}} \backslash \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{A(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{S(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{E(t)}} \leftarrow \\
H(t)
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\underline{\underline{W(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{J(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{O(t)}} \leftarrow \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Q(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{M(t)}} \\
\uparrow \quad \text{|||}^{-1} \quad \backslash \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{C(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{R(t)} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{P(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{L(t)}} \uparrow \\
\text{|||} \uparrow \\
\text{Vprt}(t)
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\underline{\underline{Z(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{K(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{G(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{F_2(t)}} \backslash \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{A(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{S(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{E(t)}} \leftarrow \\
H(t)
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\underline{\underline{W(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{J(t)}} \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{O(t)}} \leftarrow \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\end{array}
=$$

(A.2.2.2.13),

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow C(t) \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Q(t)}} \quad \underline{\underline{R(t)}} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{M(t)}} \quad \underline{\underline{P(t)}} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \quad \text{|||} \\
\backslash \quad / \\
\text{Vprt}(t)
\end{array}
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow C(t) \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Q(t)}} \quad \underline{\underline{R(t)}} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{M(t)}} \quad \underline{\underline{P(t)}} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \quad \text{|||} \\
\backslash \quad / \\
\text{Vprt}
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\underline{\underline{B(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{W(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{J(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{O(t)}} \\
\ldots
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{A_1(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{S(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{E(t)}}
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\text{|||} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{T(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Y(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{U(t)}} \\
\leftarrow H(t)
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\underline{\underline{B(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{W(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{J(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{O(t)}} \\
\ldots
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\cdots \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}}
\end{array} \\
(t)
\end{array}
=
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{\overline{\overline{D(t)}}} \leftarrow C(t) \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{M(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{|||^{-1}}}} \backslash \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{B(t)}}}
\end{array} \\
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{\overline{\overline{O(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{J(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{W(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{A_1(t)} \cup A_2(t)}}
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{\overline{\overline{C(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{R(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{P(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{L(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{|||}}} / \text{Vprt}(t)
\end{array} \\
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \leftarrow H(t) \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{|||}}} \backslash
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

(A.2.2.2.14),

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow C(t) \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Q(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{M(t)} \\
\uparrow \quad \text{|||}^{-1} \quad \backslash \\
\overline{B(t)} \uparrow \overline{W(t)} \uparrow \overline{J(t)} \uparrow \overline{O(t)} \dots
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow C(t) \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Q(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{M(t)} \\
\uparrow \quad \text{|||}^{-1} \quad \backslash \\
\overline{B(t)} \uparrow \overline{W(t)} \uparrow \overline{J(t)} \uparrow \overline{O(t)} \dots
\end{array}
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{C(t)} \uparrow \overline{R(t)} \uparrow \overline{P(t)} \uparrow \overline{L(t)} \uparrow \text{|||} \quad / \quad \text{Vprt}(t) \\
\overline{Z(t)} \uparrow \overline{K(t)} \uparrow \overline{G(t)} \uparrow \overline{F(t)} \quad \backslash \quad \text{|||} \quad \uparrow \quad \overline{T(t)} \uparrow \overline{Y(t)} \uparrow \overline{U(t)} \uparrow H(t) \leftarrow \\
\overline{A(t)} \uparrow \overline{S_1(t)} \uparrow \overline{E(t)} \quad \text{|||}^{-1} \quad \uparrow
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\text{...} \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}}
\end{array} \\
(t)
\end{array}
=
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{\overline{\overline{D(t)}}} \leftarrow C(t) \\
\uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{M(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \text{|||}^{-1} \backslash \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{B(t)}}}
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{\overline{\overline{C(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{R(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{P(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{L(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \text{|||} / \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Vprt(t)}}}
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\text{...} \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}}
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{S_2(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}}
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\text{|||} \uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
\leftarrow H(t)
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{\overline{\overline{W(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{J(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{O(t)}}} \\
\text{...}
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{S_1(t) \cup S_2(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}}
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\text{|||} \uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
\leftarrow H(t)
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

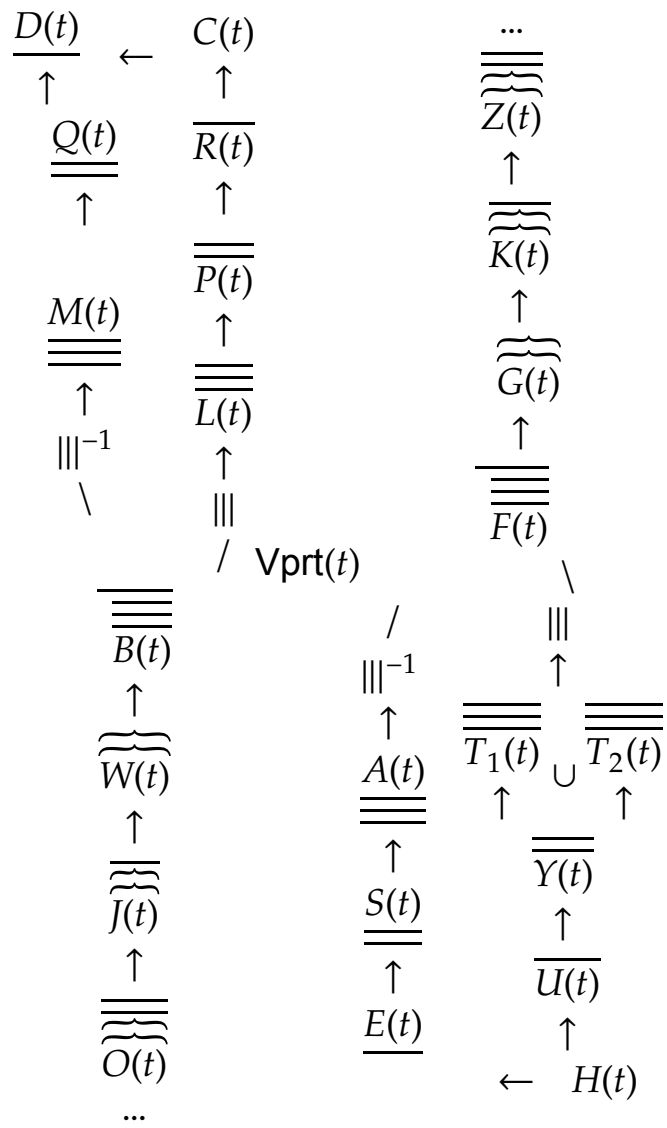
(A.2.2.2.15),

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Q(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{M(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\parallel}^{-1} \setminus \\
\overline{B(t)} \uparrow \overline{W(t)} \uparrow \overline{J(t)} \uparrow \overline{O(t)} \dots
\end{array}
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Q(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{M(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\parallel}^{-1} \setminus \\
\overline{B(t)} \uparrow \overline{W(t)} \uparrow \overline{J(t)} \uparrow \overline{O(t)} \dots
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow C(t) \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Q(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{M(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\parallel}^{-1} \setminus
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{C(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{R(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{P(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{L(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\parallel} / \text{Vprt}(t)
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{\dots} \\
\overline{Z(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{K(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{G(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{F(t)}
\end{array}
\\
=
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{B(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{W(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{J(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{O(t)} \\
\dots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\overline{\parallel}^{-1} \uparrow \\
\overline{A(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{S(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{E_1(t) \cup E_2(t)}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\setminus \\
\overline{\parallel} \uparrow \\
\overline{T(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Y(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{U(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{H(t)}
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

(A.2.2.2.16),

$$\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow \overline{C(t)} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Q(t)}} \quad \underline{\underline{R(t)}} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{M(t)}} \quad \underline{\underline{P(t)}} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \quad \text{|||} \\
\backslash \quad / \quad \text{Vprt}(t)
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow \overline{C(t)} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Q(t)}} \quad \underline{\underline{R(t)}} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{M(t)}} \quad \underline{\underline{P(t)}} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \quad \text{|||} \\
\backslash \quad / \quad \text{Vprt}(t)
\end{array}
=
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{B(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{W(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{J(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{O(t)}} \\
\leftarrow \dots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \uparrow \underline{\underline{A(t)}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{S(t)}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{E(t)}}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \quad \text{|||} \uparrow \underline{\underline{T_1(t)}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{Y(t)}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{U(t)}} \\
\leftarrow H(t)
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{B(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{W(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{J(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{O(t)}} \\
\leftarrow \dots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \uparrow \underline{\underline{A(t)}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{S(t)}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{E(t)}}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \quad \text{|||} \uparrow \underline{\underline{T_2(t)}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{Y(t)}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{U(t)}} \\
\leftarrow H(t)
\end{array}$$



(A.2.2.2.17),

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Q(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{M(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\parallel}^{-1} \setminus \\
\overline{B(t)} \uparrow \overline{W(t)} \uparrow \overline{J(t)} \uparrow \overline{O(t)} \dots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{C(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{R(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{P(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{L(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{\parallel} \uparrow \\
\overline{\parallel} / \text{Vprt}(t)
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\dots \\
\overline{Z(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{K(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{G(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{F(t)} \setminus \\
\overline{\parallel}^{-1} / \overline{A(t)} \uparrow \overline{S(t)} \uparrow \overline{E(t)} \\
\overline{\parallel}^{-1} \uparrow \overline{T(t)} \uparrow \overline{Y_1(t)} \uparrow \overline{U(t)} \leftarrow \overline{H(t)}
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Q(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{M(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\parallel}^{-1} \setminus \\
\overline{B(t)} \uparrow \overline{W(t)} \uparrow \overline{J(t)} \uparrow \overline{O(t)} \dots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{C(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{R(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{P(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{L(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{\parallel} \uparrow \\
\overline{\parallel} / \text{Vprt}(t)
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\dots \\
\overline{Z(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{K(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{G(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{F(t)} \setminus \\
\overline{\parallel}^{-1} / \overline{A(t)} \uparrow \overline{S(t)} \uparrow \overline{E(t)} \\
\overline{\parallel}^{-1} \uparrow \overline{T(t)} \uparrow \overline{Y_2(t)} \uparrow \overline{U(t)} \leftarrow \overline{H(t)}
\end{array}
=
\end{array}$$

(A.2.2.2.18),

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Q(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{M(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\parallel}^{-1} \setminus
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{C(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{R(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{P(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{L(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{\parallel} \uparrow \\
V_{prt}(t)
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{\parallel} \\
\overline{B(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{W(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{J(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{O(t)} \uparrow \\
\ldots
\end{array}
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Q(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{M(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\parallel}^{-1} \setminus
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{C(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{R(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{P(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{L(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{\parallel} \uparrow \\
V_{prt}(t)
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{\parallel} \\
\overline{B(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{W(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{J(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{O(t)} \uparrow \\
\ldots
\end{array}
\end{array}
=
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{\parallel} \\
\overline{Z(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{K(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{G(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{F(t)} \setminus \\
\overline{\parallel}^{-1} \uparrow \\
\overline{A(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{S(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{E(t)} \leftarrow \\
H(t)
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{\parallel} \\
\overline{T(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{Y(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{U_1(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{H(t)}
\end{array}
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{\parallel} \\
\overline{Z(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{K(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{G(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{F(t)} \setminus \\
\overline{\parallel}^{-1} \uparrow \\
\overline{A(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{S(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{E(t)} \leftarrow \\
H(t)
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{\parallel} \\
\overline{T(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{Y(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{U_2(t)} \uparrow \\
\overline{H(t)}
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

(A.2.2.2.19),

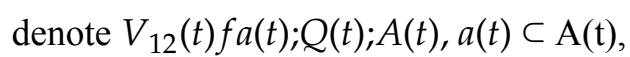
$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow C(t) \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Q(t)}} \quad \underline{\underline{R(t)}} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{M(t)}} \quad \underline{\underline{P(t)}} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \quad \text{|||} \\
\backslash \quad / \\
\begin{array}{c}
\underline{\underline{B(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{W(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{J(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{O(t)}} \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\end{array}
\quad
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow C(t) \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Q(t)}} \quad \underline{\underline{R(t)}} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{M(t)}} \quad \underline{\underline{P(t)}} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \quad \text{|||} \\
\backslash \quad / \\
\begin{array}{c}
\underline{\underline{B(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{W(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{J(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{O(t)}} \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\end{array}
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\underline{\underline{Z(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{K(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{G(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{F(t)}} \\
\backslash \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{A(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{S(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{E(t)}} \\
\leftarrow H_1(t)
\end{array}
\quad
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\underline{\underline{Z(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{K(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{G(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{F(t)}} \\
\backslash \\
\text{|||} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{T(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Y(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{U(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
H_1(t)
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\text{...} \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
\text{...}
\end{array} \\
\begin{array}{c}
\text{...} \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
\text{...}
\end{array}
\end{array}
=
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{\overline{\overline{D(t)}}} \leftarrow \overline{\overline{\overline{C(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{R(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{M(t)}}} \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{P(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{L(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Vprt(t)}}}
\end{array} \\
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{\overline{\overline{B(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{W(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{J(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{O(t)}}} \\
\text{...}
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\text{...} \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
\text{...}
\end{array} \\
\begin{array}{c}
\text{...} \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
\text{...}
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

(A.2.2.2.20).

We consider the following self-type dynamic Vprt-structures of the first type:

denote $V_{11}(t)fA(t);Q(t);a(t), a(t) \subset A(t),$



$$\begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
 \text{Vprt}(t) \quad \backslash \quad (A.2.2.8), \\
 \quad \quad \quad / \quad \quad \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
 \quad \quad \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}}^{-1} \quad \quad \quad \uparrow \\
 \quad \quad \quad \uparrow \quad \quad \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
 \quad \quad \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \quad \quad \quad \uparrow \\
 \quad \quad \quad \uparrow \quad \quad \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
 \quad \quad \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}} \quad \quad \quad \uparrow \\
 \quad \quad \quad \leftarrow \quad \quad \quad H(t)
 \end{array}$$

the result of this process will be described by the expression

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
 \text{Vrt}(t) \quad \backslash \quad (A.2.2.9), \\
 \begin{array}{cc}
 / & ||| \\
 |||^{-1} & \uparrow \\
 \uparrow & \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
 A(t) & \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} & \overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow & \uparrow \\
 S(t) & \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow & \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}} & H(t) \\
 \leftarrow &
 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

or

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{D(t)}{\uparrow} \leftarrow C(t) \\
 \frac{Q(t)}{\uparrow} \quad \frac{R(t)}{\uparrow} \\
 \frac{M(t)}{\uparrow} \quad \frac{P(t)}{\uparrow} \\
 \frac{\uparrow}{\parallel}^{-1} \quad \frac{\uparrow}{\parallel} \\
 \backslash \quad / \text{ Vprt}(t) \text{ (A.2.2.10),} \\
 \frac{B(t)}{\uparrow} \\
 \frac{W(t)}{\uparrow} \\
 \frac{J(t)}{\uparrow} \\
 \frac{O(t)}{\uparrow} \\
 \dots
 \end{array}$$

the result of this process will be described by the expression

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D(t)}{\uparrow} \leftarrow C(t) \\
\frac{Q(t)}{\uparrow} \quad \frac{R(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{M(t)}{\uparrow} \quad \frac{P(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{\parallel^{-1}}{\backslash} \quad \frac{L(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\parallel / \text{Vrt}(t) \text{ (A.2.2.11),} \\
\frac{B(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{W(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{J(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{O(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\ldots
\end{array}$$

Definition A.2.2.2. The dynamic operator (A.2.2.8) we shall call dynamic Vprt – element of the second type, (A.2.2.9) we shall call dynamic Vrt – element of the second type.

It's allowed to add dynamic Vprt – elements of the second type:

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Z_1(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
\text{Vprt}(t) \quad \backslash \\
/ \quad \uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{|||^{-1}}}} \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}} \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{H(t)}}}
\end{array}
+ \text{Vprt}(t)
= \text{Vprt}(t)
\end{array}$$

(A.2.2.12),

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{K_1(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
\text{Vprt}(t) \quad \backslash \\
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{|||^{-1}}}} \uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}} \leftarrow H(t)
\end{array}
\end{array}
+ \text{Vprt}(t)
= \text{Vprt}(t)
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{K_2(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
\text{Vprt}(t) \quad \backslash \\
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{|||^{-1}}}} \uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}} \leftarrow H(t)
\end{array}
\end{array}
\end{array}
= \text{Vprt}(t)
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{K_1(t)}}} \cup \overline{\overline{\overline{K_2(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
\text{Vprt}(t) \quad \backslash \\
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{|||^{-1}}}} \uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}} \leftarrow H(t)
\end{array}
\end{array}
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

(A.2.2.13),

$$\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{G_1(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
\text{vprt}(t) \quad \backslash \\
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{\overline{\overline{H(t)}}} \\
\leftarrow
\end{array}
\end{array}
+ \text{Vprt}(t)
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{G_2(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
\text{Vprt}(t) \quad \backslash \\
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{\overline{\overline{H(t)}}} \\
\leftarrow
\end{array}
\end{array}
= \text{Vprt}(t)
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{G_1(t) \cup G_2(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
\text{Vprt}(t) \quad \backslash \\
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{\overline{\overline{H(t)}}} \\
\leftarrow
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

(A.2.2.13.1),

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{F_1(t)}}} \\
\text{Vprt}(t)
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{|||^{-1}}}} \uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{|||}}} \uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
\leftarrow H(t)
\end{array}
+ \text{Vprt}(t)
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{F_2(t)}}} \\
\text{Vprt}(t)
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{|||^{-1}}}} \uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{|||}}} \uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
\leftarrow H(t)
\end{array}
= \text{Vprt}(t)
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{F_1(t)}}} \cup \overline{\overline{\overline{F_2(t)}}} \\
\text{Vprt}(t)
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{|||^{-1}}}} \uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{|||}}} \uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
\leftarrow H(t)
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

(A.2.2.13.2),

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}}
 \end{array} \\
 \text{Vprt}(t)
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \backslash \\
 / \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{A_1(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{H(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 + \text{Vprt}(t)
 \begin{array}{c}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}}
 \end{array} \\
 \text{Vprt}(t)
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \backslash \\
 / \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{A_2(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{H(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 = \text{Vprt}$$

(A.2.2.13.3),

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}}
 \end{array} \\
 \text{Vprt}(t)
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 / \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{|||}}^{-1}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{S_1(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \backslash \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{|||}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{H(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 + \text{Vprt}(t)
 \begin{array}{c}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}}
 \end{array} \\
 \text{Vprt}(t)
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 / \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{|||}}^{-1}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{S_2(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \backslash \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{|||}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{H(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 = \text{Vprt}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{array}{c}
 \backslash \\
 ||| \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \leftarrow H(t)
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{array}{c}
 / \\
 |||^{-1} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{S_1(t) \cup S_2(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \text{(A.2.2.13.4),}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}}
 \end{array} \\
 \text{Vprt}(t)
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 / \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{|||^{-1}}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{E_1(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \backslash \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{|||}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{H(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 + \text{Vprt}(t)
 \begin{array}{c}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}}
 \end{array} \\
 \text{Vprt}(t)
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 / \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{|||^{-1}}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{E_2(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \backslash \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{|||}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{H(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 = \text{Vprt}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
 (t) \qquad \qquad \qquad \backslash \qquad \qquad \qquad (A.2.2.13.), \\
 \begin{array}{c}
 / \\
 |||^{-1} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{E_1(t) \cup E_2(t)}}
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 ||| \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \leftarrow H(t)
 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
\text{Vprt}(t) \quad \backslash \\
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}}
\end{array} \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{T_1(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}} \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
\leftarrow \quad \uparrow \\
H(t)
\end{array}
\end{array}
+ \text{Vprt}(t)
= \text{Vprt}(t)
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
\text{Vprt}(t) \quad \backslash \\
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}}
\end{array} \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{T_2(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}} \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
\leftarrow \quad \uparrow \\
H(t)
\end{array}
\end{array}
= \text{Vprt}(t)
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
\text{Vprt}(t) \quad \backslash \\
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}}
\end{array} \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{T_1(t)}}} \cup \overline{\overline{\overline{T_2(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}} \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
\leftarrow \quad \uparrow \\
H(t)
\end{array}
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

(A.2.2.13.6),

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}}
\end{array} \\
\text{Vprt}(t) \quad \backslash \\
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}}
\end{array} \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{Y_1(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}} \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
\leftarrow \quad \uparrow \\
H(t)
\end{array}
+ \text{Vprt}(t)
= \text{Vprt}(t)
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{\overline{\overline{Y_1(t)}}} \cup \overline{\overline{\overline{Y_2(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}}
\end{array}
\leftarrow \quad \uparrow \\
H(t)
\end{array}$$

(A.2.2.13.7),

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
\text{Vprt}(t) \quad \backslash \\
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{|||^{-1}}}} \uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}}
\end{array}
\end{array}
\end{array}
+ \text{Vprt}(t)
= \text{Vprt}(t)
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
\text{Vprt}(t) \quad \backslash \\
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{|||^{-1}}}} \uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}}
\end{array}
\end{array}
\end{array}
= \text{Vprt}(t)
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
\text{Vprt}(t) \quad \backslash \\
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{|||^{-1}}}} \uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}}
\end{array}
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

(A.2.2.13.8),

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
 \text{Vprt}(t)
 \end{array}
 \quad \backslash \quad
 \begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
 \text{Vprt}(t)
 \end{array}
 \quad = \text{Vprt}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \begin{array}{c}
 / \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}} \\
 \leftarrow H_1(t)
 \end{array}
 \quad \backslash \quad
 \begin{array}{c}
 \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 H_1(t)
 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \begin{array}{c}
 / \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}} \\
 \leftarrow H_2(t)
 \end{array}
 \quad \backslash \quad
 \begin{array}{c}
 \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 H_2(t)
 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \text{Vprt}(t) \quad \backslash \quad (A.2.2.14), \\
 \begin{array}{c}
 / \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}}^{-1} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \leftarrow Q(t)
 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \text{Vprt}(t) \quad \backslash \quad (A.2.2.15), \\
 \begin{array}{c}
 / \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}}^{-1} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \leftarrow a(t)
 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

denote $V_{13}(t) f A(t); Q(t); a(t), a(t) \subset A(t)$,

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow C(t) \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Q_1(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{M(t)}} \\
\uparrow \quad \text{|||}^{-1} \quad \backslash \\
\text{|||} \quad \backslash \\
\text{|||} \quad \backslash \\
\underline{\underline{B(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{W(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{J(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{O(t)}} \\
\vdots
\end{array}
&
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{C(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{R(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{P(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{L(t)}} \\
\uparrow \quad \text{|||} \\
\text{|||} \quad \backslash \\
\text{|||} \quad \backslash \\
\underline{\underline{B(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{W(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{J(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{O(t)}} \\
\vdots
\end{array}
&
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow C(t) \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Q_2(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{M(t)}} \\
\uparrow \quad \text{|||}^{-1} \quad \backslash \\
\text{|||} \quad \backslash \\
\text{|||} \quad \backslash \\
\underline{\underline{B(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{W(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{J(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{O(t)}} \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

(A.2.2.18),

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D_1(t)}{\uparrow} \leftarrow C(t) \uparrow \\
\frac{Q(t)}{\uparrow} \overline{R(t)} \uparrow \\
\frac{M(t)}{\uparrow} \overline{P(t)} \uparrow \\
\frac{\uparrow}{\uparrow} \overline{L(t)} \uparrow \\
\frac{\uparrow}{\uparrow} \overline{Vprt(t)} + \\
\frac{\uparrow}{\uparrow} \overline{B(t)} \uparrow \\
\frac{\uparrow}{\uparrow} \overline{W(t)} \uparrow \\
\frac{\uparrow}{\uparrow} \overline{J(t)} \uparrow \\
\frac{\uparrow}{\uparrow} \overline{O(t)} \uparrow \\
\frac{\uparrow}{\uparrow} \overline{\dots} \uparrow \\
\frac{\uparrow}{\uparrow} \overline{Vprt(t)} \text{ (A.2.2.18.1),}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D_2(t)}{\uparrow} \leftarrow C(t) \uparrow \\
\frac{Q(t)}{\uparrow} \overline{R(t)} \uparrow \\
\frac{M(t)}{\uparrow} \overline{P(t)} \uparrow \\
\frac{\uparrow}{\uparrow} \overline{L(t)} \uparrow \\
\frac{\uparrow}{\uparrow} \overline{Vprt(t)} = \\
\frac{\uparrow}{\uparrow} \overline{B(t)} \uparrow \\
\frac{\uparrow}{\uparrow} \overline{W(t)} \uparrow \\
\frac{\uparrow}{\uparrow} \overline{J(t)} \uparrow \\
\frac{\uparrow}{\uparrow} \overline{O(t)} \uparrow \\
\frac{\uparrow}{\uparrow} \overline{\dots} \uparrow \\
\frac{\uparrow}{\uparrow} \overline{\dots} \uparrow
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D_1(t) \cup D_2(t)}{\uparrow} \leftarrow C(t) \uparrow \\
\frac{Q(t)}{\uparrow} \overline{R(t)} \uparrow \\
\frac{M(t)}{\uparrow} \overline{P(t)} \uparrow \\
\frac{\uparrow}{\uparrow} \overline{L(t)} \uparrow \\
\frac{\uparrow}{\uparrow} \overline{Vprt(t)} = \\
\frac{\uparrow}{\uparrow} \overline{B(t)} \uparrow \\
\frac{\uparrow}{\uparrow} \overline{W(t)} \uparrow \\
\frac{\uparrow}{\uparrow} \overline{J(t)} \uparrow \\
\frac{\uparrow}{\uparrow} \overline{O(t)} \uparrow \\
\frac{\uparrow}{\uparrow} \overline{\dots} \uparrow \\
\frac{\uparrow}{\uparrow} \overline{\dots} \uparrow
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D(t)}{\uparrow} \leftarrow C(t) \\
\uparrow \\
\frac{Q(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\uparrow \\
\frac{M(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\uparrow \\
\frac{B(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\uparrow \\
\frac{W(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\uparrow \\
\frac{J(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\uparrow \\
\frac{O(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\vdots \\
V_{prt}(t) \text{ (A.2.2.18.3),}
\end{array}
&
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D(t)}{\uparrow} \leftarrow C(t) \\
\uparrow \\
\frac{Q(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\uparrow \\
\frac{M(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\uparrow \\
\frac{B(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\uparrow \\
\frac{W(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\uparrow \\
\frac{J(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\uparrow \\
\frac{O(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\vdots \\
\ldots
\end{array}
&
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D(t)}{\uparrow} \leftarrow C(t) \\
\uparrow \\
\frac{Q(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\uparrow \\
\frac{M(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\uparrow \\
\frac{B(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\uparrow \\
\frac{W(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\uparrow \\
\frac{J(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\uparrow \\
\frac{O(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\vdots \\
\ldots
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

$\frac{C(t)}{\uparrow} \frac{R_1(t)}{\uparrow} \frac{P(t)}{\uparrow} \frac{L(t)}{\uparrow} \frac{V_{prt}(t) +}{/}$
 $\frac{C(t)}{\uparrow} \frac{R_2(t)}{\uparrow} \frac{P(t)}{\uparrow} \frac{L(t)}{\uparrow} \frac{V_{prt}(t) =}{/}$
 $\frac{C(t)}{\uparrow} \frac{R_1(t) \cup R_2(t)}{\uparrow} \frac{P(t)}{\uparrow} \frac{L(t)}{\uparrow} \frac{V_{prt}(t) =}{/}$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
\frac{D(t)}{\uparrow} \leftarrow C(t) & & \frac{D(t)}{\uparrow} \leftarrow C(t) \\
\frac{Q(t)}{\uparrow} & \frac{R(t)}{\uparrow} & \frac{Q(t)}{\uparrow} \quad \frac{R(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{M(t)}{\uparrow} & \frac{P_1(t)}{\uparrow} & \frac{M(t)}{\uparrow} \quad \frac{P_2(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{\uparrow}{\text{|||}^{-1}} & \frac{\uparrow}{L(t)} & \frac{\uparrow}{\text{|||}^{-1}} \quad \frac{\uparrow}{L(t)} \\
\backslash & \text{|||} & \backslash \quad \text{|||} \\
- \text{Vprt}(t) + & & - \text{Vprt}(t) = \\
\frac{\uparrow}{B(t)} & & \frac{\uparrow}{B(t)} \\
\frac{\uparrow}{W(t)} & & \frac{\uparrow}{W(t)} \\
\frac{\uparrow}{J(t)} & & \frac{\uparrow}{J(t)} \\
\frac{\uparrow}{O(t)} & & \frac{\uparrow}{O(t)} \\
\dots & & \dots
\end{array}$$

$$V_{prt}(t) \text{ (A.2.2.18.4)}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow C(t) \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Q(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{M(t)} \\
\uparrow \quad \backslash \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \quad \text{|||} \\
\overline{B(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{W_1(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{J(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{O(t)} \\
\vdots
\end{array}
&
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow C(t) \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Q(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{M(t)} \\
\uparrow \quad \backslash \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \quad \text{|||} \\
\overline{B(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{W_2(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{J(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{O(t)} \\
\vdots
\end{array}
&
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow C(t) \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Q(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{M(t)} \\
\uparrow \quad \backslash \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \quad \text{|||} \\
\overline{B(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{W_1(t)} \cup \overline{W_2(t)} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\overline{J(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{O(t)} \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

$\text{|||}^{-1} \quad \text{|||} \quad \text{|||}^{-1} \quad \text{|||} \quad \text{|||}^{-1} \quad \text{|||}$
 $\backslash \quad / \quad \backslash \quad / \quad \backslash \quad /$
 $\text{Vprt}(t) + \quad \text{Vprt}(t) = \quad \text{Vprt}(t)$

(A.2.2.18.7),

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{a(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \swarrow \quad \searrow \\
 \begin{array}{cc}
 / & ||| \\
 |||^{-1} & \uparrow \\
 \uparrow & \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} & \uparrow \\
 \uparrow & \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} & \uparrow \\
 \uparrow & \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} & \uparrow \\
 \leftarrow & A(t)
 \end{array}
 \end{array}
 \quad \text{Vprt}(t) \quad (\text{A.2.2.19})$$

denote $V_{15}(t)f$, where $d(t) \subset D(t)$,

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{d(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \swarrow \quad \searrow \\
 \begin{array}{cc}
 / & ||| \\
 |||^{-1} & \uparrow \\
 \uparrow & \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} & \uparrow \\
 \uparrow & \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} & \uparrow \\
 \uparrow & \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} & \uparrow \\
 \leftarrow & D(t)
 \end{array}
 \end{array}
 \quad V_{prt}(t) \text{ (A.2.2.21),}$$

denote $V_{16}(t)f$, where $d(t) \subset D(t)$,

and any other possible options of self for (A.2.2.10) etc.

A.3 FVprt – elements, self-type FVprt-structures

We consider dynamic operator

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
\begin{array}{c} \vdots \\ O \} \} \} \parallel \parallel \parallel \uparrow \uparrow \uparrow J \} \} \} \parallel \parallel \parallel \uparrow \uparrow W \} \} \} \parallel \parallel \parallel \uparrow \uparrow B \} \} \} \parallel \parallel \parallel \\ \vdots \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} \parallel^{-1} \setminus \uparrow \parallel \parallel \parallel M \parallel \parallel \uparrow \parallel Q \parallel \parallel \uparrow \parallel \overline{D} \parallel \parallel \\ \vdots \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} \parallel \setminus \uparrow \parallel \parallel \parallel L \parallel \parallel \uparrow \parallel \parallel \parallel P \parallel \parallel \uparrow \parallel \parallel \parallel R \parallel \parallel \uparrow \parallel C \\ \vdots \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} \parallel \setminus \uparrow \parallel \parallel \parallel F \parallel \parallel \uparrow \parallel \parallel \parallel G \parallel \parallel \uparrow \parallel \parallel \parallel K \parallel \parallel \uparrow \parallel \parallel \parallel Z \parallel \parallel \vdots \\ \vdots \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} \parallel \setminus \uparrow \parallel \parallel \parallel E \parallel \parallel \uparrow \parallel \parallel \parallel S \parallel \parallel \uparrow \parallel \parallel \parallel A \parallel \parallel \uparrow \parallel \parallel \parallel^{-1} \parallel \parallel \setminus \\ \vdots \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} \parallel \setminus \uparrow \parallel \parallel \parallel U \parallel \parallel \uparrow \parallel \parallel \parallel Y \parallel \parallel \uparrow \parallel \parallel \parallel T \parallel \parallel \uparrow \parallel \parallel \parallel \setminus \\ \vdots \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} \leftarrow H \\ \vdots \end{array}
\end{array} \tag{A.3 .1},$$

where $\overline{\overline{\overline{Z}}}, \overline{\overline{\overline{O}}}$ - *parelf* levels of fuzzy Z and fuzzy O respectively, $\overline{\overline{\overline{J}}}, \overline{\overline{\overline{K}}}$ – singelf levels of fuzzy J and fuzzy K respectively, $\overline{\overline{\overline{G}}}, \overline{\overline{\overline{W}}}$ - paradoxical upper levels of fuzzy G and fuzzy W respectively, $\overline{\overline{\overline{F}}}, \overline{\overline{\overline{B}}}$ - paradoxical average levels of fuzzy F and fuzzy B respectively, $\overline{U}, \overline{R}$ - middle₁ levels of fuzzy U and fuzzy R respectively, $\underline{E}, \underline{D}$ - *ordinary energies exhibited* by fuzzy E, fuzzy D respectively, $\underline{\underline{Q}}, \underline{\underline{S}}$ - first sublevel of fuzzy Q and fuzzy S respectively, $\overline{\overline{\overline{A}}}, \overline{\overline{\overline{M}}}$ - second sublevel of fuzzy A and fuzzy M respectively. The result of this process will be described by the expression

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D_1}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{Q}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{M}} \\
\uparrow^{-1} \underline{\underline{F}} \setminus \\
\vdots \underline{\underline{O}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{J}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{W}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{B}} \\
\vdots \underline{\underline{U}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{Y}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{T}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{A}} \uparrow^{-1} \underline{\underline{F}} \setminus \\
\leftarrow H
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
C \uparrow \overline{R} \uparrow \overline{P} \uparrow \underline{\underline{L}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{G}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{K}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{Z}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{F}} \\
/ \text{FVprt}
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D_2}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{Q}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{M}} \\
\uparrow^{-1} \underline{\underline{F}} \setminus \\
\vdots \underline{\underline{O}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{J}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{W}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{B}} \\
\vdots \underline{\underline{U}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{Y}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{T}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{A}} \uparrow^{-1} \underline{\underline{F}} \setminus \\
\leftarrow H
\end{array}
=$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \parallel Q_1 \\
\uparrow \parallel M \\
\parallel^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots \parallel O \parallel \uparrow \parallel J \parallel \uparrow \parallel W \parallel \uparrow \parallel B \parallel
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
C \uparrow \overline{R} \uparrow \overline{P} \uparrow \overline{L} \uparrow \parallel / \text{FV}_{\text{prt}} \\
\vdots \parallel Z \parallel \uparrow \parallel K \parallel \uparrow \parallel G \parallel \uparrow \parallel F \parallel \setminus \parallel \uparrow \parallel T \parallel \uparrow \parallel Y \parallel \uparrow \parallel U \parallel \uparrow H \\
\parallel^{-1} \uparrow A \parallel \uparrow S \parallel \uparrow E
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \parallel Q_2 \\
\uparrow \parallel M \\
\parallel^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots \parallel O \parallel \uparrow \parallel J \parallel \uparrow \parallel W \parallel \uparrow \parallel B \parallel
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
C \uparrow \overline{R} \uparrow \overline{P} \uparrow \overline{L} \uparrow \parallel / \text{FV}_{\text{prt}} \\
\vdots \parallel Z \parallel \uparrow \parallel K \parallel \uparrow \parallel G \parallel \uparrow \parallel F \parallel \setminus \parallel \uparrow \parallel T \parallel \uparrow \parallel Y \parallel \uparrow \parallel U \parallel \uparrow H \\
\parallel^{-1} \uparrow A \parallel \uparrow S \parallel \uparrow E
\end{array}
=$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \parallel Q \\
\uparrow \parallel M \\
\parallel^{-1} \setminus \\
\parallel B \uparrow \parallel W \uparrow \parallel J_1 \uparrow \parallel O \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
C \uparrow \overline{R} \uparrow \overline{P} \uparrow \overline{L} \uparrow \parallel / \\
\text{FV}_{\text{prt}}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\parallel \parallel Z \parallel \uparrow \parallel K \parallel \uparrow \parallel G \parallel \uparrow \parallel F \\
\parallel^{-1} / \parallel A \parallel \uparrow \parallel S \parallel \uparrow \parallel E \\
\parallel \uparrow \parallel T \parallel \uparrow \parallel Y \parallel \uparrow \parallel U \parallel \uparrow H \\
\leftarrow
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \parallel Q \\
\uparrow \parallel M \\
\parallel^{-1} \setminus \\
\parallel B \uparrow \parallel W \uparrow \parallel J_2 \uparrow \parallel O \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
C \uparrow \overline{R} \uparrow \overline{P} \uparrow \overline{L} \uparrow \parallel / \\
\text{FV}_{\text{prt}}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\parallel \parallel Z \parallel \uparrow \parallel K \parallel \uparrow \parallel G \parallel \uparrow \parallel F \\
\parallel^{-1} / \parallel A \parallel \uparrow \parallel S \parallel \uparrow \parallel E \\
\parallel \uparrow \parallel T \parallel \uparrow \parallel Y \parallel \uparrow \parallel U \parallel \uparrow H \\
\leftarrow
\end{array}
=$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \parallel Q \\
\uparrow \parallel M \\
\parallel^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots \parallel O \parallel \uparrow \parallel J \parallel \uparrow \parallel W_1 \parallel \uparrow \parallel B \parallel
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
C \uparrow \overline{R} \uparrow \overline{P} \uparrow \overline{L} \uparrow \parallel / \\
\text{FV}_{\text{prt}}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\parallel^{-1} / \\
\uparrow A \parallel \uparrow S \parallel \uparrow E \\
\parallel^{-1} / \\
\uparrow \parallel T \parallel \uparrow \parallel Y \parallel \uparrow \parallel U \parallel \uparrow H \\
\parallel^{-1} /
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \parallel Z \parallel \uparrow \parallel K \parallel \uparrow \parallel G \parallel \uparrow \parallel F \parallel \setminus \\
\parallel^{-1} /
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \parallel Q \\
\uparrow \parallel M \\
\parallel^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots \parallel O \parallel \uparrow \parallel J \parallel \uparrow \parallel W_2 \parallel \uparrow \parallel B \parallel
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
C \uparrow \overline{R} \uparrow \overline{P} \uparrow \overline{L} \uparrow \parallel / \\
\text{FV}_{\text{prt}}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\parallel^{-1} / \\
\uparrow A \parallel \uparrow S \parallel \uparrow E \\
\parallel^{-1} / \\
\uparrow \parallel T \parallel \uparrow \parallel Y \parallel \uparrow \parallel U \parallel \uparrow H \\
\parallel^{-1} /
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \parallel Z \parallel \uparrow \parallel K \parallel \uparrow \parallel G \parallel \uparrow \parallel F \parallel \setminus \\
\parallel^{-1} /
\end{array}
=$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \quad \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \quad \parallel Q \\
\uparrow \quad \parallel M \\
\uparrow \quad \parallel^{-1} \\
\backslash \\
\parallel B \\
\uparrow \quad \parallel \\
\parallel W_1 \cup \parallel W_2 \\
\uparrow \quad \parallel J \\
\uparrow \quad \parallel O \\
\parallel
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
C \uparrow \quad \overline{R} \uparrow \quad \parallel P \uparrow \quad \parallel L \uparrow \quad \parallel \\
\parallel^{-1} \quad \parallel / \text{FV}_{\text{prt}} \\
\parallel A \uparrow \quad \parallel S \uparrow \quad \parallel E \\
\parallel
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\parallel Z \uparrow \quad \parallel K \uparrow \quad \parallel G \uparrow \quad \parallel F \backslash \\
\parallel^{-1} \quad \parallel T \uparrow \quad \parallel Y \uparrow \quad \parallel U \uparrow \quad \parallel H \\
\parallel
\end{array}
\quad (\text{A.3 .3.5}),$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \parallel Q \\
\uparrow \parallel M \\
\parallel^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots \parallel O \parallel \uparrow \parallel J \parallel \uparrow \parallel W \parallel \uparrow \parallel B_1 \parallel
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
C \uparrow \overline{R} \uparrow \overline{P} \uparrow \overline{L} \uparrow \parallel / \\
\text{FV}_{\text{prt}}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\parallel^{-1} / \\
\uparrow \parallel A \parallel \uparrow \parallel S \parallel \uparrow \parallel E \\
\parallel^{-1} / \\
\uparrow \parallel T \parallel \uparrow \parallel Y \parallel \uparrow \parallel U \parallel \uparrow H \\
\parallel^{-1} / \\
\uparrow \parallel K \parallel \uparrow \parallel G \parallel \uparrow \parallel F \parallel \parallel \vdots \parallel Z \parallel \parallel
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \parallel Q \\
\uparrow \parallel M \\
\parallel^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots \parallel O \parallel \uparrow \parallel J \parallel \uparrow \parallel W \parallel \uparrow \parallel B_2 \parallel
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
C \uparrow \overline{R} \uparrow \overline{P} \uparrow \overline{L} \uparrow \parallel / \\
\text{FV}_{\text{prt}}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\parallel^{-1} / \\
\uparrow \parallel A \parallel \uparrow \parallel S \parallel \uparrow \parallel E \\
\parallel^{-1} / \\
\uparrow \parallel T \parallel \uparrow \parallel Y \parallel \uparrow \parallel U \parallel \uparrow H \\
\parallel^{-1} / \\
\uparrow \parallel K \parallel \uparrow \parallel G \parallel \uparrow \parallel F \parallel \parallel \vdots \parallel Z \parallel \parallel
\end{array}
=$$

(A.3 .3.6),

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$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \quad \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \parallel Q \\
M_1 \cup M_2 \\
\equiv \quad \equiv \\
\uparrow \parallel^{-1} \\
\backslash
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{C}{\uparrow} \quad \overline{R} \quad \uparrow \\
\overline{P} \quad \uparrow \equiv \\
L \quad \uparrow \parallel \\
/ \text{FV}_{\text{prt}}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\parallel \parallel \parallel \\
B \quad \uparrow \\
\parallel \parallel \parallel \\
W \quad \uparrow \\
\parallel \parallel \parallel \\
J \quad \uparrow \\
\parallel \parallel \parallel \\
O \quad \uparrow \\
\parallel \parallel \parallel \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\parallel \parallel \parallel^{-1} \\
\uparrow A \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow S \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow E
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\parallel \parallel \parallel \\
Z \quad \uparrow \parallel \parallel \parallel \\
K \quad \uparrow \parallel \parallel \parallel \\
G \quad \uparrow \parallel \parallel \parallel \\
F
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\parallel \parallel \parallel \\
\uparrow \equiv \\
T \quad \uparrow \\
\overline{Y} \quad \uparrow \\
U \quad \uparrow \\
\leftarrow H
\end{array}
\end{array}
\end{array}
\tag{A.3 .3.7),}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \parallel Q_1 \\
\uparrow \parallel M \\
\parallel^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots \parallel O \parallel \uparrow \parallel J \parallel \uparrow \parallel W \parallel \uparrow \parallel B \parallel
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
C \uparrow \overline{R} \uparrow \overline{P} \uparrow \overline{L} \uparrow \parallel / \text{FV}_{\text{prt}} \\
\vdots \parallel Z \parallel \uparrow \parallel K \parallel \uparrow \parallel G \parallel \uparrow \parallel F \parallel \setminus \parallel \uparrow \parallel T \parallel \uparrow \parallel Y \parallel \uparrow \parallel U \parallel \uparrow H \\
\parallel^{-1} \uparrow \parallel A \parallel \uparrow \parallel S \parallel \uparrow \parallel E \parallel
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \parallel Q_2 \\
\uparrow \parallel M \\
\parallel^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots \parallel O \parallel \uparrow \parallel J \parallel \uparrow \parallel W \parallel \uparrow \parallel B \parallel
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
C \uparrow \overline{R} \uparrow \overline{P} \uparrow \overline{L} \uparrow \parallel / \text{FV}_{\text{prt}} \\
\vdots \parallel Z \parallel \uparrow \parallel K \parallel \uparrow \parallel G \parallel \uparrow \parallel F \parallel \setminus \parallel \uparrow \parallel T \parallel \uparrow \parallel Y \parallel \uparrow \parallel U \parallel \uparrow H \\
\parallel^{-1} \uparrow \parallel A \parallel \uparrow \parallel S \parallel \uparrow \parallel E \parallel
\end{array}
=$$

(A.3 .3.8),

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D_1}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \parallel Q \\
\uparrow \parallel M \\
\uparrow^{-1} \parallel \backslash \\
\vdots \parallel O \parallel \uparrow \parallel J \parallel \uparrow \parallel W \parallel \uparrow \parallel B \parallel \\
\parallel E \parallel \uparrow \parallel S \parallel \uparrow \parallel A \parallel \uparrow^{-1} \parallel / \\
\parallel U \parallel \uparrow \parallel Y \parallel \uparrow \parallel T \parallel \parallel \backslash \\
\parallel F \parallel \uparrow \parallel G \parallel \uparrow \parallel K \parallel \uparrow \parallel Z \parallel \vdots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
C \uparrow \overline{R} \uparrow \overline{P} \uparrow \overline{L} \uparrow \parallel \\
/ \text{FVprt}
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D_2}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \parallel Q \\
\uparrow \parallel M \\
\uparrow^{-1} \parallel \backslash \\
\vdots \parallel O \parallel \uparrow \parallel J \parallel \uparrow \parallel W \parallel \uparrow \parallel B \parallel \\
\parallel E \parallel \uparrow \parallel S \parallel \uparrow \parallel A \parallel \uparrow^{-1} \parallel / \\
\parallel U \parallel \uparrow \parallel Y \parallel \uparrow \parallel T \parallel \parallel \backslash \\
\parallel F \parallel \uparrow \parallel G \parallel \uparrow \parallel K \parallel \uparrow \parallel Z \parallel \vdots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
C \uparrow \overline{R} \uparrow \overline{P} \uparrow \overline{L} \uparrow \parallel \\
/ \text{FVprt}
\end{array}
=$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D_1}{\quad} \cup \frac{D_2}{\quad} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \\
\frac{Q}{\quad} \\
\uparrow \\
\frac{M}{\quad} \\
\uparrow \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \backslash \\
\text{|||} \\
B \\
\uparrow \\
\text{|||} \\
W \\
\uparrow \\
\text{|||} \\
J \\
\uparrow \\
\text{|||} \\
O \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\quad
\begin{array}{c}
C \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{R} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{P} \\
\uparrow \\
\text{|||} \\
L \\
\uparrow \\
\text{|||} \\
/ \text{ FV}_{\text{prt}}
\end{array}
\quad
\begin{array}{c}
\text{|||} \\
Z \\
\uparrow \\
\text{|||} \\
K \\
\uparrow \\
\text{|||} \\
G \\
\uparrow \\
\text{|||} \\
F \\
\backslash \\
\text{|||} \\
\uparrow \\
\text{|||} \\
T \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Y} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{U} \\
\uparrow \\
\leftarrow H
\end{array}
\quad
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \\
\uparrow \\
\text{|||} \\
A \\
\uparrow \\
\text{|||} \\
S \\
\uparrow \\
\text{|||} \\
E
\end{array}
\quad
\text{(A.3 .3.9),}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \parallel Q \\
\uparrow \parallel M \\
\parallel^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots \parallel O \parallel \uparrow \parallel J \parallel \uparrow \parallel W \parallel \uparrow \parallel B \parallel \\
\parallel \uparrow \parallel L_1 \parallel \uparrow \parallel P \parallel \uparrow \parallel R \parallel \uparrow \parallel C \\
\parallel \uparrow \parallel F \parallel \uparrow \parallel G \parallel \uparrow \parallel K \parallel \uparrow \parallel Z \parallel \vdots \\
\parallel \uparrow \parallel H \parallel \uparrow \parallel U \parallel \uparrow \parallel Y \parallel \uparrow \parallel T \parallel \parallel \uparrow \parallel A \parallel \parallel \uparrow \parallel E \parallel \parallel \uparrow \parallel S \parallel \parallel \uparrow \parallel W \parallel \parallel \uparrow \parallel B \parallel \\
\parallel \uparrow \parallel F \parallel \uparrow \parallel G \parallel \uparrow \parallel K \parallel \uparrow \parallel Z \parallel \vdots \\
\parallel \uparrow \parallel H \parallel \uparrow \parallel U \parallel \uparrow \parallel Y \parallel \uparrow \parallel T \parallel \parallel \uparrow \parallel A \parallel \parallel \uparrow \parallel E \parallel \parallel \uparrow \parallel S \parallel \parallel \uparrow \parallel W \parallel \parallel \uparrow \parallel B \parallel
\end{array}
\quad + \quad
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \parallel Q \\
\uparrow \parallel M \\
\parallel^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots \parallel O \parallel \uparrow \parallel J \parallel \uparrow \parallel W \parallel \uparrow \parallel B \parallel \\
\parallel \uparrow \parallel L_2 \parallel \uparrow \parallel P \parallel \uparrow \parallel R \parallel \uparrow \parallel C \\
\parallel \uparrow \parallel F \parallel \uparrow \parallel G \parallel \uparrow \parallel K \parallel \uparrow \parallel Z \parallel \vdots \\
\parallel \uparrow \parallel H \parallel \uparrow \parallel U \parallel \uparrow \parallel Y \parallel \uparrow \parallel T \parallel \parallel \uparrow \parallel A \parallel \parallel \uparrow \parallel E \parallel \parallel \uparrow \parallel S \parallel \parallel \uparrow \parallel W \parallel \parallel \uparrow \parallel B \parallel
\end{array}
=$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \frac{Q}{=} \\
\uparrow \frac{M}{=} \\
\uparrow \frac{\parallel^{-1}}{\setminus} \\
\vdots \quad \frac{O}{=} \uparrow \frac{J}{=} \uparrow \frac{W}{=} \uparrow \frac{B}{=}
\end{array}
\quad
\begin{array}{c}
C \uparrow \frac{\overline{R}}{\uparrow} \frac{\overline{P}}{=} \uparrow \frac{\overline{L_1} \cup \overline{L_2}}{\parallel} \uparrow \frac{\parallel}{/} \\
\text{FV}_{\text{prt}}
\end{array}
\quad
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \frac{Z}{=} \uparrow \frac{K}{=} \uparrow \frac{G}{=} \uparrow \frac{F}{=} \setminus \\
\parallel^{-1} \uparrow \frac{A}{=} \uparrow \frac{S}{=} \uparrow \frac{E}{=} \quad \parallel \uparrow \frac{T}{=} \uparrow \frac{Y}{=} \uparrow \frac{U}{=} \leftarrow H
\end{array}
\quad (A.3 .3.10),$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \frac{Q}{=} \\
\uparrow \frac{M}{=} \\
\uparrow^{-1} \parallel \backslash \\
\vdots \parallel \frac{O}{=} \uparrow \parallel \frac{J}{=} \uparrow \parallel \frac{W}{=} \uparrow \parallel \frac{B}{=} \\
\vdots \parallel \frac{L}{=} \uparrow \parallel \frac{P_1}{=} \cup \frac{P_2}{=} \uparrow \parallel \frac{C}{=} \uparrow \parallel \frac{R}{=} \uparrow \parallel \frac{F}{=} \uparrow \parallel \frac{G}{=} \uparrow \parallel \frac{K}{=} \uparrow \parallel \frac{Z}{=} \uparrow \parallel \frac{\vdots}{=}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\text{FV}_{\text{prt}} \\
/ \\
\parallel^{-1} \uparrow \frac{A}{=} \uparrow \frac{S}{=} \uparrow \frac{E}{=} \\
\parallel \uparrow \frac{U}{=} \uparrow \frac{Y}{=} \uparrow \frac{T}{=} \uparrow \parallel \frac{H}{=} \uparrow \parallel \frac{\vdots}{=}
\end{array}
\quad (\text{A.3 .3.11}),$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \quad \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \quad \parallel Q \\
\uparrow \quad \parallel M \\
\parallel^{-1} \quad \searrow \\
\vdots \quad \parallel O \parallel \parallel J \parallel \parallel W \parallel \parallel B \parallel \parallel \\
\uparrow \quad \parallel L \parallel \parallel P \parallel \parallel R_1 \parallel \parallel C \\
\parallel \quad \parallel \quad \parallel \quad \parallel \quad \parallel \quad \parallel \quad \parallel
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\text{FV}_{\text{prt}} \\
/ \\
\parallel^{-1} \quad \uparrow A \parallel \parallel S \parallel \parallel E \\
\parallel \quad \parallel \quad \parallel \quad \parallel \quad \parallel \quad \parallel \quad \parallel
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \parallel Z \parallel \parallel \uparrow \parallel K \parallel \parallel \uparrow \parallel G \parallel \parallel \parallel F \parallel \parallel \searrow \parallel \uparrow \parallel T \parallel \parallel \uparrow \parallel Y \parallel \parallel \uparrow \parallel U \parallel \parallel \leftarrow H \\
\parallel \quad \parallel \quad \parallel \quad \parallel \quad \parallel \quad \parallel \quad \parallel
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \quad \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \quad \parallel Q \\
\uparrow \quad \parallel M \\
\parallel^{-1} \quad \searrow \\
\vdots \quad \parallel O \parallel \parallel \parallel J \parallel \parallel W \parallel \parallel B \parallel \parallel \parallel \uparrow \parallel T \parallel \parallel \uparrow \parallel Y \parallel \parallel \uparrow \parallel U \parallel \parallel \leftarrow H \\
\parallel \quad \parallel \quad \parallel \quad \parallel \quad \parallel \quad \parallel \quad \parallel
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\text{FV}_{\text{prt}} \\
/ \\
\parallel^{-1} \quad \uparrow A \parallel \parallel S \parallel \parallel E \\
\parallel \quad \parallel \quad \parallel \quad \parallel \quad \parallel \quad \parallel \quad \parallel
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \parallel Z \parallel \parallel \uparrow \parallel K \parallel \parallel \uparrow \parallel G \parallel \parallel \parallel F \parallel \parallel \searrow \parallel \uparrow \parallel T \parallel \parallel \uparrow \parallel Y \parallel \parallel \uparrow \parallel U \parallel \parallel \leftarrow H \\
\parallel \quad \parallel \quad \parallel \quad \parallel \quad \parallel \quad \parallel \quad \parallel
\end{array}
=$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow C_1 \cup C_2 \\
\uparrow \frac{Q}{=} \\
\uparrow \frac{M}{=} \\
\uparrow \frac{\parallel^{-1}}{\setminus} \\
\vdots \\
\frac{B}{\parallel} \uparrow \frac{W}{\{\}} \uparrow \frac{J}{\{\}} \uparrow \frac{O}{\{\}} \vdots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{C_1 \cup C_2}{\uparrow} \frac{R}{=} \uparrow \frac{P}{=} \uparrow \frac{L}{=} \uparrow \frac{\parallel}{/} \\
\text{FV}_{\text{prt}} \\
\frac{\parallel^{-1}}{\uparrow} \frac{A}{=} \uparrow \frac{S}{=} \uparrow \frac{E}{\underline{}} \\
\frac{\parallel}{\setminus} \frac{Z}{\{\}} \uparrow \frac{K}{\{\}} \uparrow \frac{G}{\{\}} \uparrow \frac{F}{\parallel} \vdots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{H}{\leftarrow} \uparrow \frac{U}{\overline{}} \uparrow \frac{Y}{\overline{}} \uparrow \frac{T}{\equiv} \uparrow \frac{\parallel}{\uparrow} \frac{\parallel}{\setminus} \\
\text{(A.3 .3.13),}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{Q}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{M}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}}^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots \quad \underline{\underline{O}} \underline{\underline{|||}} \uparrow \uparrow \underline{\underline{J}} \underline{\underline{|||}} \uparrow \uparrow \underline{\underline{W}} \underline{\underline{|||}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{B}} \underline{\underline{|||}}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
C \uparrow \overline{\underline{\underline{R}}} \uparrow \overline{\underline{\underline{P}}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{L}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} / \text{FVprt} \\
\vdots \quad \underline{\underline{Z}}_1 \underline{\underline{|||}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{K}} \underline{\underline{|||}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{G}} \underline{\underline{|||}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{F}} \underline{\underline{|||}} \setminus \underline{\underline{|||}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{T}} \underline{\underline{|||}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{Y}} \underline{\underline{|||}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{U}} \underline{\underline{|||}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{H}} \leftarrow
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{Q}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{M}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}}^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots \quad \underline{\underline{O}} \underline{\underline{|||}} \uparrow \uparrow \underline{\underline{J}} \underline{\underline{|||}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{W}} \underline{\underline{|||}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{B}} \underline{\underline{|||}}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
C \uparrow \overline{\underline{\underline{R}}} \uparrow \overline{\underline{\underline{P}}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{L}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} / \text{FVprt} \\
\vdots \quad \underline{\underline{Z}}_2 \underline{\underline{|||}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{K}} \underline{\underline{|||}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{G}} \underline{\underline{|||}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{F}} \underline{\underline{|||}} \setminus \underline{\underline{|||}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{T}} \underline{\underline{|||}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{Y}} \underline{\underline{|||}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{U}} \underline{\underline{|||}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{H}} \leftarrow
\end{array}
=$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \quad \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \quad \frac{Q}{=} \\
\uparrow \quad \frac{M}{=} \\
\uparrow \quad \frac{|||^{-1}}{\setminus} \\
\frac{|||}{B} \uparrow \frac{|||}{W} \uparrow \frac{|||}{J} \uparrow \frac{|||}{O} \quad \vdots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
C \uparrow \frac{C}{R} \uparrow \frac{P}{=} \uparrow \frac{L}{=} \uparrow \frac{|||}{FV_{\text{prt}}} \\
/
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{|||}{Z} \uparrow \frac{|||}{K_1 \cup K_2} \uparrow \frac{|||}{G} \uparrow \frac{|||}{F} \setminus \\
\frac{|||^{-1}}{\uparrow} \frac{|||}{A} \uparrow \frac{|||}{S} \uparrow \frac{|||}{E} \quad \frac{|||}{T} \uparrow \frac{|||}{Y} \uparrow \frac{|||}{U} \uparrow H
\end{array}
\quad (A.3 .3.15),$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{Q}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{M}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{L}}^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots \quad \underline{\underline{O}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{J}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{W}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{B}}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
C \uparrow \overline{R} \uparrow \overline{P} \uparrow \underline{\underline{L}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{F}} / \text{FVprt} \\
\vdots \quad \underline{\underline{O}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{J}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{W}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{B}}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \quad \underline{\underline{Z}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{K}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{G}}_1 \uparrow \underline{\underline{F}} \setminus \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{A}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{S}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{E}} \\
\vdots \quad \underline{\underline{O}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{J}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{W}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{B}}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{Q}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{M}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{L}}^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots \quad \underline{\underline{O}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{J}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{W}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{B}}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
C \uparrow \overline{R} \uparrow \overline{P} \uparrow \underline{\underline{L}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{F}} / \text{FVprt} \\
\vdots \quad \underline{\underline{O}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{J}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{W}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{B}}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \quad \underline{\underline{Z}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{K}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{G}}_2 \uparrow \underline{\underline{F}} \setminus \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{A}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{S}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{E}} \\
\vdots \quad \underline{\underline{O}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{J}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{W}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{B}}
\end{array}
=$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{Q}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{M}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}}^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots \quad \underline{\underline{|||}} \quad \underline{\underline{B}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} \quad \underline{\underline{W}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} \quad \underline{\underline{J}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} \quad \underline{\underline{O}}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
C \uparrow \underline{\underline{R}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{P}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{L}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} / \text{FVprt} \\
\vdots \quad \underline{\underline{|||}} \quad \underline{\underline{Z}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} \quad \underline{\underline{K}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} \quad \underline{\underline{G}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} \quad \underline{\underline{F_1}} \setminus \underline{\underline{|||}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{T}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{Y}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{U}} \uparrow H \\
\underline{\underline{|||}}^{-1} \uparrow \underline{\underline{A}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{S}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{E}}
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{Q}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{M}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}}^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots \quad \underline{\underline{|||}} \quad \underline{\underline{B}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} \quad \underline{\underline{W}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} \quad \underline{\underline{J}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} \quad \underline{\underline{O}}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
C \uparrow \underline{\underline{R}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{P}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{L}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} / \text{FVprt} \\
\vdots \quad \underline{\underline{|||}} \quad \underline{\underline{Z}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} \quad \underline{\underline{K}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} \quad \underline{\underline{G}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} \quad \underline{\underline{F_2}} \setminus \underline{\underline{|||}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{T}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{Y}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{U}} \uparrow H \\
\underline{\underline{|||}}^{-1} \uparrow \underline{\underline{A}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{S}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{E}}
\end{array}
=$$

(A.3 .3.17),

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$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{Q}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{M}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}}^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots \quad \underline{\underline{|||}} \underline{\underline{B}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} \underline{\underline{W}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} \underline{\underline{J}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} \underline{\underline{O}}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
C \uparrow \underline{\underline{R}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{P}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{L}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} / \text{FVprt} \\
\vdots \quad \underline{\underline{|||}} \underline{\underline{Z}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} \underline{\underline{K}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} \underline{\underline{G}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} \underline{\underline{F}} \\
/ \underline{\underline{|||}}^{-1} \uparrow \underline{\underline{A}} \underline{\underline{|||}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{S}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{E}} \\
\setminus \underline{\underline{|||}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{T}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{Y}}_1 \uparrow \underline{\underline{U}} \uparrow H
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{Q}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{M}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}}^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots \quad \underline{\underline{|||}} \underline{\underline{B}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} \underline{\underline{W}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} \underline{\underline{J}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} \underline{\underline{O}}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
C \uparrow \underline{\underline{R}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{P}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{L}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} / \text{FVprt} \\
\vdots \quad \underline{\underline{|||}} \underline{\underline{Z}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} \underline{\underline{K}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} \underline{\underline{G}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} \underline{\underline{F}} \\
/ \underline{\underline{|||}}^{-1} \uparrow \underline{\underline{A}} \underline{\underline{|||}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{S}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{E}} \\
\setminus \underline{\underline{|||}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{T}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{Y}}_2 \uparrow \underline{\underline{U}} \uparrow H
\end{array}
=$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \frac{Q}{=} \\
\uparrow \frac{M}{=} \\
\uparrow \frac{|||^{-1}}{\backslash} \\
\frac{|||}{B} \uparrow \frac{|||}{W} \uparrow \frac{|||}{J} \uparrow \frac{|||}{O} \uparrow \frac{|||}{\vdots}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
C \uparrow \frac{C}{R} \uparrow \frac{C}{P} \uparrow \frac{C}{L} \uparrow \frac{C}{|||} / \text{FV}_{\text{prt}} \\
/ \frac{|||^{-1}}{\uparrow} \frac{|||}{A} \uparrow \frac{|||}{S} \uparrow \frac{|||}{E}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{|||}{Z} \uparrow \frac{|||}{K} \uparrow \frac{|||}{G} \uparrow \frac{|||}{F} \backslash \frac{|||}{T} \uparrow \frac{|||}{Y_1 \cup Y_2} \uparrow \frac{|||}{U} \uparrow \frac{|||}{H}
\end{array}
\quad (\text{A.3 .3.19}),$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{Q}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{M}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}}^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots \quad \underline{\underline{|||}} \underline{\underline{B}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} \underline{\underline{W}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} \underline{\underline{J}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} \underline{\underline{O}}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
C \uparrow \overline{\underline{\underline{R}}} \uparrow \overline{\underline{\underline{P}}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{L}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} / \text{FVprt} \\
\vdots \quad \underline{\underline{|||}} \underline{\underline{Z}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} \underline{\underline{K}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} \underline{\underline{G}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} \underline{\underline{F}}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \underline{\underline{|||}}^{-1} \uparrow \underline{\underline{A}} \underline{\underline{|||}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{S}} \underline{\underline{|||}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{E}} \\
\setminus \underline{\underline{|||}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{T}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{Y}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{U}}_1 \uparrow \underline{\underline{H}}
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{Q}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{M}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}}^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots \quad \underline{\underline{|||}} \underline{\underline{B}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} \underline{\underline{W}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} \underline{\underline{J}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} \underline{\underline{O}}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
C \uparrow \overline{\underline{\underline{R}}} \uparrow \overline{\underline{\underline{P}}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{L}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} / \text{FVprt} \\
\vdots \quad \underline{\underline{|||}} \underline{\underline{Z}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} \underline{\underline{K}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} \underline{\underline{G}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} \underline{\underline{F}}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \underline{\underline{|||}}^{-1} \uparrow \underline{\underline{A}} \underline{\underline{|||}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{S}} \underline{\underline{|||}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{E}} \\
\setminus \underline{\underline{|||}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{T}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{Y}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{U}}_2 \uparrow \underline{\underline{H}}
\end{array}
=$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{Q}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{M}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}}^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots \quad \underline{\underline{O}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{J}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{W}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{B}}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
C \uparrow \overline{R} \uparrow \overline{P} \uparrow \underline{\underline{L}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} / \text{FV}_{\text{prt}} \\
\vdots \quad \underline{\underline{F}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{G}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{K}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{Z}}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \quad \underline{\underline{|||}}^{-1} \uparrow \underline{\underline{A}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{S}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{E}} \\
\vdots \quad \underline{\underline{|||}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{T}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{Y}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{U}} \uparrow \leftarrow H_1
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{Q}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{M}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}}^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots \quad \underline{\underline{O}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{J}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{W}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{B}}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
C \uparrow \overline{R} \uparrow \overline{P} \uparrow \underline{\underline{L}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} / \text{FV}_{\text{prt}} \\
\vdots \quad \underline{\underline{F}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{G}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{K}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{Z}}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \quad \underline{\underline{|||}}^{-1} \uparrow \underline{\underline{A}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{S}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{E}} \\
\vdots \quad \underline{\underline{|||}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{T}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{Y}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{U}} \uparrow \leftarrow H_2
\end{array}
=$$

denote $FV_1 fQ$,

[illegible]

denote $FV_2 f$,

denote $FV_3 f$,

[illegible]

denote $FV_4 f$,

[illegible]

denote $FV_5 f$,

[illegible]

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \text{FVprt} \\
 \begin{array}{c}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \vdots \\
 \equiv \\
 \equiv \\
 Z \\
 \uparrow \\
 \equiv \\
 K \\
 \uparrow \\
 \equiv \\
 G \\
 \uparrow \\
 \equiv \\
 F
 \end{array} \\
 \begin{array}{c}
 / \\
 \equiv^{-1} \\
 \uparrow \\
 A \\
 \equiv \\
 \uparrow \\
 S \\
 \equiv \\
 \uparrow \\
 E
 \end{array} \\
 \begin{array}{c}
 \backslash \\
 \equiv \\
 \uparrow \\
 \equiv \\
 T \\
 \uparrow \\
 \equiv \\
 Y \\
 \uparrow \\
 \equiv \\
 U \\
 \uparrow \\
 \leftarrow H
 \end{array}
 \end{array}
 \end{array}
 \quad (\text{A.3 .8}),$$

the result of this process will be described by the expression

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \text{FVrt} \\
 \begin{array}{c}
 / \\
 |||^{-1} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{A}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{S}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{E}}
 \end{array}
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \vdots \\
 ||| \\
 \underline{\underline{Z}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{K}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{G}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 ||| \\
 \underline{\underline{F}}
 \end{array} \\
 \backslash \\
 ||| \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{T}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{Y}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{U}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \leftarrow H
 \end{array}
 \end{array}
 \quad (\text{A.3 .9})$$

or

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow C \\
 \frac{Q}{\uparrow} \quad \frac{\overline{R}}{\uparrow} \\
 \frac{M}{\uparrow} \quad \frac{\overline{P}}{\uparrow} \\
 \frac{\parallel^{-1}}{\backslash} \quad \frac{\parallel}{/} \\
 \frac{\parallel}{B} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \frac{\}}{W} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \frac{\}}{J} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \frac{\}}{O} \\
 \dots
 \end{array}
 \text{FVprt (A.3 .10),}$$

the result of this process will be described by the expression

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow C \\
 \frac{Q}{\uparrow} \quad \frac{\overline{R}}{\uparrow} \\
 \frac{M}{\uparrow} \quad \frac{\overline{P}}{\uparrow} \\
 \frac{\parallel^{-1}}{\backslash} \quad \frac{\parallel}{/} \\
 \frac{\parallel}{B} \\
 \frac{\}}{W} \\
 \frac{\}}{J} \\
 \frac{\}}{O} \\
 \dots
 \end{array}
 \text{FVprt (A.3 .11).}$$

Definition 1,2. The dynamic operator (A.3 .8) we shall call FVprt – element of the second type, (A.3 .9) we shall call FVrt – element of the second type.

It's allowed to add FVprt – elements of the second type:

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{FVprt} \\
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
Z_1 \\
\uparrow \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
K \\
\uparrow \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
G \\
\uparrow \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
F
\end{array} \\
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\equiv^{-1} \\
\uparrow \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
A \\
\uparrow \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
S \\
\uparrow \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
E
\end{array} \\
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
T \\
\uparrow \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
Y \\
\uparrow \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
U \\
\uparrow \\
\leftarrow H
\end{array}
\end{array}
\end{array}
+ \text{FVprt}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
Z_2 \\
\uparrow \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
K \\
\uparrow \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
G \\
\uparrow \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
F
\end{array} \\
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\equiv^{-1} \\
\uparrow \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
A \\
\uparrow \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
S \\
\uparrow \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
E
\end{array} \\
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
T \\
\uparrow \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
Y \\
\uparrow \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
U \\
\uparrow \\
\leftarrow H
\end{array}
\end{array}
= \text{FVprt}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
Z_1 \cup Z_2 \\
\uparrow \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
K \\
\uparrow \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
G \\
\uparrow \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
F
\end{array} \\
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\equiv^{-1} \\
\uparrow \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
A \\
\uparrow \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
S \\
\uparrow \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
E
\end{array} \\
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
T \\
\uparrow \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
Y \\
\uparrow \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
\equiv \\
U \\
\uparrow \\
\leftarrow H
\end{array}
\end{array}
\quad (\text{A.3 .12}),
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{FVprt} \\
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Z}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{K_1}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{G}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{F}}}
\end{array} \\
\begin{array}{c}
- \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{S}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{E}}}
\end{array} \\
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{T}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Y}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{U}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\leftarrow H
\end{array}
\end{array}
\end{array}
+ \text{FVprt}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Z}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{K_2}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{G}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{F}}}
\end{array} \\
\begin{array}{c}
- \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{S}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{E}}}
\end{array} \\
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{T}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Y}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{U}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\leftarrow H
\end{array}
\end{array}
= \text{FVprt}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Z}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{K_1 \cup K_2}}} \\
\uparrow \quad \cup \quad \uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{G}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{F}}}
\end{array} \\
\begin{array}{c}
- \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{A}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{S}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{E}}}
\end{array} \\
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{T}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Y}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{U}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\leftarrow H
\end{array}
\end{array}
\quad (\text{A.3 .13}),
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{FVprt} \\
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\| \\
\| \\
Z \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
\| \\
K \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
\| \\
G_1 \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
\| \\
\| \\
F
\end{array} \\
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\| \\
\| \\
\|^{-1} \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
\| \\
\| \\
A \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
\| \\
\| \\
S \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
\| \\
\| \\
E
\end{array} \\
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\| \\
\| \\
\| \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
\| \\
\| \\
T \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
\| \\
\| \\
Y \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
\| \\
\| \\
U \\
\uparrow \\
\leftarrow H
\end{array}
\end{array}
\end{array}
+ \text{FVprt}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\| \\
\| \\
Z \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
\| \\
K \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
\| \\
G_2 \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
\| \\
\| \\
F
\end{array} \\
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\| \\
\| \\
\|^{-1} \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
\| \\
\| \\
A \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
\| \\
\| \\
S \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
\| \\
\| \\
E
\end{array} \\
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\| \\
\| \\
\| \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
\| \\
\| \\
T \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
\| \\
\| \\
Y \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
\| \\
\| \\
U \\
\uparrow \\
\leftarrow H
\end{array}
\end{array}
= \text{FVprt}
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\| \\
\| \\
Z \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
\| \\
K \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
\| \\
\| \\
G_1 \cup G_2 \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
\| \\
\| \\
F
\end{array} \\
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\| \\
\| \\
\|^{-1} \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
\| \\
\| \\
A \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
\| \\
\| \\
S \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
\| \\
\| \\
E
\end{array} \\
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\| \\
\| \\
\| \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
\| \\
\| \\
T \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
\| \\
\| \\
Y \\
\uparrow \\
\| \\
\| \\
\| \\
U \\
\uparrow \\
\leftarrow H
\end{array}
\end{array}
\quad (\text{A.3 .13.1}),
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{FVprt} \\
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\equiv^{-1} \uparrow \\
A_1 \\
\equiv \uparrow \\
\underline{S} \uparrow \\
\underline{E}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\equiv \uparrow \\
T \uparrow \\
\underline{Y} \uparrow \\
\overline{U} \uparrow \\
\leftarrow H
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
F
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
G \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
K \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
Z \\
\equiv
\end{array}
\end{array}
+ \text{FVprt}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\equiv^{-1} \uparrow \\
A_2 \\
\equiv \uparrow \\
\underline{S} \uparrow \\
\underline{E}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\equiv \uparrow \\
T \uparrow \\
\underline{Y} \uparrow \\
\overline{U} \uparrow \\
\leftarrow H
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
F
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
G \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
K \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
Z \\
\equiv
\end{array}
= \text{FVprt}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\equiv^{-1} \uparrow \\
A_1 \cup A_2 \\
\equiv \uparrow \\
\underline{S} \uparrow \\
\underline{E}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\equiv \uparrow \\
T \uparrow \\
\underline{Y} \uparrow \\
\overline{U} \uparrow \\
\leftarrow H
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
F
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
G \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
K \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
Z \\
\equiv
\end{array}
\quad (\text{A.3 .13.3}),$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{FVprt} \\
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\equiv^{-1} \\
\uparrow \\
A \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
s_1 \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
E
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
T \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
Y \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
U \\
\leftarrow H
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
F
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
G \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
K \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
Z \\
\equiv
\end{array}
+ \text{FVprt}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\equiv^{-1} \\
\uparrow \\
A \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
s_2 \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
E
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
T \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
Y \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
U \\
\leftarrow H
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
F
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
G \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
K \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
Z \\
\equiv
\end{array}
= \text{FVprt}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\equiv^{-1} \\
\uparrow \\
A \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
s_1 \cup s_2 \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
E
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
T \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
Y \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
U \\
\leftarrow H
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
F
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
G \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
K \\
\equiv \\
\uparrow \\
Z \\
\equiv
\end{array}
\quad (\text{A.3 .13.4}),$$

(A.3 .13.6),

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{FVprt} \\
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \uparrow \underline{\underline{A}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{S}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{E}} \\
\leftarrow H
\end{array}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\text{|||} \uparrow \underline{\underline{T}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{Y}}_1 \uparrow \underline{\underline{U}} \\
\leftarrow H
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\text{F} \\
\text{|||} \uparrow \underline{\underline{G}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{K}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{Z}} \\
\vdots
\end{array}
+ \text{FVprt}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \uparrow \underline{\underline{A}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{S}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{E}} \\
\leftarrow H
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\text{|||} \uparrow \underline{\underline{T}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{Y}}_2 \uparrow \underline{\underline{U}} \\
\leftarrow H
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\text{F} \\
\text{|||} \uparrow \underline{\underline{G}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{K}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{Z}} \\
\vdots
\end{array}
= \text{FVprt}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \uparrow \underline{\underline{A}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{S}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{E}} \\
\leftarrow H
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
\text{|||} \uparrow \underline{\underline{T}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{Y}}_1 \cup \underline{\underline{Y}}_2 \uparrow \underline{\underline{U}} \\
\leftarrow H
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\text{F} \\
\text{|||} \uparrow \underline{\underline{G}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{K}} \uparrow \underline{\underline{Z}} \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\quad (\text{A.3 .13.7}),$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{FVprt} \quad \begin{array}{c} \vdots \\ \parallel \\ Z \\ \uparrow \\ \parallel \\ K \\ \uparrow \\ \parallel \\ G \\ \uparrow \\ \parallel \\ F \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \backslash \\ \parallel \\ \uparrow \\ \parallel \\ T \\ \uparrow \\ \parallel \\ Y \\ \uparrow \\ \parallel \\ U \\ \uparrow \\ \parallel \\ E \end{array} \quad \leftarrow H_1
\end{array}
+ \text{FVprt} \quad \begin{array}{c} \vdots \\ \parallel \\ Z \\ \uparrow \\ \parallel \\ K \\ \uparrow \\ \parallel \\ G \\ \uparrow \\ \parallel \\ F \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \backslash \\ \parallel \\ \uparrow \\ \parallel \\ T \\ \uparrow \\ \parallel \\ Y \\ \uparrow \\ \parallel \\ U \\ \uparrow \\ \parallel \\ E \end{array} \quad \leftarrow H_2
= \text{FVprt} \quad \begin{array}{c} \vdots \\ \parallel \\ Z \\ \uparrow \\ \parallel \\ K \\ \uparrow \\ \parallel \\ G \\ \uparrow \\ \parallel \\ F \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \backslash \\ \parallel \\ \uparrow \\ \parallel \\ T \\ \uparrow \\ \parallel \\ Y \\ \uparrow \\ \parallel \\ U \\ \uparrow \\ \parallel \\ E \end{array} \quad \leftarrow H_1 \cup H_2$$

(A.3 .13.9).

We consider the following self-type FVprt-structures of the second type:

FVprt

denote $FV_7 f A; Q; a$, $a \subset A$,

denote $FV_8 fa; Q; A, a \in A$,

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\frac{Q}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{M_1}{\equiv} \\
\uparrow \\
\equiv^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots
\end{array}
&
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{C}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{\overline{R}}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{\overline{P}}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{\overline{L}}{\uparrow} \\
\equiv / \text{FVprt} +
\end{array}
&
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\frac{Q}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{M_2}{\equiv} \\
\uparrow \\
\equiv^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots
\end{array}
&
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{C}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{\overline{R}}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{\overline{P}}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{\overline{L}}{\uparrow} \\
\equiv / \text{FVprt} =
\end{array}
&
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\frac{Q}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{M_1 \cup M_2}{\equiv} \\
\uparrow \\
\equiv^{-1} \setminus \\
\vdots
\end{array}
&
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{C}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{\overline{R}}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{\overline{P}}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{\overline{L}}{\uparrow} \\
\equiv / \text{FVprt} \text{ (A.3 .17),}
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D_1}{\uparrow} \leftarrow C \uparrow \\
\frac{Q}{\uparrow} \overline{R} \uparrow \\
\frac{M}{\uparrow} \overline{P} \uparrow \\
\text{III}^{-1} \uparrow \overline{L} \uparrow \\
\backslash \text{III} \\
/ \text{FVprt} +
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D_2}{\uparrow} \leftarrow C \uparrow \\
\frac{Q}{\uparrow} \overline{R} \uparrow \\
\frac{M}{\uparrow} \overline{P} \uparrow \\
\text{III}^{-1} \uparrow \overline{L} \uparrow \\
\backslash \text{III} \\
/ \text{FVprt} =
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D_1 \cup D_2}{\uparrow} \leftarrow C \uparrow \\
\frac{Q}{\uparrow} \overline{R} \uparrow \\
\frac{M}{\uparrow} \overline{P} \uparrow \\
\text{III}^{-1} \uparrow \overline{L} \uparrow \\
\backslash \text{III} \\
/ \text{FVprt}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{B}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{W}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{J}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{O}{\uparrow} \\
\vdots
\end{array}$$

(A.3 .18.1),

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\frac{Q}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{M}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{\parallel^{-1}}{\setminus}
\end{array}
&
\begin{array}{c}
C_1 \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{R} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{P} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{L} \\
\uparrow \\
\parallel \\
/
\end{array}
&
\text{FVprt} +
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{\parallel}{B} \\
\uparrow \\
\{\!\!\}\overline{W} \\
\uparrow \\
\{\!\!\}J \\
\uparrow \\
\{\!\!\}O \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\quad
\begin{array}{ccc}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\frac{Q}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{M}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{\parallel^{-1}}{\setminus}
\end{array}
&
\begin{array}{c}
C_2 \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{R} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{P} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{L} \\
\uparrow \\
\parallel \\
/
\end{array}
&
\text{FVprt} =
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{\parallel}{B} \\
\uparrow \\
\{\!\!\}\overline{W} \\
\uparrow \\
\{\!\!\}J \\
\uparrow \\
\{\!\!\}O \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\quad
\begin{array}{ccc}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\frac{Q}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{M}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{\parallel^{-1}}{\setminus}
\end{array}
&
\begin{array}{c}
C_1 \cup C_2 \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{R} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{P} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{L} \\
\uparrow \\
\parallel \\
/
\end{array}
&
\text{FVprt (A.3 .18.2),}
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{Q}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{M}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}}^{-1} \backslash \\
\vdots
\end{array}
&
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{C}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \overline{R_1} \\
\uparrow \overline{\underline{\underline{P}}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{L}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} / \\
\text{FVprt} +
\end{array}
&
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{Q}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{M}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}}^{-1} \backslash \\
\vdots
\end{array}
&
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{C}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \overline{R_2} \\
\uparrow \overline{\underline{\underline{P}}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{L}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} / \\
\text{FVprt} =
\end{array}
&
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{Q}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{M}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}}^{-1} \backslash \\
\vdots
\end{array}
&
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{C}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \overline{R_1} \cup \overline{R_2} \\
\uparrow \overline{\underline{\underline{P}}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{L}} \\
\uparrow \underline{\underline{|||}} / \\
\text{FVprt (A.3 .18.3),}
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

[illegible]

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\frac{Q}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{M}{\uparrow} \\
\uparrow^{-1} \\
\backslash \\
\vdots
\end{array}
&
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{C}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{\overline{R}}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{\overline{P}}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{\overline{L_1}}{\uparrow} \\
\uparrow \\
\text{FVprt} +
\end{array}
&
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\frac{Q}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{M}{\uparrow} \\
\uparrow^{-1} \\
\backslash \\
\vdots
\end{array}
&
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{C}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{\overline{R}}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{\overline{P}}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{\overline{L_2}}{\uparrow} \\
\uparrow \\
\text{FVprt} =
\end{array}
&
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\
\frac{Q}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{M}{\uparrow} \\
\uparrow^{-1} \\
\backslash \\
\vdots
\end{array}
&
\begin{array}{c}
\frac{C}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{\overline{R}}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{\overline{P}}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{\overline{L_1} \cup \overline{L_2}}{\uparrow} \\
\uparrow \\
\text{FVprt (A.3 .18.5),}
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
\begin{array}{c} \frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\ \frac{Q}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{M}{\uparrow} \\ \text{|||}^{-1} \backslash \\ \text{|||} \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} \frac{C}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{\overline{R}}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{\overline{P}}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{\overline{L}}{\uparrow} \\ \text{|||} / \end{array} & \text{FVprt} + \\
\begin{array}{c} \text{|||} \\ B_1 \\ \uparrow \\ \text{|||} \\ W \\ \uparrow \\ \text{|||} \\ J \\ \uparrow \\ \text{|||} \\ O \\ \vdots \end{array} & & \\
\begin{array}{c} \frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\ \frac{Q}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{M}{\uparrow} \\ \text{|||}^{-1} \backslash \\ \text{|||} \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} \frac{C}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{\overline{R}}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{\overline{P}}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{\overline{L}}{\uparrow} \\ \text{|||} / \end{array} & \text{FVprt} = \\
\begin{array}{c} \text{|||} \\ B_2 \\ \uparrow \\ \text{|||} \\ W \\ \uparrow \\ \text{|||} \\ J \\ \uparrow \\ \text{|||} \\ O \\ \vdots \end{array} & & \\
\begin{array}{c} \frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\ \frac{Q}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{M}{\uparrow} \\ \text{|||}^{-1} \backslash \\ \text{|||} \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} \frac{C}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{\overline{R}}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{\overline{P}}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{\overline{L}}{\uparrow} \\ \text{|||} / \end{array} & \text{FVprt (A.3 .18.6),} \\
\begin{array}{c} \text{|||} \\ B_1 \cup B_2 \\ \uparrow \\ \text{|||} \\ W \\ \uparrow \\ \text{|||} \\ J \\ \uparrow \\ \text{|||} \\ O \\ \vdots \end{array} & &
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
\begin{array}{c} \frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\ \frac{Q}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{M}{\uparrow} \\ \text{|||}^{-1} \backslash \\ \text{|||} \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} \frac{C}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{\overline{R}}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{\overline{P}}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{\overline{L}}{\uparrow} \\ \text{|||} / \end{array} & \text{FVprt} + \\
\begin{array}{c} \text{|||} \\ \overline{B} \\ \uparrow \\ \{\overline{W}_1\} \\ \uparrow \\ \{\overline{J}\} \\ \uparrow \\ \{\overline{O}\} \\ \vdots \end{array} & & \\
\begin{array}{c} \frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\ \frac{Q}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{M}{\uparrow} \\ \text{|||}^{-1} \backslash \\ \text{|||} \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} \frac{C}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{\overline{R}}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{\overline{P}}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{\overline{L}}{\uparrow} \\ \text{|||} / \end{array} & \text{FVprt} = \\
\begin{array}{c} \text{|||} \\ \overline{B} \\ \uparrow \\ \{\overline{W}_2\} \\ \uparrow \\ \{\overline{J}\} \\ \uparrow \\ \{\overline{O}\} \\ \vdots \end{array} & & \\
\begin{array}{c} \frac{D}{\uparrow} \leftarrow \\ \frac{Q}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{M}{\uparrow} \\ \text{|||}^{-1} \backslash \\ \text{|||} \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} \frac{C}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{\overline{R}}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{\overline{P}}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{\overline{L}}{\uparrow} \\ \text{|||} / \end{array} & \text{FVprt (A.3 .18.7),} \\
\begin{array}{c} \text{|||} \\ \overline{B} \\ \uparrow \\ \{\overline{W}_1 \cup \overline{W}_2\} \\ \uparrow \\ \{\overline{J}\} \\ \uparrow \\ \{\overline{O}\} \\ \vdots \end{array} & &
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
\begin{array}{c} \overline{D} \\ \uparrow \\ \overline{Q} \\ \uparrow \\ \overline{M} \\ \uparrow \\ \text{|||}^{-1} \backslash \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} \overline{C} \\ \uparrow \\ \overline{R} \\ \uparrow \\ \overline{P} \\ \uparrow \\ \overline{L} \\ \uparrow \\ \text{|||} / \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} \overline{D} \\ \uparrow \\ \overline{Q} \\ \uparrow \\ \overline{M} \\ \uparrow \\ \text{|||}^{-1} \backslash \end{array} \\
\leftarrow & & \leftarrow \\
& \text{FVprt} & + \\
& \begin{array}{c} \overline{B} \\ \uparrow \\ \overline{W} \\ \uparrow \\ \overline{J_1} \\ \uparrow \\ \overline{O} \\ \vdots \end{array} & & \begin{array}{c} \overline{D} \\ \uparrow \\ \overline{Q} \\ \uparrow \\ \overline{M} \\ \uparrow \\ \text{|||}^{-1} \backslash \end{array} \\
& & \text{FVprt} = & \begin{array}{c} \overline{C} \\ \uparrow \\ \overline{R} \\ \uparrow \\ \overline{P} \\ \uparrow \\ \overline{L} \\ \uparrow \\ \text{|||} / \end{array} \\
& & & \begin{array}{c} \overline{B} \\ \uparrow \\ \overline{W} \\ \uparrow \\ \overline{J_1} \cup \overline{J_2} \\ \uparrow \\ \overline{O} \\ \vdots \end{array} \\
& & & \text{FVprt (A.3 .18.8),}
\end{array}$$

We consider the following self-type tprFV-structures:

$$\begin{array}{c} \vdots \\ \mathcal{Q}\{\!\!\{\!\!\mathcal{Q}\|\!\!\}\!\!\} \rightarrow \mathcal{Q}\{\!\!\{\!\!\mathcal{Q}\}\!\!\} \rightarrow \mathcal{Q}\{\!\!\{\!\!\mathcal{Q}\|\!\!\}\!\!\} \rightarrow \mathcal{Q}\{\!\!\{\!\!\mathcal{Q}\|\!\!\}\!\!\} \end{array}$$

denote $FV_9fd;Q;D, d \subset D$,

and any other possible options of self for (A.3 .10) etc.

A.4 Dynamic FVprt – elements, self-type dynamic FVprt-structures

We considered FVprt – elements earlier. Here we consider dynamic FVprt – elements. We consider dynamic operators, whose elements change over time

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \overline{D(t)} \leftarrow C(t) \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{Q(t)} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{M(t)} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{M(t)}}}^{-1} \setminus
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \overline{C(t)} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{R(t)} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{P(t)} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{L(t)} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{L(t)}}} / \text{FVprt}(t)
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \setminus
 \end{array}
 \end{array}
 \quad (A.4 .1),$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \overline{B(t)} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{W(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{J(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{O(t)}}} \\
 \dots
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
 \leftarrow H(t)
 \end{array}$$

where $\overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}}$, $\overline{\overline{\overline{O(t)}}}$ - *parelf* levels of fuzzy $Z(t)$ and fuzzy $O(t)$ respectively, $\overline{\overline{\overline{J(t)}}}$,

$\overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}}$ – singelf levels of fuzzy $J(t)$ and fuzzy $K(t)$ respectively, $\overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}}$, $\overline{\overline{\overline{W(t)}}}$ -

paradoxical upper levels of fuzzy $G(t)$ and fuzzy $W(t)$ respectively, $\overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}}$, $\overline{\overline{\overline{B(t)}}}$ - paradoxical average levels of fuzzy $F(t)$ and fuzzy $B(t)$ respectively, $\overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}}$, $\overline{\overline{\overline{R(t)}}}$ - middle₁ levels of fuzzy $U(t)$ and fuzzy $R(t)$ respectively, $\overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}}$, $\overline{\overline{\overline{D(t)}}}$ -

ordinary energies exhibited by fuzzy $E(t)$, fuzzy $D(t)$ respectively, $\overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}}$, $\overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}}$ - first

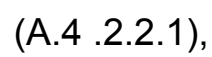
sublevel of fuzzy $Q(t)$ and fuzzy $S(t)$ respectively, $\overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}}$, $\overline{\overline{\overline{M(t)}}}$ - second sublevel of

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
\overline{\overline{D(t)}} & \leftarrow & \overline{C(t)} & & \dots \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
\overline{\overline{Q(t)}} & & \overline{R(t)} & & \uparrow \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{K(t)}} \\
\overline{\overline{M(t)}} & & \overline{\overline{P(t)}} & & \uparrow \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{G(t)}} \\
\text{|||}^{-1} & & \overline{\overline{L(t)}} & & \uparrow \\
\backslash & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{F(t)}} \\
& & \text{|||} & & \backslash \\
& & / \text{FVrt}(t) & & \text{(A.4 .2).} \\
& & & & \\
\overline{\overline{B(t)}} & & & & / \\
\uparrow & & \text{|||}^{-1} & & \uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{W(t)}} & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{T(t)}} \\
\uparrow & & \overline{\overline{A(t)}} & & \uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{J(t)}} & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{Y(t)}} \\
\uparrow & & \overline{\overline{S(t)}} & & \uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{O(t)}} & & \uparrow & & \overline{U(t)} \\
& & \overline{E(t)} & & \uparrow \\
& & & & \leftarrow H(t)
\end{array}$$

It's allowed to add dynamic FVprt – elements:



$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
D(t) & \leftarrow & C(t) & & \dots \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \underbrace{\underbrace{\underbrace{\quad}}_{Z(t)}} \\
\underline{\underline{Q(t)}} & & \overline{R(t)} & & \uparrow \underbrace{\underbrace{\underbrace{\quad}}_{K(t)}} \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \underbrace{\underbrace{\underbrace{\quad}}_{G(t)}} \\
\underline{\underline{M(t)}} & & \overline{\underline{\underline{P(t)}}} & & \uparrow \underbrace{\underbrace{\underbrace{\quad}}_{F(t)}} \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \downarrow \\
|||^{-1} \setminus & & ||| / \text{FVprt}(t) & & = \\
\underline{\underline{B(t)}} & & / & & \downarrow \setminus \\
\uparrow & & |||^{-1} & & \uparrow \underbrace{\underbrace{\underbrace{\quad}}_{T(t)}} \\
\underbrace{\underbrace{\underbrace{\quad}}_{W(t)}} & & \uparrow \underbrace{\underbrace{\underbrace{\quad}}_{A(t)}} & & \underbrace{\underbrace{\underbrace{\quad}}_{Y(t)}} \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \uparrow \\
\underbrace{\underbrace{\underbrace{\quad}}_{J(t)}} & & \underline{\underline{S(t)}} & & \underline{\underline{U(t)}} \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{O_2(t)}} & & \underline{\underline{E(t)}} & & H(t) \\
\dots & & & & \leftarrow
\end{array}$$

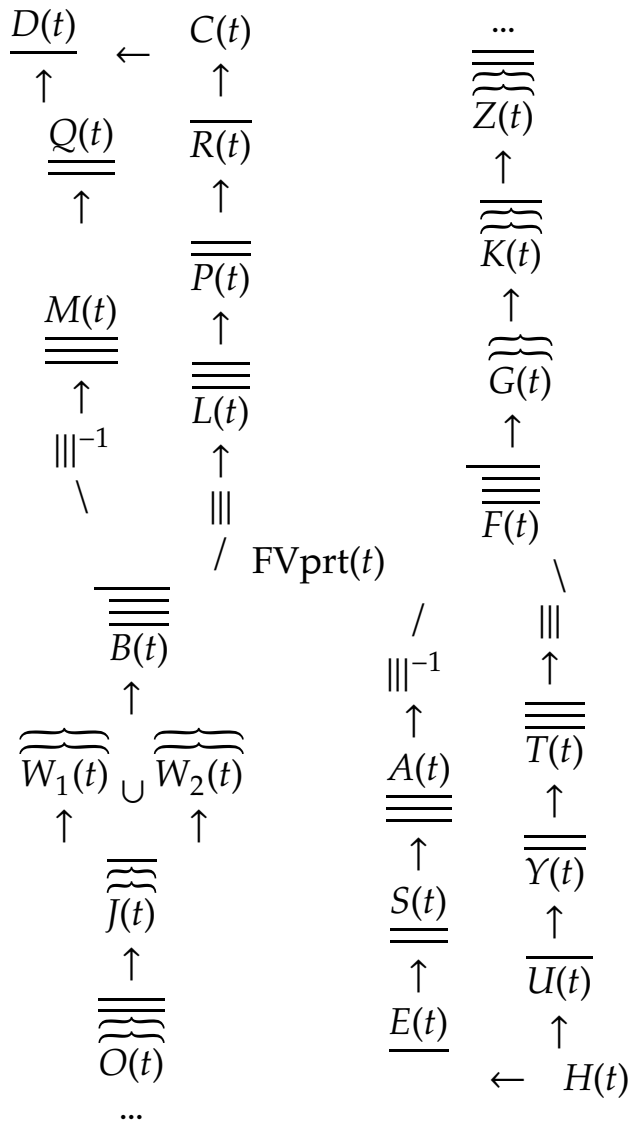


$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
\overline{D(t)} & \leftarrow & C(t) & & \dots \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
\overline{\overline{Q(t)}} & & \overline{\overline{R(t)}} & & \uparrow \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
\overline{\overline{M(t)}} & & \overline{\overline{P(t)}} & & \uparrow \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{\text{|||}}^{-1}}} & & \overline{\overline{\overline{L(t)}}} & & \uparrow \\
& & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
& & \overline{\overline{\overline{\text{|||}}}} & & \searrow \\
& & / \text{ FVprt}(t) & & \\
& & \overline{\overline{\overline{B(t)}}} & & / \\
& & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{\text{|||}}^{-1}}} \\
& & \overline{\overline{\overline{W(t)}}} & & \uparrow \\
& & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
& & \overline{\overline{\overline{J_1(t)}}} \cup \overline{\overline{\overline{J_2(t)}}} & & \uparrow \\
& & \uparrow \quad \quad \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
& & \overline{\overline{\overline{O(t)}}} & & \uparrow \\
& & \dots & & \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
& & & & \uparrow \\
& & & & \leftarrow H(t)
\end{array}$$

(A.4 .2.2.2),

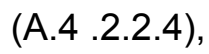


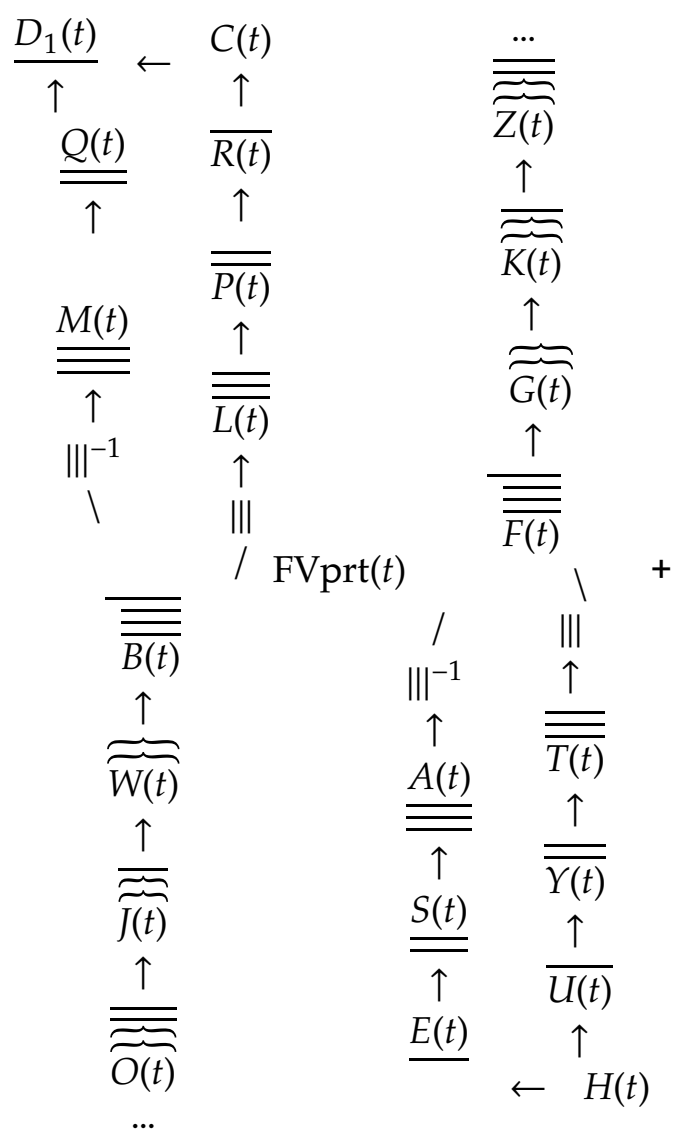
$$\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow C(t) \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Q(t)}} \quad \overline{R(t)} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{M(t)}} \quad \overline{P(t)} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \quad \underline{\underline{L(t)}} \\
\backslash \quad \uparrow \text{|||} \\
\quad \quad \quad / \text{ FVprt}(t)
\end{array}
=
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{B(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\underbrace{\underline{\underline{W_2(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underbrace{\underline{\underline{J(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underbrace{\underline{\underline{O(t)}}} \\
\ldots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{A(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{S(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{E(t)}}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\ldots \\
\underbrace{\underline{\underline{Z(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underbrace{\underline{\underline{K(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underbrace{\underline{\underline{G(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{F(t)}} \\
\backslash \\
\text{|||} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{T(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Y(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{U(t)}} \\
\leftarrow \uparrow \\
H(t)
\end{array}$$



(A.4 .2.2.3),







$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
\frac{D_2(t)}{\uparrow} & \leftarrow & C(t) & & \dots \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \underbrace{\underbrace{\underbrace{\quad}}_{Z(t)}} \\
\frac{Q(t)}{\uparrow} & & \frac{R(t)}{\uparrow} & & \underbrace{\underbrace{\underbrace{\quad}}_{K(t)}} \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \uparrow \underbrace{\underbrace{\underbrace{\quad}}_{G(t)}} \\
\frac{M(t)}{\uparrow} & & \frac{P(t)}{\uparrow} & & \underbrace{\underbrace{\underbrace{\quad}}_{F(t)}} \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \backslash \\
\text{|||}^{-1} & & \text{|||} & & \\
\backslash & & / & & \text{FV}_{\text{prt}}(t) \\
\text{|||} & & & & \\
\text{|||}^{-1} & & & & \\
\uparrow & & & & \\
\frac{B(t)}{\uparrow} & & & & \\
\uparrow & & & & \\
\frac{W(t)}{\uparrow} & & & & \\
\uparrow & & & & \\
\frac{J(t)}{\uparrow} & & & & \\
\uparrow & & & & \\
\frac{O(t)}{\uparrow} & & & & \\
\uparrow & & & & \\
\frac{E(t)}{\uparrow} & & & & \\
\uparrow & & & & \\
\frac{A(t)}{\uparrow} & & & & \\
\uparrow & & & & \\
\frac{S(t)}{\uparrow} & & & & \\
\uparrow & & & & \\
\frac{U(t)}{\uparrow} & & & & \\
\uparrow & & & & \\
\frac{Y(t)}{\uparrow} & & & & \\
\uparrow & & & & \\
\frac{T(t)}{\uparrow} & & & & \\
\uparrow & & & & \\
\frac{H(t)}{\uparrow} & & & & \\
\leftarrow & & & &
\end{array}
=$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
\frac{D_1(t) \cup D_2(t)}{\quad} & \leftarrow & C(t) & & \dots \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
\overline{\overline{Q(t)}} & & \overline{R(t)} & & \uparrow \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
\overline{\overline{M(t)}} & & \overline{\overline{P(t)}} & & \uparrow \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{\quad}}}^{-1} & & \overline{\overline{L(t)}} & & \uparrow \\
\backslash & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
& & \overline{\overline{\overline{\quad}}} & & \backslash \\
& & / \text{ FV}_{\text{prt}}(t) & & \overline{\overline{\overline{\quad}}} \\
& & & & \uparrow \\
& & & & \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
& & & & \uparrow \\
& & & & \overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
& & & & \uparrow \\
& & & & \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
& & & & \uparrow \\
& & & & \leftarrow H(t)
\end{array}$$

(A.4 .2.2.5),

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
\overline{D(t)} & \leftarrow & C(t) & & \dots \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
\overline{\overline{Q_1(t)}} & & \overline{R(t)} & & \uparrow \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
\overline{\overline{M(t)}} & & \overline{\overline{P(t)}} & & \uparrow \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{\parallel}^{-1}}} & & \overline{\overline{\overline{L(t)}}} & & \uparrow \\
\backslash & & \uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{\parallel}}} & & \overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
& & / \text{FVprt}(t) & & \backslash \\
& & & & \overline{\overline{\overline{\parallel}^{-1}}} \\
& & & & \uparrow \\
& & & & \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
& & & & \uparrow \\
& & & & \overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
& & & & \uparrow \\
& & & & \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
& & & & \uparrow \\
& & & & \leftarrow H(t)
\end{array}
+
\begin{array}{ccc}
& & / \\
& & \overline{\overline{\overline{\parallel}^{-1}}} \\
& & \uparrow \\
& & \overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
& & \uparrow \\
& & \overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \\
& & \uparrow \\
& & \overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
\overline{D(t)} & \leftarrow & C(t) & & \dots \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
\overline{\overline{Q_2(t)}} & & \overline{R(t)} & & \uparrow \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
\overline{\overline{M(t)}} & & \overline{\overline{P(t)}} & & \uparrow \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{G(t)}} \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{\backslash}}}}^{-1} & & \overline{\overline{L(t)}} & & \uparrow \\
& & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
& & \overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{\backslash}}}} & & \backslash \\
& & / \text{ FVprt}(t) & & = \\
& & & & \overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{\backslash}}}}^{-1} \\
& & & & \uparrow \\
& & & & \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
& & & & \uparrow \\
& & & & \overline{\overline{Y(t)}} \\
& & & & \uparrow \\
& & & & \overline{U(t)} \\
& & & & \uparrow \\
& & & & \leftarrow H(t)
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
\frac{D(t)}{\equiv} & \leftarrow & C(t) & & \dots \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \equiv \\
\frac{Q_1(t) \cup Q_2(t)}{\equiv} & & \frac{R(t)}{\equiv} & & Z(t) \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \uparrow \\
M(t) & & \frac{P(t)}{\equiv} & & \frac{K(t)}{\equiv} \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \uparrow \\
\equiv & & \frac{L(t)}{\equiv} & & \frac{G(t)}{\equiv} \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \uparrow \\
\equiv^{-1} & & \equiv & & \frac{F(t)}{\equiv} \\
\backslash & & / \text{ FV}_{\text{prt}}(t) & & \backslash \\
\frac{B(t)}{\equiv} & & / & & \equiv \\
\uparrow & & \equiv^{-1} & & \uparrow \\
\frac{W(t)}{\equiv} & & \uparrow & & \frac{T(t)}{\equiv} \\
\uparrow & & \frac{A(t)}{\equiv} & & \uparrow \\
\frac{J(t)}{\equiv} & & \uparrow & & \frac{Y(t)}{\equiv} \\
\uparrow & & \frac{S(t)}{\equiv} & & \uparrow \\
\frac{O(t)}{\equiv} & & \uparrow & & \frac{U(t)}{\equiv} \\
\uparrow & & \frac{E(t)}{\equiv} & & \uparrow \\
\leftarrow & & & & H(t)
\end{array}$$

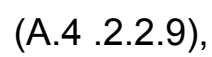
(A.4 .2.2.6),

(A.4 .2.2.7),

[illegible]

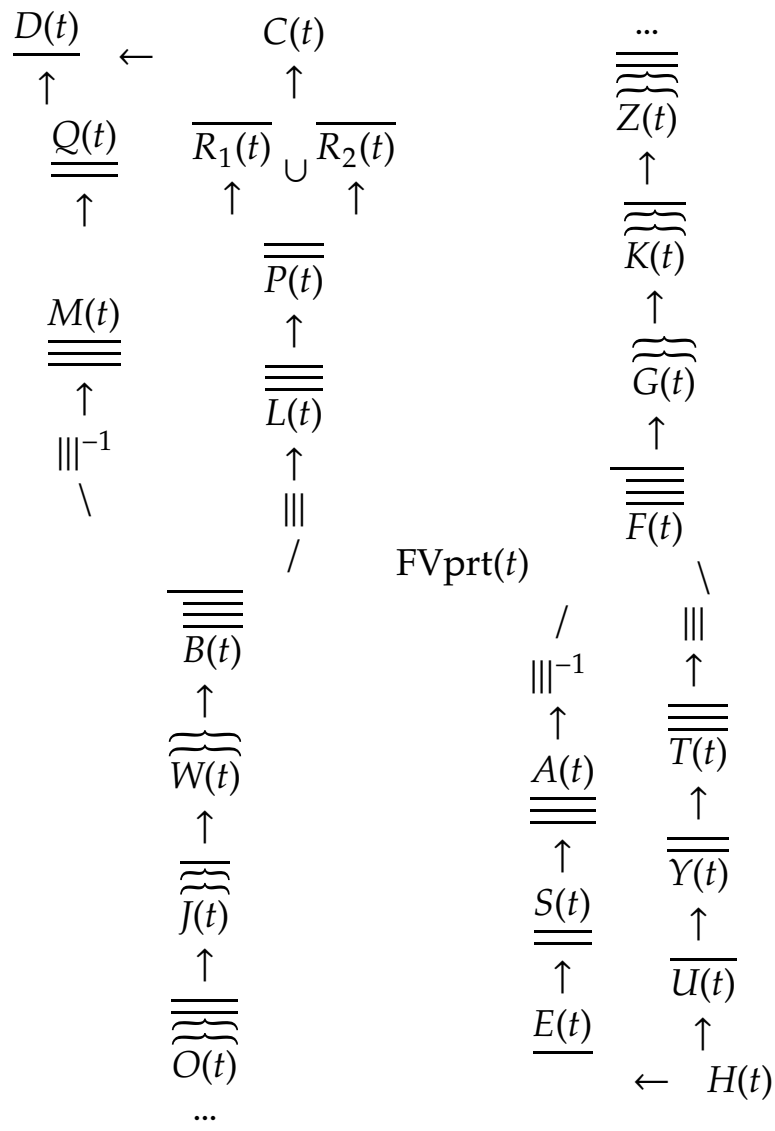
$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
\frac{D(t)}{\uparrow} & \leftarrow & C(t) & & \dots \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \underbrace{\underbrace{\underbrace{\dots}}_{Z(t)}} \\
\frac{Q(t)}{\uparrow} & & \frac{R(t)}{\uparrow} & & \uparrow \underbrace{\underbrace{\underbrace{\dots}}_{K(t)}} \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \uparrow \underbrace{\underbrace{\underbrace{\dots}}_{G(t)}} \\
\frac{M(t)}{\uparrow} & & \frac{P(t)}{\uparrow} & & \uparrow \underbrace{\underbrace{\underbrace{\dots}}_{F(t)}} \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \uparrow \\
\text{|||}^{-1} & & \text{|||} & & \text{|||} \\
\backslash & & / & & \backslash \\
& & \text{FVprt}(t) & & = \\
\frac{B(t)}{\uparrow} & & & & / \\
\uparrow & & \text{|||}^{-1} & & \uparrow \\
\frac{W(t)}{\uparrow} & & \uparrow & & \frac{T(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\uparrow & & \frac{A(t)}{\uparrow} & & \frac{Y(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{J(t)}{\uparrow} & & \frac{S(t)}{\uparrow} & & \frac{U(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\uparrow & & \frac{E(t)}{\uparrow} & & \leftarrow H(t) \\
\frac{O(t)}{\uparrow} & & & & \\
\uparrow & & & & \\
\dots & & & &
\end{array}$$

(A.4 .2.2.8),

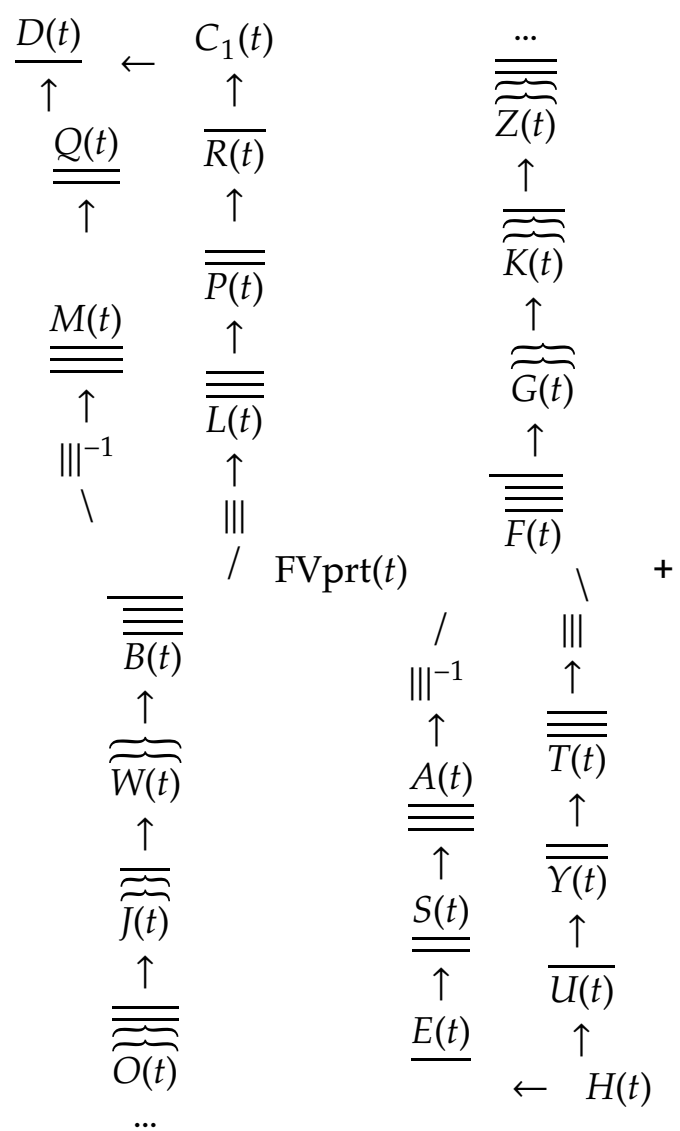




[illegible]



(A.4 .2.2.10),



$$\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow C_2(t) \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Q(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{M(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\parallel}^{-1} \setminus \\
\overline{B(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{W(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{J(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{O(t)} \\
\ldots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{C_2(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{R(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{P(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{L(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\parallel} / \\
\text{FV}_{\text{prt}}(t)
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{\dots} \\
\overline{Z(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{K(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{G(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{F(t)} \\
\setminus \\
\overline{\parallel}^{-1} / \\
\overline{A(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{S(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{E(t)}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{\dots} \\
\overline{Z(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{K(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{G(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{F(t)} \\
\setminus \\
\overline{\parallel}^{-1} / \\
\overline{T(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Y(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{U(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{H(t)}
\end{array}
=$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \quad \leftarrow \quad C_1(t) \cup C_2(t) \\
\uparrow \quad \quad \quad \uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{Q(t)}} \quad \quad \quad \overline{R(t)} \\
\uparrow \quad \quad \quad \uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{M(t)}} \quad \quad \quad \overline{\overline{P(t)}} \\
\uparrow \quad \quad \quad \uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{\text{|||}}^{-1}}} \quad \quad \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{L(t)}}} \\
\backslash \quad \quad \quad \uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{\text{|||}}}} \\
\quad \quad \quad / \\
\quad \quad \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{B(t)}}} \\
\quad \quad \quad \uparrow \\
\quad \quad \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{W(t)}}} \\
\quad \quad \quad \uparrow \\
\quad \quad \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{J(t)}}} \\
\quad \quad \quad \uparrow \\
\quad \quad \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{O(t)}}} \\
\quad \quad \quad \dots
\end{array}
\quad
\begin{array}{c}
\text{FVprt}(t) \\
/ \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{\text{|||}}^{-1}}} \quad \uparrow \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
\quad \quad \quad \uparrow \quad \quad \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \\
\quad \quad \quad \uparrow \quad \quad \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}} \\
\quad \quad \quad \leftarrow \quad H(t)
\end{array}
\quad
\begin{array}{c}
\dots \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
\backslash \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{\text{|||}}}} \quad \uparrow \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
\quad \quad \quad \uparrow \quad \quad \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
\quad \quad \quad \uparrow \quad \quad \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
\quad \quad \quad \uparrow \quad \quad \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{H(t)}}}
\end{array}$$

(A.4 .2.2.11),



(A.4 .2.2.11.1),



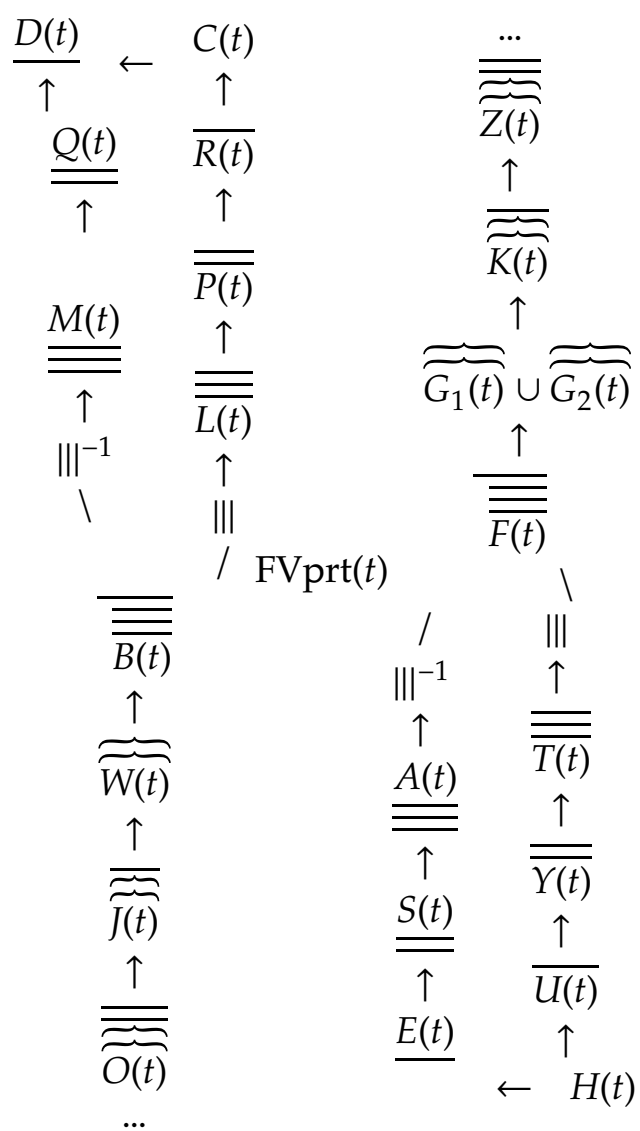
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$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow C(t) \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Q(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{M(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\parallel}^{-1} \setminus \\
\overline{B(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{W(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{J(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{O(t)} \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{C(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{R(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{P(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{L(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\parallel} / \text{FV}_{\text{prt}}(t) \\
\overline{A(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{S(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{E(t)}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\vdots \\
\overline{Z(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{K_1(t)} \cup \overline{K_2(t)} \\
\uparrow \quad \cup \quad \uparrow \\
\overline{G(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{F(t)} \\
\setminus \\
\overline{\parallel}^{-1} \uparrow \\
\overline{T(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Y(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{U(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{H(t)}
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

(A.4 .2.2.12),



[illegible]



(A.4 .2.2.12.1),



$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow C(t) \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Q(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{M(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\parallel}^{-1} \setminus \\
\overline{B(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{W(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{J(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{O(t)} \\
\ldots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{C(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{R(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{P(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{L(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\parallel} / \text{FV}_{\text{prt}}(t) \\
\overline{B(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{W(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{J(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{O(t)} \\
\ldots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\ldots \\
\overline{Z(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{K(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{G(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{F_1(t)} \cup \overline{F_2(t)} \\
\setminus \\
\overline{\parallel}^{-1} / \overline{A(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{S(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{E(t)}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{F_2(t)} \\
\setminus \\
\overline{\parallel}^{-1} / \overline{T(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Y(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{U(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{H(t)}
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

(A.4 .2.2.13),



$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
\overline{D(t)} & \leftarrow & \overline{C(t)} & & \dots \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
\overline{\overline{Q(t)}} & & \overline{\overline{R(t)}} & & \uparrow \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{M(t)}}} & & \overline{\overline{\overline{P(t)}}} & & \uparrow \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
\text{|||}^{-1} & & \text{|||} & & \uparrow \\
\backslash & & \text{|||} & & \overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
& & / \text{ FV}_{\text{prt}}(t) & & \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{B(t)}}} & & / & & \backslash \\
\uparrow & & \text{|||}^{-1} & & \uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{W(t)}}} & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
\uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{A_2(t)}}} & & \uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{J(t)}}} & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
\uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} & & \uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{O(t)}}} & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
& & \overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}} & & \uparrow \\
& & & & \leftarrow H(t)
\end{array} =$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
\frac{D(t)}{\uparrow} & \leftarrow & C(t) & & \dots \\
\frac{Q(t)}{\uparrow} & & \frac{R(t)}{\uparrow} & & \frac{Z(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{M(t)}{\uparrow} & & \frac{P(t)}{\uparrow} & & \frac{K(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{\parallel^{-1}}{\backslash} & & \frac{L(t)}{\uparrow} & & \frac{G(t)}{\uparrow} \\
& & / \text{FV}_{\text{prt}}(t) & & \frac{F(t)}{\uparrow} \\
& & & & \backslash \\
& & & & \frac{\parallel^{-1}}{\uparrow} \\
& & & & \frac{T(t)}{\uparrow} \\
& & & & \frac{Y(t)}{\uparrow} \\
& & & & \frac{U(t)}{\uparrow} \\
& & & & \leftarrow H(t)
\end{array}$$

(A.4 .2.2.14),

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
D(t) & \leftarrow & C(t) & & \dots & & \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} & & \\
Q(t) & & R(t) & & \uparrow & & \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} & & \\
M(t) & & P(t) & & \uparrow & & \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} & & \\
|||^{-1} & & L(t) & & \uparrow & & \\
\backslash & & \uparrow & & F(t) & & \\
& & ||| & & & & + \\
& & / \text{FV}_{\text{prt}}(t) & & & & \\
B(t) & & - & & & & \\
\uparrow & & |||^{-1} & & & & \\
W(t) & & \uparrow & & & & \\
\uparrow & & A(t) & & & & \\
J(t) & & \overline{\overline{\overline{S_1(t)}}} & & & & \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & & & \\
O(t) & & E(t) & & & & \\
\dots & & & & & & \\
& & & & & & T(t) \\
& & & & & & \uparrow \\
& & & & & & Y(t) \\
& & & & & & \uparrow \\
& & & & & & U(t) \\
& & & & & & \uparrow \\
& & & & & & H(t) \\
& & & & & \leftarrow &
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
D(t) & \leftarrow & C(t) & & \dots \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \underbrace{\hspace{0.8cm}} \\
Q(t) & & R(t) & & Z(t) \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \uparrow \\
M(t) & & P(t) & & K(t) \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \uparrow \\
|||^{-1} \setminus & & L(t) & & G(t) \\
& & \uparrow & & \uparrow \\
& & ||| / & & F(t) \\
& & \text{FV}_{\text{prt}}(t) & & \setminus = \\
B(t) & & & & / \\
\uparrow & & |||^{-1} \uparrow & & T(t) \\
W(t) & & A(t) & & \uparrow \\
\uparrow & & S_2(t) & & Y(t) \\
J(t) & & E(t) & & U(t) \\
\uparrow & & & & \uparrow \\
O(t) & & & & H(t) \\
\dots & & & & \leftarrow
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
\overline{D(t)} & \leftarrow & C(t) & & \dots \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
\overline{\overline{Q(t)}} & & \overline{R(t)} & & \uparrow \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
\overline{\overline{M(t)}} & & \overline{\overline{P(t)}} & & \uparrow \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{\parallel}^{-1}}} & & \overline{\overline{\overline{L(t)}}} & & \uparrow \\
\backslash & & \uparrow \parallel & & \overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
& & / \text{ FVprt}(t) & & \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{B(t)}}} & & / & & \backslash \\
\uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{\parallel}^{-1}}} & & \uparrow \parallel \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{W(t)}}} & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
\uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} & & \uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{J(t)}}} & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
\uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{S_1(t)} \cup S_2(t)}} & & \uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{O(t)}}} & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
& & \overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}} & & \uparrow \\
& & & & \leftarrow H(t)
\end{array}$$

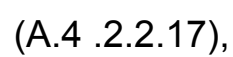
(A.4 .2.2.15),



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$$\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow C(t) \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Q(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{M(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\parallel}^{-1} \setminus \\
\overline{B(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{W(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{J(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{O(t)} \\
\ldots
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{C(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{R(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{P(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{L(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\parallel} / \text{FV}_{\text{prt}}(t) \\
\overline{A(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{S(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{E(t)}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\ldots \\
\overline{Z(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{K(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{G(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{F(t)} \\
\setminus \\
\overline{\parallel}^{-1} \uparrow \\
\overline{T_2(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{Y(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{U(t)} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{H(t)}
\end{array}
=$$





$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
\overline{D(t)} & \leftarrow & C(t) & & \dots \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
\overline{\overline{Q(t)}} & & \overline{R(t)} & & \uparrow \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
\overline{\overline{M(t)}} & & \overline{\overline{P(t)}} & & \uparrow \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{\parallel}^{-1}}} & & \overline{\overline{\overline{L(t)}}} & & \uparrow \\
\backslash & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
& & \overline{\overline{\overline{\parallel}}} & & \backslash \\
& & / \text{ FV}_{\text{prt}}(t) & & \overline{\overline{\overline{\parallel}^{-1}}} \\
& & & & \uparrow \\
& & & & \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
& & & & \uparrow \\
& & & & \overline{\overline{\overline{Y_1(t)}}} \cup \overline{\overline{\overline{Y_2(t)}}} \\
& & & & \uparrow \\
& & & & \overline{U(t)} \\
& & & & \uparrow \\
& & & & \leftarrow H(t)
\end{array}$$

(A.4 .2.2.18),



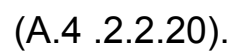
[illegible]

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
\overline{D(t)} & \leftarrow & C(t) & & \dots \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
\overline{\overline{Q(t)}} & & \overline{R(t)} & & \uparrow \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{M(t)}}} & & \overline{\overline{P(t)}} & & \uparrow \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{G(t)}} \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{\parallel\parallel\parallel}^{-1}}} & & \overline{\overline{\overline{L(t)}}} & & \uparrow \\
\backslash & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
& & \overline{\overline{\overline{\parallel\parallel\parallel}}} & & \backslash \\
& & / \text{ FV}_{\text{prt}}(t) & & \overline{\overline{\overline{\parallel\parallel\parallel}^{-1}}} \\
& & & & \uparrow \\
& & & & \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
& & & & \uparrow \\
& & & & \overline{\overline{Y(t)}} \\
& & & & \uparrow \\
& & & & \overline{U_1(t)} \cup \overline{U_2(t)} \\
& & & & \uparrow \\
& & & & \leftarrow H(t)
\end{array}$$

(A.4 .2.2.19),

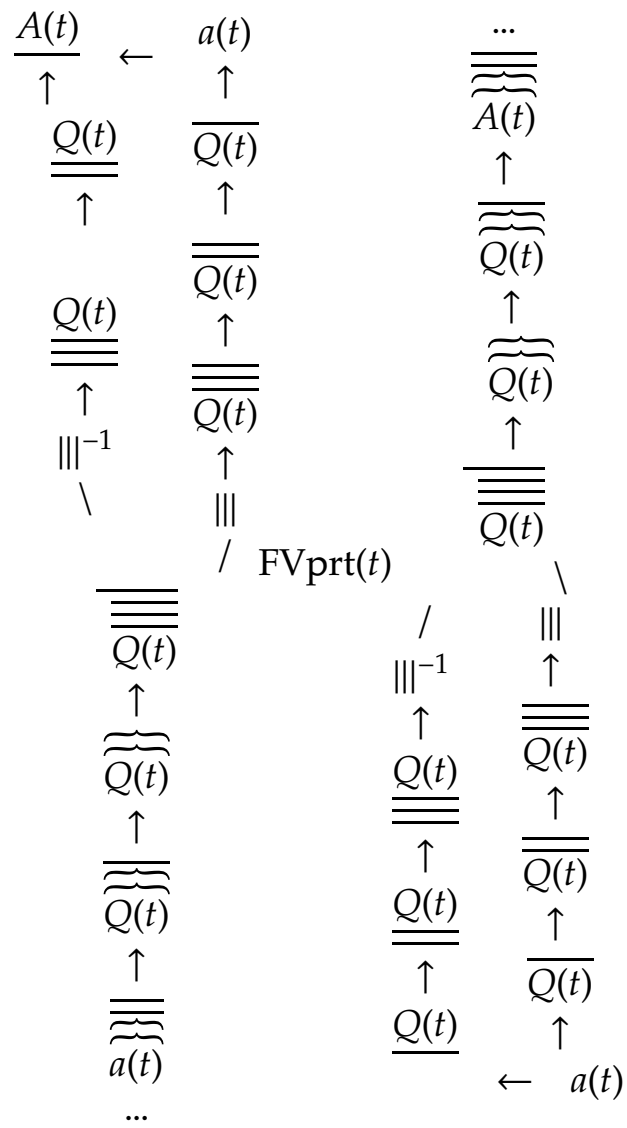


$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
\frac{D(t)}{\uparrow} & \leftarrow & C(t) & & \dots \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
\overline{\overline{Q(t)}} & & \overline{R(t)} & & \uparrow \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
\overline{\overline{M(t)}} & & \overline{\overline{P(t)}} & & \uparrow \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{G(t)}} \\
\text{|||}^{-1} & & \overline{\overline{L(t)}} & & \uparrow \\
\backslash & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
& & \text{|||} & & \backslash \\
& & / \text{ FVprt}(t) & & = \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{B(t)}}} & & / & & \text{|||} \\
\uparrow & & \text{|||}^{-1} & & \uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{W(t)}}} & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
\uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} & & \uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{J(t)}}} & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
\uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} & & \uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{O(t)}}} & & \uparrow & & \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
& & \overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}} & & \uparrow \\
& & & & \leftarrow H_2(t)
\end{array}$$



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(A.4 .2.3),



denote $FV_{12}(t)fa(t);Q(t);A(t), a(t) \subset A(t)$,

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
 \text{FVrt}(t) \quad \backslash \quad (A.4 \text{ .2.9}), \\
 \quad \quad \quad / \quad \quad \quad ||| \\
 \quad \quad \quad |||^{-1} \quad \uparrow \\
 \quad \quad \quad \uparrow \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
 \quad \quad \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \quad \uparrow \\
 \quad \quad \quad \uparrow \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
 \quad \quad \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \quad \uparrow \\
 \quad \quad \quad \uparrow \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
 \quad \quad \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}} \quad \uparrow \\
 \quad \quad \quad \leftarrow \quad H(t)
 \end{array}$$

or

the result of this process will be described by the expression

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D(t)}{\uparrow} \leftarrow C(t) \\
\frac{Q(t)}{\uparrow} \quad \frac{R(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{M(t)}{\uparrow} \quad \frac{P(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{\uparrow}{\parallel}^{-1} \quad \frac{\uparrow}{\parallel} \\
\backslash \quad / \text{ FVrt}(t) \text{ (A.4 .2.11),} \\
\frac{B(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{W(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{J(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{O(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\ldots
\end{array}$$

Definition A.4 .2.2. The dynamic operator (A.4 .2.8) we shall call dynamic FVprt – element of the second type, (A.4 .2.9) we shall call dynamic FVrt – element of the second type.

It's allowed to add dynamic FVprt – elements of the second type:

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\text{...} \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Z_1(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
\text{FVprt}(t)
\end{array}
\quad \backslash \quad
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{|||^{-1}}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}}
\end{array}
\quad \begin{array}{c}
\overline{\overline{\overline{|||}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{H(t)}}}
\end{array}
\quad + \text{FVprt}(t)
\quad \begin{array}{c}
\text{...} \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Z_2(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
\text{FVprt}(t)
\end{array}
\quad \backslash \quad
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{|||^{-1}}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}}
\end{array}
\quad \begin{array}{c}
\overline{\overline{\overline{|||}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{H(t)}}}
\end{array}
\quad = \text{FVprt}(t)
\quad \begin{array}{c}
\text{...} \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Z_1(t) \cup Z_2(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
\text{FVprt}(t)
\end{array}
\quad \backslash \quad
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{|||^{-1}}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}}
\end{array}
\quad \begin{array}{c}
\overline{\overline{\overline{|||}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{H(t)}}}
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

(A.4 .2.12),

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\cdots \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{K_1(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
\text{FVprt}(t)
\end{array}
\quad \backslash \quad
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{|||^{-1}}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}}
\end{array}
\quad \begin{array}{c}
\overline{\overline{\overline{|||}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{H(t)}}}
\end{array}
\quad + \text{FVprt}(t)
\end{array}
= \text{FVprt}(t)
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\cdots \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{K_1(t)}}} \cup \overline{\overline{\overline{K_2(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \qquad \qquad \uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
\text{FVprt}(t)
\end{array}
\quad \backslash \quad
\begin{array}{c}
/ \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{|||^{-1}}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}}
\end{array}
\quad \begin{array}{c}
\overline{\overline{\overline{|||}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{H(t)}}}
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

(A.4 .2.13),

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\cdots \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{G_1(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}}
\end{array} \\
\text{FVprt}(t)
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
/ \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{H(t)}}}
\end{array}
+ \text{FVprt}(t)
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\cdots \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{G_2(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}}
\end{array} \\
\text{FVprt}(t)
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
/ \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{H(t)}}}
\end{array}
= \text{FVprt}(t)
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c}
\cdots \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{G_1(t) \cup G_2(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}}
\end{array} \\
\text{FVprt}(t)
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\backslash \\
/ \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}}
\end{array}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\overline{\overline{\overline{H(t)}}}
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

(A.4 .2.13.1),

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{F_1(t)}}} \\
 \text{FVprt}(t)
 \end{array}
 \quad \backslash \quad
 \begin{array}{c}
 / \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{|||^{-1}}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 \quad \begin{array}{c}
 \overline{\overline{\overline{|||}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{H(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 \\
 \text{(A.4 .2.13.2),}
 \end{array}
 + \text{FVprt}(t)
 \begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{F_2(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 \quad \backslash \quad
 \begin{array}{c}
 / \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{|||^{-1}}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 \quad \begin{array}{c}
 \overline{\overline{\overline{|||}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{H(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 \\
 = \text{FVprt}(t)
 \begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{F_1(t)}}} \cup \overline{\overline{\overline{F_2(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 \quad \backslash \quad
 \begin{array}{c}
 / \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{|||^{-1}}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 \quad \begin{array}{c}
 \overline{\overline{\overline{|||}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{H(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}}
 \end{array} \\
 \text{FVprt}(t)
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \backslash \\
 / \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{A_1(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \overline{\overline{\overline{H(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{I}}}
 \end{array}
 + \text{FVprt}(t)
 \begin{array}{c}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}}
 \end{array} \\
 \text{FVprt}(t)
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \backslash \\
 / \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{A_2(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \overline{\overline{\overline{H(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{I}}}
 \end{array}
 = \text{FVprt}$$

(A.4 .2.13.3),

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}}
 \end{array} \\
 \text{FVprt}(t)
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 / \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{|||^{-1}}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{S_1(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \backslash \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{|||}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{H(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 + \text{FVprt}(t)
 \begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 / \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{|||^{-1}}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{S_2(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \backslash \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{|||}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{H(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 = \text{FVprt}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{array}{c}
 \backslash \\
 ||| \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \leftarrow H(t)
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{array}{c}
 / \\
 |||^{-1} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{S_1(t) \cup S_2(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \text{(A.4 .2.13.4),}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}}
 \end{array} \\
 \text{FVprt}(t)
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \backslash \\
 / \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{|||^{-1}}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{E_1(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \overline{\overline{\overline{|||}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{H(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 + \text{FVprt}(t)
 \begin{array}{c}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}}
 \end{array} \\
 \text{FVprt}(t)
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \backslash \\
 / \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{|||^{-1}}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{E_2(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \overline{\overline{\overline{|||}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{H(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 = \text{FVprt}$$

(A.4 .2.13.),

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}}
 \end{array} \\
 \text{FVprt}(t)
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \backslash \\
 / \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{|||^{-1}}}} \uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{T_1(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}} \leftarrow H(t)
 \end{array}
 + \text{FVprt}(t)
 \begin{array}{c}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}}
 \end{array} \\
 \text{FVprt}(t)
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \backslash \\
 / \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{|||^{-1}}}} \uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{T_2(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}} \leftarrow H(t)
 \end{array}
 = \text{FVprt}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
 \swarrow \quad \searrow \\
 \begin{array}{ccc}
 / & & \parallel \\
 \parallel^{-1} & & \uparrow \\
 \uparrow & \overline{\overline{\overline{T_1(t)}}} \cup \overline{\overline{\overline{T_2(t)}}} & \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} & \uparrow & \uparrow \\
 \uparrow & \overline{\overline{\overline{Y(t)}}} & \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} & \uparrow & \\
 \uparrow & \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} & \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}} & \uparrow & \\
 & \leftarrow H(t) &
 \end{array}
 \end{array}
 \quad (A.4.2.13.6),$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
 \text{FVprt}(t)
 \end{array}
 \quad \backslash \quad
 \begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
 \text{FVprt}(t)
 \end{array}
 \quad + \quad
 \begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
 \text{FVprt}(t)
 \end{array}
 \quad \backslash \quad
 \begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
 \text{FVprt}(t)
 \end{array}
 \quad = \quad \text{FVprt}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \begin{array}{c}
 / \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{|||^{-1}}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 \quad \uparrow \quad
 \begin{array}{c}
 \overline{\overline{\overline{|||}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Y_1(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{H(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \begin{array}{c}
 / \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{|||^{-1}}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 \quad \uparrow \quad
 \begin{array}{c}
 \overline{\overline{\overline{|||}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Y_2(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{H(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
 \swarrow \\
 \begin{array}{c}
 / \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}}^{-1} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{E(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{array}{c}
 \backslash \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Y_1(t)}}} \cup \overline{\overline{\overline{Y_2(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{U(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \leftarrow H(t)
 \end{array}
 \quad
 (A.4 .2.13.7),$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
 \text{FVprt}(t)
 \end{array}
 \quad \backslash \quad + \text{FVprt}(t)
 \quad \begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
 \text{FVprt}(t)
 \end{array}
 = \text{FVprt}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Z(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{K(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{G(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{F(t)}}} \\
 \swarrow \\
 \begin{array}{c}
 / \\
 |||^{-1} \\
 \uparrow \\
 A(t) \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{S(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{E(t)}}
 \end{array}
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{array}{c}
 \backslash \\
 ||| \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{T(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{Y(t)}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{U_1(t)} \cup \overline{U_2(t)} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \leftarrow H(t)
 \end{array}
 \quad
 (A.4.2.13.8),$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \underbrace{\hspace{1cm}} \\
 Z(t) \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underbrace{\hspace{1cm}} \\
 K(t) \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underbrace{\hspace{1cm}} \\
 G(t) \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underbrace{\hspace{1cm}} \\
 F(t)
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \backslash \\
 \text{|||} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underbrace{\hspace{1cm}} \\
 T(t) \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underbrace{\hspace{1cm}} \\
 Y(t) \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underbrace{\hspace{1cm}} \\
 U(t) \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underbrace{\hspace{1cm}} \\
 E(t)
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 / \\
 \text{|||}^{-1} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underbrace{\hspace{1cm}} \\
 A(t) \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underbrace{\hspace{1cm}} \\
 S(t) \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underbrace{\hspace{1cm}} \\
 E(t)
 \end{array}
 \text{FVprt}(t)
 +
 \begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \underbrace{\hspace{1cm}} \\
 Z(t) \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underbrace{\hspace{1cm}} \\
 K(t) \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underbrace{\hspace{1cm}} \\
 G(t) \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underbrace{\hspace{1cm}} \\
 F(t)
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \backslash \\
 \text{|||} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underbrace{\hspace{1cm}} \\
 T(t) \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underbrace{\hspace{1cm}} \\
 Y(t) \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underbrace{\hspace{1cm}} \\
 U(t) \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underbrace{\hspace{1cm}} \\
 E(t)
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 / \\
 \text{|||}^{-1} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underbrace{\hspace{1cm}} \\
 A(t) \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underbrace{\hspace{1cm}} \\
 S(t) \\
 \uparrow \\
 \underbrace{\hspace{1cm}} \\
 E(t)
 \end{array}
 \text{FVprt}(t)
 =
 \text{FVprt}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \text{FVprt}(t) \quad \backslash \quad (A.4 .2.14), \\
 \begin{array}{c}
 / \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}}^{-1} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{A(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \text{FVprt}(t) \quad \backslash \quad (A.4 .2.15), \\
 \begin{array}{c}
 / \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}}^{-1} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}}
 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

denote $FV_{13}(t) f A(t); Q(t); a(t), a(t) \subset A(t),$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \vdots \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{a(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \text{FVprt}(t) \quad \backslash \quad (A.4 .2.16), \\
 \quad \quad \quad / \quad \quad \quad \uparrow \\
 \quad \quad \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}}^{-1} \quad \quad \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \quad \quad \quad \uparrow \quad \quad \quad \uparrow \\
 \quad \quad \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \quad \quad \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \quad \quad \quad \uparrow \quad \quad \quad \uparrow \\
 \quad \quad \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \quad \quad \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \quad \quad \quad \uparrow \quad \quad \quad \uparrow \\
 \quad \quad \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \quad \quad \quad \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \quad \quad \quad \leftarrow A(t)
 \end{array}$$

denote $FV_{14}(t)fa(t);Q(t);A(t)$, $a(t) \subset A(t)$,

and any other possible options of self for (A.4 .2.8) etc.

Definition A.4 .2.3. The dynamic operator (A.4 .2.10) we shall call dynamic tprFV – element, (A.4 .2.11) we shall call dynamic trFV – element.

It's allowed to add dynamic tprFV – elements:

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
\frac{D(t)}{\uparrow} \leftarrow C(t) & & \frac{D(t)}{\uparrow} \leftarrow C(t) \\
\frac{Q(t)}{\uparrow} & & \frac{Q(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{M_1(t)}{\uparrow} & & \frac{M_2(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\uparrow \parallel^{-1} & & \uparrow \parallel^{-1} \\
\backslash & & \backslash \\
& \text{FV}_{\text{prt}}(t) + & \text{FV}_{\text{prt}}(t) = \\
& \begin{array}{c} \frac{B(t)}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{W(t)}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{J(t)}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{O(t)}{\uparrow} \\ \dots \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} \frac{B(t)}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{W(t)}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{J(t)}{\uparrow} \\ \frac{O(t)}{\uparrow} \\ \dots \end{array}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
\frac{D(t)}{\uparrow} & \leftarrow & C(t) \\
\frac{Q(t)}{\uparrow} & & \frac{R(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{M_1(t) \cup M_2(t)}{\uparrow} & & \frac{P(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{\uparrow}{\parallel^{-1}} & & \frac{\uparrow}{\parallel} \\
\frac{\backslash}{\parallel} & & / \text{ FV}_{\text{prt}}(t) \text{ (A.4 .2.17),} \\
\frac{\uparrow}{\parallel} & & \\
\frac{B(t)}{\uparrow} & & \\
\frac{\uparrow}{\overbrace{W(t)}} & & \\
\frac{\uparrow}{\overbrace{J(t)}} & & \\
\frac{\uparrow}{\overbrace{O(t)}} & & \\
\cdots & &
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
\frac{D(t)}{\uparrow} \leftarrow C(t) & & \frac{D(t)}{\uparrow} \leftarrow C(t) \\
\frac{Q_1(t)}{\uparrow} & \frac{R(t)}{\uparrow} & \frac{Q_2(t)}{\uparrow} \quad \frac{R(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{M(t)}{\uparrow} & \frac{P(t)}{\uparrow} & \frac{M(t)}{\uparrow} \quad \frac{P(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{\uparrow}{\backslash}^{-1} & \frac{\uparrow}{\backslash} & \frac{\uparrow}{\backslash}^{-1} \quad \frac{\uparrow}{\backslash} \\
& / \text{ FV}_{\text{prt}}(t) + & / \text{ FV}_{\text{prt}}(t) = \\
\frac{B(t)}{\uparrow} & & \frac{B(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{W(t)}{\uparrow} & & \frac{W(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{J(t)}{\uparrow} & & \frac{J(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{O(t)}{\uparrow} & & \frac{O(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\ldots & & \ldots
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \frac{D(t)}{\quad} & \leftarrow & C(t) \\
 \uparrow & & \uparrow \\
 \frac{Q_1(t) \cup Q_2(t)}{\quad} & & \frac{R(t)}{\quad} \\
 \uparrow & & \uparrow \\
 \frac{M(t)}{\quad} & & \frac{P(t)}{\quad} \\
 \uparrow & & \uparrow \\
 \text{|||}^{-1} & & \frac{L(t)}{\quad} \\
 \backslash & & \uparrow \\
 & & \text{|||} \\
 & & / \text{ FV}_{\text{prt}}(t) \text{ (A.4 .2.18),} \\
 \frac{B(t)}{\quad} & & \\
 \uparrow & & \\
 \frac{W(t)}{\quad} & & \\
 \uparrow & & \\
 \frac{J(t)}{\quad} & & \\
 \uparrow & & \\
 \frac{O(t)}{\quad} & & \\
 \dots & &
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
\frac{D_1(t)}{\uparrow} \leftarrow C(t) & & \frac{D_2(t)}{\uparrow} \leftarrow C(t) \\
\frac{Q(t)}{\uparrow} & \frac{\overline{R(t)}}{\uparrow} & \frac{Q(t)}{\uparrow} \quad \frac{\overline{R(t)}}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{M(t)}{\uparrow} & \frac{\overline{P(t)}}{\uparrow} & \frac{M(t)}{\uparrow} \quad \frac{\overline{P(t)}}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{\uparrow}{\text{|||}^{-1}} & \frac{\overline{L(t)}}{\uparrow} & \frac{\uparrow}{\text{|||}^{-1}} \quad \frac{\overline{L(t)}}{\uparrow} \\
\backslash & \text{|||} & \backslash \quad \text{|||} \\
& / \text{ FV}_{\text{prt}}(t) + & / \text{ FV}_{\text{prt}}(t) = \\
\frac{\overline{B(t)}}{\uparrow} & & \frac{\overline{B(t)}}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{\overbrace{W(t)}}{\uparrow} & & \frac{\overbrace{W(t)}}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{\overbrace{J(t)}}{\uparrow} & & \frac{\overbrace{J(t)}}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{\overbrace{O(t)}}{\uparrow} & & \frac{\overbrace{O(t)}}{\uparrow} \\
\dots & & \dots
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
\frac{D_1(t) \cup D_2(t)}{\quad} & \leftarrow & C(t) \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow \\
\frac{Q(t)}{\quad} & & \overline{R(t)} \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow \\
\frac{M(t)}{\quad} & & \overline{\overline{P(t)}} \\
\uparrow & & \uparrow \\
\text{\texttt{|||}}^{-1} & & \frac{L(t)}{\quad} \\
\backslash & & \uparrow \\
& & \text{\texttt{|||}} \\
& & / \text{ FV}_{\text{prt}}(t) \text{ (A.4 .2.18.1),} \\
& & \\
& & \frac{\quad}{\quad} \\
& & \overline{\overline{B(t)}} \\
& & \uparrow \\
& & \overbrace{W(t)} \\
& & \uparrow \\
& & \overbrace{\overline{J(t)}} \\
& & \uparrow \\
& & \overbrace{\overline{\overline{O(t)}}} \\
& & \dots
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
\frac{D(t)}{\uparrow} \leftarrow C_1(t) & & \frac{D(t)}{\uparrow} \leftarrow C_2(t) \\
\frac{Q(t)}{\uparrow} & & \frac{Q(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\frac{M(t)}{\uparrow} & & \frac{M(t)}{\uparrow} \\
\uparrow \parallel^{-1} & & \uparrow \parallel^{-1} \\
\backslash & & \backslash \\
& \text{FV}_{\text{prt}}(t) + & \text{FV}_{\text{prt}}(t) = \\
& \text{B}(t) & \text{B}(t) \\
& \uparrow & \uparrow \\
& \overbrace{W(t)} & \overbrace{W(t)} \\
& \uparrow & \uparrow \\
& \overbrace{J(t)} & \overbrace{J(t)} \\
& \uparrow & \uparrow \\
& \overbrace{O(t)} & \overbrace{O(t)} \\
& \dots & \dots
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \quad \leftarrow \quad C_1(t) \cup C_2(t) \\
\uparrow \qquad \qquad \qquad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Q(t)}} \qquad \qquad \underline{\overline{R(t)}} \\
\uparrow \qquad \qquad \qquad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{M(t)}} \qquad \qquad \underline{\underline{P(t)}} \\
\uparrow \qquad \qquad \qquad \uparrow \\
|||^{-1} \qquad \qquad \underline{\underline{L(t)}} \\
\backslash \qquad \qquad \qquad \uparrow \\
\qquad \qquad \qquad ||| \\
\qquad \qquad \qquad / \\
\qquad \qquad \qquad \underline{\underline{\underline{B(t)}}} \\
\qquad \qquad \qquad \uparrow \\
\qquad \qquad \qquad \overbrace{W(t)} \\
\qquad \qquad \qquad \uparrow \\
\qquad \qquad \qquad \overbrace{\overbrace{J(t)}} \\
\qquad \qquad \qquad \uparrow \\
\qquad \qquad \qquad \overbrace{\overbrace{\overbrace{O(t)}}} \\
\qquad \qquad \qquad \dots
\end{array}
\quad \text{FV}_{\text{prt}}(t) \text{ (A.4 .2.18.2),}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \quad \leftarrow \quad C(t) \\
\uparrow \qquad \qquad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Q(t)}} \quad \overline{R_1(t)} \cup \overline{R_2(t)} \\
\uparrow \qquad \qquad \uparrow \qquad \qquad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{M(t)}} \quad \overline{\overline{P(t)}} \\
\uparrow \qquad \qquad \uparrow \\
|||^{-1} \quad \underline{\underline{L(t)}} \\
\backslash \qquad \qquad \uparrow \\
\qquad \qquad ||| \\
\qquad \qquad / \qquad \text{FV}_{\text{prt}}(t) \text{ (A.4 .2.18.3),} \\
\qquad \qquad \underline{\underline{B(t)}} \\
\qquad \qquad \uparrow \\
\qquad \qquad \overbrace{W(t)} \\
\qquad \qquad \uparrow \\
\qquad \qquad \overbrace{J(t)} \\
\qquad \qquad \uparrow \\
\qquad \qquad \overbrace{O(t)} \\
\qquad \qquad \dots
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{D(t)}{\quad} \leftarrow \\
\uparrow \\
\frac{Q(t)}{\quad} \\
\uparrow \\
\frac{M(t)}{\quad} \\
\uparrow \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \\
\backslash
\end{array}
\qquad
\begin{array}{c}
C(t) \\
\uparrow \\
\frac{R(t)}{\quad} \\
\uparrow \\
\frac{\overline{P_1(t)} \cup \overline{P_1(t)}}{\quad} \\
\uparrow \\
\frac{L(t)}{\quad} \\
\uparrow \\
\text{|||} \\
-
\end{array}
\qquad
\text{FV}_{\text{prt}}(t) \text{ (A.4 .2.18.4),}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{\overline{B(t)}}{\quad} \\
\uparrow \\
\frac{\overline{W(t)}}{\quad} \\
\uparrow \\
\frac{\overline{J(t)}}{\quad} \\
\uparrow \\
\frac{\overline{O(t)}}{\quad} \\
\ldots
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow C(t) \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Q(t)}} \quad \overline{R(t)} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{M(t)}} \quad \overline{\overline{P(t)}} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
|||^{-1} \quad \underline{\underline{L_1(t)}} \\
\backslash \quad /
\end{array}
&
\text{FV}_{\text{prt}}(t) +
&
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow C(t) \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Q(t)}} \quad \overline{R(t)} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{M(t)}} \quad \overline{\overline{P(t)}} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
|||^{-1} \quad \underline{\underline{L_2(t)}} \\
\backslash \quad /
\end{array}
\end{array}
=
\begin{array}{ccc}
\begin{array}{c}
\underline{\underline{B(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underbrace{\underline{\underline{W(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underbrace{\underline{\underline{J(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underbrace{\underline{\underline{O(t)}}} \\
\dots
\end{array}
&
&
\begin{array}{c}
\underline{\underline{B(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underbrace{\underline{\underline{W(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underbrace{\underline{\underline{J(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underbrace{\underline{\underline{O(t)}}} \\
\dots
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \overline{D(t)} \quad \leftarrow \quad C(t) \\
 \uparrow \qquad \qquad \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{Q(t)}} \qquad \quad \overline{R(t)} \\
 \uparrow \qquad \qquad \uparrow \\
 \underline{\underline{M(t)}} \qquad \quad \underline{\underline{P(t)}} \\
 \uparrow \qquad \qquad \uparrow \\
 \text{|||}^{-1} \quad \underline{\underline{L_1(t)}} \cup \underline{\underline{L_2(t)}} \\
 \backslash \qquad \qquad \uparrow \\
 \qquad \qquad \text{|||} \\
 \qquad \qquad / \qquad \text{FVprt}(t) \text{ (A.4 .2.18.5),} \\
 \underline{\underline{B(t)}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overbrace{\overbrace{W(t)}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overbrace{\overbrace{J(t)}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overbrace{\overbrace{O(t)}} \\
 \dots
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow C(t) \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Q(t)}} \quad \overline{R(t)} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{M(t)}} \quad \overline{\overline{P(t)}} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \quad \overline{\underline{\underline{L(t)}}} \\
\backslash \quad / \\
\text{FVprt}(t) +
\end{array}
&
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow C(t) \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Q(t)}} \quad \overline{R(t)} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{M(t)}} \quad \overline{\overline{P(t)}} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \quad \overline{\underline{\underline{L(t)}}} \\
\backslash \quad / \\
\text{FVprt}(t) =
\end{array}
&
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow C(t) \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Q(t)}} \quad \overline{R(t)} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{M(t)}} \quad \overline{\overline{P(t)}} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \quad \overline{\underline{\underline{L(t)}}} \\
\backslash \quad / \\
\text{FVprt}(t)
\end{array}
\\
\begin{array}{c}
\underline{\underline{\underline{B_1(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underbrace{\underline{\underline{W(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underbrace{\underline{\underline{J(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underbrace{\underline{\underline{O(t)}}} \\
\vdots
\end{array}
&
\begin{array}{c}
\underline{\underline{\underline{B_2(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underbrace{\underline{\underline{W(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underbrace{\underline{\underline{J(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underbrace{\underline{\underline{O(t)}}} \\
\vdots
\end{array}
&
\begin{array}{c}
\underline{\underline{\underline{B_1(t)}}} \cup \underline{\underline{\underline{B_2(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underbrace{\underline{\underline{W(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underbrace{\underline{\underline{J(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underbrace{\underline{\underline{O(t)}}} \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\\
\text{(A.4 .2.18.6),} & &
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow C(t) \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Q(t)}} \quad \overline{R(t)} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{M(t)}} \quad \overline{\overline{P(t)}} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \quad \text{|||} \\
\backslash \quad / \\
\text{FV}_{\text{prt}}(t) +
\end{array}
&
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow C(t) \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Q(t)}} \quad \overline{R(t)} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{M(t)}} \quad \overline{\overline{P(t)}} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \quad \text{|||} \\
\backslash \quad / \\
\text{FV}_{\text{prt}}(t) =
\end{array}
&
\begin{array}{c}
\overline{D(t)} \leftarrow C(t) \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{Q(t)}} \quad \overline{R(t)} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\underline{\underline{M(t)}} \quad \overline{\overline{P(t)}} \\
\uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
\text{|||}^{-1} \quad \text{|||} \\
\backslash \quad / \\
\text{FV}_{\text{prt}}(t)
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
\begin{array}{c}
\underline{\underline{B(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underbrace{\underline{\underline{W(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underbrace{\underline{\underline{J(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underbrace{\underline{\underline{O_1(t)}}} \\
\vdots
\end{array}
&
\begin{array}{c}
\underline{\underline{B(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underbrace{\underline{\underline{W(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underbrace{\underline{\underline{J(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underbrace{\underline{\underline{O_2(t)}}} \\
\vdots
\end{array}
&
\begin{array}{c}
\underline{\underline{B(t)}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underbrace{\underline{\underline{W(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underbrace{\underline{\underline{J(t)}}} \\
\uparrow \\
\underbrace{\underline{\underline{O_1(t)}}} \cup \underbrace{\underline{\underline{O_2(t)}}} \\
\vdots
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

(A.4 .2.18.9),

We consider the following self-type dynamic tprFV-structures:

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{a(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \searrow \\
 \begin{array}{cc}
 / & ||| \\
 |||^{-1} & \uparrow \\
 \uparrow & \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} & \uparrow \\
 \uparrow & \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} & \uparrow \\
 \uparrow & \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} & \uparrow \\
 \leftarrow & A(t)
 \end{array}
 \end{array}
 \quad \text{FVprt}(t) \text{ (A.4 .2.19)}$$

denote $FV_{15}(t)f$, where $d(t) \subset D(t)$,

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{d(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \uparrow \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \swarrow \quad \searrow \\
 \begin{array}{cc}
 / & ||| \\
 |||^{-1} & \uparrow \\
 \uparrow & \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} & \uparrow \\
 \uparrow & \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} & \uparrow \\
 \uparrow & \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} \\
 \overline{\overline{\overline{Q(t)}}} & \uparrow \\
 \leftarrow & D(t)
 \end{array}
 \end{array}
 \quad \text{FVprt}(t) \text{ (A.4 .2.21),}$$

denote $FV_{16}(t)f$, where $d(t) \subset D(t)$,

and any other possible options of self for (A.4 .2.10) etc.

B. PrSCprt – elements and Their Applications

B.1 PrSCprt – elements, self-type PrSCprt - structures

Introduction.

We consider expression

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} C_1 & C_2 & \dots & C_m & A_1 & A_2 & \dots A_n \\ g_{12} & g_{22} & \dots & g_{m2} & \text{PrSCprt} & g_{11} & g_{21} \dots g_{n1} \end{array} (*_{B.1.1})$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} D_1 & D_2 & \dots & D_m & B_1 & B_2 & \dots B_n \end{array}$$

where A_1 fits into B_1 with type of containment g_{11} , A_2 fits into B_2 with type of containment g_{21} , ..., A_n fits into B_n with type of containment g_{n1} , D_1 is forced out of C_1 with type of expelling g_{12} , D_2 is forced out of C_2 with type of expelling g_{22} , ..., D_m is forced out of C_m with type of expelling g_{m2} simultaneously. $A_1, B_1, A_2, B_2, \dots, A_n, B_n, D_1, C_1, D_2, C_2, \dots, D_m, C_m$ may be by fuzzy sets. The result of this process will be described by the expression

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} C_1 & C_2 & \dots & C_m & A_1 & A_2 & \dots A_n \\ g_{12} & g_{22} & \dots & g_{m2} & \text{PrSCprt} & g_{11} & g_{21} \dots g_{n1} \end{array} (*_{B.1.2}).$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} D_1 & D_2 & \dots & D_m & B_1 & B_2 & \dots B_n \end{array}$$

If $A_1, B_1, A_2, B_2, \dots, A_n, B_n, D_1, C_1, D_2, C_2, \dots, D_m, C_m$ are taken as fuzzy sets, then we will call $(*_{B.1.1})$ a parallel dynamic fuzzy set. The need $(*_{B.1.1})$ arose to describe processes in networks. Threshold element PrSCprt -

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} B_1 & B_2 & \dots & B_n & \{ax\}_1 & \{ax\}_2 & \dots \{ax\}_n \\ g_{12} & g_{22} & \dots & g_{n2} & \text{PrSCprt} & g_{11} & g_{21} \dots g_{n1} \end{array}, B_1, B_2, \dots, B_n - \text{artificial}$$

$$\{qy\}_1 \{qy\}_2 \dots \{qy\}_n \quad B_1 \quad B_2 \quad \dots B_n$$

neurons of type PrSCprt (designation - $mn\text{PrSCprt}$) , $\tilde{x}=(x_1|\mu_{\tilde{x}}(x_1), x_2|\mu_{\tilde{x}}(x_2)|, \dots, x_n|\mu_{\tilde{x}}(x_n)|)$ are the fuzzy values of the initial signals, $a=(a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n)$ are the weights of PrSCprt-synapses and $\tilde{y}=(y_1|\mu_{\tilde{y}}(y_1), y_2|\mu_{\tilde{y}}(y_2)|, \dots, y_n|\mu_{\tilde{y}}(y_n)|)$ are the fuzzy values of the output signals $\{qy\}$ with weights $q=(q_1, q_2, \dots, q_n)$. It can be considered a simpler version of the Parallel dynamic set

$$\begin{array}{cccc} A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \\ \text{PrSCprt} g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \end{array} (**_{B.1.1}),$$

$$\begin{array}{cccc} B_1 & B_2 & \dots & B_n \end{array}$$

where A_1 fits into B_1 with type of containment g_{11} , A_2 fits into B_2 with type of containment g_{21} , ..., A_n fits into B_n with type of containment g_{n1} , simultaneously, the result of this process will be described by the expression

$$\begin{array}{cccc} A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \\ \text{PrSCrt} g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \end{array} (**_{B.1.2})$$

$$\begin{array}{cccc} B_1 & B_2 & \dots & B_n \end{array}$$

or

$$\begin{array}{cccc} C_1 & C_2 & \dots & C_m \\ g_{12} & g_{22} & \dots & g_{m2} \end{array} \text{PrSCprt} (**_{B.1.1}),$$

$$\begin{array}{cccc} D_1 & D_2 & \dots & D_m \end{array}$$

where D_1 is forced out of C_1 with type of expelling g_{12} , D_2 is forced out of C_2 with type of expelling g_{22} , ..., D_m is forced out of C_m with type of expelling g_{m2} simultaneously, the result of this process will be described by the expression

$$\begin{array}{cccc} C_1 & C_2 & \dots & C_m \\ g_{12} & g_{22} & \dots & g_{m2} \end{array} \text{PrSCrt} (**_{B.1.2})$$

$$\begin{array}{cccc} D_1 & D_2 & \dots & D_m \end{array}$$

We consider the measure:

$$\left(\begin{array}{cccc} C_1 & C_2 & \dots & C_m \\ g_{12} & g_{22} & \dots & g_{m2} \end{array} \text{PrSCprt} g_{11} \quad \begin{array}{cccc} A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \\ g_{21} & g_{31} & \dots & g_{n1} \end{array} \right) (**_{B.1.1})$$

$$\begin{array}{cccc} C_1 & C_2 & \dots & C_m \\ g_{12} & g_{22} & \dots & g_{m2} \end{array} \text{PrSCprt} g_{11} \quad \begin{array}{cccc} A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \\ g_{21} & g_{31} & \dots & g_{n1} \end{array} = \frac{\mu(A_1) * \mu(A_2) * \dots * \mu(A_n) * \mu_{11} * \mu_{21} * \dots * \mu_{n1}}{\mu(D_1) * \mu(D_2) * \dots * \mu(D_m) * \mu_{12} * \mu_{22} * \dots * \mu_{m2}}, \text{ where}$$

$$\begin{array}{cccc} D_1 & D_2 & \dots & D_m \\ C_1 & C_2 & \dots & C_m \end{array}$$

$m(A_i), m(D_j)$ —usual measures of sets A_i, D_j , $\mu_{ij} = \mu(g_{ij})$ —measures of containments with type g_{ij} , ($i = 1, 2, \dots, n; j = 1, 2, \dots, m$).

Remark. One can consider some generalization for $(**_{B.1.1})$, $(**_{B.1.2})$:

$$\begin{array}{cccc} q_1(C_1) & q_2(C_2) & \dots & q_m(C_m) \\ g_{12} & g_{22} & \dots & g_{m2} \end{array} \text{PrSCprt} \quad \begin{array}{cccc} A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \\ g_{21} & g_{31} & \dots & g_{n1} \end{array},$$

$$\begin{array}{cccc} D_1 & D_2 & \dots & D_m \\ w_1(B_1) & w_2(B_2) & \dots & w_n(B_n) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{cccc} q_1(C_1) & q_2(C_2) & \dots & q_m(C_m) \\ g_{12} & g_{22} & \dots & g_{m2} \end{array} \text{PrSCrt} \quad \begin{array}{cccc} A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \\ g_{21} & g_{31} & \dots & g_{n1} \end{array}, \text{ where } A_1 \text{ fits into } B_1$$

$$\begin{array}{cccc} D_1 & D_2 & \dots & D_m \\ w_1(B_1) & w_2(B_2) & \dots & w_n(B_n) \end{array}$$

through w_1 with type of containment g_{11} , A_2 fits into B_2 through w_2 with type of containment g_{21} , ..., A_n fits into B_n through w_n with type of containment g_{n1} , D_1

is forced out of C_1 through q_1 with type of expelling μ_{12} , D_2 is forced out of C_2 through q_2 with type of expelling g_{22} , ..., D_m is forced out of C_m through q_m with type of expelling g_{m2} , simultaneously. A_i, B_i, D_j, C_j ($i = 1, 2, \dots, n; j = 1, 2, \dots, m$) can be taken as fuzzy sets.

Similarly, for $(**_{B.1.1})$: PrSCprt $\begin{matrix} A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ w_1(B_1) & w_2(B_2) & \dots & w_n(B_n) \end{matrix}$, for $(***_{B.1.1})$:

$\begin{matrix} q_1(C_1)q_2(C_2) & \dots & q_m(C_m) \\ g_{12} & g_{22} & \dots & g_{m2} \\ D_1 & D_2 & \dots & D_m \end{matrix}$ PrSCprt . The result of this process will be described by the expression $\begin{matrix} q_1(C_1)q_2(C_2) & \dots & q_m(C_m) \\ g_{12} & g_{22} & \dots & g_{m2} \\ D_1 & D_2 & \dots & D_m \end{matrix}$ PrSCrt .

We construct new mathematical objects constructively without formalism. By its contradiction, formalism may destroy this thry by Gödel's theorem on the incompleteness of any formal theory. But in the next monograph, we will give the formalism of the theory it's due: the proof of axioms and theorems.

PrSCprt – elements, self-type PrSCprt - structures.

Definition B.1.1.1. The set of elements $\tilde{w}=(w_1|\mu_{\tilde{w}}(w_1), w_2|\mu_{\tilde{w}}(w_2), \dots, w_n|\mu_{\tilde{w}}(w_n))$ at one point $x = (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$ of space X we shall call PrSCprt – element, and such a point x in space X is called parallel fcapacity of the PrSCprt – element. We

shall denote PrSCprt $\begin{matrix} w_1 & w_2 & \dots & w_n \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix}$.

Definition B.1.1.2. PrSCprt $\begin{matrix} w_1 & w_2 & \dots & w_n \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix}$ - a parallel dynamic fuzzy set $\tilde{w}$ at x .

Definition B.1.1.3. An ordered set of elements at one point in the space is called an ordered PrSCprt –element.

It's possible to PrSCprt $\begin{matrix} w_1 & w_2 & \dots & w_n \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix}$ correspond to the set $\tilde{w}$, and the ordered

PrSCprt - element - a vector, a matrix, a tensor, a directed segment in the case when the totality of elements is understood as a set of elements in a segment.

It's allowed to sum PrSCprt – elements:

$$\begin{matrix} w_1 & w_2 & \dots & w_n \\ \text{PrSCprt} & g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix} +$$

$$\begin{matrix} b_1 & b_2 & \dots & b_n \\ \text{PrSCprt} & g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix} = \text{PrSCprt} \begin{matrix} w_1 \cup b_1 & w_2 \cup b_2 & \dots & w_n \cup b_n \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix}.$$

It's allowed to multiply PrSCprt – elements:

$$\begin{matrix} w_1 & w_2 & \dots & w_n \\ \text{PrSCprt} & g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix} *$$

$$\begin{matrix} b_1 & b_2 & \dots & b_n \\ \text{PrSCprt} & g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix} = \text{PrSCprt} \begin{matrix} w_1 \cap b_1 & w_2 \cap b_2 & \dots & w_n \cap b_n \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix}.$$

The operator PrSCprt $\begin{matrix} w_1 \cup b_1 & w_2 \cup b_2 & \dots & w_n \cup b_n \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix}$ is not equal the set of $w_i \cup b_i$,

($i = 1, 2, \dots, n$), rather, it is Parallel dynamic — contraction of the set of $w_i \cup b_i$, (i

$= 1, 2, \dots, n$), to the point x . Similarly, for PrSCprt $\begin{matrix} w_1 \cap b_1 & w_2 \cap b_2 & \dots & w_n \cap b_n \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix}$.

This is more suitable for using sets for energy space, for any objects. The operator PrSCprt is adapted for ordinary energies, using their property to overlap.

Parallel capacity in itself.

Definition B.1.1.4. The fcapacity $\begin{matrix} w_1 & w_2 & \dots & w_n \\ \text{PrSCrt} & g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \end{matrix}$ is called the parallel

fcapacity $A = (A_1, A_2, \dots, A_n)$ for $\tilde{w} = (w_1 | \mu_{\tilde{w}}(w_1), w_2 | \mu_{\tilde{w}}(w_2), \dots, w_n | \mu_{\tilde{w}}(w_n))$.

Definition B.1.1.4.1. The parallel fcapacity A in itself of the first type is the parallel fcapacity containing itself as an element. Denote PrS_1CfA . $PrS_1CfA =$

$$\begin{matrix} A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \\ \text{PrSCrt} & g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \end{matrix}.$$

Definition B.1.1.5. The parallel fcapacity A in itself of the second type is the parallel fcapacity that contains elements from which it can be generated. Denote PrS_2CfA .

An example of the parallel fcapacity in itself of the first type is a set containing itself in parallel. An example of parallel fcapacity in itself of the second type is a living organism since it contains a program: DNA and RNA.

Definition B.1.1.6. Partial parallel fcapacity A in itself of the third type is the parallel fcapacity A in itself, which partially contains itself or contains fuzzy elements from which it can be generated in part or both simultaneously. Let us denote PrS_3CfA .

Let us introduce the following notations: $A*B = \text{PrSCprt}_{g_{11}}^{A_1 \ A_2 \ \dots A_n}_{B_1 \ B_2 \ \dots B_n} A^2 = \text{PrCSelf } A = \text{PrSCrt}_A^A, A^3 = \text{PrCSelf}^2 A, \dots, A^{n+1} = \text{PrCSelf}^n A, \dots$. There is no commutativity here: $A*B \neq B*A$. We can consider operator functions: $e^A = 1 + \frac{A}{1!} + \frac{A^2}{2!} + \frac{A^3}{3!} + \dots, (A+B)^n = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} A^k B^{n-k}, (1+A)^n = 1 + \frac{Ax}{1!} + \frac{n(n-1)A^2}{2!} + \dots$, etc.

You can consider a more “hard” option: $A*B = \text{PPrSCprt}_B^g$, where PPrSCprt_B^g – operator, g-containing A in every element of B, $A^2 = \text{PPrCSelf } A = \text{PPrSCprt}_A^g, A^3 = \text{PPrCSelf}^2 A, \dots, A^{n+1} = \text{PPrCSelf}^n A, \dots$. There is no commutativity here: $A*B \neq B*A$. We can consider operator functions: $e^A = 1 + \frac{A}{1!} + \frac{A^2}{2!} + \frac{A^3}{3!} + \dots, (A+B)^n = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} A^k B^{n-k}, (1+A)^n = 1 + \frac{Ax}{1!} + \frac{n(n-1)A^2}{2!} + \dots$, etc.

All parallel capacities in parallel self-space are parallel capacities in themselves by definition. Parallel capacities in themselves can appear as PrSCprt -capacities and ordinary capacities. In these cases, the usual measures and methods of topology are used.

Connection of PrSCprt – elements with parallel capacities in themselves.

For example, $\text{PrSCrt}_{g\{R\}}^{\{R\}}$ is the parallel capacity in itself of the second type if $g\{R\}$ is a parallel program capable of generating $\{R\}$.

Consider a third type of parallel fcapacity in itself. For example, based on

$\text{PrSCprt}_{g_{11}}^{w_1 \ w_2 \ \dots w_n}_{x_1 \ x_2 \ \dots x_n}$, where $\tilde{w} = (w_1 | \mu_{\tilde{w}}(w_1), w_2 | \mu_{\tilde{w}}(w_2), \dots, w_n | \mu_{\tilde{w}}(w_n))$, i.e. n -

elements at one point $x = (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$, we can consider the capacity $PrSC_3f$ in itself with m elements from $\tilde{w}$, $m < n$, which is formed according to the form (1.1), that is, the structure PrS_3Cf contains only m elements, or in forms (1.1.1) - (1.1.5), summarizing it. Capacities in themselves of the third type can be formed for any other structure, not necessarily PrS_3Cf only by necessarily reducing the number of elements in the structure, in particular, using form (1.2). Structures more complex than PrS_3Cf can be introduced. For example, through a form (1.3), where A is compressed (fits) in C in the compression structure B in C (i.e., in the structure $PrSC_3f$); or through the forms (1.3.1) - (1.4) and corresponding generalizations of (1.4) on (1.3.1) - (1.3.4), etc.

(1.3.1) - (1.3.4) schematically interpret the formation of capacity in itself through a pseudo 3-connected form with a 2-connected form. The ideology of $PrSCprt$ and PrS_3Cf can be used for programming.

Remark B.1.1.1. self, in particular, according to a form-analogue of the form of type (1.1): (2.1*).

By analogy the same for the form of type (1.1.1) – (1.4).

Math $PrCSelf$.

Let's consider $PrSCprt$ arithmetic first:

1. Simultaneous parallel addition of sets elements $\tilde{u}_i = (u_{i_1} | \mu_{\tilde{u}_i}(u_{i_1}), u_{i_2} | \mu_{\tilde{u}_i}(u_{i_2}), \dots, u_{i_{m_j}} | \mu_{\tilde{u}_i}(u_{i_{m_j}}))$, $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$, $j = 1, 2, \dots, k$ is carried out using

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} \{u_1\} & + & \{u_2\} & + & \dots & + & \{u_n\} \\ PrSCprt & g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} & & \\ & x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n & & \end{array}$$

2. Similarly, for simultaneous parallel multiplication:

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} \{u_1\} & * & \{u_2\} & * & \dots & * & \{u_n\} \\ PrSCprt & g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} & & \\ & w_1 & w_2 & \dots & w_n & & \end{array}, \text{ the notation of the set } B_l, l = 1, 2, \dots, n, \text{ with}$$

$$\text{elements } b_{li_1 i_2 \dots i_{m_j}} =$$

$$Sprt_{x_l} \left\{ u_{l_{i_1}}^*, u_{l_{i_2}}^*, \dots, u_{l_{i_{m_j}}}^* \right\}_{R_l} \text{ for any } \{l_{i_1}, l_{i_2}, \dots, l_{i_{m_j}}\} \text{ without repetitions, } x_l =$$

$$Sprt_w^{\{K_l\}}, K_l\text{-set of any } \{k_{l_{i_1}}^*, k_{l_{i_2}}^*, \dots, k_{l_{i_{m_j}}}^*\} \text{ without repeating them, } l =$$

$$1, 2, \dots, n, k_{l_{i_j}}\text{-any digit, } i = 1, 2, \dots, m_j, R_l = Sprt_w^{\{l_{i_1} + l_{i_2} + \dots, l_{i_{m_j}}\}}, R_l \text{ is the index}$$

of the lower discharge (we choose an index on the scale of discharges):

Table B.1.1. Index on the scale of discharges

index	discharge
n	n
...	...
1	1
,	0
-1	1st digit to the right of the point
-2	2nd digit to the right of the point
...	...

$$\text{Then } \PrSCprt \begin{matrix} \{B_1\} + & \{B_2\} + & \dots & \{B_n\} + \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix} \text{ gives the final result of simultaneous}$$

multiplication. Any system of calculus can be chosen, in particular binary. The most straightforward functional scheme of the assumed arithmetic-logical device for PrSCprt-multiplication:

Register of entering a set of numbers to multiply.

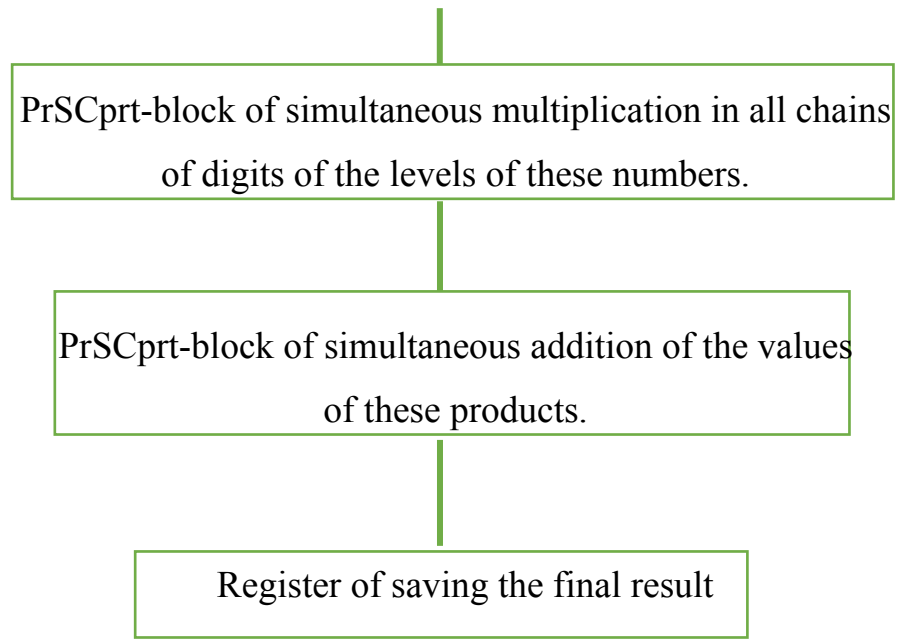


Fig. B.1.1. The straightforward functional scheme of the assumed arithmetic-logical device for PrSCprt-multiplication.

Remark. The algorithm for simultaneously adding a set of numbers can also be implemented as the simultaneous addition of elements of a simultaneously formed composite matrix: a triangular matrix in which the elements of the first row are represented by multiplying the first number from the set by the rest: each multiplication is represented by a matrix of multiplying the digits of 2 numbers, taking into account the bit depth, the elements of the second rows are represented by multiplying the second number from the set by the ones following it, etc.

3. Similarly for simultaneous execution of various operations:

$$\text{PrSCprt} \begin{array}{ccc} \{u_1 Q_1\} & \{u_2 Q_2\} & \dots \{u_n Q_n\} \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1} \\ w_1 & w_2 & \dots w_n \end{array}, \text{ where } \tilde{Q} = (Q_1 | \mu_{\tilde{Q}}(Q_1), Q_2 | \mu_{\tilde{Q}}(Q_2), \dots, Q_n | \mu_{\tilde{Q}}(Q_n)).$$

Q_i -an operation, $i = 1, \dots, n$.

4. Similarly, for the simultaneous execution of various operators:

$$\text{PrSCprt} \begin{array}{ccc} \{F_1 u_1\} & \{F_2 u_2\} & \dots \{F_n u_n\} \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1} \\ w_1 & w_2 & \dots w_n \end{array}, \text{ where } \tilde{F} = (F_1 | \mu_{\tilde{F}}(F_1), F_2 | \mu_{\tilde{F}}(F_2), \dots, F_n | \mu_{\tilde{F}}(F_n)).$$

F_i is an operator, $i = 1, \dots, n$.

5. The arithmetic itself for capacities in themselves will be similar: addition - $PrS_1Cf\{u+\}$, (or $PrS_3Cf\{u+\}$) for the third type), multiplication $PrS_1Cf\{u*\}$, ($PrS_3Cf\{u*\}$).
6. Similarly with different operations: $PrS_1Cf\{uq\}$, ($PrS_3Cf\{uq\}$), and with different operators: $PrS_1Cf\{Fu\}$, ($PrS_3Cf\{Fu\}$).

$$7. \begin{array}{ccc} A_1 & A_2 & \dots A_n \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1} \\ B_1 & B_2 & \dots B_n \end{array} - \text{the result of the containment operator. For}$$

sets $A_i, B_i, (i = 1, 2, \dots, n)$, we have

$$\begin{array}{ccc} A_1 & A_2 & \dots A_n \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1} \\ B_1 & B_2 & \dots B_n \end{array} = \left\{ \sum_{i=1}^n A_i \cup B_i - A_i \cap B_i, \sum_{i=1}^n D_i \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \sum_{i=1}^n D_i \\ \sum_{i=1}^n A_i \cup B_i - A_i \cap B_i \end{array} \right\}, \text{ where } D_i \text{ is self-(set) for } A_i \cap B_i (i = 1, 2, \dots, n).$$

There is the same for structures if they are considered as sets. Similarly, for

$$\begin{array}{ccc} C_1 & C_2 & \dots C_m \\ g_{12} & g_{22} & \dots g_{m2} \\ D_1 & D_2 & \dots D_m \end{array} \text{PrSCrt} =$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} \sum_{i=1}^m Q_i + \begin{array}{c} \{ \} \\ D_1 - D_1 \cap C_1 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \{ \} \\ D_2 - D_2 \cap C_2 \end{array} \quad \dots \quad \begin{array}{c} \{ \} \\ D_m - D_m \cap C_m \end{array} \text{PrSCrt} \\ \sum_{i=1}^m (C_i - D_i \cap C_i) - (D_i - D_i \cap C_i) \end{array} \right\},$$

where Q_i is oself-(set) for $(D_i \cap C_i)$ ($i = 1, 2, \dots, m$) [14].

$$8. \text{PrSCprt-derivative of } f(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) = \begin{array}{c} f_1(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) \\ f_2(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) \\ \dots \\ f_k(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) \end{array} \text{ is}$$

$$\text{PrSCprt} \begin{array}{cccc} \frac{\partial}{\partial x_{1_i}} & \frac{\partial}{\partial x_{2_i}} & \dots & \frac{\partial}{\partial x_{k_i}} \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \end{array}, \text{ where } x = (x_{1_i}, x_{2_i}, \dots, x_{k_i})$$

$f_1(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n), f_2(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n), \dots, f_k(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$ any set from $\tilde{x} = (x_1 | \mu_{\tilde{x}}(x_1), x_2 | \mu_{\tilde{x}}(x_2), \dots, x_n | \mu_{\tilde{x}}(x_n))$. The same is

done for PrSCprt- $\frac{\partial^k f(x)}{\partial x_{1_i} \partial x_{2_i} \dots \partial x_{k_i}}$. PrSCprt-integral off $(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$ is

PrSCprt $\int_{g_{11}} \dots \int_{g_{n1}} f(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) dx_{1_i} dx_{2_i} \dots dx_{k_i}$, where $(x_{1_i}, x_{2_i}, \dots, x_{k_i})$ - any set from $\tilde{x} = (x_1 | \mu_{\tilde{x}}(x_1), x_2 | \mu_{\tilde{x}}(x_2), \dots, x_n | \mu_{\tilde{x}}(x_n))$. The same is done for PrSCprt- $\int \dots \int f(x) dx_{1_i} dx_{2_i} \dots dx_{k_i}$ -k-multiple integral. PrSCprt-lim off $\tilde{x} = (x_1 | \mu_{\tilde{x}}(x_1), x_2 | \mu_{\tilde{x}}(x_2), \dots, x_n | \mu_{\tilde{x}}(x_n))$ is

PrSCprt $\lim_{x_{1_i} \rightarrow a_{1_i}} \dots \lim_{x_{k_i} \rightarrow a_{k_i}} f(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$. The same is

done for PrSCprt- $\lim_{x_{1_i} \rightarrow a_{1_i}} \dots \lim_{x_{k_i} \rightarrow a_{k_i}} f(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$. $PrS_3Cf\{\lim_{x \rightarrow a}\} =$

PrSCprt $\lim_{x_{1_i} \rightarrow a_{1_i}} \lim_{x_{2_i} \rightarrow a_{2_i}} \dots \lim_{x_{k_i} \rightarrow a_{k_i}} f(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$.

9. In the case of PrCSelf-derivatives, inclusions of multiple derivatives are obtained. The same is true for PrCSelf-integrals: we get inclusions of multiple integrals.
10. Let's denote PrCSelf-(PrCSelf-Q) through PrCSelf²-Q, $ffSC(n, Q) = \text{PrCSelf-}(\text{PrCSelf-}(\dots(\text{PrCSelf-Q}))) = \text{PrCSelf}^n\text{-Q}$ for n-multiple PrCSelf.

Operator PrCitself.

Definition B.1.1.7. An operator that transforms $\text{PrSCprt} \begin{matrix} w_1 & w_2 & \dots & w_n \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix}$ into any Pr

$S_iCf\{\tilde{b}\}$, $i = 2, 3$; where $\{\tilde{b}\} \subset \{\tilde{g}\}$ is the operator PrCitself.

Example. The operator contains the set in PrCitself.

Lim-PrCitself.

1. Lim PrSCprt

For example, the double limit: $\lim_{\substack{xa1 \\ ya2}} G(x, y)$ corresponds to

PrSCprt $\begin{matrix} G(x, y) & G(x, y) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} \\ xa1 & ya2 \end{matrix}$.

Similarly, for lim PrSCprt with n variables.

In the case of $\lim\text{-PrCitself}$, for example, for m variables, it suffices to use the form (1.1) of $\lim\text{ PrSCprt}$ for n variables ($n > m$). The same is true for integrals of variables m (for example, the double integral over a rectangular region is through the double limit).

About PrSCprt and PrS_3Cf programming.

The ideology of PrSCprt and PrS_3Cf can be used for programming. Here are some of the PrSCprt programming operators.

1. Simultaneous assignment of the expressions $\tilde{p}=(p_1|\mu_{\tilde{p}}(p_1), p_2|\mu_{\tilde{p}}(p_2), \dots, p_n|\mu_{\tilde{p}}(p_n))$ to the variables $\tilde{x}=(x_1|\mu_{\tilde{x}}(x_1), x_2|\mu_{\tilde{x}}(x_2), \dots, x_n|\mu_{\tilde{x}}(x_n))$. This is

$$\begin{array}{c} x_1 := x_2 := \dots x_n := \\ \text{implemented via PrSCprt} \begin{array}{ccc} g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1} \\ p_1 & p_2 & \dots p_n \end{array} \end{array}$$

2. Simultaneous checking the set of conditions $\tilde{w}=(w_1|\mu_{\tilde{w}}(w_1), w_2|\mu_{\tilde{w}}(w_2), \dots, w_n|\mu_{\tilde{w}}(w_n))$ for the set of expressions $\tilde{B}=(B_1|\mu_{\tilde{B}}(B_1), B_2|\mu_{\tilde{B}}(B_2), \dots, B_n|\mu_{\tilde{B}}(B_n))$. Implemented via

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{PrSCprt} \begin{array}{cccc} IF\{B_1 w_1\} \text{ then} & IF\{B_2 w_2\} \text{ then} & \dots IF\{B_n w_n\} \text{ then} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ u_1 & u_2 & \dots & u_n \end{array}, \text{ where } u_i \text{ (i =} \end{array}$$

1, ..., n) can be anything.

3. Similarly for loop operators and others.

PrS_3Cf – software operators will differ only in that the aggregates

$\{\tilde{w}\}, \{\tilde{p}\}, \{\tilde{B}\}, \{\tilde{x}\}$ will be formed from the corresponding PrSCprt program operators in form (1.1) and for more complex operators in the forms (1.1.1) –(1.4), (2.1*) and analogs of forms (1.1.1) - (1.4) by type (2.1*).

The OS (operating system), the computer's principles, and the modes of operation for this programming are interesting. But this is already the material for the following articles.

Using elements of the mathematics of PrSCrt we introduce the concept of

PrSCrt – the change in physical quantity B : $\text{PrSCprt} \begin{array}{ccc} \Delta_1 B & \Delta_2 B & \dots \Delta_n B \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots x_n \end{array}$. Then the

mean PrSCrt - velocity will be $v_{\text{cpPrSCrt}}(t, \Delta t) = \text{PrSCprt} \begin{matrix} \frac{\Delta_1 B}{\Delta t} & \frac{\Delta_2 B}{\Delta t} & \dots & \frac{\Delta_n B}{\Delta t} \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix}$ and PrSCrt-

velocity at time t: $v_{\text{Prffsrt}} = \lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} v_{\text{cpPrffst}}(t, \Delta t)$. PrSCrt – acceleration $a_{\text{Prffsrt}} = \frac{dv_{\text{Prffsrt}}}{dt}$. The nuclei of atoms can be considered as PrSCprt elements.

Remark B.1.1.2. PrSCprt – elements are all ordinary, but with "target weights," they become peculiar. Here you need the necessary energy to carry them out. As a rule, this energy is at the level of PrCSelf. This is natural since it's much easier to manage elements of the k level via the elements of a more structured k +1 level. Let us consider the concepts of capacities of physical objects in themselves. The question arises about the fself-energy of the object. In particular, PrSCrt_B^B will

mean PrS₁CfB. For example, $\text{PrSprt}_{\text{DNA}}^g$ allows you to reach the level of DNA

self-energy, PrSCprt_Q^g allows you to reach the level of self-energy Q. The law of self-energy conservation operates already at the level of self-energy. Also, in addition to capacities in themselves, you can consider the types of containment of oneself in oneself: the first type of the containment of oneself in oneself: the second type of the containment of oneself in oneself: potentially, for example, in the form of programming oneself, the third type is partial containment of oneself in themselves—for example, PrCSelf-operator, PrCSelf-action, whirlwind. A container containing itself can be formed by self-containment, i.e., containment in oneself. Let us clarify the concept of the term capacity in itself: it is a capacity containing itself potentially. Consider PrCSelf-Q, where Q can be anything, including Q=PrCSelf; in particular, it can be any action. Therefore, PrCSelf-Q is when Q is made by PrCitself; it makes itself. There is a partial PrCSelf-Q for any Q with partial PrCSelf-fulfillment. Let's consider several examples for capacities in themselves: ordinary lightning, electric arc discharge, and ball lightning.

PrSCprt is also great for working with structures, for example:

1) PrSCprt $\begin{matrix} fstrA_1 & fstrA_2 & \dots & fstrA_n \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ B_1 & B_2 & \dots & B_n \end{matrix}$ - the structure A_i that fits into B_i with type of

containment μ_{i1} , where B_i ($i = 1, \dots, n$) can be any capacity, another structure etc.

2) PrSCprt $\begin{matrix} fstr_{Q_1} & fstr_{Q_2} & \dots & fstr_{Q_n} \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ B_1 & B_2 & \dots & B_n \end{matrix}$ is embedding structure from Q_i into B_i .

Similarly for displacement: 1) $\begin{matrix} C_1 & C_2 & \dots & C_m \\ g_{12} & g_{22} & \dots & g_{m2} \\ fstrD_1 & fstrD_2 & \dots & fstrD_m \end{matrix}$ PrSCrt - displacement of

structure $fstrD_j$ from C_j with type of containment g_{j1} , ($j = 1, \dots, m$), 2)

$\begin{matrix} C_1 & C_2 & \dots & C_m \\ g_{12} & g_{22} & \dots & g_{m2} \\ fstr_{Q_1} & fstr_{Q_2} & \dots & fstr_{Q_m} \end{matrix}$ PrSCprt -displacement of the structure Q_i from C_i , ($i =$

$1, \dots, m$). To work with structures, you can introduce a special operator PrCCprt:

PrCCprt $\begin{matrix} A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ B_1 & B_2 & \dots & B_n \end{matrix}$ structures B_i with the structure A_i , ($i = 1, \dots, n$),

PrCCprt $\begin{matrix} fstr_{Q_1} & fstr_{Q_2} & \dots & fstr_{Q_n} \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ B_1 & B_2 & \dots & B_n \end{matrix}$ structures B_i with the structure from Q_i , ($i =$

$1, \dots, n$), $\begin{matrix} C_1 & C_2 & \dots & C_m \\ g_{12} & g_{22} & \dots & g_{m2} \\ D_1 & D_2 & \dots & D_m \end{matrix}$ PrCCprt destructors C_i by the structure of D_i ,

$\begin{matrix} C_1 & C_2 & \dots & C_m \\ g_{12} & g_{22} & \dots & g_{m2} \\ fstr_{Q_1} & fstr_{Q_2} & \dots & fstr_{Q_m} \end{matrix}$ PrCCprt destructors C_i from the structure that structures

Q_i , ($i = 1, \dots, m$).

Definition B.1.1.8. A structure with a second degree of freedom will be called complete, i.e., "capable" of reversing itself concerning any of its elements explicitly, but not necessarily in known operators; it can form (create) new special operators (in particular, special functions).

In particular, $\begin{matrix} A_1 & A_2 & \dots A_n \\ \text{PrCCprt} & g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1} \end{matrix}, \begin{matrix} A_1 & A_2 & \dots A_n \\ \text{PrCCrt} & g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1} \end{matrix}$ are such structures.

Similarly, for working with models, each is structured by its structure; for example, use PrSCprt-groups, PrSCprt-rings, PrSCprt-fields, PrSCprt-spaces, PrCself-groups, PrCself-rings, PrCself-fields, and PrCself-spaces. Like any task, this is also a structure of the appropriate capacity .

PrCself-H (PrCself-hydrogen), like other PrCself-particles, does not exist in the ordinary, but all PrCself-molecules, PrCself-atoms, and PrCself-particles are elements of the energy space.

Remark B.1.1.3. The concept of elements of physics PrSCprt is introduced for energy space. The ideology of PrSCprt elements allows us to go to the border of the world familiar to us, which allows us to act more effectively.

Dynamic PrSCprt – elements.

We considered stationary PrSCprt – elements earlier. Here we consider dynamic PrSCprt – elements.

Definition B.1.2.1. The process of fitting a set of elements $\tilde{w}(t)=(w_1(t)|\mu_{\tilde{w}(t)}(w_1(t)), w_2(t)|\mu_{\tilde{w}(t)}(w_2(t)), \dots, w_n(t)|\mu_{\tilde{w}(t)}(w_n(t)))$ into one point $x=(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$ of the space X at time t will be called a dynamic PrSCprt – element. We will denote

$$\text{PrSCprt}(t) \begin{matrix} w_1(t) & w_2(t) & \dots w_n(t) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots x_n \end{matrix} .$$

Definition B.1.2.2. fitting an ordered set of elements into one point in space is called a dynamic ordered PrSCprt–element.

It is allowed to sum dynamic PrSCprt – elements:

$$\begin{matrix} w_1(t) & w_2(t) & \dots w_n(t) \\ \text{PrSCprt}(t) & g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots x_n \end{matrix} + \begin{matrix} b_1(t) & b_2(t) & \dots b_n(t) \\ \text{PrSCprt}(t) & g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots x_n \end{matrix} = \text{PrSCprt} \\ (t) \begin{matrix} w_1(t) \cup b_1(t) & w_2(t) \cup b_n(t) & \dots w_n(t) \cup b_n(t) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots x_n \end{matrix} .$$

It's allowed to multiply PrSCprt – elements: $\text{PrSCprt}(t) \begin{matrix} w_1(t) & w_2(t) & \dots & w_n(t) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix} *$

$$\text{PrSCprt}(t) \begin{matrix} b_1(t) & b_2(t) & \dots & b_n(t) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix} = \text{PrSCprt}$$

$$(t) \begin{matrix} w_1(t) \cap b_1(t) & w_2(t) \cap b_n(t) & \dots & w_n(t) \cap b_n(t) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix}$$

Parallel dynamic containment of oneself.

Definition B.1.2.3. Parallel dynamic Sprt- capacity

$$\text{PrSCprt}(t) \begin{matrix} R_1(t) & R_2(t) & \dots & R_n(t) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ Q_1(t) & Q_2(t) & \dots & Q_n(t) \end{matrix} \text{ is the process of embedding } R_i(t) \text{ into}$$

$Q_i(t)$, ($i = 1, \dots, n$), simultaneously.

Definition B.1.2.4. Parallel dynamic fcapacity $\tilde{Q}(t) = (Q_1(t) | \mu_{\tilde{Q}(t)}(Q_1(t)), Q_2(t) |$

$\mu_{\tilde{Q}(t)}(Q_2(t)), \dots, Q_n(t) | \mu_{\tilde{Q}(t)}(Q_n(t)))$ containing itself as an element of the first type is the process of parallel containing $\tilde{Q}(t)$ in $\tilde{Q}(t)$

$$\text{PrSCprt}(t) \begin{matrix} Q_1(t) & Q_2(t) & \dots & Q_n(t) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ Q_1(t) & Q_2(t) & \dots & Q_n(t) \end{matrix} . \text{ Denote } \text{PrS}_1\text{Cf}(t)\tilde{Q}(t).$$

Definition B.1.2.5. Parallel dynamic capacity $C(t)$ in itself of the second type is the process of parallel containing elements from which it can be parallel generated. Let's denote $\text{PrS}_2\text{Cf}(t)C(t)$.

Definition B.1.2.6. Parallel dynamic partial capacity $B(t)$ in itself of the third type is a process of partial parallel containment of $B(t)$ in itself or parallel embedding elements from which it can be parallel generated partially or both at the same time. Denote $\text{PrS}_3\text{Cf}(t)B(t)$.

All parallel dynamic capacities in a parallel dynamic self-space are, by definition, parallel dynamic capacities in themselves. Parallel dynamic capacity itself can

manifest itself as parallel dynamic SCprt- capacity and ordinary parallel dynamic capacity . In these cases, the usual measures and methods of topology are used.

Connection of dynamic PrSCprt – elements with parallel dynamic containment of oneself.

Consider third type of parallel dynamic partial containment of oneself. For

example, based on PrSCprt (t)
$$\begin{array}{cccc} Q_1(t) & Q_2(t) & \dots & Q_n(t) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{array}$$
, where $\widetilde{Q}(t)=(Q_1(t)|\mu_{\widetilde{Q}(t)}(Q_1(t)), Q_2(t)|\mu_{\widetilde{Q}(t)}(Q_2(t)), \dots, Q_n(t)|\mu_{\widetilde{Q}(t)}(Q_n(t)))$, i.e. n – elements at one point $x = (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$, we can consider the parallel dynamic capacity in itself $PrS_3Cf(t)$

with m elements from $\widetilde{Q}(t)$, $m < n$, which is process formed according to the form (1.1), that is, only m elements from $\widetilde{Q}(t)$ are in the structure

$$\text{PrSCprt}(t) \begin{array}{cccc} Q_1(t) & Q_2(t) & \dots & Q_n(t) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{array} .$$

Parallel dynamic containment of oneself of the third type can be formed for any other structure, not necessarily PrSCprt, only through the obligatory reduction in the number of elements in the structure. In particular, using the forms (1.1.1) - (1.4), (2.1*) and analogs of forms (1.1.1) - (1.4) by type (2.1*).

It is possible to introduce structures more complex than $PrS_3Cf(t)$.

Parallel dynamic math itself.

1. The process of simultaneous parallel addition of sets elements $\{u_i(t)\} =$

$$\left(u_{i_1}(t)|\mu_{\widetilde{u}(t)}(u_{i_1}(t)), u_{i_2}(t)|\mu_{\widetilde{u}(t)}(u_{i_2}(t)), \dots, u_{i_{m_j}}(t)|\mu_{\widetilde{u}(t)}(u_{i_{m_j}}(t)) \right), i = 1, 2, \dots, n, j$$

$$\begin{array}{cccc} \{u_1(t)\} + & \{u_2(t)\} + & \dots & \{u_n(t)\} + \\ =1,2,\dots,k \text{ are realized by PrSCprt}(t) & g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ & x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{array} .$$

2. By analogy, for simultaneous multiplication:

$$\text{PrSCprt}(t) \begin{array}{cccc} \{u_1(t)\} * & \{u_2(t)\} * & \dots & \{u_n(t)\} * \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{array} .$$

2. Similarly for simultaneous execution of various operations:

$$\text{PrSCprt}(t) \begin{array}{cccc} w_1(t)Q_1(t) & w_2(t)Q_2(t) & \dots & w_n(t)Q_n(t) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{array}, \text{ where } \widetilde{Q}(t)=(Q_1(t)|\mu_{\widetilde{Q}(t)}(Q_1(t)), Q_2(t)|\mu_{\widetilde{Q}(t)}(Q_2(t)), \dots, Q_n(t)|\mu_{\widetilde{Q}(t)}(Q_n(t))), Q_i(t)\text{-an operation, } i = 1, \dots, n, \widetilde{w}(t)=(w_1(t)|\mu_{\widetilde{w}(t)}(w_1(t)), w_2(t)|\mu_{\widetilde{w}(t)}(w_2(t)), \dots, w_n(t)|\mu_{\widetilde{w}(t)}(w_n(t))).$$

3. Similarly, for the simultaneous execution of various operators:

$$\text{PrSCprt}(t) \begin{array}{cccc} F_1(t)w_1(t) & F_2(t)w_2(t) & \dots & F_n(t)w_n(t) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{array}, \text{ where } \widetilde{F}(t)=(F_1(t)|\mu_{\widetilde{F}(t)}(F_1(t)), F_2(t)|\mu_{\widetilde{F}(t)}(F_2(t)), \dots, F_n(t)|\mu_{\widetilde{F}(t)}(F_n(t))), F_i(t) \text{ is an operator, } i = 1, \dots, n.$$

4. Parallel dynamic arithmetic itself for containments of oneself will be similar: Parallel dynamic addition - $\text{PrS}_1Cf(t)\{\widetilde{w}(t) +\}$, (or

$\text{PrS}_3Cf(t)\{\widetilde{w}(t) +\}$ for the third type), Parallel dynamic multiplication $\text{PrS}_1Cf(t)\{\widetilde{w}(t) *\}$, $(\text{PrS}_3Cf(t)\{\widetilde{w}(t) *\})$.

5. Similarly with different operations: $\text{PrS}_1Cf(t)\{\widetilde{w}(t) \widetilde{Q}(t)\}$, (

$\text{PrS}_3Cf(t)\{\widetilde{w}(t) \widetilde{Q}(t)\}$) and with different operators:

$\text{PrS}_1Cf(t)\{\widetilde{F}(t)\widetilde{w}(t)\}$, $(\text{PrS}_3Cf(t)\{\widetilde{F}(t)\widetilde{w}(t)\})$.

$$\begin{array}{cccc} A_1(t) & A_2(t) & \dots & A_n(t) \\ 6. \text{PrSCprt}(t) & g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \text{ gives the result} \\ B_1(t) & B_2(t) & \dots & B_n(t) \\ A_1(t) & A_2(t) & \dots & A_n(t) \\ \text{PrSCrt}(t) & g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} = \\ B_1(t) & B_2(t) & \dots & B_n(t) \end{array}$$

$\{\sum_{i=1}^n A_i(t) \cup B_i(t) - A_i(t) \cap B_i(t), \sum_{i=1}^n D_i(t)\}$, for sets $A_i(t), B_i(t)$,

where $D_i(t)$ is self-set for $A_i(t) \cap B_i(t)$, $(i = 1, 2, \dots, n)$. The same is true for structures if they are treated as sets,

$$7. \begin{array}{ccc} C_1(t) & C_2(t) & \dots C_m(t) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1} \end{array} \text{PrSCrt}(t) = \begin{array}{ccc} D_1(t) & D_2(t) & \dots D_m(t) \end{array} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \sum_{i=1}^m Q_i(t) + D_1(t) - D_1(t) \cap C_1(t) \quad D_2(t) - D_2(t) \cap C_2(t) \quad \dots \quad D_m(t) - D_m(t) \cap C_m(t) \\ \sum_{i=1}^m (C_i(t) - D_i(t) \cap C_i(t)) - (D_i(t) - D_i(t) \cap C_i(t)) \end{array} \right\} \text{PrfSrt}$$

for sets $C_i(t), D_i(t)$, where $Q_i(t)$ is self-set for $(D_i(t) \cap C_i(t)) (i = 1, 2, \dots, m)$ [14].

8. Similarly, for dynamic PrSCprt-derivatives, dynamic PrSCprt-integrals, dynamic PrSCprt-lim, parallel dynamic self-derivatives, parallel dynamic self-integrals
9. Denote parallel dynamic self-(parallel dynamic self-Q(t)) through parallel dynamic self²-Q(t) , pCS(t)(n,Q(t))= parallel dynamic self-(parallel dynamic self-(...((parallel dynamic self)-Q(t)))) = (parallel dynamic selfⁿ)-Q(t) for n-multiple parallel dynamic self.

Remark B.1.2.1. Then the notation

$$\begin{array}{ccc} C_1(t) & C_2(t) & \dots C_m(t) \\ g_{12} & g_{22} & \dots g_{m2} \end{array} \text{PrSCprt}(t) \begin{array}{ccc} A_1(t) & A_2(t) & \dots A_n(t) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1} \end{array} \begin{array}{ccc} D_1(t) & D_2(t) & \dots D_m(t) \\ B_1(t) & B_2(t) & \dots B_n(t) \end{array}$$

where $A_1(t)$ fits into $B_1(t)$ with type of containment g_{11} , $A_2(t)$ fits into $B_2(t)$ with type of containment g_{21} , ..., $A_n(t)$ fits into $B_n(t)$ with type of containment g_{n1} , $D_1(t)$ is forced out of $C_1(t)$ with type of expelling g_{12} , $D_2(t)$ is forced out of $C_2(t)$ with type of expelling g_{22} , ..., $D_m(t)$ is forced out of $C_m(t)$ with type of expelling g_{m2} simultaneously. It is dynamic PrSCprt-containment of $A_i(t)$ in $B_i(t)$ and dynamic PrSCprt-displacement of $D_j(t)$ from $C_j(t)$ simultaneously, ($i = 1, 2, \dots, n$, $j = 1, 2, \dots, m$). The result of this process will be described by the expression

$$\begin{array}{ccc} C_1(t) & C_2(t) & \dots C_m(t) \\ g_{12} & g_{22} & \dots g_{m2} \end{array} \text{PrSCprt}(t) \begin{array}{ccc} A_1(t) & A_2(t) & \dots A_n(t) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1} \end{array} \begin{array}{ccc} D_1(t) & D_2(t) & \dots D_m(t) \\ B_1(t) & B_2(t) & \dots B_n(t) \end{array} .$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} B_1(t) & B_2(t) & \dots B_n(t) \\ \text{PrSCrt}(t) & g_{11} & g_{21} \dots g_{n1} \end{array}$$
 will mean $\text{PrS}_1\text{Cf}(t)B(t)$.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} B_1(t) & B_2(t) & \dots B_n(t) \\ C_1(t) & C_2(t) & \dots C_m(t) \\ g_{12} & g_{22} & \dots g_{m2} \end{array}$$
 $\text{PrSCprt}(t)$ denotes the parallel dynamic expelling $\tilde{C}(t)$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} C_1(t) & C_2(t) & \dots C_m(t) \\ g_{12} & g_{22} & \dots g_{m2} \end{array}$$

$$=(C_1(t)|\mu_{\tilde{C}(t)}(C_1(t)), C_2(t)|\mu_{\tilde{C}(t)}(C_2(t)), \dots, C_n(t)|\mu_{\tilde{C}(t)}(C_n(t)))$$
 oneself out of oneself,

$$\begin{array}{ccc} A_1(t) & A_2(t) & \dots A_n(t) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1} \end{array}$$
 $\text{PrSCprt}(t)$ $\begin{array}{ccc} A_1(t) & A_2(t) & \dots A_n(t) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1} \end{array}$ —simultaneous parallel

$$\begin{array}{ccc} A_1(t) & A_2(t) & \dots A_n(t) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1} \end{array}$$

dynamic containment $\tilde{A}(t)=(A_1(t)|\mu_{\tilde{A}(t)}(A_1(t)), A_2(t)|\mu_{\tilde{A}(t)}(A_2(t)), \dots, A_n(t)|\mu_{\tilde{A}(t)}(A_n(t)))$ of oneself in oneself and parallel dynamic expelling $\tilde{A}(t)$ oneself out of oneself.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} A_1(t) & A_2(t) & \dots A_n(t) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1} \end{array}$$
 $\text{PrSCprt}(t)$ will be called parallel dynamic anti-

$$\begin{array}{ccc} B_1(t) & B_2(t) & \dots B_n(t) \end{array}$$

fcapacity from oneself. For example, “white hole” in physics is such simple anti-fcapacity.

We may consider the following axiom: any fcapacity is the fcapacity of oneself. This is for each energy fcapacity .

About dynamic PrSCprt and $\text{PrS}_3\text{Cf}(t)$ programminF.

The ideology of dynamic PrSCprt and $\text{PrS}_3\text{Cf}(t)$ can be used for programming:

1. The process of simultaneous assignment of the expressions $p(t)=(p_1(t)|\mu_{p(t)}(p_1(t)), p_2(t)|\mu_{p(t)}(p_2(t)), \dots, p_n(t)|\mu_{p(t)}(p_n(t)))$ to the variables $x(t)=(x_1(t)|\mu_{x(t)}(x_1(t)), x_2(t)|\mu_{x(t)}(x_2(t)), \dots, x_n(t)|\mu_{x(t)}(x_n(t)))$ is implemented through

$$\begin{array}{ccc} x_1(t) := & x_2(t) := & \dots x_n(t) := \\ \text{PrSCprt}(t) & g_{11} & g_{21} \dots g_{n1} \\ p_1(t) & p_2(t) & \dots p_n(t) \end{array}$$

2. The process of simultaneous check the set of conditions $\tilde{A}(t)=(A_1(t)|\mu_{\tilde{A}(t)}(A_1(t)), A_2(t)|\mu_{\tilde{A}(t)}(A_2(t)), \dots, A_n(t)|\mu_{\tilde{A}(t)}(A_n(t)))$ for a set of expressions $\tilde{B}(t)=(B_1(t)|\mu_{\tilde{B}(t)}(B_1(t)), B_2(t)|\mu_{\tilde{B}(t)}(B_2(t)), \dots, B_n(t)|\mu_{\tilde{B}(t)}(B_n(t)))$ is implemented through

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} & IF\{B_1(t)A_1(t)\} \text{ then} & IF\{B_2(t)A_2(t)\} \text{ then} & \dots & IF\{B_n(t)A_n(t)\} \text{ then} & & \\ \text{PrSCprt}(t) & g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} & & \\ & w_1(t) & w_2(t) & \dots & w_n(t) & & \end{array}$$

here $w(t) = (w_1(t), w_2(t), \dots, w_n(t))$. can be any.

3. Similarly for loop operators and others.

$PrS_3Cf(t)$ – software operators will differ only in that the aggregates

$\{\tilde{A}(t)\}, \{\tilde{p}(t)\}, \{\tilde{B}(t)\}, \{\tilde{x}(t)\}$ will be formed from corresponding processes

$\text{PrSCprt}(t)$ for the above-mentioned programming operators through form (1.1) or forms (1.1.1) - (1.4), (2.1*) and analogs of forms (1.1.1) – (1.4) by type (2.1*) for more complex operators.

Remark B.1.2.2. It is the parallel containment of oneself in oneself that can “give birth” to the parallel capacities in itself – that is what parallel self-organization is.

Remark B.1.2.3.

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} & B_1(t) & B_2(t) & \dots B_n(t) & & B_1(t) & B_2(t) & \dots B_n(t) & & B_1(t) & B_2(t) & \dots B_n(t) \\ \text{PrSCprt}(t) & g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1} & & \text{PrSCprt}(t) & g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1} & \dots & \text{PrSCprt}(t) & g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1} \\ & B_1(t) & B_2(t) & \dots B_n(t) & & & B_1(t) & B_2(t) & \dots B_n(t) & & & B_1(t) & B_2(t) & \dots B_n(t) \\ \text{PrSCprt}(t) & \mu_{11} & & & & & \mu_{21} & & & \dots & & \mu_{n1} & & & \text{can} \\ & B_1(t) & B_2(t) & \dots B_n(t) & & & B_1(t) & B_2(t) & \dots B_n(t) & & & B_1(t) & B_2(t) & \dots B_n(t) \\ \text{PrSCprt}(t) & g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1} & & & \text{PrSCprt}(t) & g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1} & & \dots & \text{PrSCprt}(t) & g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1} \\ & B_1(t) & B_2(t) & \dots B_n(t) & & & & B_1(t) & B_2(t) & \dots B_n(t) & & & & B_1(t) & B_2(t) & \dots B_n(t) \end{array}$$

increase parallel self- level of $\tilde{B}(t) = (B_1(t) | \mu_{\tilde{B}(t)}(B_1(t)), B_2(t) | \mu_{\tilde{B}(t)}(B_2(t)), \dots, B_n(t) | \mu_{\tilde{B}(t)}(B_n(t)))$.

Remark B.1.2.4. For example, the operator PrCitsf is $\text{PrS}_1Cf(t)$.

Remark B.1.2.5. May be considered the following derivatives:

$$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{ccccccc} A_1(t) & A_2(t) & \dots A_n(t) & C_1(t) & C_2(t) & \dots C_m(t) \\ d \text{PrSCprt}(t) & g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1} & d g_{12} & g_{22} & \dots g_{m2} \text{PrSCrt}(t) \end{array} \\ \hline \begin{array}{ccccccc} B_1(t) & B_2(t) & \dots B_n(t) & D_1(t) & D_2(t) & \dots D_m(t) \\ dt & & & dt & & & \end{array}, \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{ccccccc} C_1(t) & C_2(t) & \dots C_m(t) & A_1(t) & A_2(t) & \dots A_n(t) \\ d g_{12} & g_{22} & \dots g_{m2} \text{PrSCrt}(t) & g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1} \\ D_1(t) & D_2(t) & \dots D_m(t) & B_1(t) & B_2(t) & \dots B_n(t) \end{array} \\ \hline dt \end{array}, \frac{d\text{PrS}_iCf(t)}{dt}, i=1,2,3.$$

Remark B.1.2.6. It is the parallel containment of oneself in oneself as an element that can be interpreted as parallel dynamic capacities in itself.

Remark B.1.2.7. Not every capacity parallel containing itself as an element will manifest itself as a sedentary parallel capacity or parallel capacity.

PrSCprt – elements for continual sets.

Earlier, we considered finite-dimensional discrete PrSCprt-elements and self-fcapacities in itself as an element. Here we believe some continual PrSCprt-elements and continual parallel fself-capacities in themselves as an element.

Definition B.1.3.1. The dynamic set of continual elements $\tilde{w}=(w_1|\mu_{\tilde{w}}(w_1), w_2|\mu_{\tilde{w}}(w_2), \dots, w_n|\mu_{\tilde{w}}(w_n))$ at one point $x = (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$ of space X will be called continual PrSCprt – element, and such a point in space will be called parallel fcapacity of the continual PrSCprt – element. We will denote

$$\begin{array}{ccc} w_1 & w_2 & \dots w_n \\ \text{PrSCprt} g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots x_n \end{array} .$$

Definition B.1.3.2. An ordered dynamic set of continual elements at one point in space is called an ordered continual PrSCprt–element.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} w_1 & w_2 & \dots w_n \\ \text{PrSCprt} g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots x_n \end{array} +$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} b_1 & b_2 & \dots b_n \\ \text{PrSCprt} g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots x_n \end{array} = \text{PrSCprt} \begin{array}{ccc} w_1 \cup b_1 & w_2 \cup b_2 & \dots w_n \cup b_n \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots x_n \end{array} , \text{ where some or any}$$

elements may be ordered continual elements. It's allowed to multiply continual

$$\begin{array}{ccc} w_1 & w_2 & \dots w_n \\ \text{PrSCprt} g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots x_n \end{array} * \begin{array}{ccc} b_1 & b_2 & \dots b_n \\ \text{PrSCprt} g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots x_n \end{array} =$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} w_1 \cap b_1 & w_2 \cap b_2 & \dots w_n \cap b_n \\ \text{PrSCprt} g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots x_n \end{array} .$$

Definition B.1.3.3. The continual PrCSelf-capacity A in itself as an element of the first type is the continual capacity parallel containing itself as an element. Denote

$$\begin{array}{ccc} A_1 & A_2 & \dots A_n \\ \text{PrS}_1\text{CA. PrS}_1\text{CA} = \text{PrSCrt} g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1} \\ A_1 & A_2 & \dots A_n \end{array} .$$

Definition B.1.3.4. The ordered continual PrCself-capacity A in itself as an element of the first type is the ordered continual fcapacity parallel containing itself as an element. Denote $\overrightarrow{PrS_1CfA}$.

For example, $PrSCprt \begin{matrix} \sin \infty & \text{tg}(-\infty) & \dots & \sin(-\infty) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix} =$
 $PrSCprt \begin{matrix} \uparrow I \downarrow_{-1}^1 & \downarrow I \uparrow_{-\infty}^\infty & \dots & \downarrow I \uparrow_{-1}^1 \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix}$, don't confuse with values of these functions.

Definition B.1.3.5. The continual PrCSelf-capacity A in itself, as an element of the second type, is the capacity parallel containing continual elements from which it can be parallel generated. Let's denote PrS_2CfA .

An example of continual self- capacity in itself as an element of the second type is a living organism since it contains the programs: DNA and RNA.

Definition B.1.3.6. Partial continual PrCSelf-capacity in itself as an element of the third type is called continual PrCSelf-capacity in itself as an element that partially parallel contains itself or parallel contains elements from which it can be parallel generated in part or both simultaneously. Denote PrS_3Cf .

All continual capacities in PrCSelf-space are continual PrCSelf-capacities in itself as an element by definition. The continual PrCSelf-capacities in itself as an element may appear as continual PrSCrt- capacities and usual continual capacities. In these cases, there are used typical measure and topology methods.

The connection of continual PrSCprt – elements with continual PrCSelf-capacities in themselves as an element.

Consider a third type of continual PrCSelf- fcapacity in itself as an element. For

example, based on $PrSCprt \begin{matrix} w_1 & w_2 & \dots & w_n \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix}$, where $\tilde{w}=(w_1|\mu_{\tilde{w}}(w_1), w_2|\mu_{\tilde{w}}(w_2), \dots,$

$w_n|\mu_{\tilde{w}}(w_n))$, i.e. n - continual elements at one point $x = (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$, The

continual PrCSelf- fcapacity in itself as an element with m continual elements

from $\tilde{w}$, at $m < n$, can be considered as PrS_3Cf , which is formed by the form (1.1), i.e., only m continual elements are located in the structure

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} w_1 & w_2 & \dots & w_n \\ \text{PrSCprt} & g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{array}.$$
 Continual fself-capacities in itself as an element of the

third type can be formed for any other structure, not necessarily $PrSCprt$, only by obligatory reducing the number of continual elements in the structure. In particular, using the forms (1.1.1) - (1.4), (2.1*) and analogs of forms (1.1.1) - (1.4) by type (2.1*). Structures more complex than PrS_3Cf can be introduced.

Mathematics $PrCitself$ for continual elements.

1. Simultaneous parallel addition of the sets continual elements $\tilde{w} = (w_1 | \mu_{\tilde{w}}(w_1), w_2 | \mu_{\tilde{w}}(w_2), \dots, w_n | \mu_{\tilde{w}}(w_n))$, $i = 1, 2, \dots, n, j = 1, 2, \dots, k$, is implemented using

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} \{w_1\} \cup & \{w_2\} \cup & \dots & \{w_n\} \cup \\ \text{PrSCprt} & g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{array}.$$

2. By analogy, for simultaneous multiplication:

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} \{w_1\} \cap & \{w_2\} \cap & \dots & \{w_n\} \cap \\ \text{PrSCprt} & g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{array}.$$

3. Similarly for simultaneous execution of various operations:

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} \{w_1 Q_1\} & \{w_2 Q_2\} & \dots & \{w_n Q_n\} \\ \text{PrSCprt} & g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ u_1 & u_2 & \dots & u_n \end{array}, \text{ where } \tilde{Q} = (Q_1 | \mu_{\tilde{Q}}(Q_1), Q_2 | \mu_{\tilde{Q}}(Q_2), \dots, Q_n | \mu_{\tilde{Q}}(Q_n)).$$

Q_i -an operation, $i = 1, \dots, n$.

4. Similarly, for the simultaneous execution of various operators:

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} \{F_1 w_1\} & \{F_2 w_2\} & \dots & \{F_n w_n\} \\ \text{PrSCprt} & g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ u_1 & u_2 & \dots & u_n \end{array}, \text{ where } \tilde{F} = (F_1 | \mu_{\tilde{F}}(F_1), F_2 | \mu_{\tilde{F}}(F_2), \dots, F_n | \mu_{\tilde{F}}(F_n)).$$

F_i is an operator, $i = 1, \dots, n$.

5. The arithmetic itself for parallel continual capacities in themselves will be similar: addition - $PrS_1Cf\{w \cup\}$, (or $PrS_3Cf\{w \cup\}$) for the third type), multiplication $PrS_1Cf\{w \cap\}$, (or $PrS_3Cf\{w \cap\}$).
6. Similarly with different operations: $PrS_1Cf\{gQ\}$, $(PrS_3Cf\{gQ\})$, and with different operators: $PrS_1Cf\{Fw\}$, $(PrS_3Cf\{Fw\})$.
7.
$$\begin{array}{ccc} A_1 & A_2 & \dots A_n \\ PrSCrt_{g_{11}} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1} \\ B_1 & B_2 & \dots B_n \end{array}$$
 – the result of the parallel containment operator.

For continual sets $A_i, B_i, (i = 1, 2, \dots, n)$, we have

$$\begin{array}{ccc} A_1 & A_2 & \dots A_n \\ PrSCrt_{g_{11}} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1} \\ B_1 & B_2 & \dots B_n \end{array} = \left\{ \sum_{i=1}^n A_i \cup B_i - A_i \cap B_i, \sum_{i=1}^n D_i \right\}, \text{ where } D_i \text{ is self-}$$

(set) for $A_i \cap B_i (i = 1, 2, \dots, n)$. There is the same for structures if they are

$$\text{considered as continual sets, for sets } C_i, D_i \begin{array}{ccc} C_1 C_2 & \dots & C_m \\ g_{12} g_{22} & \dots & g_{m2} PrSCrt = \\ D_1 D_2 & \dots & D_m \end{array}$$

$$\left\{ \sum_{i=1}^m Q_i + \begin{array}{ccc} \{\} & \{\} & \dots & \{\} \\ D_1 - D_1 \cap C_1 & D_2 - D_2 \cap C_2 & \dots & D_m - D_m \cap C_m \end{array} PrfSrt \right\},$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^m (C_i - D_i \cap C_i) - (D_i - D_i \cap C_i)$$

where Q_i is oself-(set) for $(D_i \cap C_i) (i = 1, 2, \dots, m)$ [14].

Remark B.1.3.1. $\begin{array}{ccc} C_1 C_2 & \dots & C_m \\ g_{12} g_{22} & \dots & g_{m2} PrSCprt \\ D_1 D_2 & \dots & D_m \end{array}$, where continual D_1 is forced out of

continual C_1 with type of expelling g_{12} , continual D_2 is forced out of continual C_2 with type of expelling g_{22} , ..., continual D_m is forced out of continual C_m with type

of expelling g_{m2} . $\begin{array}{ccc} C_1 C_2 & \dots & C_m & A_1 & A_2 & \dots A_n \\ g_{m2} \cdot g_{12} g_{22} & \dots & g_{m2} PrSCprt_{g_{11}} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1} \\ D_1 D_2 & \dots & D_m & B_1 & B_2 & \dots B_n \end{array}$

where continual A_1 fits into continual B_1 with type of containment g_{11} , continual A_2 fits into continual B_2 with type of containment g_{21} , ..., continual A_n fits into continual B_n with type of containment g_{n1} , continual D_1 is forced out of continual C_1 with type of expelling g_{12} , continual D_2 is forced out of continual C_2 with type of expelling g_{22} , ..., continual D_m is forced out of continual C_m with type of expelling g_{m2} simultaneously.

We can consider the concept of a continual PrSCprt - element as PrSCprt

$A_1 \ A_2 \ ...A_n$
 $g_{11} \ g_{21} \ ...g_{n1}$, where continual A_1 fits into continual B_1 with type of containment
 $B_1 \ B_2 \ ...B_n$

g , continual A_2 fits into continual B_2 with type of containment g_{21} , ..., continual A_n fits into continual B_n with type of containment g_{n1} . Then

$B_1 \ B_2 \ ...B_n$
 $\text{PrSCprt}_{g_{11} \ g_{21} \ ...g_{n1}}$ will mean $\text{PrS}_1\text{Cf } B$.
 $B_1 \ B_2 \ ...B_n$

These elements are used for PrSCprt-coding, PrSCprt translation, coding PrCSelf, and translation PrCSelf for networks, which is suitable for electric current of ultrahigh frequency. More complex elements can be considered as continual sets of numbers with their " activation " in mutual directions. For example, ranges of function values, particularly those representing the shape of lightning. differential geometry can be applied here. Also, n-dimensional elements can be considered. The space of such elements is Banach space if we introduce the usual norm for functions or vectors. We call this space - CSelf-space. Then we introduce the scalar product for functions or vectors and get the Hilbert space. We call this space CSelf-space. In particular, one can try to describe some processes with these elements by differential equations and use methods from [4]. You can also try to optimize and research some processes with these elements using the techniques from [5]. Let's introduce operators for transforming capacity to PrCSelf- capacity in itself as an element: $\text{PrfQ}_1\text{SC}(A)$ transforms A to

PrS_1CA , $\text{PrfQ}_0\text{SC}(B)$ transforms B to $\begin{matrix} B_1 & B_2 & ...B_m \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & ...g_{n1} \end{matrix} \text{PrSCprt}$.
 $B_1 \ B_2 \ ...B_m$

Can be considered $Q(\begin{matrix} A_1 & A_2 & ...A_n \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & ...g_{n1} \end{matrix} \text{PrSCprt}_{g_{11} \ g_{21} \ ...g_{n1}})$, Q -any operator.
 $B_1 \ B_2 \ ...B_n \quad B_1 \ B_2 \ ...B_n$

Dynamic continual PrSCprt – elements.

Definition B.1.4.1. The process of containing the set of continual elements $\tilde{w} = (w_1 | \mu_{\tilde{w}}(w_1), w_2 | \mu_{\tilde{w}}(w_2), \dots, w_n | \mu_{\tilde{w}}(w_n))$ into one point $x = (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$ of the space X at time will be called the dynamic continual PrSCprt – element. We will

$$\text{denote PrSCprt}(t) \begin{array}{ccccc} w_1(t) & w_2(t) & \dots & w_n(t) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{array}.$$

Definition B.1.4.2. The process of containing an ordered set of continual elements at one point in space is called dynamic continual ordered PrSCprt – element.

It is allowed to sum dynamic continual PrSCprt – elements:

$$\text{PrSCprt}(t) \begin{array}{ccccc} w_1(t) & w_2(t) & \dots & w_n(t) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{array} + \text{PrSCprt}(t) \begin{array}{ccccc} b_1(t) & b_2(t) & \dots & b_n(t) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{array} = \text{PrSCprt}$$

$$(t) \begin{array}{ccccc} w_1(t) \cup b_1(t) & w_2(t) \cup b_2(t) & \dots & w_n(t) \cup b_n(t) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{array}. \text{ It's allowed to multiply}$$

$$\text{dynamic continual PrSCprt – elements: PrSCprt}(t) \begin{array}{ccccc} w_1(t) & w_2(t) & \dots & w_n(t) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{array} *$$

$$\text{PrSCprt}(t) \begin{array}{ccccc} b_1(t) & b_2(t) & \dots & b_n(t) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{array} = \text{PrSCprt}$$

$$(t) \begin{array}{ccccc} w_1(t) \cap b_1(t) & w_2(t) \cap b_2(t) & \dots & w_n(t) \cap b_n(t) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{array}.$$

Parallel dynamic continual containment of oneself in oneself as an element.

Definition B.1.4.3. The dynamic continual PrSCprt- fcapacity

$$\text{PrSCprt}(t) \begin{array}{ccccc} R_1(t) & R_2(t) & \dots & R_n(t) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ Q_1(t) & Q_2(t) & \dots & Q_n(t) \end{array} \text{ is the process of embedding continual } R_i(t)$$

into continual $Q_i(t)$, ($i = 1, \dots, n$).

Definition B.1.4.4. Parallel dynamic continual fcapacity $\tilde{Q}(t) = (Q_1(t) | \mu_{\tilde{Q}(t)}(Q_1(t)), Q_2(t) | \mu_{\tilde{Q}(t)}(Q_2(t)), \dots, Q_n(t) | \mu_{\tilde{Q}(t)}(Q_n(t)))$ containing itself as an element of the first

type is the process of parallel containing $\widetilde{Q}(t)$ in $\widetilde{Q}(t)$

$$\text{PrSCprt}(t) \begin{matrix} Q_1(t) & Q_2(t) & \dots & Q_n(t) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \end{matrix} \cdot \text{Denote } PrS_1Cf(t)\widetilde{Q}(t).$$

Definition B.1.4.5. The dynamic parallel containment continual $C(t)$ of oneself of the second type parallel contains the continual elements from which it can be parallel generated. Denote $PrS_2Cf(t)C(t)$.

Definition B.1.4.6. The partial parallel dynamic containment continual $B(t)$ of oneself of the third type is the process of partial parallel embedding continual $B(t)$ into oneself or parallel embedding continual elements from which it can be parallel generated in part or both simultaneously. Denote $PrS_3Cf(t)B(t)$.

The connection of dynamic continual PrSCprt – elements with parallel dynamic continual containment of oneself in oneself as an element.

Let us consider the partial parallel dynamic continual containment of oneself in oneself as an element of the third type. For example, based on

$$\text{PrSCprt}(t) \begin{matrix} Q_1(t) & Q_2(t) & \dots & Q_n(t) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix}, \text{ where } \widetilde{Q}(t) = (Q_1(t)|\mu_{\widetilde{Q}(t)}(Q_1(t)), Q_2(t)|\mu_{\widetilde{Q}(t)}$$

$(Q_2(t)), \dots, Q_n(t)|\mu_{\widetilde{Q}(t)}(Q_n(t)))$, i.e. n – continual elements at one point $x =$

$(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$, we can consider the parallel dynamic continual capacity in itself

$PrS_3Cf(t)$ with m elements from $\widetilde{Q}(t)$, $m < n$, which is process formed according to the form (1.1), that is, only m elements from $\widetilde{Q}(t)$ are in the structure

$$\text{PrSCprt}(t) \begin{matrix} Q_1(t) & Q_2(t) & \dots & Q_n(t) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix} \dots$$

Parallel dynamic continual containments of oneself in oneself as an element of the third type can be formed for any other structure, not necessarily PrSCprt, only by necessarily reducing the number of continual elements in the structure. In particular, with the help of forms (1.1.1) - (1.4), (2.1*) and analogs of forms (1.1.1) - (1.4) by type (2.1*).

It is possible to introduce structures more complex than $PrS_3Cf(t)$.

Parallel dynamic continual mathematics self.

1. The process of simultaneous parallel addition of sets continual elements

$$\{u_i(t)\} = \left(u_{i_1}(t) | \mu_{u_i(t)}(u_{i_1}(t)), u_{i_2}(t) | \mu_{u_i(t)}(u_{i_2}(t)), \dots, u_{i_{m_j}}(t) | \mu_{u_i(t)}(u_{i_{m_j}}(t)) \right), i =$$

$1, 2, \dots, n, j = 1, 2, \dots, k$ are realized by

$$\begin{array}{c} \{u_1(t)\} \cup \{u_2(t)\} \cup \dots \{u_n(t)\} \cup \\ \text{PrSCprt}(t) \quad \begin{array}{cccc} g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{array} \end{array}.$$

2. By analogy, for simultaneous multiplication:

$$\begin{array}{c} \{u_1(t)\} \cap \{u_2(t)\} \cap \dots \{u_n(t)\} \cap \\ \text{PrSCprt}(t) \quad \begin{array}{cccc} g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{array} \end{array}.$$

Similarly for simultaneous execution of various operations:

$$\begin{array}{c} w_1(t)Q_1(t) \quad w_2(t)Q_2(t) \quad \dots w_n(t)Q_n(t) \\ \text{PrSCprt}(t) \quad \begin{array}{cccc} g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{array}, \text{ where } \tilde{Q}(t) = (Q_1(t) |$$

$\mu_{\tilde{Q}(t)}(Q_1(t)), Q_2(t) | \mu_{\tilde{Q}(t)}(Q_2(t)), \dots, Q_n(t) | \mu_{\tilde{Q}(t)}(Q_n(t))), Q_i(t)$ -an operation, $i = 1, \dots,$

$n, \tilde{w}(t) = (w_1(t) | \mu_{\tilde{w}(t)}(w_1(t)), w_2(t) | \mu_{\tilde{w}(t)}(w_2(t)), \dots, w_n(t) | \mu_{\tilde{w}(t)}(w_n(t))).$

3. Similarly, for the simultaneous execution of various operators:

$$\begin{array}{c} F_1(t)w_1(t) \quad F_2(t)w_2(t) \quad \dots F_n(t)w_n(t) \\ \text{PrSCprt}(t) \quad \begin{array}{cccc} g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{array}, \text{ where } \tilde{F}(t) = (F_1(t) | \mu_{\tilde{F}(t)}(F_1(t)),$$

$F_2(t) | \mu_{\tilde{F}(t)}(F_2(t)), \dots, F_n(t) | \mu_{\tilde{F}(t)}(F_n(t))), F_i(t)$ is an operator, $i = 1, \dots, n.$

4. Parallel dynamic arithmetic itself for continual containments of oneself will

be similar: Parallel dynamic addition - $PrS_1Cf(t)\{\tilde{w}(t) \cup\}$, (or

$PrS_3Cf(t)\{\tilde{w}(t) \cup\}$, for the third type), Parallel dynamic multiplication

$PrS_1Cf(t)\{\tilde{w}(t) \cap\}$, (or $PrS_3Cf(t)\{\tilde{w}(t) \cap\}$).

5. Similarly with different operations: $PrS_1 Cf(t)\{w\tilde{(t)} Q\tilde{(t)}\}$, ($PrS_3 Cf(t)\{w\tilde{(t)} Q\tilde{(t)}\}$) and with different operators:
 $PrS_1 Cf(t)\{F\tilde{(t)}w\tilde{(t)}\}$, ($PrS_3 Cf(t)\{F\tilde{(t)}w\tilde{(t)}\}$).

$$6. \text{PrSCprt}(t) \begin{matrix} A_1(t) & A_2(t) & \dots & A_n(t) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \end{matrix} \text{ gives the result } \begin{matrix} B_1(t) & B_2(t) & \dots & B_n(t) \end{matrix}$$

$$\text{PrSCrt}(t) \begin{matrix} A_1(t) & A_2(t) & \dots & A_n(t) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \end{matrix} = \begin{matrix} B_1(t) & B_2(t) & \dots & B_n(t) \end{matrix}$$

$\{\sum_{i=1}^n A_i(t) \cup B_i(t) - A_i(t) \cap B_i(t), \sum_{i=1}^n D_i(t)\}$, for continual sets $A_i(t)$, $B_i(t)$, where $D_i(t)$ is self-set for $A_i(t) \cap B_i(t)$, ($i = 1, 2, \dots, n$). The same is true for structures if they are treated as continual sets,

$$\begin{matrix} C_1(t) & C_2(t) & \dots & C_m(t) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \end{matrix} \text{PrSCrt}(t) = \begin{matrix} D_1(t) & D_2(t) & \dots & D_m(t) \end{matrix}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{matrix} \sum_{i=1}^m Q_i(t) + \begin{matrix} \{\} \\ D_1(t) - D_1(t) \cap C_1(t) \end{matrix} \begin{matrix} \{\} \\ D_2(t) - D_2(t) \cap C_2(t) \end{matrix} \dots \begin{matrix} \{\} \\ D_2(t) - D_2(t) \cap C_2(t) \end{matrix} \text{PrfSrt} \\ \sum_{i=1}^m (C_i(t) - D_i(t) \cap C_i(t)) - (D_i(t) - D_i(t) \cap C_i(t)) \end{matrix} \right\}$$

for continual sets $C_i(t)$, $D_i(t)$, where $Q_i(t)$ is self-set for $(D_i(t) \cap C_i(t))$ ($i = 1, 2, \dots, m$) [14].

7. Similarly, for dynamic continual PrSCprt-derivatives, dynamic continual PrSCprt-integrals, dynamic continual PrSCprt-lim, dynamic continual PrCself-derivatives, dynamic continual PrCself-integrals

8. Denote dynamic continual PrCself-(dynamic continual PrCself-Q(t)) through dynamic continual PrCself²-Q(t), $\text{PrCfS}(t)(n, Q(t)) =$ dynamic continual PrCself-(dynamic continual PrCself-(... (dynamic continual PrCself-Q(t)))) = dynamic continual PrCselfⁿ-Q(t) for n-multiple dynamic continual PrCself.

Remark B.1.4.1. The parallel dynamic continual PrSCprt-displacement will be

denote by $\begin{matrix} C_1(t) & C_2(t) & \dots & C_m(t) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \end{matrix} \text{PrSCprt}(t)$, where continual $D_1(t)$ is forced out $\begin{matrix} D_1(t) & D_2(t) & \dots & D_m(t) \end{matrix}$

of continual $C_1(t)$ with type of expelling g_{12} , continual $D_2(t)$ is forced out of continual $C_2(t)$ with type of expelling g_{22} , ..., continual $D_m(t)$ is forced out of continual $C_m(t)$ with type of expelling g_{m2} simultaneously, the result of this process

will be described by the expression
$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} C_1(t) & C_2(t) & \dots & C_m(t) & & & \\ \mu_{12} & \mu_{22} & \dots & \mu_{m2} & \text{PrSCrt}(t) & & \\ D_1(t) & D_2(t) & \dots & D_m(t) & & & \\ C_1(t) & C_2(t) & \dots & C_m(t) & A_1(t) & A_2(t) & \dots A_n(t) \\ g_{12} & g_{22} & \dots & g_{m2} & \text{PrSCprt}(t) & g_{11} & g_{21} \dots g_{n1} \\ D_1(t) & D_2(t) & \dots & D_m(t) & B_1(t) & B_2(t) & \dots B_n(t) \end{array}$$

where continual $A_1(t)$ fits into continual $B_1(t)$ with type of containment g_{11} , continual $A_2(t)$ fits into continual $B_2(t)$ with type of containment g_{21} , ..., continual $A_n(t)$ fits into continual $B_n(t)$ with type of containment g_{n1} , continual $D_1(t)$ is forced out of continual $C_1(t)$ with type of expelling g_{12} , continual $D_2(t)$ is forced out of continual $C_2(t)$ with type of expelling g_{22} , ..., continual $D_m(t)$ is forced out of $C_m(t)$ with type of expelling g_{m2} simultaneously. It is dynamic continual PrSCprt-containment of continual $A_i(t)$ in continual $B_i(t)$ and dynamic continual PrSCprt-displacement of continual $D_j(t)$ from continual $C_j(t)$ simultaneously, ($i = 1, 2, \dots, n, j = 1, 2, \dots, m$). The result of this process will be described by the expression

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} C_1(t) & C_2(t) & \dots & C_m(t) & A_1(t) & A_2(t) & \dots A_n(t) \\ g_{12} & g_{22} & \dots & g_{m2} & \text{PrSCrt}(t) & g_{11} & g_{21} \dots g_{n1} \\ D_1(t) & D_2(t) & \dots & D_m(t) & B_1(t) & B_2(t) & \dots B_n(t) \\ & & & & B_1(t) & B_2(t) & \dots B_n(t) \\ \text{PrSCrt}(t) & g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} & \text{will mean} & \text{PrS}_1\text{Cf}(t)\text{B}(t). \\ & B_1(t) & B_2(t) & \dots & B_n(t) & & \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} C_1(t) & C_2(t) & \dots & C_m(t) & & & \\ g_{12} & g_{22} & \dots & g_{m2} & \text{PrSCprt}(t) & \text{denotes the parallel dynamic expelling} & \\ C_1(t) & C_2(t) & \dots & C_m(t) & & & \end{array}$$

continual $\tilde{C}(t) = (C_1(t)|\mu_{\tilde{C}(t)}(C_1(t)), C_2(t)|\mu_{\tilde{C}(t)}(C_2(t)), \dots, C_n(t)|\mu_{\tilde{C}(t)}(C_n(t)))$ oneself

out of oneself,
$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} A_1(t) & A_2(t) & \dots & A_n(t) & A_1(t) & A_2(t) & \dots A_n(t) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} & \text{PrSCprt}(t) & g_{11} & g_{21} \dots g_{n1} \\ A_1(t) & A_2(t) & \dots & A_n(t) & A_1(t) & A_2(t) & \dots A_n(t) \end{array}$$

simultaneous parallel dynamic containment continual $\tilde{A}(t) = (A_1(t)|\mu_{\tilde{A}(t)}(A_1(t)),$

$A_2(t)|\mu_{\tilde{A}(t)}(A_2(t)), \dots, A_n(t)|\mu_{\tilde{A}(t)}(A_n(t))$ of oneself in oneself and parallel dynamic

expelling continual $A(t)$ oneself out of oneself.
$$\begin{matrix} A_1(t) & A_2(t) & \dots & A_n(t) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \end{matrix} \text{PrSCprt}(t)$$

$$B_1(t) \quad B_2(t) \quad \dots B_n(t)$$

will be called parallel dynamic anti-(continual fcapacity) from oneself.

Remark B.1.4.2. $\text{PrSCprt}(t)$
$$\begin{matrix} A_1(t) & A_2(t) & \dots & A_n(t) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \end{matrix}$$
 can be interpreted as a

$$A_1(t) \quad A_2(t) \quad \dots A_n(t)$$

multilayer shell of a self-object from the first layer, which is specified by $A_1(t)$ to the nth, which is specified by $A_n(t)$. Based on this, the atomic model can be interpreted as

$$\begin{matrix} \cup \{p,n\} & A_1(t) & \dots & A_n(t) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \end{matrix}, \{p,n\} - \text{protons,}$$

position of atomic nucleus $A_1(t) \quad \dots A_n(t)$

neutrons, $A_i(t)$ correspond to orbitals, $i = 1, \dots, n$.

physical body of a living organism
$$\begin{matrix} V_1(t) & \dots & V_n(t) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \end{matrix} - \text{model of a}$$

position of physical body $V(t) \quad \dots V_n(t)$

living organism with the multilayer shell of a living organism from the first layer, which is specified by $V_1(t)$ to the nth, which is specified by $V_n(t)$. In humans:

energy fibers that create a physical body of a living organism
$$\begin{matrix} V_1(t) & \dots & V_n(t) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \end{matrix} .$$

energy fibers that create a physical body of a living organism $V(t) \quad \dots V_n(t)$

You can also try to consider the operator PrSCprt
$$\begin{matrix} B_1 & \dots & B_i^a & \dots & B_n \\ g_{11} & g_{i1} & \dots & g_{n1} \end{matrix},$$
 which

$$r_1 \quad \dots \quad r_i^a \quad \dots \quad r_n$$

represents the interpretation of the position of the assemblage point on the cocoon of a living organism, r_j is its potential position, B_j is a potential set of subtle energies in this position ($i = 1, \dots, i-1, i+1, \dots, n$), r_i^a is its active position, B_i^a is an active set of subtle energies in this position, $i = 1, \dots, n$.

Connection of dynamic continual PrSCprt – elements with target weights with parallel dynamic continual containment of oneself with target weights.

Consider a third type of parallel partial dynamic continual containment of oneself with target weights $g(t)$. For example, based on $PrSCprt(t)$

$$\begin{array}{cccc} w_1(t)tw(t) & w_2(t)tw(t) & \dots & w_n(t)tw(t) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{array} \text{.where } \tilde{w}(t)=(w_1(t)|\mu_{\tilde{w}(t)}(w_1(t)), w_2(t)|\mu_{\tilde{w}(t)}(w_2(t)), \dots, w_n(t)|\mu_{\tilde{w}(t)}(w_n(t))).$$

i.e. n - continual elements with target weights $\{w(t)\}$ at one point $x = (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$, we can consider the dynamic continual containment

$PrS_3Cf(t)\tilde{w}(t)tw(t)$ of oneself with target weights with m continual elements with target weights $\{w(t)\}$ from $\tilde{w}(t)$, $m < n$, which is the process of formation according to the form (1.1), i.e., only m continual elements with target weights $\{tw(t)\}$ from $\tilde{w}(t)$ are located in the structure $PrS_3Cf(t)\tilde{w}(t)tw(t)$.

Parallel dynamic containments of oneself with target weights of the third type can be formed for any other structure, not necessarily $PrSCprt$, only by reducing the number of continual elements with target weights in the structure. In particular, using the forms (1.1.1) - (1.4), (2.1*) and analogs of forms (1.1.1) - (1.4) by type (2.1*). Structures more complex than $PrS_3Cf(t)\tilde{w}(t)tw(t)$ can be introduced.

Definition B.1.4.7. The parallel dynamic embedding of continual $A(t)$ into itself with target weights $\{tw(t)\}$ of the first type is the process of parallel embedding $A(t)$ into $A(t)$ with target weights. Denote $PrS_1Cf(t)A(t)tw(t)$.

Definition 30. The parallel dynamic containment of continual $C(t)$ itself into itself with target weights $\{tw(t)\}$ of the second type is the process of parallel containment of the continual elements from which it can be parallel generated. Let's denote $PrS_2Cf(t)C(t)tw(t)$.

Definition B.1.4.8. Partial parallel dynamic containment of continual $B(t)$ itself into itself with target weights $\{tw(t)\}$ of the third type is the process of partial parallel containment of continual $B(t)$ into itself or continual elements from which it can be parallel generated partially, or both at the same time. Denote $PrS_3Cf(t)B(t)tw(t)$.

The usage of PrSCprt-elements for networks.

A. Galushkin's comprehensive monograph [6] covers all aspects of networks, but traditional approaches go through classical mathematics, mainly through the usual correspondence operators. Here we consider a different approach - through a new mathematical process with parallel containment operators, which, although they can be interpreted as the result of some correspondence operators, are not themselves correspondence operators. Parallel containment operators are more convenient for networks. Also, the main emphasis was placed on using processors operating using triodes, which are generally not used in Sprt-networks. PrSCprt-networks (SmnPrSCprt) are a PrSCprt-structure that can be built for the required weights. PrSCprt-OS (PrSCprt operating system) uses PrSCprt-coding and PrSCprt-translation. In the first one, coding is carried out through a 2-dimensional matrix-row (a, b), where the number b is the code of the action, and the number a is the code of the object of this action. PrSCprt-coding (or PrCSelf-coding) is implemented through a matrix consisting of 2 columns (in the continuous case, two intervals of numbers). Here, the source encoding is used for all matrix rows simultaneously. PrSCprt-translation is carried out by inversion. In this case, PrCSelf-coding and PrCSelf-translation will be more stable. The target weights

$$r_i(t) \text{ in PrSCprt}(t) \quad \begin{matrix} \text{activation with } r_1(t) \\ g_{11} \\ \text{SmnPrSCprt} \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} \text{activation with } r_2(t) \\ g_{21} \\ \text{SmnPrSCprt} \end{matrix} \quad \dots \quad \begin{matrix} \text{...activation with } r_n(t) \\ g_{n1} \\ \text{SmnPrSCprt} \end{matrix} \quad \text{are}$$

chosen for necessary tasks. We will not touch on the issues of applications, or network optimization. They are described in detail by Galushkin [6]. We will touch on the difference of this only for hierarchical complex networks. The same simple executing programs are in the cores of simple artificial neurons of type PrSCprt (designation - mnPrSCprt) for simple information processing. More complex executing programs are used for mnPrSCprt nodes. PrSCprt-threshold element

$$-\text{sgn}(\text{PrSCprt}(t)) \quad \begin{matrix} p_1(t)w_1(t) \\ g_{11} \\ x_1 \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} p_2(t)w_2(t) \\ g_{21} \\ x_2 \end{matrix} \quad \dots \quad \begin{matrix} p_n(t)w_n(t) \\ g_{n1} \\ x_n \end{matrix} \quad), \mathbf{x}=(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) -$$

$$\text{mnPrSCprt}, \widetilde{W}(t)=(w_1(t)|\mu_{\widetilde{w}(t)}(w_1(t)), w_2(t)|\mu_{\widetilde{w}(t)}(w_2(t)), \dots, w_n(t)|\mu_{\widetilde{w}(t)}(w_n(t))).$$

– source signals values, $\{p(t)\} = (p_1(t), p_2(t), \dots, p_n(t))$ – PrSCprt-synapses weights.

The first level of mnPrSCprt consists of simple mnPrSCprt. The second level of

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} & \text{mnPrSCprt} & \text{mnPrSCprt} & \dots & \text{mnPrSCprt} & & \\ \text{mnPrSCprt consists of PrSCprt}(t) & g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} & - & \\ & D_1 & D_2 & \dots & D_n & & \end{array}$$

PrSCprt-node of mnPrSCprt in range $D = (D_1, D_2, \dots, D_n)$, D - capacity for mnPrSCprt node. The third level of mnPrSCprt consists of PrSCprt(t)

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} f & f & \dots & f & & & \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} & -\text{PrSCprt}^2\text{- node of mnPrSCprt in range } D, f = & & \\ D_1 & D_2 & \dots & D_n & & & \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} & \text{mnPrSCprt} & \text{mnPrSCprt} & \dots & \text{mnPrSCprt} & & \\ \text{PrSCprt}(t) & g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} & , \text{ thus } D \text{ becomes capacity} & \\ & D_1 & D_2 & \dots & D_n & & \end{array}$$

of itself in itself as an element for mnPrSCprt. For our networks, it is sufficient to use PrSCprt²- nodes of mnPrSCprt, but self-level is higher in living organisms, particularly PrSCprtⁿ-, $n \geq 3$. The target structure or the corresponding program enters the target unit using alternating current. After that, all networks or parts of them are activated according to the indicative goal. It may appear that we are leaving the network ideology, but these networks are a complex hierarchy of different levels, like living organisms.

Remark B.1.5.0. A neural network can be thought of as a learnable parallel dynamic operator.

Remark B.1.5.1. Traditional scientific approaches through classical mathematics make it possible to describe only at the usual energy level. Here we consider an approach that makes describing processes with finer energies possible. mnPrSCprt

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} & \text{ceprogram}_1(t) & \text{ceprogram}_2(t) & \dots & \text{ceprogram}_n(t) & & \\ \text{contains PrSCprt}(t) & g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} & & \\ & \text{mnPrSCprt} & \text{mnPrSCprt} & \dots & \text{mnPrSCprt} & & \end{array}$$

ceprogram –executing program in PrSCprt- OS. PrSCprt-OS (or PrCself-OS) is based on PrSCprt-assembly language (or PrCself-assembly language), which is based on assembly language through PrSCprt-approach in turn, if the base of elements of PrSCprt-networks is sufficient. The ffepprograms are in PrSCprt-

programming environments (or PrCSelf-programming environments), but this question and PrSCprt-networks base will be considered in the following monographs. In particular, ceprograms may contain PrSCprt- programming operators. In mnPrSCprt cores, the constant memory PrSCprt with correspondent ceprograms depending on mnPrSCprt.

The OS (operating system) and the principles and modes of operation of the PrSCprt-networks for this programming are interesting. But this is already the material for the next publications.

Here is developed a helicopter model without a main and tail rotors based on PrSCprt – physics and special neural networks with artificial neurons operating in normal and PrSCprt-modes. Let's denote this model through SmnPrSCprt. To do this, it's proposed to use mnPrSCprt of different levels; for example, for the usual mode, mnPrSCprt serves for the initial processing of signals and the transfer of information to the second level, etc., to the nodal center, then checked. In case of an anomaly - local PrSCprt–mode with the desired "target weight" is realized in this section, etc., to the center. In the case of a monster during the test, SmnPrSCprt is activated with the desired "target weight." Here are realized other tasks also. To reach the self-energy level, the mode $Sprt_{SmnPrSCprt}^{SmnPrSCprt}$ is used. In normal mode, it's planned to carry out the movement of SmnPrSCprt on jet propulsion by converting the energy of the emitted gases into a vortex to obtain additional thrust upwards. For this purpose, a spiral-shaped chute (with "pockets") is arranged at the bottom of the SmnPrSCprt for the gases emitted by the jet engine, which first exit through a straight chute connected to the spiral one. There is drainage of exhaust gases outside the SmnPrSCprt. SmnPrSCprt is represented by a neural network that extends from the center of one of the main clusters of PrSCprt - artificial neurons to the shell, turning into the body itself. Above the operator's cabin is the central core of the neural network and the target block, responsible for performing the "target weights" and auxiliary blocks, the functions and roles of which we will discuss further. Next is the space for the movement of the local

vortex. The unit responsible for SmnPrSCprt's actions is below the operator's cab. In PrSCprt – mode, the entire network or its sections are PrSCprt – activated to perform specific tasks, in particular, with "target weights." In the target, block used PrSCprt -coding, PrSCprt -translation for activation of all networks to "target weights" simultaneously, then –the reset of this PrSCprt-coding after activation. Unfortunately, triodes are not suitable for PrSCprt -neural networks. In the most primitive case, usual separators with corresponding resistances and cores for ceprograms may be used instead triodes since there is no necessity to unbend the alternating current to direct. The PrSCprt-operative memory belt is disposed around a central core of SmnPrSCprt. There are PrSCprt-coding, PrSCprt-translation, and PrSCprt-realize of eprograms and the programs from the archives without extraction, PrSCprt-coding and PrSCprt-translation may be used in high-intensity, ultra-short optical pulses laser of Nobel laureates 2018-year Gerard Mourou, Donna, Strickland. PrSCprt – structure or an eprogram if one is present of needed «target weight» are taken in target block at PrSCprt – activation of the networks. $Sprt_{activation}^{SmnPrSCprt, f}$ derives SmnPrSCprt to the self-level boundary with target weight f.

It's used an alternating current of above high frequency and ultra-violet light, which can work with PrSCprt – structures in PrSCprt–modes by its nature to activate the networks or some of its parts in PrSCprt–modes and locally using PrSCprt–mode. Above high frequently alternating current go through mercury bearers. That's why overheating does not occur. The power of the alternating current above high frequently increases considerably for the target block. The activation of all PrSCprt-networks is realized to indicate “target weights.”

Variable hierarchical dynamical parallel structures (models) for dynamic, singular, hierarchical sets.

Here we will consider variable parallel structures (models), both discrete and continuous: a) with variable connections, b) with the variable backbone for links, c) generalized version; in particular, in variable structures (models), for example,

$$\begin{array}{c}
C_1 C_2 \dots C_m \quad A_1 \quad A_2 \dots A_n \\
g_{12} g_{22} \dots g_{m2} \text{PrSCprt}(t) \quad g_{11} \quad g_{21} \dots g_{n1} = \\
D_1 D_2 \dots D_m \quad B_1 \quad B_2 \dots B_n \\
\left\{ \begin{array}{l}
C_1 C_2 \dots C_m \\
(g_{12} g_{22} \dots g_{m2} \text{PrSCprt}, q_2 \geq t \geq q_1) | \mu_1 \\
D_1 D_2 \dots D_m \\
B_1 B_2 \dots B_m \quad A_1 \quad A_2 \dots A_n \\
(g_{12} g_{22} \dots g_{m2} \text{PrSCprt} g_{11} \quad g_{21} \dots g_{n1}, q_3 \geq t > q_2) | \mu_2 \\
D_1 D_2 \dots D_m \quad B_1 \quad B_2 \dots B_n \\
C_1 C_2 \dots C_m \quad A_1 \quad A_2 \dots A_n \\
(g_{12} g_{22} \dots g_{m2} \text{PrSCprt} g_{11} \quad g_{21} \dots g_{n1}, q_4 \geq t > q_3) | \mu_3 \quad (*_{B.1.3}), \\
D_1 D_2 \dots D_m \quad B_1 \quad B_2 \dots B_n \\
A_1 \quad A_2 \dots A_n \\
(\text{PrSCprt} g_{11} \quad g_{21} \dots g_{n1}, q_5 \geq t > q_4) | \mu_4 \\
B_1 \quad B_2 \dots B_n \\
\{\} \{\} \dots \{\} \\
(g_{12} g_{22} \dots g_{m2} \text{PrSCprt}, t > q_5) | \mu_5 \\
D_1 D_2 \dots D_m \\
\dots
\end{array} \right.
\end{array}$$

μ_i - measures of fuzziness, $i = 1, \dots, 5$. In particular,

$B_1 B_2 \dots B_m \quad A_1 \quad A_2 \dots A_n$
 $g_{12} g_{22} \dots g_{m2} \text{PrSCprt} g_{11} \quad g_{21} \dots g_{n1}$ can be interpreted as a game: player 1 fits
 $D_1 D_2 \dots D_m \quad B_1 \quad B_2 \dots B_n$

A_i into B_i , $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$, and the other pushes D_j out of B_j , $j = 1, 2, \dots, m$ at the same time.

The example of variable parallel hierarchy

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
C_1 & C_2 & \dots & C_m & & A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \\
g_{12} & g_{22} & \dots & g_{m2} & \text{PrSCprt}(t)_1 & g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} = = \\
D_1 & D_2 & \dots & D_m & & B_1 & B_2 & \dots & B_n
\end{array}$$

$$\left(\left\{ \begin{array}{c} \sum_{i=1}^m Q_i + \{\} \quad \{\} \quad \dots \quad \{\} \\ \sum_{i=1}^m (C_i - D_i \cap C_i) - (D_i - D_i \cap C_i) \end{array} \right\}, q_2 \geq t \geq q_1 \right) | \mu_1$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} S_{01}^{1e} f B_i^* \\ (\sum_{i=1}^n (\begin{array}{c} B_i S_1^{A-B} \\ Q_i - B_i \end{array}), q_3 \geq t > q_2) | \mu_2 \\ S_{01}^{et} f B_i \\ (\sum_{j=1}^m \sum_{i=1}^n (\begin{array}{c} C_j - B_i S_1^{A-B} \\ C_j - B_i \end{array}), q_4 \geq t > q_3) | \mu_3 \\ \begin{array}{c} C_j - B_i S_1^{A-B} \\ D_j - C_j - B_i \end{array} \\ \left(\begin{array}{c} \sum_{i=1}^n R_i \\ \sum_{i=1}^n A_i \cup B_i - A_i \cap B_i \end{array} \right), q_5 \geq t > q_4) | \mu_4 \\ \{\} \{\} \quad \dots \quad \{\} \\ (g_{12} g_{22} \quad \dots \quad g_{m2} \text{PrfSrt}, t > q_5) | \mu_5 \\ D_1 D_2 \quad \dots \quad D_m \end{array} \right)$$

$$(*_{B.1.4}),$$

Where μ_i - measures of fuzziness, $i = 1, \dots, 5$, Q_i is oself-(set) for $(D_j \cap C_j)$, D_j, C_j are sets ($j = 1, 2, \dots, m$), [14], R_i is self-(set) for $A_i \cap B_i$, A_i, B_i are sets, ($i = 1, 2, \dots, n$), $S_{01}^{et} f B$, $\begin{array}{c} C-B \\ C-B \end{array} S_1 t_B^{A-B}$, $\begin{array}{c} C-B \\ D-C-B \end{array} S_1 t_B^{A-B}$ are considered in [13], $\begin{array}{c} B \\ Q-B \end{array} S_1 t_B^{A-B}$ is considered in [10].

In what follows, we will denote variable parallel dynamic structure (model) through PrffVS, parallel fself-type variable dynamic structures (models) through PrffSVS, and parallel foself-type variable dynamic structures (models) through PrffOSVS.

Examples: a) discrete variable parallel dynamic structure

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
C_1 & C_2 & \dots & C_m & & A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \\
D_1 & D_2 & \dots & D_m & \begin{array}{c} a \\ b \\ c \\ d \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} g \\ w \\ r \end{array} & B_1 & B_2 & \dots & B_n \\
A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n & \text{PrVSC} & & C_1 & C_2 & \dots & C_m \\
B_1 & B_2 & \dots & B_n & q & & D_1 & D_2 & \dots & D_m
\end{array}$$

Fig. B.1.2

c) continuous variable parallel dynamic structure



Fig.B.1.3.

Where a continuous set represents the rim of the Fig.B.1.3.

We introduce the notation m_{PrVCS_N} – the number of elements, N – the number of connections between them in the discrete variable parallel 2-hierarchical dynamic structure PrVSC. We introduce the notation q_{PrVCS_R} – any, R – connections in q_{PrVCS_R} in the variable parallel dynamic 2-hierarchical structure PrVSC, in particular, q_{PrVCS_R} , R can be sets both discrete and continuous and discrete-continuous. We consider the functional $c(Q)$, which gives a numerical value for the structurability of Q from the interval $[0,1]$, where 0 corresponds to "no parallel dynamic structure", and 1 corresponds to the value "parallel dynamic structure". Then for joint dynamic A, B : $c(A+B)=c(A)+c(B)-c(A*B)+cS(D)$, D – parallel fself-type structures from $A*B$, $cS(x)$ – the value of PrffSelf for parallel fself-type structures x ; for dependent parallel dynamic structures:

$c(A*B)=c(A)*c(B/A)=c(B)*c(A/B)$, where $c(B/A)$ – conditional structurability of the parallel dynamic structure B at the parallel dynamic structure A , $c(A/B)$ – conditional dynamic structure of the parallel dynamic structure A at the parallel dynamic structure B . Adding inconsistent parallel dynamic structures: $c(A+B)=c(A) + c(B)$. The formula of complete parallel dynamic structure: $c(A)=$

$\sum_{k=1}^n c(B_k) * c(A/B_k)$, $B_1, B_2, \dots, B_n$ – full group of hypotheses – containments:

$\sum_{k=1}^n c(B_k)=1$ ("parallel dynamic structure"). PrSCprt – structure of the first type for set of parallel dynamic structures $A=\{A_1, A_2, \dots, A_n\}$: PrSCprt

$$\begin{matrix} A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix}, \text{PrSCprt} \begin{matrix} c(A_1) & c(A_2) & \dots & c(A_n) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix} - \text{PrSCprt- structurability for}$$

these structures. It is possible to consider the parallel dynamic self-type structure PrS_3CA with m parallel dynamic structures from A , at $m < n$, which is formed by the form (1.1), that is, only m parallel dynamic structures from A are located in

the structure $\text{PrSCprt} \begin{matrix} A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix}$. The same for parallel dynamic fself-type

structurability $\text{PrS}_3C\{c(A_1), c(A_2), \dots, c(A_n)\}$.

Can be considered N-hierarchical parallel structure: 1-level - elements; level 2 - connections between them, level 3 - relationships between elements of level 2, etc. up to level N+1. N-hierarchical parallel structure: 1-level - A; 2-level -B, 3-level - C, etc. up to (N+!)- level, where A, B, C, ... can be any in particular, by actions, sets, and others.

Can be considered discrete hierarchical parallel structure, continuous hierarchical parallel structure, and discrete-continuous hierarchical parallel structure.

The example $\text{PrQHSC} = \text{HSCprt}_x$

	N-level of hierarchical structure ₁		N-level of hierarchical structure ₂		...N-level of hierarchical structure ₂	
PrSCprt	g_{11}	g_{21}	...	g_{n1}		
	x_1	x_2	...	x_n		
	i-level of hierarchical structure ₁		i-level of hierarchical structure ₂		...i-level of hierarchical structure ₂	
PrSCprt	g_{11}	g_{21}	...	g_{n1}		
	x_1	x_2	...	x_n		
	1-level of hierarchical structure ₁		1-level of hierarchical structure ₂		...1-level of hierarchical structure ₂	
PrSCprt	g_{11}	g_{21}	...	g_{n1}		
	x_1	x_2	...	x_n		

N-hierarchical structure compression into point $x = (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$.

Let $\text{Pr}(N, \text{PrQHSC}) = \text{PrQHSC} \left\{ \begin{matrix} \text{PrQHSC} \\ \text{PrQHSC} \\ \dots \\ \text{PrQHSC} \end{matrix} \right\}_{-N \text{ levels}}$

It can be considered PrCself-PrQHSC , $\text{Pr}(y, \text{PrQHSC})$ for any y , $\text{Pr}(\text{PrQHSC}, \text{PrQHSC})$.

Parallel Compression Hierarchy Example:

[illegible]

$ca(A*B)=ca(A)*ca(B/A)=ca(B)*ca(A/B)$, where $ca(B/A)$ - conditional accommodation of the parallel containment B at the parallel containment A, $ca(A/B)$ - conditional parallel fcapacity of the parallel containment A at the parallel containment B. Adding the parallel fcapacity values of inconsistent parallel containments: $ca(A+B)=ca(A)+ca(B)$. The formula of complete parallel fcapacity : $ca(A)=\sum_{k=1}^n ca(B_k) * ca(A/B_k)$, $B_1, B_2,...,B_n$ -full group of hypotheses- (parallel containments): $\sum_{k=1}^n ca(B_k)=1$ (“parallel fcapacity”). PrSCprt- containment for set of parallel containments $A=\{A_1, A_2,...,A_n\}$: PrSCprt

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n & ca(A_1) & ca(A_2) & \dots ca(A_n) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1}, & g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n & x_1 & x_2 & \dots x_n \end{array} \text{PrSCprt} - \text{PrSCprt- accommodation for}$$

these parallel containments. It is possible to consider the PrCself- containment

PrS_3CA with m containments from A , at $m < n$, which is formed by the form (1.1), that is, only m parallel containments from A are located in the parallel

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{array} \text{PrSCprt}(t) \cdot \text{The same for PrCself- accommodation -}$$

$$PrS_3C\{ca(A_1), ca(A_2), \dots, ca(A_n)\}.$$

We consider the functional $h(Q)$, which gives a numerical value for the parallel dynamic hierarchization of Q from the interval $[0,1]$, where 0 corresponds to "no parallel dynamic hierarchy," and 1 corresponds to the value "parallel dynamic hierarchy." Then for joint parallel dynamic hierarchies A, B :

$$h(A+B)=h(A)+h(B)-h(A*B)+hSC(D), \text{ D- PrCself- hierarchy from } A*B, hSC(x)-$$

the value of PrCself- hierarchy for PrCself- hierarchy x ; for dependent parallel

dynamic hierarchies: $h(A*B) = h(A)*h(B/A) = h(B)*h(A/B)$, where $h(B/A)$ -

conditional parallel dynamic hierarchization of the parallel dynamic hierarchy B

at the parallel dynamic hierarchy A , $h(A/B)$ - conditional parallel dynamic

hierarchy of the parallel dynamic hierarchy A at the parallel dynamic structure

B . Adding the parallel dynamic hierarchy values of inconsistent parallel dynamic

hierarchies: $h(A+B)=h(A)+h(B)$. The formula of complete parallel dynamic

hierarchy: $h(A)=\sum_{k=1}^n h(B_k) * h(A/B_k)$, $B_1, B_2, \dots, B_n$ -full group of hypotheses-

(parallel dynamic hierarches): $\sum_{k=1}^n h(B_k)=1$ ("parallel dynamic hierarchy").

PrSCprt- structure for set of parallel dynamic hierarches $A=\{A_1, A_2, \dots, A_n\}$:

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n & h(A_1) & h(A_2) & \dots h(A_n) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1}, & g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n & x_1 & x_2 & \dots x_n \end{array} \text{PrSCprt}(t) \text{PrSCprt}(t) - \text{PrSCprt-}$$

hierarchization for these parallel dynamic hierarches. It is possible to consider the

PrCself- hierarchy PrS_3CA with m parallel dynamic hierarches from A , at $m < n$,

which is formed by the form (1.1), that is, only m parallel dynamic hierarches

from A are located in the parallel dynamic hierarchy $PrSCprt(t)$

A_1	A_2	$\dots A_n$
g_{11}	g_{21}	$\dots g_{n1}$
x_1	x_2	$\dots x_n$

The same for PrCself- hierarchization $PrS_3C\{h(A_1),h(A_2),\dots,h(A_n)\}$. Can be considered $PrSCprt(t)$

$\{ca(A_1),c(A_1),h(A_1)\}$	$\{ca(A_2),c(A_2),h(A_2)\}$	$\dots\{ca(A_n),c(A_n),h(A_n)\}$
g_{11}	g_{21}	$\dots g_{n1}$
x_1	x_2	$\dots x_n$

Very interesting next parallel dynamic hierarchy type:

hierarchy A_1	hierarchy A_2	$\dots$ hierarchy A_n	hierarchy A_1	hierarchy A_2	$\dots$ hierarchy A_n	
g_{11}	g_{21}	$\dots g_{n1}$	$PrSCprt(t)$	g_{11}	g_{21}	$\dots g_{n1}$
hierarchy A_1	hierarchy A_2	$\dots$ hierarchy A_n	hierarchy A_1	hierarchy A_2	$\dots$ hierarchy A_n	

. You can enter special operator $PrCCprt$ to work with dynamic structures:

A_1	A_2	$\dots A_n$	R_1	R_2	$\dots R_m$	
g_{11}	g_{21}	$\dots g_{n1}$	$PrCCprt$	g_{12}	g_{22}	$\dots g_{m2}$
B_1	B_2	$\dots B_n$	Q_1	Q_2	$\dots Q_n$	

structures R_j with the structure from Q_j with type of containment g_{j2} , unstructures A_i by the structure B_i with type of expelling g_{i1} , simultaneously, ($i = 1, 2, \dots, n, j = 1, 2, \dots, m$). Very interesting next parallel dynamic structure type:

A_1	A_2	$\dots A_n$	A_1	A_2	$\dots A_n$	
g_{11}	g_{21}	$\dots g_{n1}$	$PrCCrt(t)$	g_{11}	g_{21}	$\dots g_{n1}$
A_1	A_2	$\dots A_n$	A_1	A_2	$\dots A_n$	

You can enter special parallel operator $PrHCprt$ to work with dynamic hierarches:

A_1	A_2	$\dots A_n$	R_1	R_2	$\dots R_m$	
g_{11}	g_{21}	$\dots g_{n1}$	$PrHCprt$	g_{12}	g_{22}	$\dots g_{m2}$
B_1	B_2	$\dots B_n$	Q_1	Q_2	$\dots Q_n$	

hierarchizes R_j with the hierarchy from Q_j with type of containment g_{j2} , unhierarchizes A_i from the hierarchy B_i with type of expelling g_{i1} , simultaneously, ($i = 1, 2, \dots, n, j = 1, 2, \dots, m$).

Program operators $PrSCprt$, $PrtSCpr$.

Here it is supposed to use a symbiosis of parallel actions and conventional calculations through sequential actions. This must be done through $PrSCprt$ -Networks in one of the central departments of which a conventional computer

system is located. The parallel processor is itself prffeprogram with direct parallel computing not through serial computing.

Using conventional PrSCprt -coding by a parallel computer system, through a Target-block with a PrSCprt -program operator -

$$\text{PrSCprt}(t) \begin{matrix} u_1(t)w_1(t) & u_2(t)w_2(t) & \dots & u_n(t)w_n(t) \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ \text{activation} & \text{activation} & \dots & \text{activation} \end{matrix}, \text{ it will be possible to obtain the}$$

execution of the parallel actions $(u_1(t), u_2(t), \dots, u_n(t))$ with the desired target weights $w(t) = (w_1(t), w_2(t), \dots, w_n(t))$. Each code for a neural network from a conventional computer we "bind" (match) to the corresponding value of current (or voltage). For PrSCprt-coding and PrSCprt-translation may be use alternating current of ultrahigh frequency or high-intensity ultra-short optical pulses laser of Nobel laureates 2018-year Gerard Mourou, Donna Strickland, or a combination of them. For the desired action, for example, using the direct parallel program of operator PrSCprt(t)

$$(\text{UHF AC})_1(t) := Q_1(t) \quad (\text{UHF AC})_2(t) := Q_2(t) \quad \dots \quad (\text{UHF AC})_n(t) := Q_n(t) \\ \begin{matrix} g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ \text{activation} & \text{activation} & \dots & \text{activation} \end{matrix}, \text{ we}$$

simultaneously enter the desired set of codes $Q_i(t)$, $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$, using a microwave current or high-intensity ultra-short optical pulses laser in Target-block.

In a conventional computer, the process of sequential calculation takes a certain time interval, in a directly parallel calculation by a neural network, the calculation is instantaneous, but it occupies a certain region of the space of calculation objects.

Consider the types of direct parallel program operators:

- 1) PrSCprt-program operators
- 2) PrtSCpr-program operators

Here are some of the PrSCprt-program operators:

- 1) Simultaneous assignment of the expressions $\tilde{p} = (p_1 | \mu_{\tilde{p}}(p_1), p_2 | \mu_{\tilde{p}}(p_2), \dots, p_n | \mu_{\tilde{p}}(p_n))$ to the variables $\tilde{x} = (x_1 | \mu_{\tilde{x}}(x_1), x_2 | \mu_{\tilde{x}}(x_2), \dots, x_n | \mu_{\tilde{x}}(x_n))$. This is

$$\text{implemented via PrSCprt} \begin{matrix} x_1 := & x_2 := & \dots & x_n := \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ p_1 & p_2 & \dots & p_n \end{matrix}.$$

2) Simultaneous checking the set of conditions $\tilde{w}=(w_1|\mu_{\tilde{w}}(w_1), w_2|\mu_{\tilde{w}}(w_2), \dots, w_n|\mu_{\tilde{w}}(w_n))$ for the set of expressions $\tilde{B}=(B_1|\mu_{\tilde{B}}(B_1), B_2|\mu_{\tilde{B}}(B_2), \dots, B_n|\mu_{\tilde{B}}(B_n))$. Implemented via PrSCprt

$IF\{B_1w_1\} \text{ then } IF\{B_2w_2\} \text{ then } \dots IF\{B_nw_n\} \text{ then}$
 $\mu_{11} \quad \mu_{21} \quad \dots \quad \mu_{n1}$
 $u_1 \quad u_2 \quad \dots \quad u_n$, where u_i ($i = 1, \dots,$

n) can be anything.

3) Similarly for loop operators and others.

PrSCprt-algorithm Examples:

1) Simultaneous addition and simultaneous parallel multiplication of sets elements (See point 1, 2 in **Math PrCself**

2) parallel pattern recognition: PrSCprt

$IF\{q_1 \in \text{image archive}_1\} \text{ then } IF\{q_2 \in \text{image archive}_2\} \text{ then } \dots IF\{q_n \in \text{image archive}_n\} \text{ then}$
 $g_{11} \quad g_{21} \quad \dots \quad g_{n1}$
 $\text{Name of } q_1 \quad \text{Name of } q_2 \quad \dots \quad \text{Name of } q_n$

The example of PrSCprt-program is

	$x_1 :=$	$x_2 :=$	$\dots x_n :=$		$IF\{B_1w_1\} \text{ then}$	$IF\{B_2w_2\} \text{ then}$	$\dots IF\{B_nw_n\} \text{ then}$		w_1	w_2	$\dots w_n$
PrSCprt	g_{11}	g_{21}	$\dots g_{n1}$	PrSCprt	g_{11}	g_{21}	$\dots g_{n1}$	$\dots$ PrSCprt	g_{11}	g_{21}	$\dots g_{n1}$
	p_1	p_2	$\dots p_n$		u_1	u_2	$\dots u_n$		w_1	w_2	$\dots w_n$
	g_{11}				g_{21}				g_{n1}		
	r_1				r_2				r_n		

PrS_3Cf – software operators will differ only just because aggregates

$\{\tilde{w}\}, \{\tilde{p}\}, \{\tilde{B}\}, \{\tilde{x}\}$ will be formed from corresponding PrSCprt-program operators in form (1.1) for more complex operators in forms (1.1.1) – (1.4) , (2.1*) and analogs of forms (1.1.1) - (1.4) by type (2.1*).

For example, $fSprt_{g\{R\}}^{\{R\}}$ is the fcapacity in itself of the second type if $g\{R\}$ is a program capable of generating $\{R\}$.

The example of self-program of the first type is

	$x_1 :=$	$x_2 :=$	$\dots x_n :=$		$IF\{B_1w_1\} \text{ then}$	$IF\{B_2w_2\} \text{ then}$	$\dots IF\{B_nw_n\} \text{ then}$		w_1	w_2	$\dots w_n$
PrSCprt	g_{11}	g_{21}	$\dots g_{n1}$	PrSCprt	g_{11}	g_{21}	$\dots g_{n1}$	$\dots$ PrSCprt	g_{11}	g_{21}	$\dots g_{n1}$
	p_1	p_2	$\dots p_n$		u_1	u_2	$\dots u_n$		w_1	w_2	$\dots w_n$
	g_{11}				g_{21}				g_{n1}		
PrSCprt	g_{11}	g_{21}	$\dots g_{n1}$	PrSCprt	g_{11}	g_{21}	$\dots g_{n1}$	$\dots$ PrSCprt	g_{11}	g_{21}	$\dots g_{n1}$
	p_1	p_2	$\dots p_n$		u_1	u_2	$\dots u_n$		w_1	w_2	$\dots w_n$

PrSCprt-coding: 1) set A_i to set B_i , 2) set A_i to a point q_i , where the elements of the sets A_i, B_i can be continuous, ($i = 1, 2, \dots, n; j = 1, 2, \dots, m$). For example,

$$\begin{array}{ccc} A_1 & A_2 & \dots A_n \\ \text{PrSCprt}_{g_{11}} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1}. \\ B_1 & B_2 & \dots B_n \end{array}$$

There are PrSCprt -coding, PrSCprt-translation, PrSCprt-realize of prceprograms and of the programs from the archives without extraction theirs

PrCSelf-coding: 1) set A_i to set A_i , i.e. A_i on itself 2) set A_i to a point q_i in forms (1.1) - (1.4), where the elements of the sets A_i can be continuous. For example,

$$\begin{array}{ccc} A_1 & A_2 & \dots A_n \\ \text{PrSCprt}_{g_{11}} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1}. \\ A_1 & A_2 & \dots A_n \end{array}$$

One of the central departments of the control system should be a computer system of the usual type of the desired level. In symbiosis with PrSCprt-Networks, it will provide a holistic operation of the control system in three modes: conventional serial through a conventional type computer system, direct parallel through PrSCprt -Networks and series-parallel. Codes from a conventional type computer system will be used via PrSCprt -connectors in PrSCprt - coding, for example:

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} (\text{UHF AC})_1(t) := Q_1(t) & (\text{UHF AC})_2(t) := Q_2(t) & \dots & (\text{UHF AC})_n(t) := Q_n(t) \\ \text{PrSCprt}(t) & g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} & , \\ & \text{activation} & \text{activation} & \dots & \text{activation} \end{array}$$

UHF AC field activation is used.

Consider the dynamic PrSCprt and $\text{PrS}_3\text{Cf}(t)$ programming:

1. The process of simultaneous assignment of the expressions $\tilde{p}(t) = (p_1(t) | \mu_{\tilde{p}(t)}(p_1(t)), p_2(t) | \mu_{\tilde{p}(t)}(p_2(t)), \dots, p_n(t) | \mu_{\tilde{p}(t)}(p_n(t)))$ to the variables $\tilde{x}(t) = (x_1(t) | \mu_{\tilde{x}(t)}(x_1(t)), x_2(t) | \mu_{\tilde{x}(t)}(x_2(t)), \dots, x_n(t) | \mu_{\tilde{x}(t)}(x_n(t)))$ is implemented through PrSCprt

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} x_1(t) := & x_2(t) := & \dots & x_n(t) := & & & \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} & . & . & \\ p_1(t) & p_2(t) & \dots & p_n(t) & & & \end{array}$$

2. The process of simultaneous check the set of conditions $\tilde{w}=(w_1|\mu_{\tilde{w}}(w_1), w_2|\mu_{\tilde{w}}(w_2), \dots, w_n|\mu_{\tilde{w}}(w_n))$ for the set of expressions $\tilde{B}(t)=(B_1(t)|\mu_{\tilde{B}(t)}(B_1(t)), B_2(t)|\mu_{\tilde{B}(t)}(B_2(t)), \dots, B_n(t)|\mu_{\tilde{B}(t)}(B_n(t)))$ is implemented through PrSCprt

$IF\{B_1(t)w_1(t)\} \text{ then } IF\{B_2(t)w_2(t)\} \text{ then } \dots IF\{B_n(t)w_n(t)\} \text{ then}$
 $\begin{matrix} \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ u_1(t) & u_2(t) & \dots & u_n(t) \end{matrix}$ where $u(t) =$

$(u_1(t), u_2(t), \dots, u_n(t))$ can be any.

3. Similarly for loop operators and others.

$PrS_3Cf(t)$ – software operators will differ only in that the aggregates

$\{\tilde{w}(t)\}, \{\tilde{p}(t)\}, \{\tilde{B}(t)\}, \{\tilde{x}(t)\}$ will be formed from corresponding processes

$PrSCprt(t)$ for the above-mentioned programming operators through form (1.1) or forms (1.1.1) – (1.4) for more complex operators, (2.1*) and analogs of forms (1.1.1) - (1.4) by type (2.1*).

Consider $PrfftSpr$ -program operators. The ideology of $PrtSCpr$ and Prt_{S_4Cf} is

parallel analogue of t_{S_4Cf} [14] can be used for programminF. Here are some of the $PrtSCpr$ -program operators.

1. Simultaneous expelling assignment of the expressions $\tilde{p}=(p_1|\mu_{\tilde{p}}(p_1),$

$p_2|\mu_{\tilde{p}}(p_2), \dots, p_n|\mu_{\tilde{p}}(p_n))$ from the variables $\tilde{x}=(x_1|\mu_{\tilde{x}}(x_1), x_2|\mu_{\tilde{x}}(x_2), \dots, x_n|$

$\mu_{\tilde{x}}(x_n))$. It's implemented through $\begin{matrix} x_1 := & x_2 := & \dots & x_n := \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ p_1 & p_2 & \dots & p_n \end{matrix}$ PrSCprt.

2. Simultaneous expelling checks the set of conditions $\tilde{w}=(w_1|\mu_{\tilde{w}}(w_1), w_2|\mu_{\tilde{w}}(w_2), \dots, w_n|\mu_{\tilde{w}}(w_n))$ for the set of expressions $\tilde{B}=(B_1|\mu_{\tilde{B}}(B_1), B_2|\mu_{\tilde{B}}(B_2), \dots, B_n|\mu_{\tilde{B}}(B_n))$. It's implemented through

$IF\{B_1w_1\} \text{ then } IF\{B_2w_2\} \text{ then } \dots IF\{B_nw_n\} \text{ then}$
 $\begin{matrix} g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots & g_{n1} \\ u_1 & u_2 & \dots & u_n \end{matrix}$ PrSCprt, where u_i (i =

1, ..., n) can be anything.

3. Similarly for loop operators and others.

Prt_{S_4Cf} – software operators will differ only just because aggregates

$\{\tilde{w}\}, \{\tilde{p}\}, \{\tilde{B}\}, \{\tilde{x}\}$ will be formed from corresponding PrtSCpr program operators in form (1.1) for more complex operators in forms (1.1.1) – (1.4) , (2.1*) and analogs of forms (1.1.1) - (1.4) by type (2.1*).

Consider hierarchical PrtSpr-program operator

$$\begin{array}{c} C_1(t) \quad C_2(t) \quad \dots C_m(t) \\ g_{12} \quad g_{22} \quad \dots g_{m2} \quad \text{PrSCrt}_2(t) = \\ D_1(t) \quad D_2(t) \quad \dots D_m(t) \end{array}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} \{ \} \quad \{ \} \quad \dots \quad \{ \} \\ \sum_{i=1}^m Q_i(t) + \quad g_{12} \quad g_{22} \quad \dots \quad g_{m2} \quad \text{PrSCrt}(t) \\ D_1(t) - D_1(t) \cap C_1(t) \quad D_2(t) - D_2(t) \cap C_2(t) \quad \dots D_m(t) - D_2(t) \cap C_m(t) \\ \sum_{i=1}^m (C_i(t) - D_i(t) \cap C_i(t)) - (D_i(t) - D_i(t) \cap C_i(t)) \end{array} \right\}$$

, where $Q_i(t)$ is oself-set for $(D_i(t) \cap C_i(t))$ [14].

Consider the PrtSCpr(t) and $Prt(t)_{S_4Cf}$ programming at time t.

1. The process of simultaneous assignment of the expressions $\tilde{p}(t)=(p_1(t)|\mu_{\tilde{p}(t)})$ $(p_1(t)), p_2(t)|\mu_{\tilde{p}(t)}(p_2(t)), \dots, p_n(t)|\mu_{\tilde{p}(t)}(p_n(t))$ to the variables $\tilde{x}(t)=(x_1(t)|\mu_{\tilde{x}(t)}(x_1(t)),$ $x_2(t)|\mu_{\tilde{x}(t)}(x_2(t)), \dots, x_n(t)|\mu_{\tilde{x}(t)}(x_n(t)))$ is implemented through

$$\begin{array}{c} x_1(t) := \quad x_2(t) := \quad \dots x_n(t) := \\ \mu_{11} \quad \mu_{21} \quad \dots \quad \mu_{n1} \quad \text{PrSCprt}(t). \\ p_1(t) \quad p_2(t) \quad \dots \quad p_n(t) \end{array}$$

2. The process of simultaneous check the set of conditions $\tilde{u}(t)=(u_1(t)|\mu_{\tilde{u}(t)}(u_1(t)),$

$u_2(t)|\mu_{\tilde{u}(t)}(u_2(t)), \dots, u_n(t)|\mu_{\tilde{u}(t)}(u_n(t))$ for the set of expressions $\tilde{B}(t)=(B_1(t)|\mu_{\tilde{B}(t)}$

$(B_1(t)), B_2(t)|\mu_{\tilde{B}(t)}(B_2(t)), \dots, B_n(t)|\mu_{\tilde{B}(t)}(B_n(t)))$ is implemented through

$$\begin{array}{c} IF\{B_1(t)u_1(t)\} \text{ then } IF\{B_2(t)u_2(t)\} \text{ then } \dots IF\{B_n(t)u_n(t)\} \text{ then } \\ g_{11} \quad g_{21} \quad \dots \quad g_{n1} \quad \text{PrSCprt}(t), \\ w_1(t) \quad w_2(t) \quad \dots \quad w_n(t) \end{array}$$

where $w_i(t)$ (i = 1, ..., n) can be anything.

3. Similarly for loop operators and others.

$Prt(t)_{S_4Cf}$ – software operators will differ only in that the aggregates

$\tilde{x}(t), \tilde{p}(t), \tilde{B}(t), \tilde{w}(t)$ will be formed from corresponding processes PrSCprt(t) for the above-mentioned programming operators through form (1.1) or forms (1.1.1) –

(1.4) for more complex operators, (2.1*) and analogs of forms (1.1.1) - (1.4) by type (2.1*).

Consider PrSCrt(t)- program operators

$$fSprt_{t_0} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} u & u & u & u \\ g_1 & g_2 PrSCpr g_1 & g_2 \\ u & u & u & u \end{pmatrix} W_q^{E_q} Sprt_q \begin{pmatrix} u & u & u & u \\ g_1 & g_2 PrSCpr g_1 & g_2 \\ u & u & u & u \end{pmatrix} \right\} fSprt_{d_r}^{E^{ex}l^{d_r}} \{ E_{in}l^{d_r} \} \quad . \text{—program structure}$$

example, where the assemblage point d_r is the cursor, it is quite complex Cself—program.

Remark. Energy with type of containment g_1, g_2 of a living organism other than humans:

$$PrC(r, u(E_q), g_1, g_2) = fSprt_{t_0} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} u & u & u & u \\ g_1 & g_2 PrSCpr g_1 & g_2 \\ u & u & u & u \end{pmatrix} W_q^{E_q} Sprt_q \begin{pmatrix} u & u & u & u \\ g_1 & g_2 PrSCpr g_1 & g_2 \\ u & u & u & u \end{pmatrix} \right\} fSprt_{d_r}^{E^{ex}l^{d_r}} \{ E_{in}l^{d_r} \}$$

(**_{B.1}).

Energy with type of containment μ_1, μ_2 of a living organism of a person:

fPrhff(r, u(E_q), μ_1, μ_2) =

$$fSprt_{t_0} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} u & u & u & u \\ g_1 & g_2 PrSCpr g_1 & g_2 \\ u & u & u & u \end{pmatrix} W_q^{E_q} Sprt_q \begin{pmatrix} u & u & u & u \\ g_1 & g_2 PrSCpr g_1 & g_2 \\ u & u & u & u \end{pmatrix} \right\} fSprt_{d_r}^{E^{ex}l^{d_r}} \{ E_{in}l^{d_r} \}_{(self(E_{in}l^{d_r}))} \quad (***_B.1).$$

$u \quad u \quad u \quad u$
 $g_1 \quad g_2 PrSCpr g_1 \quad g_2$ -internal energy with type of containment μ_1, μ_2 of a living
 $u \quad u \quad u \quad u$

organism of double energy structure, q- a gap in the energy cocoon of a living organism, r-the position of the assemblage point d_r on the energy cocoon of a living organism, W_q - energy prominences from the gap in the cocoon of a living organism, E_q -external energy entering the gap in the cocoon of a living organism, $E^{ex}l^{d_r}$ - a bundle of fibers of external energy self-capacities from outside the cocoon, collected at the point of assembly of the cocoon of a living organism,

$E_{in}^{l^{dr}}$ - a bundle of fibers of external energy self-capacities from inside the cocoon, collected at the point of assembly of the cocoon of a living organism in the same position r of the assemblage point d_r . d_r is the subject of identifying the energy fibers of the subtle energy of the Universe in position r both outside and inside the cocoon.

$(**_{B.1}), (***_B.1)$ can be interpreted as PrSCprt- program operators.

Appendix.

Supplement for string theory: May be to try represent elementary particles in the

form of continual self-elements of the type: PrSCprt $\begin{matrix} \uparrow I \downarrow_{-1}^1 & \downarrow I \uparrow_{-\infty}^\infty & \dots \downarrow I \uparrow_{-1}^1 \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots x_n \end{matrix}$, etc.

Supplement for PrSCprt-logic: We consider PrSCprt-logic: consider the functional $f(Q)$, which gives a numerical value for the truth of the dynamic statement Q from the interval $[0,1]$, where 0 corresponds to "no," and one corresponds to the logical value "yes." Then for joint dynamic statements A, B : $f(A+B)=f(A)+f(B)-f(A*B)+fSC(D)$, D - self- (dynamic statement) from $A*B$, $fSC(x)$ - the value of self-(dynamic truth) for self-(dynamic statement) x ; for dependent dynamic statements: $f(A*B)=f(A)*f(B/A)=f(B)*f(A/B)$, where $f(B/A)$ - conditional dynamic truth of the dynamic statement B at dynamic statement A , $f(A/B)$ - dependent dynamic truth of the dynamic statement A at the dynamic statement B . Adding the dynamic truth values of inconsistent dynamic propositions:

$f(A+B)=F(A)+f(B)$. The formula of complete dynamic truth: $f(A)=\sum_{k=1}^n f(B_k) * f(A/B_k)$, $B_1, B_2, \dots, B_n$ -full group of hypotheses- (dynamic statements): $\sum_{k=1}^n f(B_k)=1$ ("yes").

Remark. A statement can be interpreted as an event, and its truth value as a probability.

PrSCprt- statement for set of dynamic statements $A = \{A_1, A_2, \dots, A_n\}$: PrSCprt

A_1	A_2	$\dots A_n$		$f(A_1)$	$f(A_2)$	$\dots f(A_n)$	
g_{11}	g_{21}	$\dots g_{n1}$	PrSCprt	g_{11}	g_{21}	$\dots g_{n1}$	- PrSCprt- truth for these
x_1	x_2	$\dots x_n$		x_1	x_2	$\dots x_n$	

statements. It is possible to consider the self-(statement) PrS_3CA with m statements from A , at $m < n$, which is formed by the form (1.1), that is, only m

statements from A are located in the structure $PrSCprt \begin{matrix} A_1 & A_2 & \dots A_n \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots x_n \end{matrix}$. The same

for self-truth $PrS_3C\{f(A_1), f(A_2), \dots, f(A_n)\}$.

One can introduce the concepts of $PrSCprt$ -group: $PrSCprt \begin{matrix} A_1 & A_2 & \dots A_n \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots x_n \end{matrix}$, A is the

usual group, $PrSCprt \begin{matrix} A_1 & A_2 & \dots A_n \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots x_n \end{matrix}$, where A_i is usual group, $i=1,2, \dots, n$, x - usual

groups, self- group: PrS_iCfA , $i=1,2,3$, A is usual group.

Definition B.1.5.1. A dynamic structure with a second degree of freedom will be called complete, i.e., "capable" of reversing itself concerning any of its elements clearly, but not necessarily in known operators; it can form (create) new special dynamic operators (in particular, special dynamic

functions). In particular, $PrCCrt \begin{matrix} A_1 & A_2 & \dots A_n \\ g_{11} & g_{21} & \dots g_{n1} \\ A_1 & A_2 & \dots A_n \end{matrix}$ is such structure. Similarly,

for working with models, each is structured by its dynamic structure; for example, use $PrSCprt$ -groups, $PrSCprt$ -rings, $PrSCprt$ -fields, $PrSCprt$ -spaces, $PrCSelf$ -groups, $PrCSelf$ -rings, $PrCSelf$ -fields, and $PrCSelf$ -spaces. Like any task, this is also a dynamic structure of the appropriate capacity. Since the degree of freedom is double, it is clear that the form of the $PrCSelf$ -equation contains a dynamic solutions or dynamic structures the inversion of the $PrCSelf$ -equation concerning unknowns, i.e., the dynamic structure of the $PrCself$ -equation is complete.

B.2 PrffSCprt – elements, self-type PrffSCprt - structures

Introduction.

This section generalizes the previous one to fuzzy actions with fuzzy objects, in particular, with fuzzy sets.

We consider the expression

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} C_1 & C_2 & \dots & C_m & & A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \\ v_{12} & v_{22} & & v_{m2} & \text{PrffSCprt} & v_{11} & v_{21} & & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{12} & \mu_{22} & \dots & \mu_{m2} & & \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \end{array} (*_{B.2.1})$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} D_1 & D_2 & \dots & D_m & & B_1 & B_2 & \dots & B_n \end{array}$$

where fuzzy A_1 fits into fuzzy B_1 with type of containment v_{11} and measure of fuzziness μ_{11} , fuzzy A_2 fits into fuzzy B_2 with type of containment v_{21} and measure of fuzziness μ_{21} , ..., fuzzy A_n fits into fuzzy B_n with type of containment v_{n1} and measure of fuzziness μ_{n1} , fuzzy D_1 is forced out of fuzzy C_1 with type of expelling v_{12} and measure of fuzziness μ_{12} , fuzzy D_2 is forced out of fuzzy C_2 with type of expelling v_{22} and measure of fuzziness μ_{22} , ..., fuzzy D_m is forced out of fuzzy C_m with type of expelling v_{m2} and measure of fuzziness μ_{m2} , simultaneously. The result of this process will be described by the expression

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} C_1 & C_2 & \dots & C_m & & A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \\ v_{12} & v_{22} & & v_{m2} & \text{PrffSCprt} & v_{11} & v_{21} & & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{12} & \mu_{22} & \dots & \mu_{m2} & & \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \end{array} (*_{B.2.2})$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} D_1 & D_2 & \dots & D_m & & B_1 & B_2 & \dots & B_n \end{array}$$

If $A_1, B_1, A_2, B_2, \dots, A_n, B_n, D_1, C_1, D_2, C_2, \dots, D_m, C_m$ are taken as fuzzy sets, then we will call $(*_{B.2.1})$ a parallel fuzzy fuzzy dynamic fuzzy set. The need $(*_{B.2.1})$ arose to describe processes in networks. Threshold element PrffSppt -

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} B_1 & B_2 & \dots & B_n & & \{ax\}_1 & \{ax\}_2 & \dots & \{ax\}_n \\ v_{12} & v_{22} & & v_{m2} & \text{PrffSCprt} & v_{11} & v_{21} & & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{12} & \mu_{22} & \dots & \mu_{n2} & & \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \end{array}, B_1, B_2, \dots, B_n - \text{artificial}$$

$$\{qy\}_1 \{qy\}_2 \dots \{qy\}_n \quad B_1 \quad B_2 \quad \dots \quad B_n$$

neurons of type PrffSCprt (designation - $mn\text{PrffSCprt}$), $\tilde{x}=(x_1|\mu_{\tilde{x}}(x_1), x_2|\mu_{\tilde{x}}$

$(x_2)|, \dots, x_n|\mu_{\tilde{x}}(x_n)|)$ are the fuzzy values of the initial signals, $a=(a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n)$ are the

weights of PrffSCprt-synapses and $\tilde{y}=(y_1|\mu_{\tilde{y}}(y_1), y_2|\mu_{\tilde{y}}(y_2)|, \dots, y_n|\mu_{\tilde{y}}(y_n)|)$ are the fuzzy values of the output signals $\{qy\}$ with weights $q=(q_1, q_2, \dots, q_n)$. It can be considered a simpler version of the Parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy set

$$\text{PrffSCprt} \begin{array}{ccc} A_1 & A_2 & \dots A_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots \mu_{n1} \end{array} (**_{B.2.1}),$$

$$B_1 \quad B_2 \quad \dots B_n$$

where fuzzy A_1 fits into fuzzy B_1 with type of containment v_{11} and measure of fuzziness μ_{11} , fuzzy A_2 fits into fuzzy B_2 with type of containment v_{21} and measure of fuzziness μ_{21} , ..., fuzzy A_n fits into fuzzy B_n with type of containment v_{n1} and measure of fuzziness μ_{n1} , simultaneously, the result of this process will be described by the expression

$$\text{PrffSCrt} \begin{array}{ccc} A_1 & A_2 & \dots A_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots \mu_{n1} \end{array} (**_{B.2.2})$$

$$B_1 \quad B_2 \quad \dots B_n$$

or

$$\begin{array}{ccc} C_1 & C_2 & \dots C_m \\ v_{12} & v_{22} & v_{m2} \\ \mu_{12} & \mu_{22} & \dots \mu_{m2} \end{array} \text{PrffSCprt}(***_B.2.1),$$

$$D_1 \quad D_2 \quad \dots D_m$$

where fuzzy D_1 is forced out of fuzzy C_1 with type of expelling v_{12} and measure of fuzziness μ_{12} , fuzzy D_2 is forced out of fuzzy C_2 with type of expelling v_{22} and measure of fuzziness μ_{22} , ..., fuzzy D_m is forced out of fuzzy C_m with type of expelling v_{m2} and measure of fuzziness μ_{m2} , simultaneously, the result of this process will be described by the expression

$$\begin{array}{ccc} C_1 & C_2 & \dots C_m \\ v_{12} & v_{22} & v_{m2} \\ \mu_{12} & \mu_{22} & \dots \mu_{m2} \end{array} \text{PrffSCrt}(***_B.2.2)$$

$$D_1 \quad D_2 \quad \dots D_m$$

We consider the measure:

$$\left(\begin{array}{cccc} C_1 & C_2 & \dots & C_m \\ v_{12} & v_{22} & & v_{m2} \\ \mu_{12} & \mu_{22} & \dots & \mu_{m2} \\ D_1 & D_2 & \dots & D_m \end{array} \text{PrffSCprt} \begin{array}{ccc} A_1 & A_2 & \dots A_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots \mu_{n1} \\ C_1 & C_2 & \dots C_n \end{array} \right)^{**} ($$

$$\begin{array}{cccc} C_1 & C_2 & \dots & C_m \\ v_{12} & v_{22} & & v_{m2} \\ \mu_{12} & \mu_{22} & \dots & \mu_{m2} \\ D_1 & D_2 & \dots & D_m \end{array} \text{PrffSCprt} \begin{array}{ccc} A_1 & A_2 & \dots A_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots \mu_{n1} \\ C_1 & C_2 & \dots C_n \end{array}) = \frac{\mu(A_1) * \mu(A_2) * \dots * \mu(A_n) * \mu_{11} * \mu_{21} * \dots * \mu_{n1} * \prod_{i=1}^n \mu(v_{i1})}{\mu(D_1) * \mu(D_2) * \dots * \mu(D_m) * \mu_{12} * \mu_{22} * \dots * \mu_{m2} * \prod_{i=1}^m \mu(v_{i2})},$$

where $m(A_i), m(D_j)$, –usual fuzzy measures of fuzzy sets A_i, D_j ($i = 1, 2, \dots, n; j = 1, 2, \dots, m$).

Remark. One can consider some generalization for $(*_{B.2.1})$, $(*_{B.2.2})$:

$$\begin{array}{cccc} q_1(C_1) & q_2(C_2) & \dots & q_m(C_m) \\ v_{12} & v_{22} & & v_{m2} \\ \mu_{12} & \mu_{22} & \dots & \mu_{m2} \\ D_1 & D_2 & \dots & D_m \end{array} \text{PrffSCprt} \begin{array}{ccc} A_1 & A_2 & \dots A_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots \mu_{n1} \\ w_1(B_1) & w_2(B_2) & \dots w_n(B_n) \end{array} ,$$

$$\begin{array}{cccc} q_1(C_1) & q_2(C_2) & \dots & q_m(C_m) \\ v_{12} & v_{22} & & v_{m2} \\ \mu_{12} & \mu_{22} & \dots & \mu_{m2} \\ D_1 & D_2 & \dots & D_m \end{array} \text{PrffSCrt} \begin{array}{ccc} A_1 & A_2 & \dots A_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots \mu_{n1} \\ w_1(B_1) & w_2(B_2) & \dots w_n(B_n) \end{array} \text{ where fuzzy } A_1 \text{ fits}$$

into fuzzy B_1 through w_1 with type of containment v_{11} and measure of fuzziness μ_{11} , fuzzy A_2 fits into fuzzy B_2 through w_2 with type of containment v_{21} and measure of fuzziness μ_{21} , ..., fuzzy A_n fits into fuzzy B_n through w_n with type of containment v_{n1} and measure of fuzziness μ_{n1} , fuzzy D_1 is forced out of fuzzy C_1 through q_1 with type of expelling v_{12} and measure of fuzziness μ_{12} , fuzzy D_2 is forced out of fuzzy C_2 through q_2 with type of expelling v_{22} and measure of fuzziness μ_{22} , ..., fuzzy D_m is forced out of fuzzy C_m through q_m with type of expelling v_{m2} and measure of fuzziness μ_{m2} , simultaneously. A_i, B_i, D_j, C_j ($i = 1, 2, \dots, n; j = 1, 2, \dots, m$) can be taken as fuzzy sets.

Similarly, for $(**_{B.2.1})$: PrffSCprt $\begin{matrix} A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \end{matrix}$, for $(***_{B.2.1})$:
 $w_1(B_1) \ w_2(B_2) \ \dots w_n(B_n)$

$q_1(C_1)q_2(C_2) \ \dots \ q_m(C_m)$
 $\begin{matrix} v_{12} & v_{22} & \dots & v_{m2} \\ \mu_{12} & \mu_{22} & \dots & \mu_{m2} \\ D_1 & D_2 & \dots & D_m \end{matrix}$ PrffSCprt . The result of this process will be described by

the expression $\begin{matrix} q_1(C_1)q_2(C_2) \ \dots \ q_m(C_m) \\ v_{12} & v_{22} & \dots & v_{m2} \\ \mu_{12} & \mu_{22} & \dots & \mu_{m2} \\ D_1 & D_2 & \dots & D_m \end{matrix}$ PrffSCprt .

We construct new mathematical objects constructively without formalism. By its contradiction, formalism may destroy this thry by Gödel's theorem on the incompleteness of any formal theory. But in the next monograph, we will give the formalism of the theory it's due: the proof of axioms and theorems.

PrffSCprt – elements, self-type PrffSCprt - structures.

Definition B.2.1.1. The fuzzy set of elements $\tilde{g}=(g_1|\mu_{\tilde{g}}(g_1), g_2|\mu_{\tilde{g}}(g_2), \dots, g_n|\mu_{\tilde{g}}(g_n))$ at one point $x=(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$ of space X we shall call PrffSCprt – element, and such a point x in space X is called parallel fuzzy fcapacity of the PrffSCprt –

element. We shall denote PrffSCprt $\begin{matrix} g_1 & g_2 & \dots & g_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix}$.

Definition B.2.1.2. PrffSCprt $\begin{matrix} g_1 & g_2 & \dots & g_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix}$ - a parallel fuzzy fuzzy dynamic fuzzy

set $\tilde{g}$ at x .

Definition B.2.1.3. An ordered fuzzy set of elements at one point in the space is called an ordered PrffSCprt –element.

It's possible to PrffSCprt $\begin{matrix} g_1 & g_2 & \dots & g_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix}$ correspond to the fuzzy set $\tilde{g}$, and the ordered

PrffSCprt - element - a fuzzy vector, a fuzzy matrix, a fuzzy tensor, a fuzzy

directed segment in the case when the totality of elements is understood as a fuzzy set of elements in a segment.

It's allowed to sum PrffSCprt – elements:
$$\begin{matrix} g_1 & g_2 & \dots & g_n \\ \text{PrffSCprt} & \begin{matrix} v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix} \end{matrix} +$$

$$\begin{matrix} b_1 & b_2 & \dots & b_n \\ \text{PrffSCprt} & \begin{matrix} v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix} \end{matrix} = \text{PrffSCprt} \begin{matrix} g_1 \cup b_1 & g_2 \cup b_2 & \dots & g_n \cup b_n \\ \begin{matrix} v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix} \end{matrix} .$$

It's allowed to multiply PrffSCprt – elements:
$$\begin{matrix} g_1 & g_2 & \dots & g_n \\ \text{PrffSCprt} & \begin{matrix} v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix} \end{matrix} *$$

$$\begin{matrix} b_1 & b_2 & \dots & b_n \\ \text{PrffSCprt} & \begin{matrix} v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix} \end{matrix} = \text{PrffSCprt} \begin{matrix} g_1 \cap b_1 & g_2 \cap b_2 & \dots & g_n \cap b_n \\ \begin{matrix} v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix} \end{matrix} .$$

The operator
$$\begin{matrix} g_1 \cup b_1 & g_2 \cup b_2 & \dots & g_n \cup b_n \\ \text{PrffSCprt} & \begin{matrix} v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix} \end{matrix} .$$
 is not equal the fuzzy set of

$g_i \cup b_i$, ($i = 1, 2, \dots, n$), rather, it is Parallel fuzzy dynamic — contraction of the fuzzy set of $g_i \cup b_i$, ($i = 1, 2, \dots, n$), to the point x . Similarly, for

$$\begin{matrix} g_1 \cap b_1 & g_2 \cap b_2 & \dots & g_n \cap b_n \\ \text{PrffSCprt} & \begin{matrix} v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix} \end{matrix} ..$$
 This is more suitable for using fuzzy sets

for energy space, for any fuzzy objects. The operator PrffSCprt is adapted for ordinary energies, using their property to overlap.

Parallel fuzzy fcapacity in itself.

Definition B.2.1.4. The ffcapacity
$$\begin{matrix} g_1 & g_2 & \dots & g_n \\ \text{PrffSCrt} & \begin{matrix} v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \end{matrix} \end{matrix}$$
 is called the parallel

fuzzy fcapacity $A = (A_1, A_2, \dots, A_n)$ for $\tilde{g} = (g_1 | \mu_{\tilde{g}}(g_1), g_2 | \mu_{\tilde{g}}(g_2), \dots, g_n | \mu_{\tilde{g}}(g_n))$.

Definition B.2.1.4.1. The parallel fuzzy fcapacity A in itself of the first type is the parallel fuzzy fcapacity fuzzy containing itself as an element. Denote $PrffS_1CfA$.

$$PrffS_1CfA = \text{PrffSCrt} \begin{matrix} A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \end{matrix} \begin{matrix} A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \end{matrix}$$

Definition B.2.1.5. The parallel fuzzy fcapacity A in itself of the second type is the parallel fuzzy fcapacity that fuzzy contains fuzzy elements from which it can be generated. Denote $PrffS_2CfA$.

An example of the parallel fcapacity in itself of the first type is a set containing itself in parallel. An example of parallel fcapacity in itself of the second type is a living organism since it contains a program: DNA and RNA.

Definition B.2.1.6. Partial parallel fuzzy fcapacity A in itself of the third type is the parallel fuzzy fcapacity A in itself, which partially contains itself or fuzzy contains fuzzy elements from which it can be fuzzy generated in part or both simultaneously. Let us denote $PrffS_3CfA$.

Let us introduce the following notations: $A*B = \text{PrffSCprt} \begin{matrix} A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \end{matrix} \begin{matrix} A^2 \\ B_1 & B_2 & \dots & B_n \end{matrix}$

$\text{PrffCSelf } A = \text{PrffSCrt}_A^\mu$, $A^3 = \text{PrffCSelf}^2 A$, ..., $A^{n+1} = \text{PrffCSelf}^n A$, There is no commutativity here: $A*B \neq B*A$. We can consider operator functions: $e^A = 1 + \frac{A}{1!} + \frac{A^2}{2!} + \frac{A^3}{3!} + \dots$, $(A+B)^n = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} A^k B^{n-k}$, $(1+A)^n = 1 + \frac{Ax}{1!} + \frac{n(n-1)A^2}{2!} + \dots$, etc.

You can consider a more “hard” option: $A*B = \text{PPrffSCrt}_B^\mu$, where PPrffSCrt_B^μ – operator, containing A in every element of B, $A^2 = \text{PPrffCSelf } A = \text{PPrffSCrt}_A^\mu$, $A^3 = \text{PPrffCSelf}^2 A$, ..., $A^{n+1} = \text{PPrffCSelf}^n A$, There is no commutativity here:

$A*B \neq B*A$. We can consider operator functions: $e^A = 1 + \frac{A}{1!} + \frac{A^2}{2!} + \frac{A^3}{3!} + \dots$, $(A + B)^n = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} A^k B^{n-k}$, $(1 + A)^n = 1 + \frac{Ax}{1!} + \frac{n(n-1)A^2}{2!} + \dots$, etc.

All parallel capacities in parallel self-space are parallel capacities in themselves by definition. Parallel capacities in themselves can appear as *PrffSCprt* -capacities and ordinary capacities. In these cases, the usual measures and methods of topology are used.

Connection of *PrffSCprt* – elements with parallel fuzzy fcapacities in themselves.

$$\begin{matrix} \{R\} \\ v \end{matrix}$$

For example, $PrffSCrt_{g\{R\}}^{\mu}$ is the parallel fuzzy fcapacity in itself of the second type if $g\{R\}$ is a parallel program capable of fuzzy generating $\{R\}$.

Consider a third type of parallel fuzzy fcapacity in itself. For example, based on

$$PrffSCprt \begin{matrix} g_1 & g_2 & \dots & g_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix}, \text{ where } \tilde{g} = (g_1 | \mu_{\tilde{g}}(g_1), g_2 | \mu_{\tilde{g}}(g_2), \dots, g_n | \mu_{\tilde{g}}(g_n)), \text{ i.e. } n - \text{elements}$$

at one point $x = (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$, we can consider the fcapacity $PrffS_3Cf$ in itself with m elements from $\tilde{g}$, $m < n$, which is formed according to the form (1.1), that is, the structure $PrffS_3Cf$ contains only m elements, or in forms (1.1.1) - (1.1.5), summarizing it. Fuzzy fcapacities in themselves of the third type can be formed for any other structure, not necessarily $PrffS_3Cf$ only by necessarily reducing the number of elements in the structure, in particular, using form (1.2). Structures more complex than $PrffS_3Cf$ can be introduced. For example, through a form (1.3), where A is fuzzy compressed (fuzzy fits) in C in the fuzzy compression fuzzy structure B in C (i.e., in the fuzzy structure $PrffS_3Cf$); or through the forms (1.3.1) - (1.4) and corresponding generalizations of (1.4) on (1.3.1) - (1.3.4), etc.

(1.3.1) - (1.3.4) schematically interpret the fuzzy formation of fuzzy capacity in itself through a pseudo 3-connected form with a 2-connected form. The ideology of *PrffSCprt* and $PrffS_3Cf$ can be used for programming.

Remark B.2.1.1. Fuzzy self, in particular, according to a fuzzy form- fuzzy analogue of the form of type (1.1): (2.1*)..

By analogy the same for the fuzzy form of type (1.1.1) – (1.4).

Math PrffCSelf.

Let's consider PrffSCprt arithmetic first:

1. Simultaneous parallel addition of sets elements $\tilde{g}_i = (g_{i_1} | \mu_{\tilde{g}_i}(g_{i_1}), g_{i_2} | \mu_{\tilde{g}_i}(g_{i_2}), \dots, g_{i_{m_j}} | \mu_{\tilde{g}_i}(g_{i_{m_j}}))$, $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$, $j = 1, 2, \dots, k$ is carried out using

$$\text{PrffSCprt} \begin{array}{cccc} \{g_1\} + & \{g_2\} + & \dots & \{g_n\} + \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{array}.$$

2. Similarly, for simultaneous parallel multiplication:

$$\text{PrffSCprt} \begin{array}{cccc} \{g_1\} * & \{g_2\} * & \dots & \{g_n\} * \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ w_1 & w_2 & \dots & w_n \end{array} \text{ the notation of the fuzzy set } B_l, l = 1, 2, \dots, n,$$

with elements $b_{l i_1 i_2 \dots i_{m_j}} =$

$$\text{Sprt}_{x_l} \left\{ g_{l i_1}^*, g_{l i_2}^*, \dots, g_{l i_{m_j}}^* \right\}_{R_l} \text{ for any } \{l_{i_1}, l_{i_2}, \dots, l_{i_{m_j}}\} \text{ without repetitions, } x_l =$$

$\text{Sprt}_w^{\{K_l\}}$, K_l -set of any $\{k_{l i_1}^*, k_{l i_2}^*, \dots, k_{l i_{m_j}}^*\}$ without repeating them, $l =$

$1, 2, \dots, n$, $k_{l i_j}$ -any digit, $i = 1, 2, \dots, m_j$, $R_l = \text{Sprt}_w^{\{l_{i_1} + l_{i_2} + \dots, l_{i_{m_j}}\}}$, R_l is the index

of the lower discharge (we choose an index on the scale of discharges):

Table B.2.1. Index on the scale of discharges

index	discharge
n	n
...	...
1	1

,	0
-1	1st digit to the right of the point
-2	2nd digit to the right of the point
...	...

Then PrffSCprt $\begin{matrix} \{B_1\} + & \{B_2\} + & \dots & \{B_n\} + \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix}$ gives the final result of simultaneous

multiplication. Any system of calculus can be chosen, in particular binary. The most straightforward functional scheme of the assumed arithmetic-logical device for PrffSCprt-multiplication:

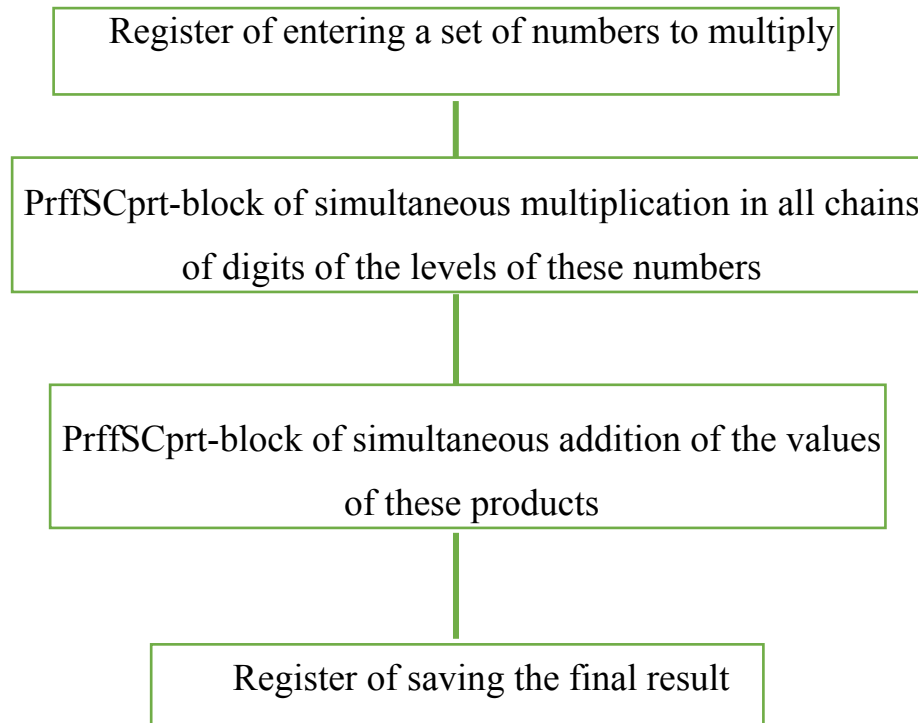


Fig. B.2.1. The straightforward functional scheme of the assumed arithmetic-logical device for PrffSCprt-multiplication.

Remark. The algorithm for simultaneously adding a set of numbers can also be implemented as the simultaneous addition of elements of a simultaneously formed composite matrix: a triangular matrix in which the elements of the first row are represented by multiplying the first number from the set by the rest: each multiplication is represented by a matrix of multiplying the digits of 2 numbers, taking into account the bit depth, the elements of the second rows are represented by multiplying the second number from the set by the ones following it, etc.

3. Similarly for simultaneous execution of various operations:

$$\text{PrffSCprt} \begin{array}{ccc} \{g_1 Q_1\} & \{g_2 Q_2\} & \dots \{g_n Q_n\} \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots \mu_{n1} \\ w_1 & w_2 & \dots w_n \end{array}, \text{ where } \tilde{Q} = (Q_1 | \mu_{\tilde{Q}}(Q_1), Q_2 | \mu_{\tilde{Q}}(Q_2), \dots, Q_n | \mu_{\tilde{Q}}(Q_n)). \text{ } Q_i \text{ -an operation, } i = 1, \dots, n.$$

4. Similarly, for the simultaneous execution of various operators: PrffSCprt

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \{F_1 g_1\} & \{F_2 g_2\} & \dots \{F_n g_n\} \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots \mu_{n1} \\ w_1 & w_2 & \dots w_n \end{array}, \text{ where } \tilde{F} = (F_1 | \mu_{\tilde{F}}(F_1), F_2 | \mu_{\tilde{F}}(F_2), \dots, F_n | \mu_{\tilde{F}}(F_n)). \text{ } F_i \text{ is an operator, } i = 1, \dots, n.$$

5. The arithmetic itself for capacities in themselves will be similar: addition -

$\text{PrffS}_1\text{Cf}\{g+\}$, (or $\text{PrffS}_3\text{Cf}\{g+\}$) for the third type), multiplication $\text{PrffS}_1\text{Cf}\{g*\}$, ($\text{PrffS}_3\text{Cf}\{g*\}$).

6. Similarly with different operations: $\text{PrffS}_1\text{Cf}\{gQ\}$, ($\text{PrffS}_3\text{Cf}\{gQ\}$), and with different operators: $\text{PrffS}_1\text{Cf}\{Fg\}$, ($\text{PrffS}_3\text{Cf}\{Fg\}$).

$$7. \text{PrffSCrt} \begin{array}{ccc} A_1 & A_2 & \dots A_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots \mu_{n1} \\ B_1 & B_2 & \dots B_n \end{array} \text{ - the result of the fuzzy containment}$$

operator. For fuzzy sets A_i, B_i , ($i = 1, 2, \dots, n$), we have

$$\text{PrffSCrt} \begin{matrix} A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ B_1 & B_2 & \dots & B_n \end{matrix} = \left\{ \sum_{i=1}^n A_i \cup B_i - A_i \cap B_i, \sum_{i=1}^n D_i \right\} =$$

$$\left\{ \begin{matrix} \sum_{i=1}^n D_i \\ \sum_{i=1}^n A_i \cup B_i - A_i \cap B_i \end{matrix} \right\}, \text{ where } D_i \text{ is self-(fuzzy set) for } A_i \cap B_i \text{ with } v_{i1} (i$$

$= 1, 2, \dots, n)$. There is the same for structures if they are considered as fuzzy

$$\text{sets. Similarly, for fuzzy sets } C_i, D_i: \begin{matrix} C_1 & C_2 & \dots & C_m \\ v_{12} & v_{22} & \dots & v_{m2} \\ \mu_{12} & \mu_{22} & \dots & \mu_{m2} \\ D_1 & D_2 & \dots & D_m \end{matrix} \text{PrffSCrt} =$$

$$\left\{ \begin{matrix} \{ \} & \{ \} & \dots & \{ \} \\ \sum_{i=1}^m Q_i + & v_{12} & v_{22} & \dots & v_{m2} \\ & \mu_{12} & \mu_{22} & \dots & \mu_{m2} \\ & D_1 - D_1 \cap C_1 & D_2 - D_2 \cap C_2 & \dots & D_m - D_m \cap C_m \\ & \sum_{i=1}^m (C_i - D_i \cap C_i) - (D_i - D_i \cap C_i) \end{matrix} \text{PrffSCrt} \right\}, \text{ where}$$

Q_i is osel-(fuzzy set) for $(D_i \cap C_i)$ ($i = 1, 2, \dots, m$) [14].

8. PrffSCprt-derivative of $f(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) = \begin{matrix} f_1(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) \\ f_2(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) \\ \dots \\ f_k(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) \end{matrix}$ is

$$\text{PrffSCprt} \begin{matrix} \frac{\partial}{\partial x_{1_i}} & \frac{\partial}{\partial x_{2_i}} & \dots & \frac{\partial}{\partial x_{k_i}} \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \end{matrix}, \text{ where } x = (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$$

$f_1(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) \quad f_2(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) \quad \dots f_k(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$
 $x_2, \dots, x_{k_i}$ - any fuzzy set from $\tilde{x} = (x_1 | \mu_{\tilde{x}}(x_1), x_2 | \mu_{\tilde{x}}(x_2), \dots, x_n | \mu_{\tilde{x}}(x_n))$. The
same is done for PrffSCprt- $\frac{\partial^k f(x)}{\partial x_{1_i} \partial x_{2_i} \dots \partial x_{k_i}}$. PrffSCprt-integral off $(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$

$$\text{is PrffSCprt} \begin{matrix} \int () dx_{1_i} & \int () dx_{2_i} & \dots & \int () dx_{k_i} \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \end{matrix}, \text{ where } (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$$

$f_1(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) \quad f_2(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) \quad \dots f_k(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$
 $x_2, \dots, x_{k_i}$ - any fuzzy set from $\tilde{x} = (x_1 | \mu_{\tilde{x}}(x_1), x_2 | \mu_{\tilde{x}}(x_2), \dots, x_n | \mu_{\tilde{x}}(x_n))$. The
same is done for PrffSCprt- $\int \dots \int f(x) dx_{1_i} dx_{2_i} \dots dx_{k_i}$ -k-multiple integral.

PrffSCprt-lim off $\tilde{x} = (x_1 | \mu_{\tilde{x}}(x_1), x_2 | \mu_{\tilde{x}}(x_2), \dots, x_n | \mu_{\tilde{x}}(x_n))$ is

$$\text{PrffSCprt} \quad \lim_{\substack{x_{1_i} \rightarrow a_{1_i} \\ v_{11} \\ \mu_{11}}} \quad \lim_{\substack{x_{2_i} \rightarrow a_{2_i} \\ v_{21} \\ \mu_{21}}} \quad \dots \quad \lim_{\substack{x_{k_i} \rightarrow a_{k_i} \\ v_{n1} \\ \mu_{n1}}} \quad . \quad \text{The same is}$$

$$f_1(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) \quad f_2(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) \quad \dots f_k(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$$

done for PrffSCprt- $\lim_{\substack{x_{1_i} \rightarrow a_{1_i} \\ \vdots \\ x_{k_i} \rightarrow a_{k_i}}} f(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) . \text{PrffSCf}\{\lim_{x \rightarrow a} =$

$$\text{PrffSCprt} \quad \lim_{\substack{x_{1_i} \rightarrow a_{1_i} \\ v_{11} \\ \mu_{11}}} \quad \lim_{\substack{x_{2_i} \rightarrow a_{2_i} \\ v_{21} \\ \mu_{21}}} \quad \dots \quad \lim_{\substack{x_{k_i} \rightarrow a_{k_i} \\ v_{n1} \\ \mu_{n1}}} .$$

$$\lim_{x_{1_i} \rightarrow a_{1_i}} \quad \lim_{x_{2_i} \rightarrow a_{2_i}} \quad \dots \quad \lim_{x_{k_i} \rightarrow a_{k_i}}$$

9. In the case of PrffCSelf-derivatives, inclusions of multiple derivatives are obtained. The same is true for PrffCSelf-integrals: we get inclusions of multiple integrals.

10. Let's denote PrffCSelf-(PrffCSelf-Q) through PrffCSelf²-Q , ffS(n,Q)=

$$\text{PrffCSelf}-(\text{PrffCSelf}-(\dots(\text{PrffCSelf-Q)))) = \text{PrffCSelf}^n\text{-Q for n-multiple PrffCSelf.}$$

Operator PrffCitself.

$$\text{Definition B.2.1.7. An operator that transforms } \text{PrffSCprt} \begin{matrix} g_1 & g_2 & \dots & g_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix} \text{ into any Pr}$$

$ffS_iCf\{\tilde{b}\}, i = 2,3 ;$ where $\{\tilde{b}\} \subset \{\tilde{g}\}$ is the operator PrffCitself.

Example. The operator fuzzy contains the fuzzy set in PrffCitself.

Lim-PrffCitself.

1. Lim PrffSCprt

For example, the double limit: $\lim_{\substack{xa1 \\ ya2}} G(x,y)$ corresponds to

$$\text{PrffSCprt} \quad \begin{matrix} G(x,y) & G(x,y) \\ v_{11} & v_{21} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} \\ xa1 & ya2 \end{matrix} , \text{ where } G(x,y) \text{ is fuzzy.}$$

Similarly, for $\lim \text{PrffSCprt}$ with n variables.

In the case of $\lim\text{-PrffCitself}$, for example, for m variables, it suffices to use the form (1.1) of $\lim \text{PrffSCprt}$ for n variables ($n > m$). The same is true for integrals of

variables m (for example, the double integral over a rectangular region is through the double limit).

About PrffSCprt and PrffS₃Cf programming.

The ideology of PrffSCprt and PrffS₃Cf can be used for programming. Here are some of the PrffSCprt programming operators.

1. Simultaneous fuzzy assignment of the expressions $\tilde{p}=(p_1|\mu_{\tilde{p}}(p_1), p_2|\mu_{\tilde{p}}(p_2), \dots, p_n|\mu_{\tilde{p}}(p_n))$ to the variables $\tilde{x}=(x_1|\mu_{\tilde{x}}(x_1), x_2|\mu_{\tilde{x}}(x_2), \dots, x_n|\mu_{\tilde{x}}(x_n))$. This is

$$\begin{array}{l} x_1 := x_2 := \dots x_n := \\ \text{implemented via PrffSCprt} \begin{array}{ccc} v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots \mu_{n1} \\ p_1 & p_2 & \dots p_n \end{array} \end{array}$$

2. Simultaneous fuzzy checking the set of conditions $\tilde{g}=(g_1|\mu_{\tilde{g}}(g_1), g_2|\mu_{\tilde{g}}(g_2), \dots, g_n|\mu_{\tilde{g}}(g_n))$ for the set of expressions $\tilde{B}=(B_1|\mu_{\tilde{B}}(B_1), B_2|\mu_{\tilde{B}}(B_2), \dots, B_n|\mu_{\tilde{B}}(B_n))$.

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{Implemented via PrffSCprt} \begin{array}{cccc} IF\{B_1g_1\} \text{ then} & IF\{B_2g_2\} \text{ then} & \dots & IF\{B_ng_n\} \text{ then} \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ w_1 & w_2 & \dots & w_n \end{array}, \end{array}$$

where w_i ($i = 1, \dots, n$) can be anything.

3. Similarly for loop operators and others.

PrffS₃Cf– software operators will differ only in that the aggregates

$\{\tilde{g}\}, \{\tilde{p}\}, \{\tilde{B}\}, \{\tilde{x}\}$ will be formed from the corresponding PrffSCprt-program

operators in form (1.1) and for more complex operators in the forms (1.1.1) –(1.4), (2.1*) and analogs of forms (1.1.1) - (1.4) by type (2.1*).

The OS (operating system), the computer's principles, and the modes of operation for this programming are interesting. But this is already the material for the following articles.

Using elements of the mathematics of PrffSCrt we introduce the concept of

$$\text{PrffSCrt – the change in physical quantity B: } \begin{array}{ccc} \Delta_1 B & \Delta_2 B & \dots \Delta_n B \\ \text{PrffSCprt} \begin{array}{ccc} v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots x_n \end{array} \end{array}. \text{ Then the}$$

mean PrffSCrt - velocity will be $v_{\text{cpPrffSCrt}}(t, \Delta t) = \text{PrffSCprt} \begin{matrix} \frac{\Delta_1 B}{\Delta t} & \frac{\Delta_2 B}{\Delta t} & \dots & \frac{\Delta_n B}{\Delta t} \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix}$ and

PrffSCrt-velocity at time $t: v_{\text{Prffscrt}} = \lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} v_{\text{cpPrffscrt}}(t, \Delta t)$. PrffSCrt – acceleration

$a_{\text{Prffscrt}} = \frac{dv_{\text{Prffscrt}}}{dt}$. The nuclei of atoms can be considered as PrffSCprt elements.

Remark B.2.1.2. PrffSCprt – elements are all ordinary, but with "target weights," they become peculiar. Here you need the necessary energy to carry them out. As a rule, this energy is at the level of PrffCSelf. This is natural since it's much easier to manage elements of the k level via the elements of a more structured $k + 1$ level.

Let us consider the concepts of capacities of physical objects in themselves. The

question arises about the ffsself-energy of the object. In particular, PrffSCrt_B^μ will

mean PrffS_1CfB . For example, $\text{PrffSCprt}_{DNA}^\mu$ allows you to reach the level of

DNA self-energy, PrffSCprt_Q^μ allows you to reach the level of ffsself-energy Q .

The law of self-energy conservation operates already at the level of self-energy.

Also, in addition to ffcapacities in themselves, you can consider the types of fuzzy containment of oneself in oneself: the first type of the fuzzy containment of oneself in oneself: the second type of the fuzzy containment of oneself in oneself:

potentially, for example, in the form of fuzzy programming oneself, the third type

is partial fuzzy containment of oneself in themselves—for example, PrffCSelf-

operator, PrffCSelf-action, whirlwind. A fuzzy container fuzzy containing itself

can be formed by ffsself-containment, i.e., ffcontainment in oneself. Let us clarify

the concept of the term fuzzy fcapacity in itself: it is a fuzzy fcapacity fuzzy

containing itself potentially. Consider PrffCSelf- Q , where Q can be anything

fuzzy, including $Q = \text{PrffCSelf}$; in particular, it can be any fuzzy action. Therefore,

PrffCSelf- Q is when fuzzy Q is made by Prffitself; it makes itself. There is a partial

PrffCSelf-Q for any fuzzy Q with partial PrffCSelf-fulfillment. Let's consider several examples for fuzzy capacities in themselves: ordinary lightning, electric arc discharge, and ball lightning.

PrffSCprt is also great for working with structures, for example:

$$1) \text{ PrffSCprt } \begin{array}{ccc} fstrA_1 & fstrA_2 & \dots fstrA_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots \mu_{n1} \\ B_1 & B_2 & \dots B_n \end{array} \text{ - the fuzzy structure } A_i \text{ that fits into fuzzy } B_i$$

with measure of fuzziness μ_{i1} , where fuzzy B_i ($i = 1, \dots, n$) can be any fuzzy fcapacity, another fuzzy structure etc.

$$2) \text{ PrffSCprt } \begin{array}{ccc} fstr_{Q_1} & fstr_{Q_2} & \dots fstr_{Q_n} \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots \mu_{n1} \\ B_1 & B_2 & \dots B_n \end{array} \text{ is embedding fuzzy structure from } Q_i \text{ into}$$

$$B_i. \text{ Similarly for displacement: } 1) \begin{array}{ccc} C_1 & C_2 & \dots C_m \\ v_{12} & v_{22} & \dots v_{m2} \\ \mu_{12} & \mu_{22} & \dots \mu_{m2} \\ fstrD_1 & fstrD_2 & \dots fstrD_m \end{array} \text{ PrffSCrt -}$$

displacement of fuzzy structure $fstrD_j$ from C_j with measure of fuzziness μ_{j1} , ($j =$

$$1, \dots, m), 2) \begin{array}{ccc} C_1 & C_2 & \dots C_m \\ v_{12} & v_{22} & \dots v_{m2} \\ \mu_{12} & \mu_{22} & \dots \mu_{m2} \\ fstr_{Q_1} & fstr_{Q_2} & \dots fstr_{Q_m} \end{array} \text{ PrffSCprt -displacement of the fuzzy}$$

structure Q_i from C_i , ($i = 1, \dots, m$). To work with structures, you can introduce a

$$\text{special operator PrffCprt: } \begin{array}{ccc} A_1 & A_2 & \dots A_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots \mu_{n1} \\ B_1 & B_2 & \dots B_n \end{array} \text{ fuzzy structures fuzzy } B_i \text{ with}$$

$$\text{the fuzzy structure } A_i, (i = 1, \dots, n), \text{ PrffCprt } \begin{array}{ccc} fstr_{Q_1} & fstr_{Q_2} & \dots fstr_{Q_n} \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots \mu_{n1} \\ B_1 & B_2 & \dots B_n \end{array} \text{ fuzzy}$$

structures fuzzy B_i with the fuzzy structure from fuzzy Q_i , ($i = 1, \dots, n$),

$$\begin{array}{cccc} C_1 & C_2 & \dots & C_m \\ v_{12} & v_{22} & & v_{m2} \\ \mu_{12} & \mu_{22} & \dots & \mu_{m2} \end{array} \text{PrffCprt destructors fuzzy } C_i \text{ by the fuzzy structure of } D_i,$$

$$\begin{array}{cccc} D_1 & D_2 & \dots & D_m \\ C_1 & C_2 & \dots & C_m \\ v_{12} & v_{22} & & v_{m2} \\ \mu_{12} & \mu_{22} & \dots & \mu_{m2} \end{array} \text{PrffCprt destructors fuzzy } C_i \text{ from the fuzzy structure that}$$

$$\begin{array}{cccc} fstr_{Q_1} & fstr_{Q_2} & \dots & fstr_{Q_m} \end{array}$$
 structures Q_i , ($i = 1, \dots, m$).

Definition B.2.1.8. A structure with a second degree of freedom will be called complete, i.e., "capable" of reversing itself concerning any of its elements explicitly, but not necessarily in known operators; it can form (create) new special operators (in particular, special functions).

In particular, $\text{PrffCprt} \begin{array}{cccc} A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \end{array}, \text{PrfCrt} \begin{array}{cccc} A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \end{array}$ are such structures.

Similarly, for working with models, each is structured by its structure; for example, use PrffSCprt-groups, PrffSCprt-rings, PrffSCprt-fields, PrffSCprt-spaces, PrffCSelf-groups, PrffCSelf-rings, PrffCSelf-fields, and PrffCSelf-spaces. Like any task, this is also a structure of the appropriate fcapacity .

PrffCSelf-H (PrffCSelf-hydrogen), like other PrffCSelf-particles, does not exist in the ordinary, but all PrffCSelf-molecules, PrffCSelf-atoms, and PrffCSelf-particles are elements of the energy space.

Remark B.2.1.3. The concept of elements of physics PrffSCprt is introduced for energy space. The ideology of PrffSCprt elements allows us to go to the border of the world familiar to us, which allows us to act more effectively.

Fuzzy dynamic PrffSCprt – elements.

We considered stationary PrffSCprt – elements earlier. Here we consider fuzzy dynamic PrffSCprt – elements.

Definition B.2.2.1. The process of fuzzy fitting a fuzzy set of elements $\tilde{g}(t)=(g_1(t)|\mu_{\tilde{g}(t)}(g_1(t)), g_2(t)|\mu_{\tilde{g}(t)}(g_2(t)), ..., g_n(t)|\mu_{\tilde{g}(t)}(g_n(t)))$ into one point $x=(x_1, x_2, ..., x_n)$ of the space X at time t will be called a dynamic PrffSCprt – element. We will denote

$$\text{PrffSCprt}(t) \begin{matrix} g_1(t) & g_2(t) & \dots & g_n(t) \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix}.$$

Definition B.2.2.2. Fuzzy fitting an ordered fuzzy set of elements into one point in space is called a dynamic ordered PrffSCprt–element.

It is allowed to sum dynamic PrffSCprt – elements:

$$\begin{matrix} g_1(t) & g_2(t) & \dots & g_n(t) \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix} + \begin{matrix} b_1(t) & b_2(t) & \dots & b_n(t) \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix} =$$

$$\text{PrffSCprt}(t) \begin{matrix} g_1(t) \cup b_1(t) & g_2(t) \cup b_2(t) & \dots & g_n(t) \cup b_n(t) \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix}.$$

It's allowed to multiply PrffSCprt – elements: $\text{PrffSCprt}(t) \begin{matrix} g_1(t) & g_2(t) & \dots & g_n(t) \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix} *$

$$\text{PrffSCprt}(t) \begin{matrix} b_1(t) & b_2(t) & \dots & b_n(t) \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix} = \text{PrffSCprt}$$

$$(t) \begin{matrix} g_1(t) \cap b_1(t) & g_2(t) \cap b_2(t) & \dots & g_n(t) \cap b_n(t) \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix}.$$

Parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy containment of oneself.

Definition B.2.2.3. Parallel fuzzy dynamic fSCprt- fcapacity

$$\text{PrffSCprt}(t) \begin{matrix} R_1(t) & R_2(t) & \dots & R_n(t) \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ Q_1(t) & Q_2(t) & \dots & Q_n(t) \end{matrix} \text{ is the process of fuzzy embedding fuzzy}$$

$R_i(t)$ into fuzzy $Q_i(t)$, ($i = 1, \dots, n$), simultaneously.

Definition B.2.2.4. Parallel dynamic fuzzy fcapacity $\tilde{Q}(t) = (Q_1(t) | \mu_{\tilde{Q}(t)}(Q_1(t)),$

$Q_2(t) | \mu_{\tilde{Q}(t)}(Q_2(t)), \dots, Q_n(t) | \mu_{\tilde{Q}(t)}(Q_n(t)))$ fuzzy containing itself as an element of the first type is the process of parallel fuzzy containing fuzzy $\tilde{Q}(t)$ in $\tilde{Q}(t)$

$$\text{PrffSCprt}(t) \begin{matrix} Q_1(t) & Q_2(t) & \dots & Q_n(t) \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ Q_1(t) & Q_2(t) & \dots & Q_n(t) \end{matrix} \text{ Denote } \text{PrffS}_1\text{Cf}(t)\tilde{Q}(t).$$

Definition B.2.2.5. Parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy fcapacity $C(t)$ in itself of the second type is the process of parallel fuzzy containing fuzzy elements from which it can be parallel fuzzy generated. Let's denote $\text{PrffS}_2\text{Cf}(t)C(t)$.

Definition B.2.2.6. Parallel dynamic partial fuzzy fcapacity $B(t)$ in itself of the third type is a process of partial parallel fuzzy containment of fuzzy $B(t)$ in itself or parallel fuzzy embedding fuzzy elements from which it can be parallel fuzzy generated partially or both at the same time. Denote $\text{PrffS}_3\text{Cf}(t)B(t)$.

All parallel dynamic fuzzy fcapacities in a parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy self-space are, by definition, parallel dynamic fuzzy fcapacities in themselves. Parallel dynamic fuzzy fcapacity itself can manifest itself as parallel fuzzy dynamic fSCprt-capacity and ordinary parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy fcapacity. In these cases, the usual fuzzy measures and methods of topology are used.

Connection of fuzzy dynamic PrffSCprt – elements with parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy containment of oneself.

Consider third type of parallel fuzzy dynamic partial fuzzy containment of oneself.

For example, based on $\text{PrffSCprt}(t)$ $\begin{matrix} Q_1(t) & Q_2(t) & \dots & Q_n(t) \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix}$, where $\widetilde{Q}(t)=(Q_1(t)|$

$\mu_{\widetilde{Q}(t)}(Q_1(t)), Q_2(t)|\mu_{\widetilde{Q}(t)}(Q_2(t)), \dots, Q_n(t)|\mu_{\widetilde{Q}(t)}(Q_n(t))$), i.e. n – elements at one point $x = (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$, we can consider the parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy capacity in itself $\text{PrffS}_3Cf(t)$ with m elements from $\widetilde{Q}(t)$, $m < n$, which is process formed according to the form (1.1), that is, only m elements from $\widetilde{Q}(t)$ are in the structure

$$\text{PrffSCprt}(t) \begin{matrix} Q_1(t) & Q_2(t) & \dots & Q_n(t) \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix}.$$

Parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy containment of oneself of the third type can be formed for any other structure, not necessarily PrffSCprt , only through the obligatory reduction in the number of elements in the structure. In particular, using the forms (1.1.1) - (1.4), (2.1*) and analogs of forms (1.1.1) - (1.4) by type (2.1*). It is possible to introduce structures more complex than $\text{PrffS}_3f(t)$.

Parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy math itself.

1. The process of simultaneous parallel addition of fuzzy sets elements $\{g_i(t)\} =$

$$\left(g_{i_1}(t)|\mu_{g_i(t)}(g_{i_1}(t)), g_{i_2}(t)|\mu_{g_i(t)}(g_{i_2}(t)), \dots, g_{i_{m_j}}(t)|\mu_{g_i(t)}(g_{i_{m_j}}(t)) \right), i = 1, 2, \dots, n, j$$

$$\begin{matrix} \{g_1(t)\} + \{g_2(t)\} + \dots + \{g_n(t)\} + \\ = 1, 2, \dots, k \text{ are realized by } \text{PrffSCprt}(t) \end{matrix} \begin{matrix} v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix}.$$

2. By analogy, for simultaneous multiplication:

$$\text{PrffSCprt}(t) \begin{matrix} \{g_1(t)\} * \{g_2(t)\} * \dots * \{g_n(t)\} * \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix}.$$

2. Similarly for simultaneous execution of various operations:

$$\text{PrffSCprt}(t) \begin{array}{cccc} g_1(t)Q_1(t) & g_2(t)Q_2(t) & \dots & g_n(t)Q_n(t) \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{array}, \text{ where } \tilde{Q}(t)=(Q_1(t)|\mu_{\tilde{Q}(t)}(Q_1(t)), Q_2(t)|\mu_{\tilde{Q}(t)}(Q_2(t)), \dots, Q_n(t)|\mu_{\tilde{Q}(t)}(Q_n(t))), Q_i(t)\text{-an operation, } i = 1, \dots, n, \tilde{g}(t)=(g_1(t)|\mu_{\tilde{g}(t)}(g_1(t)), g_2(t)|\mu_{\tilde{g}(t)}(g_2(t)), \dots, g_n(t)|\mu_{\tilde{g}(t)}(g_n(t))).$$

3. Similarly, for the simultaneous execution of various operators:

$$\text{PrffSCprt}(t) \begin{array}{cccc} F_1(t)g_1(t) & F_2(t)g_2(t) & \dots & F_n(t)g_n(t) \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{array}, \text{ where } \tilde{F}(t)=(F_1(t)|\mu_{\tilde{F}(t)}(F_1(t)), F_2(t)|\mu_{\tilde{F}(t)}(F_2(t)), \dots, F_n(t)|\mu_{\tilde{F}(t)}(F_n(t))), F_i(t) \text{ is an operator, } i = 1, \dots, n.$$

4. Parallel fuzzy dynamic arithmetic itself for fuzzy containments of oneself will be similar: Parallel fuzzy dynamic addition - $\text{PrffS}_1Cf(t)\{g(t) +\}$, (or $\text{PrffS}_3Cf(t)\{g(t) +\}$ for the third type), Parallel fuzzy dynamic multiplication $\text{PrffS}_1Cf(t)\{g(t) *\}$, $(\text{PrffS}_3Cf(t)\{g(t) *\})$.

5. Similarly with different operations: $\text{PrffS}_1Cf(t)\{g(t) \tilde{Q}(t)\}$, ($\text{PrffS}_3Cf(t)\{g(t) \tilde{Q}(t)\}$) and with different operators:

$$\text{PrffS}_1Cf(t)\{\tilde{F}(t)g(t)\}, (\text{PrffS}_3Cf(t)\{\tilde{F}(t)g(t)\}).$$

$$6. \text{PrffSCprt}(t) \begin{array}{cccc} A_1(t) & A_2(t) & \dots & A_n(t) \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ B_1(t) & B_2(t) & \dots & B_n(t) \end{array} \text{ gives the result}$$

$$\text{PrffSCrt}(t) \begin{array}{cccc} A_1(t) & A_2(t) & \dots & A_n(t) \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ B_1(t) & B_2(t) & \dots & B_n(t) \end{array} =$$

$$\{\sum_{i=1}^n A_i(t) \cup B_i(t) - A_i(t) \cap$$

$B_i(t), \sum_{i=1}^n D_i(t)\}$, for fuzzy sets $A_i(t), B_i(t)$, where $D_i(t)$ is fuzzy self-

set for $A_i(t) \cap B_i(t)$ with v_{i1} , ($i = 1, 2, \dots, n$). The same is true for structures if they are treated as fuzzy sets,

$$7. \begin{array}{c} C_1(t)C_2(t) \quad \dots \quad C_m(t) \\ v_{12} \quad v_{22} \quad \dots \quad v_{m2} \\ \mu_{12} \quad \mu_{22} \quad \dots \quad \mu_{m2} \end{array} \text{PrffSCrt}(t) = \begin{array}{c} D_1(t)D_2(t) \quad \dots \quad D_m(t) \\ \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \{ \} \quad \{ \} \quad \{ \} \\ v_{12} \quad v_{22} \quad \dots \quad v_{m2} \\ \mu_{12} \quad \mu_{22} \quad \dots \quad \mu_{m2} \end{array} \right. \text{PrffSCrt} \\ \left\{ \begin{array}{c} D_1(t) - D_1(t) \cap C_1(t) \quad D_2(t) - D_2(t) \cap C_2(t) \quad \dots \quad D_m(t) - D_m(t) \cap C_m(t) \\ \sum_{i=1}^m (C_i(t) - D_i(t) \cap C_i(t)) - (D_i(t) - D_i(t) \cap C_i(t)) \end{array} \right\} \end{array}$$

for fuzzy sets $C_i(t), D_i(t)$, where $Q_i(t)$ is fuzzy self-set for $(D_i(t) \cap C_i(t))$ ($i = 1, 2, \dots, m$) [14].

8. Similarly, for fuzzy dynamic PrffSCprt-derivatives, fuzzy dynamic PrffSCprt-integrals, fuzzy dynamic PrffSCprt-lim, parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy self-derivatives, parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy self-integrals
9. Denote parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy self-(parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy self-Q(t)) through parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy self²-Q(t) ,
pffSC(t)(n,Q(t))= parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy self-(parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy self-(...((parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy self)-Q(t)))) = (parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy selfⁿ)-Q(t) for n-multiple parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy self.

Remark B.2.2.1. Then the notation

$$\begin{array}{c} C_1(t)C_2(t) \quad \dots \quad C_m(t) \\ v_{12} \quad v_{22} \quad \dots \quad v_{m2} \\ \mu_{12} \quad \mu_{22} \quad \dots \quad \mu_{m2} \end{array} \text{PrffSCprt}(t) \begin{array}{c} A_1(t) \quad A_2(t) \quad \dots \quad A_n(t) \\ v_{11} \quad v_{21} \quad \dots \quad v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} \quad \mu_{21} \quad \dots \quad \mu_{n1} \end{array},$$

$$D_1(t)D_2(t) \quad \dots \quad D_m(t) \quad B_1(t) \quad B_2(t) \quad \dots B_n(t)$$

where fuzzy $A_1(t)$ fits into fuzzy $B_1(t)$ with type of containment v_{11} and measure of fuzziness μ_{11} , fuzzy $A_2(t)$ fits into fuzzy $B_2(t)$ with type of containment v_{21} and measure of fuzziness μ_{21} , ..., fuzzy $A_n(t)$ fits into fuzzy $B_n(t)$ with type of containment v_{n1} and measure of fuzziness μ_{n1} , fuzzy $D_1(t)$ is forced out of fuzzy $C_1(t)$ with type of expelling v_{12} and measure of fuzziness μ_{12} , fuzzy $D_2(t)$ is forced

out of fuzzy $C_2(t)$ with type of expelling v_{22} measure of fuzziness μ_{22} , ..., fuzzy $D_m(t)$ is forced out of fuzzy $C_m(t)$ with type of expelling v_{m2} measure of fuzziness μ_{m2} simultaneously. It is fuzzy dynamic PrffSCprt-containment of fuzzy $A_i(t)$ in fuzzy $B_i(t)$ and fuzzy dynamic PrffSCprt-displacement of fuzzy $D_j(t)$ from fuzzy $C_j(t)$ simultaneously, ($i = 1, 2, \dots, n, j = 1, 2, \dots, m$). The result of this process will be described by the expression

$$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{ccc} C_1(t) & C_2(t) & \dots & C_m(t) \\ v_{12} & v_{22} & & v_{m2} \\ \mu_{12} & \mu_{22} & \dots & \mu_{m2} \end{array} & \text{PrffSCrt}(t) & \begin{array}{ccc} A_1(t) & A_2(t) & \dots & A_n(t) \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{ccc} D_1(t) & D_2(t) & \dots & D_m(t) \\ B_1(t) & B_2(t) & \dots & B_n(t) \end{array} & & \begin{array}{ccc} B_1(t) & B_2(t) & \dots & B_n(t) \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \end{array} \end{array} \text{ will mean PrffS}_1\text{Cf}(t)\text{B}(t).$$

$\text{PrffSCprt}(t)$ denotes the parallel fuzzy dynamic expelling

$$\begin{array}{ccc} C_1(t) & C_2(t) & \dots & C_m(t) \\ v_{12} & v_{22} & & v_{m2} \\ \mu_{12} & \mu_{22} & \dots & \mu_{m2} \end{array}$$

fuzzy $\tilde{C}(t) = (C_1(t)|_{\mu_{\tilde{C}(t)}(C_1(t))}, C_2(t)|_{\mu_{\tilde{C}(t)}(C_2(t))}, \dots, C_n(t)|_{\mu_{\tilde{C}(t)}(C_n(t))})$ oneself out of

$$\begin{array}{ccc} A_1(t) & A_2(t) & \dots & A_n(t) \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \end{array} \text{PrffSCprt}(t) \begin{array}{ccc} A_1(t) & A_2(t) & \dots & A_n(t) \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \end{array} \text{—simultaneous}$$

parallel fuzzy dynamic containment fuzzy $\tilde{A}(t) = (A_1(t)|_{\mu_{\tilde{A}(t)}(A_1(t))}, A_2(t)|_{\mu_{\tilde{A}(t)}(A_2(t))}, \dots, A_n(t)|_{\mu_{\tilde{A}(t)}(A_n(t))})$ of oneself in oneself and parallel fuzzy dynamic

$$\begin{array}{ccc} A_1(t) & A_2(t) & \dots & A_n(t) \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \end{array} \text{PrffSCprt}(t) \begin{array}{ccc} A_1(t) & A_2(t) & \dots & A_n(t) \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \end{array}$$

expelling fuzzy $\tilde{A}(t)$ oneself out of oneself.

will be called parallel fuzzy dynamic anti- fcapacity from oneself. For example, “white hole” in physics is such simple anti- fcapacity.

We may consider the following axiom: any fcapacity is the fcapacity of oneself. This is for each energy fcapacity .

About fuzzy dynamic PrffSCprt and PrffS₃Cf(t) programming.

The ideology of fuzzy dynamic PrffSCprt and PrffS₃Cf(t) can be used for programming:

1. The process of simultaneous assignment of the expressions $p(t)=(p_1(t)|\mu_{p(t)}(p_1(t)), p_2(t)|\mu_{p(t)}(p_2(t)), \dots, p_n(t)|\mu_{p(t)}(p_n(t)))$ to the variables $x(t)=(x_1(t)|\mu_{x(t)}(x_1(t)), x_2(t)|\mu_{x(t)}(x_2(t)), \dots, x_n(t)|\mu_{x(t)}(x_n(t)))$ is implemented through

$$\begin{array}{c} x_1(t) := \quad x_2(t) := \quad \dots \quad x_n(t) := \\ \text{PrffSCprt}(t) \quad \begin{array}{cccc} v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \end{array} \cdot \\ p_1(t) \quad p_2(t) \quad \dots \quad p_n(t) \end{array}$$

2. The process of simultaneous check the set of conditions $u(t)=(u_1(t)|\mu_{u(t)}(u_1(t)), u_2(t)|\mu_{u(t)}(u_2(t)), \dots, u_n(t)|\mu_{u(t)}(u_n(t)))$ for a set of expressions $B(t)=(B_1(t)|\mu_{B(t)}(B_1(t)), B_2(t)|\mu_{B(t)}(B_2(t)), \dots, B_n(t)|\mu_{B(t)}(B_n(t)))$ is implemented through

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{IF } \{B_1(t)u_1(t)\} \text{ then} \quad \text{IF } \{B_2(t)u_2(t)\} \text{ then} \quad \dots \quad \text{IF } \{B_n(t)u_n(t)\} \text{ then} \\ \text{PrffSCprt}(t) \quad \begin{array}{cccc} v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ w_1(t) & w_2(t) & \dots & w_n(t) \end{array} \end{array}$$

here $w(t) = (w_1(t), w_2(t), \dots, w_n(t))$. can be any.

3. Similarly for loop operators and others.

PrffS₃Cf(t)– software operators will differ only in that the aggregates

$\{u(t)\}, \{p(t)\}, \{B(t)\}, \{x(t)\}$ will be formed from corresponding processes

PrffSCprt(t) for the above-mentioned programming operators through form (1.1) or forms (1.1.1) - (1.4), (2.1*) and analogs of forms (1.1.1) – (1.4) by type (2.1*) for more complex operators.

Remark B.2.2.2. It is the parallel fuzzy containment of oneself in oneself that can “give birth” to the parallel fuzzy capacities in itself – that is what parallel self-organization is.

Remark B.2.2.3.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \begin{array}{ccc} B_1(t) & B_2(t) & B_n(t) \\ \text{PrffSCprt}(t) & \begin{array}{ccc} v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots \mu_{n1} \end{array} \end{array} & \begin{array}{ccc} B_1(t) & B_2(t) & B_n(t) \\ \text{PrffSCprt}(t) & \begin{array}{ccc} v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots \mu_{n1} \end{array} \end{array} & \dots \text{PrffSCprt}(t) & \begin{array}{ccc} B_1(t) & B_2(t) & B_n(t) \\ \begin{array}{ccc} v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots \mu_{n1} \end{array} \end{array} \\
 \begin{array}{ccc} B_1(t) & B_2(t) & \dots B_n(t) \\ \text{PrffSCprt}(t) & \begin{array}{ccc} \mu_{11} & & \end{array} \end{array} & \begin{array}{ccc} B_1(t) & B_2(t) & \dots B_n(t) \\ \begin{array}{ccc} \mu_{21} & & \end{array} \end{array} & \dots & \begin{array}{ccc} B_1(t) & B_2(t) & \dots B_n(t) \\ \begin{array}{ccc} \mu_{n1} & & \end{array} \end{array} \\
 \begin{array}{ccc} B_1(t) & B_2(t) & B_n(t) \\ \text{PrffSCprt}(t) & \begin{array}{ccc} v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots \mu_{n1} \end{array} \end{array} & \begin{array}{ccc} B_1(t) & B_2(t) & B_n(t) \\ \text{PrffSCprt}(t) & \begin{array}{ccc} v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots \mu_{n1} \end{array} \end{array} & \dots \text{PrffSCprt}(t) & \begin{array}{ccc} B_1(t) & B_2(t) & B_n(t) \\ \begin{array}{ccc} v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots \mu_{n1} \end{array} \end{array} \\
 \begin{array}{ccc} B_1(t) & B_2(t) & \dots B_n(t) \\ \text{PrffSCprt}(t) & \begin{array}{ccc} \mu_{11} & & \end{array} \end{array} & \begin{array}{ccc} B_1(t) & B_2(t) & \dots B_n(t) \\ \begin{array}{ccc} \mu_{21} & & \end{array} \end{array} & \dots & \begin{array}{ccc} B_1(t) & B_2(t) & \dots B_n(t) \\ \begin{array}{ccc} \mu_{n1} & & \end{array} \end{array}
 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

can increase parallel fuzzy self- level of $\tilde{B}(t)=(B_1(t)|\mu_{\tilde{B}(t)}(B_1(t)), B_2(t)|\mu_{\tilde{B}(t)}$
 $(B_2(t)), \dots, B_n(t)|\mu_{\tilde{B}(t)}(B_n(t)))$.

Remark B.2.2.4. For example, the operator Prffitself is PrffS₁Cf(t).

Remark B.2.2.5. May be considered the following derivatives:

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \begin{array}{ccc} A_1(t) & A_2(t) & A_n(t) \\ d\text{PrffSCprt}(t) & \begin{array}{ccc} v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots \mu_{n1} \end{array} \end{array} & \begin{array}{ccc} C_1(t) & C_2(t) & C_m(t) \\ d & \begin{array}{ccc} v_{12} & v_{22} & \dots v_{m2} \\ \mu_{12} & \mu_{22} & \dots \mu_{m2} \end{array} \end{array} & \text{PrffSCrt}(t)) \\
 \hline
 \begin{array}{ccc} B_1(t) & B_2(t) & \dots B_n(t) \\ dt \end{array} & , & \begin{array}{ccc} D_1(t) & D_2(t) & \dots D_m(t) \\ dt \end{array} , \\
 \begin{array}{ccc} C_1(t) & C_2(t) & C_m(t) \\ d & \begin{array}{ccc} v_{12} & v_{22} & \dots v_{m2} \\ \mu_{12} & \mu_{22} & \dots \mu_{m2} \end{array} \end{array} & \text{PrffSCrt}(t) & \begin{array}{ccc} A_1(t) & A_2(t) & A_n(t) \\ \begin{array}{ccc} v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots \mu_{n1} \end{array} \end{array} \\
 \hline
 \begin{array}{ccc} D_1(t) & D_2(t) & \dots D_m(t) \\ dt \end{array} & , & \begin{array}{ccc} B_1(t) & B_2(t) & \dots B_n(t) \\ dt \end{array} , i=1,2,3.
 \end{array}$$

Remark B.2.2.6. It is the parallel fuzzy containment of oneself in itself as an element that can be interpreted as parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy capacities in itself.

Remark B.2.2.7. Not every fuzzy fcapacity parallel fuzzy containing itself as an element will manifest itself as a sedentary parallel fuzzy fcapacity or parallel fuzzy fcapacity.

PrffSCprt – elements for continual sets.

Earlier, we considered finite-dimensional discrete PrffSCprt-elements and ffCself-capacities in itself as an element. Here we believe some continual PrffSCprt-elements and continual parallel ffCself-capacities in themselves as an element.

Definition B.2.3.1. The fuzzy dynamic fuzzy set of continual elements $\tilde{u}=(u_1|\mu_{\tilde{u}}$
 $(u_1), u_2|\mu_{\tilde{u}}(u_2), \dots, u_n|\mu_{\tilde{u}}(u_n))$ at one point $x = (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$ of space X will be called continual PrffSCprt – element, and such a point in space will be called

parallel ffcapacity of the continual PrffSCprt – element. We will denote

$$\text{PrffSCprt} \begin{matrix} u_1 & u_2 & \dots & u_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix}.$$

Definition B.2.3.2. An ordered fuzzy dynamic fuzzy set of continual elements at one point in space is called an ordered continual PrffSCprt–element.

$$\text{It's allowed to sum continual PrffSCprt – elements: } \text{PrffSCprt} \begin{matrix} u_1 & u_2 & \dots & u_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix} +$$

$$\text{PrffSCprt} \begin{matrix} b_1 & b_2 & \dots & b_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix} = \text{PrffSCprt} \begin{matrix} u_1 \cup b_1 & u_2 \cup b_2 & \dots & u_n \cup b_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix}, \text{ where some or}$$

any elements may be ordered continual elements. It's allowed to multiply continual

$$\text{PrffSCprt – elements: } \text{PrffSCprt} \begin{matrix} u_1 & u_2 & \dots & u_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix} * \text{PrffSCprt} \begin{matrix} b_1 & b_2 & \dots & b_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix} =$$

$$\text{PrffSCprt} \begin{matrix} u_1 \cap b_1 & u_2 \cap b_2 & \dots & u_n \cap b_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix}.$$

Definition B.2.3.3. The continual PrffCSelf-capacity A in itself as an element of the first type is the continual fcapacity parallel fuzzy containing itself as an

$$\text{element. Denote } \text{PrS}_1\text{CffA. } \text{PrffS}_1\text{CfA} = \text{PrffSCrt} \begin{matrix} A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \end{matrix}.$$

Definition B.2.3.4. The ordered continual PrffCSelf-capacity A in itself as an element of the first type is the ordered continual fcapacity parallel containing itself as an element. Denote $\overrightarrow{\text{PrffS}_1\text{CfA}}$.

$$\text{For example, PrffSCprt} \begin{matrix} \sin^\infty & \text{tg}(-\infty) & \sin(-\infty) \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix} =$$

$$\text{PrffSCprt} \begin{matrix} \uparrow I \downarrow_{-1}^1 & \downarrow I \uparrow_{-\infty}^\infty & \dots & \downarrow I \uparrow_{-1}^1 \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix}, \text{ don't confuse with values of these functions.}$$

Definition B.2.3.5. The continual PrffCSelf-capacity A in itself, as an element of the second type, is the capacity parallel fuzzy containing fuzzy continual elements from which it can be parallel fuzzy generated. Let's denote $PrffS_2CfA$.

An example of continual ffCself- capacity in itself as an element of the second type is a living organism since it contains the programs: DNA and RNA.

Definition B.2.3.6. Partial continual PrffCSelf-capacity in itself as an element of the third type is called continual PrffCSelf-capacity in itself as an element that partially parallel fuzzy contains itself or parallel fuzzy contains elements from which it can be parallel fuzzy generated in part or both simultaneously. Denote $PrffS_3f$.

All continual capacities in PrffCSelf-space are continual PrffCSelf-capacities in itself as an element by definition. The continual PrffCSelf-capacities in itself as an element may appear as continual PrffSCrt- capacities and usual continual fuzzy capacities. In these cases, there are used typical fuzzy measure and topology methods.

The connection of continual PrffSCprt – elements with continual PrffCSelf-capacities in themselves as an element.

Consider a third type of continual PrffCSelf- fcapacity in itself as an element. For

$$\text{example, based on PrffSCprt} \begin{matrix} u_1 & u_2 & \dots & u_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix}, \text{ where } \tilde{u}=(u_1|\mu_{\tilde{u}}(u_1), u_2|\mu_{\tilde{u}}(u_2), \dots, u_n|$$

$\mu_{\tilde{u}}(u_n))$, i.e. n - continual elements at one point $x = (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$, The continual

PrffCSelf- fcapacity in itself as an element with m continual elements from $\tilde{g}$, at $m < n$, can be considered as $PrffS_3Cf$, which is formed by the form (1.1), i.e., only

$$\text{PrffSCprt} \begin{array}{ccc} u_1 & u_2 & u_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots x_n \end{array}.$$

Continual ffCself-capacities in itself as an element of the third type can be formed for any other structure, not necessarily $PrffSCprt$, only by obligatory reducing the number of continual elements in the structure. In particular, using the forms (1.1.1) - (1.4), (2.1*) and analogs of forms (1.1.1) - (1.4) by type (2.1*). Structures more complex than $PrffS_3Cf$ can be introduced.

Mathematics Prffitself for continual elements.

1. Simultaneous parallel addition of the fuzzy sets continual elements $\tilde{g} = (g_1 | \mu_{\tilde{g}}(g_1), g_2 | \mu_{\tilde{g}}(g_2), \dots, g_n | \mu_{\tilde{g}}(g_n))$, $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$, $j = 1, 2, \dots, k$, is implemented using

$$\text{PrffSCprt} \begin{array}{ccc} \{g_1\} \cup & \{g_2\} \cup & \{g_n\} \cup \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots x_n \end{array}.$$

2. By analogy, for simultaneous multiplication:

$$\text{PrffSCprt} \begin{array}{ccc} \{g_1\} \cap & \{g_2\} \cap & \{g_n\} \cap \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots \mu_{n1} \\ w_1 & w_2 & \dots w_n \end{array}.$$

3. Similarly for simultaneous execution of various operations:

$$\text{PrffSCprt} \begin{array}{ccc} \{g_1 Q_1\} & \{g_2 Q_2\} & \{g_n Q_n\} \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots \mu_{n1} \\ w_1 & w_2 & \dots w_n \end{array}, \text{ where } \tilde{Q} = (Q_1 | \mu_{\tilde{Q}}(Q_1), Q_2 | \mu_{\tilde{Q}}(Q_2), \dots, Q_n | \mu_{\tilde{Q}}(Q_n)).$$

Q_i -an operation, $i = 1, \dots, n$.

4. Similarly, for the simultaneous execution of various operators:

$$\text{PrffSCprt} \begin{matrix} \{F_1 g_1\} & \{F_2 g_2\} & \dots & \{F_n g_n\} \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ w_1 & w_2 & \dots & w_n \end{matrix}, \text{ where } \tilde{F} = (F_1 | \mu_{\tilde{F}}(F_1), F_2 | \mu_{\tilde{F}}(F_2), \dots, F_n |$$

$\mu_{\tilde{F}}(F_n))$. F_i is an operator, $i = 1, \dots, n$.

5. The arithmetic itself for parallel continual fuzzy capacities in themselves will be similar: addition - $\text{PrffS}_1 Cf \{g +\}$, (or $\text{PrffS}_3 Cf \{g +\}$) for the third type), multiplication $\text{PrffS}_1 Cf \{g *\}$, ($\text{PrffS}_3 Cf \{g *\}$).

6. Similarly with different operations: $\text{PrffS}_1 Cf \{g Q\}$, ($\text{PrffS}_3 Cf \{g Q\}$), and with different operators: $\text{PrffS}_1 Cf \{Fg\}$, ($\text{PrffS}_3 Cf \{Fg\}$).

$$7. \text{PrffSCrt} \begin{matrix} A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ B_1 & B_2 & \dots & B_n \end{matrix} -$$

the result of the parallel fuzzy containment operator. For continual fuzzy sets A_i, B_i , ($i = 1, 2, \dots, n$), we have

$$\text{PrffSCrt} \begin{matrix} A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ B_1 & B_2 & \dots & B_n \end{matrix} = \left\{ \sum_{i=1}^n A_i \cup B_i - A_i \cap B_i, \sum_{i=1}^n D_i \right\}, \text{ where } D_i \text{ is}$$

self-(fuzzy set) for $A_i \cap B_i$ with v_{i1} ($i = 1, 2, \dots, n$). There is the same for structures if they are considered as continual fuzzy sets, for fuzzy sets C_i, D_i

$$\begin{matrix} C_1 & C_2 & \dots & C_m \\ v_{12} & v_{22} & \dots & v_{m2} \\ \mu_{12} & \mu_{22} & \dots & \mu_{m2} \\ D_1 & D_2 & \dots & D_m \end{matrix} \text{PrffSCrt} =$$

$$\left\{ \begin{matrix} \{\} & \{\} & \dots & \{\} \\ \sum_{i=1}^m Q_i + & v_{12} & v_{22} & \dots & v_{m2} \\ & \mu_{12} & \mu_{22} & \dots & \mu_{m2} \\ & D_1 - D_1 \cap C_1 & D_2 - D_2 \cap C_2 & \dots & D_m - D_m \cap C_m \\ & \sum_{i=1}^m (C_i - D_i \cap C_i) - (D_i - D_i \cap C_i) \end{matrix} \right\} \text{PrffSCrt}, \text{ where}$$

Q_i is self-(fuzzy set) for $(D_i \cap C_i)$ ($i = 1, 2, \dots, m$) [14].

Remark B.2.3.1. $\begin{matrix} C_1 & C_2 & \dots & C_m \\ v_{12} & v_{22} & & v_{m2} \\ \mu_{12} & \mu_{22} & \dots & \mu_{m2} \end{matrix}$ PrffSCprt, where continual fuzzy D_1 is forced out of continual fuzzy C_1 with type of expelling v_{12} and measure of fuzziness μ_{12} , continual fuzzy D_2 is forced out of continual fuzzy C_2 with type of expelling v_{22} and measure of fuzziness μ_{22} , ..., continual fuzzy D_m is forced out of continual fuzzy C_m with type of expelling v_{m2} and measure of fuzziness μ_{m2} .

$\begin{matrix} C_1 & C_2 & \dots & C_m & & A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \\ v_{12} & v_{22} & & v_{m2} & & v_{11} & v_{21} & & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{12} & \mu_{22} & \dots & \mu_{m2} & & \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \end{matrix}$ PrffSCprt, where continual fuzzy A_1 fits into continual fuzzy B_1 with type of containment v_{11} and measure of fuzziness μ_{11} , continual fuzzy A_2 fits into continual fuzzy B_2 with type of containment v_{21} and measure of fuzziness μ_{21} , ..., continual fuzzy A_n fits into continual fuzzy B_n with type of containment v_{n1} and measure of fuzziness μ_{n1} , continual fuzzy D_1 is forced out of continual fuzzy C_1 with type of expelling v_{12} and measure of fuzziness μ_{12} , continual fuzzy D_2 is forced out of continual fuzzy C_2 with type of expelling v_{22} and measure of fuzziness μ_{22} , ..., continual fuzzy D_m is forced out of continual fuzzy C_m with type of expelling v_{m2} and measure of fuzziness μ_{m2} simultaneously.

We can consider the concept of a continual PrffSCprt - element as PrffSCprt $\begin{matrix} A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \end{matrix}$, where continual fuzzy A_1 fits into continual fuzzy B_1 with type of containment v_{11} and measure of fuzziness μ_{11} , continual fuzzy A_2 fits into continual fuzzy B_2 with type of containment v_{21} and measure of fuzziness μ_{21} , ..., continual fuzzy A_n fits into continual fuzzy B_n with type of containment v_{n1} and measure of fuzziness μ_{n1} . Then PrffSCprt $\begin{matrix} B_1 & B_2 & \dots & B_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \end{matrix}$ will mean PrffS₁Cf B.

These elements are used for PrffSCprt-coding, PrffSCprt translation, coding PrffCSelf, and translation PrffCSelf for networks, which is suitable for electric current of ultrahigh frequency. More complex elements can be considered as continual sets of numbers with their " activation " in mutual directions. For example, ranges of function values, particularly those representing the shape of lightning. Fuzzy differential fuzzy geometry can be applied here. Also, n-

dimensional elements can be considered. The space of such elements is Banach space if we introduce the usual norm for functions or vectors. We call this space - ffCSelb-space. Then we introduce the scalar product for functions or vectors and get the Hilbert space. We call this space ffCSelh-space. In particular, one can try to describe some processes with these elements by differential equations and use methods from [4]. You can also try to optimize and research some processes with these elements using the techniques from [5]. Let's introduce operators for transforming fcapacity to PrffCSelf- fcapacity in itself as an element: PrfQ₁SC(A) transforms fuzzy A

to PrffS₁CA, PrfQ₀SC(B) transforms fuzzy B to

$$\begin{matrix} B_1 & B_2 & \dots & B_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \end{matrix} \text{PrffSCprt}.$$

$$\begin{matrix} B_1 & B_2 & \dots & B_n \end{matrix}$$

Can be considered $Q(\begin{matrix} A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ B_1 & B_2 & \dots & B_n \end{matrix} \text{PrffSCprt} \begin{matrix} A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ B_1 & B_2 & \dots & B_n \end{matrix})$, Q-any operator.

Fuzzy dynamic continual PrffSCprt – elements.

Definition B.2.4.1. The process of fuzzy containing the fuzzy set of continual elements $\tilde{g}(t)=(g_1(t)|\mu_{\tilde{g}(t)}(g_1(t)), g_2(t)|\mu_{\tilde{g}(t)}(g_2(t)), \dots, g_n(t)|\mu_{\tilde{g}(t)}(g_n(t)))$ into one point $x=(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$ of the space X at time will be called the dynamic continual

PrffSCprt – element. We will denote $\text{PrffSCprt}(t)$

$$\begin{matrix} g_1(t) & g_2(t) & \dots & g_n(t) \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix}.$$

Definition B.2.4.2. The process of containing an ordered fuzzy set of continual elements at one point in space is called fuzzy dynamic continual ordered PrffSCprt – element.

It is allowed to sum fuzzy dynamic continual PrffSCprt – elements:

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{ccccccc}
& g_1(t) & g_2(t) & & g_n(t) & & b_1(t) & b_2(t) & & b_n(t) \\
\text{PrffSCprt}(t) & \begin{array}{c} v_{11} \\ \mu_{11} \\ x_1 \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} v_{21} \\ \mu_{21} \\ x_2 \end{array} & \dots & \begin{array}{c} v_{n1} \\ \mu_{n1} \\ x_n \end{array} & + \text{PrffSCprt}(t) & \begin{array}{c} v_{11} \\ \mu_{11} \\ x_1 \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} v_{21} \\ \mu_{21} \\ x_2 \end{array} & \dots & \begin{array}{c} v_{n1} \\ \mu_{n1} \\ x_n \end{array} = \\
& & & & & & & & &
\end{array} \\
\begin{array}{ccccccc}
& g_1(t) \cup b_1(t) & g_2(t) \cup b_2(t) & & g_n(t) \cup b_1(t) & & & & & \\
\text{PrffSCprt}(t) & \begin{array}{c} v_{11} \\ \mu_{11} \\ x_1 \end{array} & & & \begin{array}{c} v_{21} \\ \mu_{21} \\ x_2 \end{array} & \dots & \begin{array}{c} v_{n1} \\ \mu_{n1} \\ x_n \end{array} & & &
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

It's allowed to multiply dynamic continual PrffSCprt – elements:

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{ccccccc}
& g_1(t) & g_2(t) & & g_n(t) & & b_1(t) & b_2(t) & & b_n(t) \\
\text{PPrffSCprt}(t) & \begin{array}{c} v_{11} \\ \mu_{11} \\ x_1 \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} v_{21} \\ \mu_{21} \\ x_2 \end{array} & \dots & \begin{array}{c} v_{n1} \\ \mu_{n1} \\ x_n \end{array} & * \text{PrffSCprt}(t) & \begin{array}{c} v_{11} \\ \mu_{11} \\ x_1 \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} v_{21} \\ \mu_{21} \\ x_2 \end{array} & \dots & \begin{array}{c} v_{n1} \\ \mu_{n1} \\ x_n \end{array} = \\
& & & & & & & & &
\end{array} \\
\begin{array}{ccccccc}
& g_1(t) \cap b_1(t) & g_2(t) \cap b_2(t) & & g_n(t) \cap b_1(t) & & & & & \\
\text{PrffSCprt}(t) & \begin{array}{c} v_{11} \\ \mu_{11} \\ x_1 \end{array} & & & \begin{array}{c} v_{21} \\ \mu_{21} \\ x_2 \end{array} & \dots & \begin{array}{c} v_{n1} \\ \mu_{n1} \\ x_n \end{array} & & &
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

.Parallel fuzzy dynamic

fuzzy continual containment of oneself in oneself as an element.

Definition B.2.4.3. The fuzzy dynamic continual PrffSCprt- fcapacity

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{ccccccc}
& R_1(t) & R_2(t) & & R_n(t) & & & & & \\
\text{PrffSCprt}(t) & \begin{array}{c} v_{11} \\ \mu_{11} \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} v_{21} \\ \mu_{21} \end{array} & \dots & \begin{array}{c} v_{n1} \\ \mu_{n1} \end{array} & \text{is the process of fuzzy embedding fuzzy} \\
& Q_1(t) & Q_2(t) & \dots & Q_n(t) & & & & &
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

continual $R_i(t)$ into fuzzy continual $Q_i(t)$, ($i = 1, \dots, n$).

Definition B.2.4.4. Parallel dynamic fuzzy continual fcapacity $\tilde{Q}(t) = (Q_1(t) |_{\mu_{\tilde{Q}(t)}} (Q_1(t)), Q_2(t) |_{\mu_{\tilde{Q}(t)}} (Q_2(t)), \dots, Q_n(t) |_{\mu_{\tilde{Q}(t)}} (Q_n(t)))$ fuzzy containing itself as an

element of the first type is the process of parallel fuzzy containing fuzzy $\tilde{Q}(t)$ in

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{ccccccc}
& Q_1(t) & Q_2(t) & & Q_n(t) & & & & & \\
\tilde{Q}(t) \text{ PrffSCprt}(t) & \begin{array}{c} v_{11} \\ \mu_{11} \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} v_{21} \\ \mu_{21} \end{array} & \dots & \begin{array}{c} v_{n1} \\ \mu_{n1} \end{array} & \text{Denote } PrffS_1Cf(t)\tilde{Q}(t). \\
& Q_1(t) & Q_2(t) & \dots & Q_n(t) & & & & &
\end{array}
\end{array}$$

Definition B.2.4.5. The fuzzy dynamic parallel containment fuzzy continual $C(t)$ of oneself of the second type parallel fuzzy contains the fuzzy continual elements from which it can be parallel fuzzy generated. Denote $PrffS_2Cf(t)C(t)$.

Definition B.2.4.6. The partial parallel fuzzy dynamic containment fuzzy continual $B(t)$ of oneself of the third type is the process of partial parallel fuzzy embedding fuzzy continual $B(t)$ into oneself or parallel fuzzy embedding fuzzy continual elements from which it can be parallel fuzzy generated in part or both simultaneously. Denote $PrffS_3Cf(t)B(t)$.

The connection of dynamic continual $PrffSCprt$ – elements with parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy continual containment of oneself in oneself as an element.

Let us consider the partial parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy continual containment of oneself in oneself as an element of the third type. For example, based on

$$PrffSCprt(t) \begin{matrix} Q_1(t) & Q_2(t) & \dots & Q_n(t) \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix}, \text{ where } \tilde{Q}(t) = (Q_1(t)|\mu_{\tilde{Q}(t)}(Q_1(t)), Q_2(t)|\mu_{\tilde{Q}(t)}(Q_2(t)), \dots, Q_n(t)|\mu_{\tilde{Q}(t)}(Q_n(t))), \text{ i.e. } n - \text{ continual elements at one point } x =$$

$(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$, we can consider the parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy continual capacity in itself $PrffS_3Cf(t)$ with m elements from $\tilde{Q}(t)$, $m < n$, which is process formed according to the form (1.1), that is, only m elements from $\tilde{Q}(t)$ are

$$\text{in the structure } PrffSCprt(t) \begin{matrix} Q_1(t) & Q_2(t) & \dots & Q_n(t) \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix}.$$

Parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy continual containments of oneself in oneself as an element of the third type can be formed for any other structure, not necessarily $PrffSCprt$, only by necessarily reducing the number of fuzzy continual elements in the structure. In particular, with the help of forms (1.1.1) - (1.4), (2.1*) and analogs of forms (1.1.1) - (1.4) by type (2.1*).

It is possible to introduce structures more complex than $PrffS_3Cf(t)$.

Parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy continual mathematics self.

1. The process of simultaneous parallel addition of fuzzy sets continual

$$\text{elements } \{g_i(t)\} = \left(g_{i_1}(t) | \mu_{g_i(t)}(g_{i_1}(t)), g_{i_2}(t) | \mu_{g_i(t)}(g_{i_2}(t)), \dots, g_{i_{m_j}}(t) | \mu_{g_i(t)}(g_{i_{m_j}}(t)) \right),$$

$i = 1, 2, \dots, n, j = 1, 2, \dots, k$ are realized by $\text{PrffSCprt}(t)$

$$\begin{array}{cccc} \{g_1(t)\} \cup & \{g_2(t)\} \cup & \dots & \{g_n(t)\} \cup \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{array}.$$

2. By analogy, for simultaneous multiplication:

$$\begin{array}{cccc} \{g_1(t)\} \cap & \{g_2(t)\} \cap & \dots & \{g_n(t)\} \cap \\ \text{PrffSCprt}(t) & v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ & \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ & x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{array}.$$

3. Similarly for simultaneous execution of various operations:

$$\begin{array}{cccc} g_1(t)Q_1(t) & g_2(t)Q_2(t) & \dots & g_n(t)Q_n(t) \\ \text{PrffSCprt}(t) & v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ & \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ & x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{array}, \text{ where } \tilde{Q}(t) = (Q_1(t) |$$

$\mu_{\tilde{Q}(t)}(Q_1(t)), Q_2(t) | \mu_{\tilde{Q}(t)}(Q_2(t)), \dots, Q_n(t) | \mu_{\tilde{Q}(t)}(Q_n(t))$), $Q_i(t)$ -an operation, $i =$

$1, \dots, n, \tilde{g}(t) = (g_1(t) | \mu_{\tilde{g}(t)}(g_1(t)), g_2(t) | \mu_{\tilde{g}(t)}(g_2(t)), \dots, g_n(t) | \mu_{\tilde{g}(t)}(g_n(t)))$.

4. Similarly, for the simultaneous execution of various operators:

$$\begin{array}{cccc} F_1(t)g_1(t) & F_2(t)g_2(t) & \dots & F_n(t)g_n(t) \\ \text{PrffSCprt}(t) & v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ & \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ & x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{array}, \text{ where } \tilde{F}(t) = (F_1(t) | \mu_{\tilde{F}(t)}$$

$(F_1(t)), F_2(t) | \mu_{\tilde{F}(t)}(F_2(t)), \dots, F_n(t) | \mu_{\tilde{F}(t)}(F_n(t)))$, $F_i(t)$ is an operator, $i = 1, \dots, n$.

5. Parallel fuzzy dynamic arithmetic itself for continual containments of

oneself will be similar: Parallel fuzzy dynamic addition -

$\text{PrffS}_1\text{Cf}(t) \{g(t) \cup\}$, (or $\text{PrffS}_3\text{Cf}(t) \{g(t) \cup\}$ for the third type),

Parallel fuzzy dynamic multiplication $\text{PrffS}_1\text{Cf}(t) \{g(t) \cap\}$, (

$\text{PrffS}_3\text{Cf}(t) \{g(t) \cap\}$).

6. Similarly with different operations: $PrffS_1Cf(t)\{g\widetilde{t}\}Q\widetilde{t}\}$, ($PrffS_3Cf(t)\{g\widetilde{t}\}Q\widetilde{t}\}$) and with different operators:
 $PrfS_1Cf(t)\{F\widetilde{t}\}g\widetilde{t}\}$, $(PrfS_3Cf(t)\{F\widetilde{t}\}g\widetilde{t}\})$.

$$7. \text{PrffSCprt}(t) \begin{matrix} A_1(t) & A_2(t) & \dots & A_n(t) \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ B_1(t) & B_2(t) & \dots & B_n(t) \end{matrix} \text{ gives the result}$$

$$\text{PrffSCrt}(t) \begin{matrix} A_1(t) & A_2(t) & \dots & A_n(t) \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ B_1(t) & B_2(t) & \dots & B_n(t) \end{matrix} =$$

$\left\{ \sum_{i=1}^n A_i(t) \cup B_i(t) - A_i(t) \cap B_i(t), \sum_{i=1}^n D_i(t) \right\}$, for fuzzy continual sets $A_i(t)$, $B_i(t)$, where $D_i(t)$ is self-(fuzzy set) for $A_i(t) \cap B_i(t)$ with v_{i1} , ($i = 1, 2, \dots, n$). The same is true for structures if they are treated as fuzzy continual sets,

$$\begin{matrix} C_1(t)C_2(t) & \dots & C_m(t) \\ v_{12} & v_{22} & \dots & v_{m2} \\ \mu_{12} & \mu_{22} & \dots & \mu_{m2} \\ D_1(t)D_2(t) & \dots & D_m(t) \end{matrix} \text{PrffSCrt}(t) =$$

$$\left\{ \begin{matrix} \sum_{i=1}^m Q_i(t) + \begin{matrix} \{\} & \{\} & \dots & \{\} \\ v_{12} & v_{22} & \dots & v_{m2} \\ \mu_{12} & \mu_{22} & \dots & \mu_{m2} \end{matrix} \text{PrffSCrt} \\ D_1(t) - D_1(t) \cap C_1(t) & D_2(t) - D_2(t) \cap C_2(t) & \dots & D_m(t) - D_m(t) \cap C_m(t) \\ \sum_{i=1}^m (C_i(t) - D_i(t) \cap C_i(t)) - (D_i(t) - D_i(t) \cap C_i(t)) \end{matrix} \right\}$$

for fuzzy continual sets $C_i(t)$, $D_i(t)$, where $Q_i(t)$ is self-(fuzzy set) for $(D_i(t) \cap C_i(t))$ ($i = 1, 2, \dots, m$) [14].

8. Similarly, for dynamic continual PrffSCprt-derivatives, dynamic continual PrffSCprt-integrals, dynamic continual PrffSCprt-lim, fuzzy dynamic continual PrfCself-derivatives, fuzzy dynamic continual PrfCself-integrals
9. Denote fuzzy dynamic continual PrfCself-(fuzzy dynamic continual PrfCself-Q(t)) through fuzzy dynamic continual Prself²-Q(t), $\text{PrfS}(t)(n, Q(t)) =$ fuzzy dynamic continual PrfCself-(fuzzy dynamic continual PrfCself-...(fuzzy

dynamic continual PrfCself-Q(t)))) = fuzzy dynamic continual PrfCselfⁿ-Q(t) for n-multiple fuzzy dynamic continual PrfCself.

Remark B.2.4.1. The parallel fuzzy dynamic continual PrffSCprt-displacement will

be denote by
$$\begin{matrix} C_1(t)C_2(t) & \dots & C_m(t) \\ v_{12} & v_{22} & v_{m2} \\ \mu_{12} & \mu_{22} & \mu_{m2} \end{matrix} \text{PrffSCprt}(t)$$
, where fuzzy continual D₁(t) is
$$\begin{matrix} D_1(t)D_2(t) & \dots & D_m(t) \end{matrix}$$

forced out of fuzzy continual C₁(t) with type of expelling v_{12} and measure of fuzziness μ_{12} , fuzzy continual D₂(t) is forced out of fuzzy continual C₂(t) with type of expelling v_{22} measure of fuzziness μ_{22} , ..., fuzzy continual D_m(t) is forced out of fuzzy continual C_m(t) with type of expelling v_{m2} measure of fuzziness μ_{m2}

simultaneously, the result of this process will be described by the expression

$$\begin{matrix} C_1(t)C_2(t) & \dots & C_m(t) \\ v_{12} & v_{22} & v_{m2} \\ \mu_{12} & \mu_{22} & \mu_{m2} \end{matrix} \text{PrfSrt}(t).$$
 Then the notation
$$\begin{matrix} D_1(t)D_2(t) & \dots & D_m(t) \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{matrix} C_1(t)C_2(t) & \dots & C_m(t) & A_1(t) & A_2(t) & \dots & A_n(t) \\ v_{12} & v_{22} & v_{m2} & v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{12} & \mu_{22} & \mu_{m2} & \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \end{matrix} \text{PrffSCprt}(t)$$
 ,
$$\begin{matrix} D_1(t)D_2(t) & \dots & D_m(t) & B_1(t) & B_2(t) & \dots & B_n(t) \end{matrix}$$

where fuzzy continual A₁(t) fits into fuzzy continual B₁(t) with type of containment v_{11} and measure of fuzziness μ_{11} , fuzzy continual A₂(t) fits into fuzzy continual B₂(t) with type of containment v_{21} and measure of fuzziness μ_{21} , ..., fuzzy continual A_n(t) fits into fuzzy continual B_n(t) with type of containment v_{n1} and measure of fuzziness μ_{n1} , fuzzy continual D₁(t) is forced out of fuzzy continual C₁(t) with type of expelling v_{12} and measure of fuzziness μ_{12} , fuzzy continual D₂(t) is forced out of fuzzy continual C₂(t) with type of expelling v_{22} measure of fuzziness μ_{22} , ..., fuzzy continual D_m(t) is forced out of fuzzy continual C_m(t) with type of expelling v_{m2} measure of fuzziness μ_{m2} simultaneously. It is fuzzy dynamic continual PrffSCprt-containment of fuzzy continual A_i(t) in fuzzy continual B_i(t) and fuzzy dynamic continual PrffSCprt-displacement of fuzzy continual D_j(t) from

fuzzy continual $C_j(t)$ simultaneously, ($i = 1, 2, \dots, n, j = 1, 2, \dots, m$). The result of this process will be described by the expression

$$\begin{array}{ccc} C_1(t) & C_2(t) & \dots & C_m(t) \\ v_{12} & v_{22} & \dots & v_{m2} \\ \mu_{12} & \mu_{22} & \dots & \mu_{m2} \end{array} \text{PrffSCprt}(t) \begin{array}{ccc} A_1(t) & A_2(t) & \dots & A_n(t) \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \end{array} \cdot$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} D_1(t) & D_2(t) & \dots & D_m(t) \\ B_1(t) & B_2(t) & \dots & B_n(t) \end{array} \text{PrffSCrt}(t) \begin{array}{ccc} B_1(t) & B_2(t) & \dots & B_n(t) \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \end{array} \text{ will mean } S_1 C_f(t) B(t).$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} C_1(t) & C_2(t) & \dots & C_m(t) \\ v_{12} & v_{22} & \dots & v_{m2} \\ \mu_{12} & \mu_{22} & \dots & \mu_{m2} \end{array} \text{PrffSCprt}(t) \text{ denotes the parallel fuzzy dynamic expelling}$$

fuzzy continual $\tilde{C}(t) = (C_1(t) | \mu_{\tilde{C}(t)}(C_1(t)), C_2(t) | \mu_{\tilde{C}(t)}(C_2(t)), \dots, C_n(t) | \mu_{\tilde{C}(t)}(C_n(t)))$

oneself out of oneself,

$$\begin{array}{ccc} A_1(t) & A_2(t) & \dots & A_n(t) \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \end{array} \text{PrffSCprt}(t) \begin{array}{ccc} A_1(t) & A_2(t) & \dots & A_n(t) \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \end{array} \text{—simultaneous}$$

parallel fuzzy dynamic containment fuzzy continual $\tilde{A}(t) = (A_1(t) | \mu_{\tilde{A}(t)}(A_1(t)),$

$A_2(t) | \mu_{\tilde{A}(t)}(A_2(t)), \dots, A_n(t) | \mu_{\tilde{A}(t)}(A_n(t)))$ of oneself in oneself and parallel fuzzy

dynamic expelling fuzzy continual $A(t)$ oneself out of oneself.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} A_1(t) & A_2(t) & \dots & A_n(t) \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \end{array} \text{PrffSCprt}(t) \text{ will be called parallel fuzzy dynamic anti-}$$

(fuzzy continual fcapacity) from oneself.

$$\text{Remark B.2.4.2. } \begin{array}{ccc} A_1(t) & A_2(t) & \dots & A_n(t) \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \end{array} \text{PrffSCprt}(t) \text{ can be interpreted as a}$$

multilayer shell of a self-object from the first layer, which is specified by $A_1(t)$ to the n th, which is specified by $A_n(t)$. Based on this, the atomic model can be interpreted as

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} & \cup \{p,n\} & A_1(t) & A_2(t) & A_n(t) & & \\ \text{PrffSCprt}(t) & v_{01} & v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} & \\ & \mu_{01} & \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} & \\ & \text{position of atomic nucleus} & A_1(t) & A_2(t) & \dots & A_n(t) & \end{array}, \{p,n\} -$$

protons, neutrons, $A_i(t)$ correspond to orbitals, $i = 1, \dots, n$.

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} & \text{physical body of a living organism} & U_1(t) & U_2(t) & U_n(t) & & \\ \text{PrffSCprt}(t) & v_{01} & v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} & \\ & \mu_{01} & \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} & \\ & \text{position of physical body} & U_1(t) & U_2(t) & \dots & U_n(t) & \end{array}$$

- model of a living organism with the multilayer shell of a living organism from the first layer, which is specified by $U_1(t)$ to the n th, which is specified by $U_n(t)$. In humans:

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} & \text{energy fibers that create a physical body of a living organism} & U_1(t) & U_n(t) & & & \\ \text{PrffSCprt}(t) & v_{01} & v_{11} & \dots & v_{n1} & & \\ & \mu_{01} & \mu_{11} & \dots & \mu_{n1} & & \\ & \text{energy fibers that create a physical body of a living organism} & U_1(t) & \dots & U_n(t) & & \end{array}.$$

$$\text{You can also try to consider the operator PrffSCprt} \begin{array}{cccc} B_1 & \dots & B_i^a & B_n \\ v_{11} & \dots & v_{i1} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \dots & \mu_{i1} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ r_1 & \dots & r_i^a & \dots & r_n \end{array}, \text{ which}$$

represents the interpretation of the position of the assemblage point on the cocoon of a living organism, r_j is its potential position, B_j is a potential set of subtle energies in this position ($i = 1, \dots, i-1, i+1, \dots, n$), r_i^a is its active position, B_i^a is an active set of subtle energies in this position, $i = 1, \dots, n$.

Connection of fuzzy dynamic continual PrffSCprt – elements with target weights with parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy continual containment of oneself with target weights.

Consider a third type of parallel partial fuzzy dynamic fuzzy continual containment of oneself with target weights $g(t)$. For example, based on PrffSCprt(t)

$$\begin{array}{cccc} g_1(t)w(t) & g_2(t)w(t) & \dots & g_n(t)w(t) \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{array} \text{ .where } g(t) = (g_1(t) | \mu_{g(t)}(g_1(t)), g_2(t) | \mu_{g(t)}(g_2(t)), \dots,$$

$$g_n(t) | \mu_{g(t)}(g_n(t))).$$

i.e. n - fuzzy continual elements with target weights $\{w(t)\}$ at one point $x = (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$, we can consider the fuzzy dynamic continual containment

$\text{Prff}S_3Cf(t)g(t)w(t)$ of oneself with target weights with m fuzzy continual elements with target weights $\{w(t)\}$ from $g(t)$, $m < n$, which is the process of formation according to the form (1.1), i.e., only m fuzzy continual elements with target weights $\{w(t)\}$ from $g(t)$ are located in the structure $\text{Prff}S_3Cf(t)g(t)w(t)$. Parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy containments of oneself with target weights of the third type can be formed for any other structure, not necessarily $\text{Prff}SCprt$, only by reducing the number of continual elements with target weights in the structure. In particular, using the forms (1.1.1) - (1.4), (2.1*) and analogs of forms (1.1.1) - (1.4) by type (2.1*). Structures more complex than $\text{Prff}S_3Cf(t)g(t)w(t)$ can be introduced.

Definition B.2.4.7. The parallel fuzzy dynamic embedding of fuzzy continual $A(t)$ into itself with target weights $\{w(t)\}$ of the first type is the process of parallel fuzzy embedding $A(t)$ into $A(t)$ with target weights. Denote $\text{Prff}S_1Cf(t)A(t)w(t)$.

Definition 30. The parallel fuzzy dynamic containment of fuzzy continual $C(t)$ itself into itself with target weights $\{w(t)\}$ of the second type is the process of parallel fuzzy containment of the fuzzy continual elements from which it can be parallel fuzzy generated. Let's denote $\text{Prff}S_2Cf(t)C(t)w(t)$.

Definition B.2.4.8. Partial parallel fuzzy dynamic containment of fuzzy continual $B(t)$ itself into itself with target weights $\{w(t)\}$ of the third type is the process of partial parallel fuzzy containment of fuzzy continual $B(t)$ into itself or fuzzy continual elements from which it can be parallel fuzzy generated partially, or both at the same time. Denote $\text{Prff}S_3Cf(t)B(t)w(t)$.

The usage of $\text{Prff}SCprt$ -elements for networks.

A. Galushkin's comprehensive monograph [6] covers all aspects of networks, but traditional approaches go through classical mathematics, mainly through the usual correspondence operators. Here we consider a different approach - through a new mathematical process with parallel fuzzy containment operators, which, although

they can be interpreted as the result of some correspondence operators, are not themselves correspondence operators. Parallel fuzzy containment operators are more convenient for networks. Also, the main emphasis was placed on using processors operating using triodes, which are generally not used in Sprt-networks. PrffSCprt-networks (SmnPrffSCprt) are a PrffSCprt-structure that can be built for the required weights. PrffSCprt-OS (PrffSCprt operating system) uses PrffSCprt-coding and PrffSCprt-translation. In the first one, coding is carried out through a 2-dimensional matrix-row (a, b), where the number b is the code of the action, and the number a is the code of the object of this action. PrffSCprt-coding (or PrffCSelf-coding) is implemented through a matrix consisting of 2 columns (in the continuous case, two intervals of numbers). Here, the source encoding is used for all matrix rows simultaneously. PrffSCprt-translation is carried out by inversion. In this case, PrffCSelf-coding and PrffCSelf-translation will be more stable. The target weights $g_i(t)$ in PrffSCprt(t)

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 \text{activation with } g_1(t) & \text{activation with } g_2(t) & \dots & \text{activation with } g_n(t) & & & \\
 v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} & & & \text{are chosen for} \\
 \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} & & & \\
 \text{SmnPrffSCprt} & \text{SmnPrffSCprt} & \dots & \text{SmnPrffSCprt} & & &
 \end{array}$$

necessary tasks. We will not touch on the issues of applications, or network optimization. They are described in detail by Galushkin [6]. We will touch on the difference of this only for hierarchical complex networks. The same simple executing programs are in the cores of simple artificial neurons of type PrffSCprt (designation - mnPrffSCprt) for simple information processing. More complex executing programs are used for mnPrffSCprt nodes. PrffSCprt-threshold element

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 g_1(t)w_1(t) & g_2(t)w_2(t) & \dots & g_n(t)w_n(t) & & & \\
 -\text{sgn}(\text{PrffSCprt}(t)) & v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} & & \\
 & \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} & & \\
 & x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n & &
 \end{array}
), \mathbf{x}=(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) -$$

$$\text{mnPrffSCprt}, \tilde{W}(t)=(w_1(t)|\mu_{\tilde{w}(t)}(w_1(t)), w_2(t)|\mu_{\tilde{w}(t)}(w_2(t)), \dots, w_n(t)|\mu_{\tilde{w}(t)}(w_n(t))).$$

– source signals values, $\{g(t)\} = (g_1(t), g_2(t), \dots, g_n(t))$ – PrffSCprt-synapses weights. The first level of mnPrffSCprt consists of simple mnPrffSCprt. The

second level of mnPrffSCprt consists of CPrffS = PrffSCprt(t)

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} \text{mnPrffSCprt} & \text{mnPrffSCprt} & \dots & \text{mnPrffSCprt} & & & \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} & & & \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} & & & \\ D_1 & D_2 & \dots & D_n & & & \end{array} \quad \text{-- PrffSCprt-node of mnPrffSCprt}$$

in range $D = (D_1, D_2, \dots, D_n)$, D- fcapacity for mnPrffSCprt node. The third level of

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} & \text{CPrffS} & \text{CPrffS} & \dots & \text{CPrffS} & & \\ \text{mnPrffSCprt consists of PrffSCprt(t)} & v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} & & \\ & \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} & & \\ & D_1 & D_2 & \dots & D_n & & \end{array} \quad \text{-PrffSCprt}^2\text{-}$$

node of mnPrffSCprt in range D, thus D becomes fcapacity of itself in itself as an element for mnPrffSCprt. For our networks, it is sufficient to use PrffSCprt²- nodes of mnPrffSCprt, but self-level is higher in living organisms, particularly PrffSCprtⁿ-, $n \geq 3$. The target structure or the corresponding program enters the target unit using alternating current. After that, all networks or parts of them are activated according to the indicative goal. It may appear that we are leaving the network ideology, but these networks are a complex hierarchy of different levels, like living organisms.

Remark B.2.5.0. A neural network can be thought of as a learnable parallel fuzzy dynamic operator.

Remark B.2.5.1. Traditional scientific approaches through classical mathematics make it possible to describe only at the usual energy level. Here we consider an approach that makes describing processes with finer energies possible.

mnPrffSCprt contains PrffSCprt(t)

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} \text{ffceprogram}_1(t) & \text{ffceprogram}_2(t) & \dots & \text{ffceprogram}_n(t) & & & \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} & & & \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} & & & \\ \text{mnPrffSCprt} & \text{mnPrffSCprt} & \dots & \text{mnPrffSCprt} & & & \end{array} \quad \text{ffceprogram --}$$

executing program in PrffSCprt- OS. PrffSCprt-OS (or PrffCSelf-OS) is based on PrffSCprt-assembly language (or Prself-assembly language), which is based on assembly language through PrffSCprt-approach in turn, if the base of elements of PrffSCprt-networks is sufficient. The ffceprograms are in PrffSCprt-programming

environments (or PrffCSelf-programming environments), but this question and PrffSCprt-networks base will be considered in the following monographs. In particular, ffcprograms may contain PrffSCprt- programming operators. In mnPrffSCprt cores, the constant memory PrffSCprt with correspondent ffcprograms depending on mnPrffSCprt.

The OS (operating system) and the principles and modes of operation of the PrffSCprt-networks for this programming are interesting. But this is already the material for the next publications.

Here is developed a helicopter model without a main and tail rotors based on PrffSCprt – physics and special neural networks with artificial neurons operating in normal and PrffSCprt-modes. Let's denote this model through SmnPrffSCprt. To do this, it's proposed to use mnPrffSCprt of different levels; for example, for the usual mode, mnPrffSCprt serves for the initial processing of signals and the transfer of information to the second level, etc., to the nodal center, then checked. In case of an anomaly - local PrffSCprt–mode with the desired "target weight" is realized in this section, etc., to the center. In the case of a monster during the test, SmnPrffSCprt is activated with the desired "target weight." Here are realized other tasks also. To reach the fself-energy level, the mode $Sprt_{SmnPrffSCprt}^{SmnPrffSCprt}$ is used. In normal mode, it's planned to carry out the movement of SmnPrffSCprt on jet propulsion by converting the energy of the emitted gases into a vortex to obtain additional thrust upwards. For this purpose, a spiral-shaped chute (with "pockets") is arranged at the bottom of the SmnPrffSCprt for the gases emitted by the jet engine, which first exit through a straight chute connected to the spiral one. There is drainage of exhaust gases outside the SmnPrffSCprt. SmnPrffSCprt is represented by a neural network that extends from the center of one of the main clusters of PrffSCprt - artificial neurons to the shell, turning into the body itself. Above the operator's cabin is the central core of the neural network and the target block, responsible for performing the "target weights" and auxiliary blocks, the functions and roles of which we will discuss further. Next is the space for the movement of

the local vortex. The unit responsible for SmnPrffSCprt's actions is below the operator's cab. In PrffSCprt – mode, the entire network or its sections are PrffSCprt – activated to perform specific tasks, in particular, with "target weights." In the target, block used PrffSCprt -coding, PrffSCprt -translation for activation of all networks to "target weights" simultaneously, then –the reset of this PrffSCprt-coding after activation. Unfortunately, triodes are not suitable for PrffSCprt -neural networks. In the most primitive case, usual separators with corresponding resistances and cores for ffeoprograms may be used instead triodes since there is no necessity to unbend the alternating current to direct. The PrffSCprt-operative memory belt is disposed around a central core of SmnPrffSCprt. There are PrffSCprt-coding, PrffSCprt-translation, and PrffSCprt-realize of eprograms and the programs from the archives without extraction, PrffSCprt-coding and PrffSCprt-translation may be used in high-intensity, ultra-short optical pulses laser of Nobel laureates 2018-year Gerard Mourou, Donna, Strickland. PrffSCprt – structure or an eprogram if one is present of needed «target weight» are taken in target block at PrffSCprt – activation of the networks. $Sprt_{activation}^{SmnPrffSCprt, f}$ derives SmnPrffSCprt to the self-level boundary with target weight f.

It's used an alternating current of above high frequency and ultra-violet light, which can work with PrffSCprt – structures in PrffSCprt–modes by its nature to activate the networks or some of its parts in PrffSCprt–modes and locally using PrffSCprt–mode. Above high frequently alternating current go through mercury bearers. That's why overheating does not occur. The power of the alternating current above high frequently increases considerably for the target block. The activation of all PrffSCprt-networks is realized to indicate “target weights.”

Variable hierarchical fuzzy dynamical parallel structures (models) for fuzzy dynamic, singular, hierarchical fuzzy sets.

Here we will consider variable parallel structures (models), both discrete and continuous: a) with variable connections, b) with the variable backbone for links, c) generalized version; in particular, in variable structures (models), for example,

$$\begin{array}{c}
C_1 \ C_2 \ \dots \ C_m \qquad \qquad A_1 \ A_2 \ \dots A_n \\
v_{12} \ v_{22} \ \dots \ v_{m2} \text{PrffSCprt}(t) \ v_{11} \ v_{21} \ \dots v_{n1} \\
\mu_{12} \mu_{22} \ \dots \ \mu_{m2} \mu_{11} \ \mu_{21} \ \dots \mu_{n1} = \\
D_1 \ D_2 \ \dots \ D_m \qquad \qquad B_1 \ B_2 \ \dots B_n
\end{array}
\left\{ \begin{array}{l}
\begin{array}{c}
C_1 \ C_2 \ \dots \ C_m \\
(v_{12} \ v_{22} \ \dots \ v_{m2} \text{PrffSCprt}, \ q_2 \geq t \geq q_1) | \mu_1 \\
\mu_{12} \mu_{22} \ \dots \ \mu_{m2} \\
D_1 \ D_2 \ \dots \ D_m
\end{array} \\
\begin{array}{c}
B_1 \ B_2 \ \dots \ B_m \qquad A_1 \ A_2 \ \dots A_n \\
(v_{12} \ v_{22} \ \dots \ v_{m2} \text{PrffSCprt} \ v_{11} \ v_{21} \ \dots v_{n1} \\
\mu_{12} \mu_{22} \ \dots \ \mu_{m2} \mu_{11} \ \mu_{21} \ \dots \mu_{n1} , q_3 \geq t > q_2) | \mu_2 \\
D_1 \ D_2 \ \dots \ D_m \qquad B_1 \ B_2 \ \dots B_n
\end{array} \\
\begin{array}{c}
C_1 \ C_2 \ \dots \ C_m \qquad A_1 \ A_2 \ \dots A_n \\
(v_{12} \ v_{22} \ \dots \ v_{m2} \text{PrffSCprt} \ v_{11} \ v_{21} \ \dots v_{n1} \\
\mu_{12} \mu_{22} \ \dots \ \mu_{m2} \mu_{11} \ \mu_{21} \ \dots \mu_{n1} , q_4 \geq t > q_3) | \mu_3 \quad (*_{B.2.3}), \\
D_1 \ D_2 \ \dots \ D_m \qquad B_1 \ B_2 \ \dots B_n
\end{array} \\
\begin{array}{c}
\qquad \qquad A_1 \ A_2 \ \dots A_n \\
(\text{PrffSCprt} \ v_{11} \ v_{21} \ \dots v_{n1} \\
\mu_{11} \ \mu_{21} \ \dots \mu_{n1} , q_5 \geq t > q_4) | \mu_4 \\
\qquad \qquad B_1 \ B_2 \ \dots B_n
\end{array} \\
\begin{array}{c}
\{ \} \ \{ \} \ \dots \ \{ \} \\
(v_{12} \ v_{22} \ \dots \ v_{m2} \text{PrffSCprt}, \ t > q_5) | \mu_5 \\
\mu_{12} \mu_{22} \ \dots \ \mu_{m2} \\
D_1 \ D_2 \ \dots \ D_m
\end{array} \\
\dots
\end{array}$$

μ_i - measures of fuzziness, $i = 1, \dots, 5$. In particular,

$$\begin{array}{c}
B_1 \ B_2 \ \dots \ B_m \qquad A_1 \ A_2 \ \dots A_n \\
v_{12} \ v_{22} \ \dots \ v_{m2} \text{PrffSCprt} \ v_{11} \ v_{21} \ \dots v_{n1} \\
\mu_{12} \mu_{22} \ \dots \ \mu_{m2} \mu_{11} \ \mu_{21} \ \dots \mu_{n1} \text{ can be interpreted as a fuzzy game:} \\
D_1 \ D_2 \ \dots \ D_m \qquad B_1 \ B_2 \ \dots B_n
\end{array}$$

player 1 fuzzy fits fuzzy A_i into fuzzy B_i , $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$, and the other fuzzy pushes fuzzy D_j out of fuzzy B_j , $j = 1, 2, \dots, m$ at the same time.

The example of variable parallel hierarchy

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
C_1 & C_2 & \dots & C_m & & A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \\
v_{12} & v_{22} & & v_{m2} & \text{PrffSCprt}(t)_1 & v_{11} & v_{21} & & v_{n1} \\
\mu_{12} & \mu_{22} & \dots & \mu_{m2} & & \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\
D_1 & D_2 & \dots & D_m & & B_1 & B_2 & \dots & B_n
\end{array} = =$$

$$\left(\left\{ \begin{array}{ccccccc}
\{\} & \{\} & & \{\} & & \{\} & \\
\Sigma_{i=1}^m Q_i + & v_{12} & v_{22} & \dots & v_{m2} & & \text{PrffSCrt} \\
& \mu_{12} & \mu_{22} & & \mu_{m2} & & \\
& D_1 - D_1 \cap C_1 & D_2 - D_2 \cap C_2 & \dots & D_m - D_m \cap C_m & & \\
& \Sigma_{i=1}^m (C_i - D_i \cap C_i) - (D_i - D_i \cap C_i) & & & & &
\end{array} \right\}, q_2 \geq t \geq q_1 \right) | \mu_1$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{c}
S_{01}^{1e} f B_i^* \\
(\Sigma_{i=1}^n (\begin{array}{c} B_i S_1^{A-B} t_{B_i} \\ Q_i - B_i \end{array}), q_3 \geq t > q_2) | \mu_2 \\
S_{01}^{et} f B_i \\
(\Sigma_{j=1}^m \Sigma_{i=1}^n (\begin{array}{c} C_j - B_i S_1^{A-B} t_{B_i} \\ C_j - B_i \end{array}), q_4 \geq t > q_3) | \mu_3 \\
\begin{array}{c} C_j - B_i S_1^{A-B} t_{B_i} \\ D_j - C_j - B_i \end{array} \\
\left(\begin{array}{c} \Sigma_{i=1}^n R_i \\ \Sigma_{i=1}^n A_i \cup B_i - A_i \cap B_i \end{array} \right), q_5 \geq t > q_4) | \mu_4 \\
\{\} \{\} \dots \{\} \\
v_{12} v_{22} \dots v_{m2} \text{PrffSCrt}, t > q_5 | \mu_5 \\
\mu_{12} \mu_{22} \dots \mu_{m2} \\
D_1 D_2 \dots D_m \dots
\end{array} \right)$$

$$(*_{B.2.4}),$$

Where μ_i - measures of fuzziness, $i = 1, \dots, 5$, Q_i is oself-(fuzzy set) for $(D_j \cap C_j)$, D_j, C_j are fuzzy sets ($j = 1, 2, \dots, m$), [14], R_i is self-(fuzzy set) for $A_i \cap B_i$, A_i, B_i are fuzzy sets, ($i = 1, 2, \dots, n$), $S_{01}^{et} f B$, $\begin{array}{c} C-B \\ C-B \end{array} S_1 t_B^{A-B}$, $\begin{array}{c} C-B \\ D-C-B \end{array} S_1 t_B^{A-B}$ are considered in [13], $\begin{array}{c} B \\ Q-B \end{array} S_1 t_B^{A-B}$ is considered in [10].

In what follows, we will denote variable parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy structure (model) through PrffVSC, parallel fself-type variable fuzzy dynamic fuzzy structures (models) through PrffSVSC, and parallel foself-type variable fuzzy dynamic fuzzy structures (models) through PrffOSVSC.

Examples: a) discrete variable parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy structure

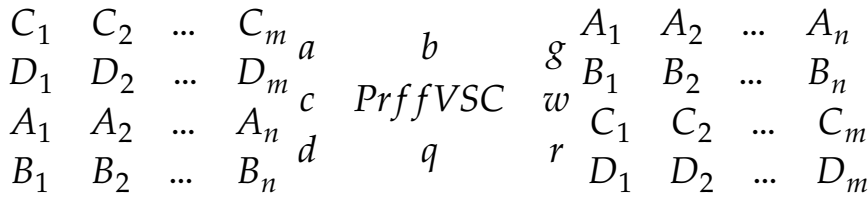


Fig. B.2.2

c) continuous variable parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy structure



Fig.B.2.3.

Where a continuous set represents the rim of the Fig.B.2.3.

We introduce the notation $m_{PrffVCS_N}$ – the number of elements, N – the number of connections between them in the discrete variable parallel 2-hierarchical fuzzy dynamic fuzzy structure $PrffVSC$. We introduce the notation $q_{PrffVCS_R}$ – any, R – connections in $q_{PrffVCS_R}$ in the variable parallel fuzzy dynamic 2-hierarchical structure $PrffVSC$, in particular, $q_{PrffVCS_R}$, R can be fuzzy sets both discrete and continuous and discrete-continuous. We consider the functional $c(Q)$, which gives a numerical value for the structurability of Q from the interval $[0,1]$, where 0 corresponds to "no parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy structure", and 1 corresponds to the value "parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy structure". Then for joint fuzzy dynamic fuzzy A, B : $c(A+B)=c(A)+c(B)-c(A*B)+cS(D)$, D - parallel fself-type fuzzy structures from $A*B$, $cS(x)$ - the value of $PrffCSelf$ for parallel fself-type fuzzy structures x ; for dependent parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy structures:

$c(A*B)=ca(A)*c(B/A)=c(B)*c(A/B)$, where $c(B/A)$ - conditional structurability of the parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy structure B at the parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy structure A , $c(A/B)$ - conditional fuzzy dynamic fuzzy structure of the parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy structure A at the parallel fuzzy dynamic structure fuzzy B . Adding inconsistent parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy structures: $c(A+B)=c(A)+c(B)$.

The formula of complete parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy structure: $c(A)=$

$\sum_{k=1}^n c(B_k) * c(A/B_k)$, $B_1, B_2, \dots, B_n$ -full group of hypotheses- fuzzy containments:

$\sum_{k=1}^n c(B_k)=1$ ("parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy structure"). $PrffSCprt$ - structure of

the first type for set of parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy structures $A=\{A_1, A_2, \dots, A_n\}$:

$$\text{PrffSCprt} \begin{matrix} A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix}, \text{PrffSCprt} \begin{matrix} c(A_n) & c(A_n) & \dots & c(A_n) \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix} - \text{PrffSCprt}$$

structurability for these structures. It is possible to consider the parallel fuzzy dynamic fself-type fuzzy structure $PrffS_3CA$ with m parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy structures from A , at $m < n$, which is formed by the form (1.1), that is, only m parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy structures from A are located in the structure

$$\text{PrffSCprt} \begin{matrix} A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix}. \text{ The same for parallel fuzzy dynamic fCself-type}$$

fuzzy structurability $PrffS_3C\{c(A_1), c(A_2), \dots, c(A_n)\}$.

Can be considered N -hierarchical parallel fuzzy structure: 1-level - elements; level 2 - connections between them, level 3 - relationships between elements of level 2, etc. up to level $N+1$. N -hierarchical parallel fuzzy structure: 1-level - A ; 2-level - B , 3-level - C , etc. up to $(N+1)$ -level, where $A, B, C, \dots$ can be any in particular, by fuzzy actions, fuzzy sets, and others.

Can be considered discrete hierarchical parallel fuzzy structure, continuous hierarchical parallel fuzzy structure, and discrete-continuous hierarchical parallel fuzzy structure.

The example $\text{PrffQHSC} =$

$$\text{HffSCprt}_x \left[\begin{array}{c} \text{PrffSCprt} \begin{matrix} \text{N-level of hierarchical fuzzy structure}_1 & \text{N-level of hierarchical fuzzy structure}_2 & \dots & \text{N-level of hierarchical fuzzy structure}_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix} \\ \text{PrffSCprt} \begin{matrix} \text{i-level of hierarchical fuzzy structure}_1 & \text{i-level of hierarchical fuzzy structure}_2 & \dots & \text{i-level of hierarchical fuzzy structure}_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix} \\ \text{PrffSCprt} \begin{matrix} \text{1-level of hierarchical fuzzy structure}_1 & \text{1-level of hierarchical fuzzy structure}_2 & \dots & \text{1-level of hierarchical fuzzy structure}_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix} \end{array} \right]$$

N -hierarchical fuzzy structure compression into point $x = (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$.

Let $fPrffC(N, PrffQHSC) = PrffQHSC$ $\left. \begin{matrix} PrffQHSC \\ PrffQHSC \\ \dots \\ PrffQHSC \end{matrix} \right\} \text{-N levels}$

It can be considered $PrffC_{Self}$ - $PrffQHSC$, $fPrffC(y, PrffQHSC)$ for any y , $fPrffC(PrffQHSC, PrffQHSC)$.

Parallel Compression Hierarchy Example:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &1) \\
 &\begin{matrix} & \begin{pmatrix} () & () & () \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \end{pmatrix} & \begin{pmatrix} () & () & () \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \end{pmatrix} & \dots & \begin{pmatrix} () & () & () \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \end{pmatrix} \\
 PrffSCprt & \begin{pmatrix} () \\ () \end{pmatrix} & \begin{pmatrix} () \\ () \end{pmatrix} & \dots & \begin{pmatrix} () \\ () \end{pmatrix} \\
 & \begin{pmatrix} () & () & () \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \end{pmatrix} + B & \begin{pmatrix} () & () & () \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \end{pmatrix} + B & \dots & \begin{pmatrix} () & () & () \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \end{pmatrix} + B \\
 & \begin{pmatrix} () & () & () \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \end{pmatrix} & \begin{pmatrix} () & () & () \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \end{pmatrix} & \dots & \begin{pmatrix} () & () & () \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \end{pmatrix} \\
 = & \left(\begin{matrix} & \begin{pmatrix} () & () & () \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \end{pmatrix} & \begin{pmatrix} () & () & () \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \end{pmatrix} & \dots & \begin{pmatrix} () & () & () \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \end{pmatrix} \\
 PrffSCprt & \begin{pmatrix} () & () & () \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \end{pmatrix} & \begin{pmatrix} () & () & () \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \end{pmatrix} & \dots & \begin{pmatrix} () & () & () \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \end{pmatrix} \\
 & \begin{pmatrix} () & () & () \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \end{pmatrix} & \begin{pmatrix} () & () & () \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \end{pmatrix} & \dots & \begin{pmatrix} () & () & () \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \end{pmatrix} \\
 & \begin{pmatrix} () & () & () \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \end{pmatrix} & \begin{pmatrix} () & () & () \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \end{pmatrix} & \dots & \begin{pmatrix} () & () & () \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \end{pmatrix} \\
 PrffSCprt & \begin{pmatrix} () & () & () \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \end{pmatrix} & \begin{pmatrix} () & () & () \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \end{pmatrix} & \dots & \begin{pmatrix} () & () & () \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \\ () & () & \dots() \end{pmatrix} \\
 & \begin{pmatrix} v_{11} \\ \mu_{11} \\ B \end{pmatrix} & \begin{pmatrix} v_{21} \\ \mu_{21} \\ B \end{pmatrix} & \dots & \begin{pmatrix} v_{n1} \\ \mu_{n1} \\ B \end{pmatrix}
 \end{matrix} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

Let's consider two versions: 1) containment is interpreted through the concept of containment, and 2) $f_{capacity}$ is interpreted through the concept of fuzzy containment as a rest point of fuzzy containment. $PrffC_{Self}$ -containment is interpreted as a rest point of $PrffC_{Self}$ -containment. We consider the functional $ca(Q)$, which gives a numerical value for the fuzzy accommodation of Q from the interval $[0,1]$, where 0 corresponds to "parallel fuzzy containment", and one corresponds to the value "parallel fuzzy $f_{capacity}$ ". Then for joint fuzzy dynamic fuzzy A, B : $ca(A+B) = ca(A) + ca(B) - ca(A*B) + caS(D)$, D - $PrffC_{Self}$ -containment

for $A*B$, $caS(x)$ - the value of PrffCSelf-fcapacity for PrffCSelf-containment of x ; for dependent parallel fuzzy containments:

$ca(A*B)=ca(A)*ca(B/A)=ca(B)*ca(A/B)$, where $ca(B/A)$ - conditional fuzzy accommodation of the parallel fuzzy containment B at the parallel fuzzy containment A , $ca(A/B)$ - conditional parallel fuzzy fcapacity of the parallel fuzzy containment A at the parallel fuzzy containment B . Adding the parallel fuzzy fcapacity values of inconsistent parallel fuzzy containments:

$ca(A+B)=ca(A)+ca(B)$. The formula of complete parallel fuzzy fcapacity : $ca(A)=\sum_{k=1}^n ca(B_k)*ca(A/B_k)$, $B_1, B_2, \dots, B_n$ -full group of hypotheses-(parallel fuzzy containments): $\sum_{k=1}^n ca(B_k)=1$ ("parallel fuzzy fcapacity"). PrffSCprt-

containment for set of parallel fuzzy containments $A=\{A_1, A_2, \dots, A_n\}$: PrffSCprt

A_1	A_2	$\dots A_n$	$ca(A_1)$	$ca(A_2)$	$\dots ca(A_n)$
v_{11}	v_{21}	$\dots v_{n1}$	v_{11}	v_{21}	$\dots v_{n1}$
μ_{11}	μ_{21}	$\dots \mu_{n1}$	μ_{11}	μ_{21}	$\dots \mu_{n1}$
x_1	x_2	$\dots x_n$	x_1	x_2	$\dots x_n$

PrffSCprt - PrffSCprt- accommodation

for these parallel fuzzy containments. It is possible to consider the PrffCSelf-containment $PrffS_3CA$ with m fuzzy containments from A , at $m < n$, which is formed by the form (1.1), that is, only m parallel fuzzy containments from A are

located in the parallel containment PrffSCprt(t)

A_1	A_2	$\dots A_n$
v_{11}	v_{21}	$\dots v_{n1}$
μ_{11}	μ_{21}	$\dots \mu_{n1}$
x_1	x_2	$\dots x_n$

The same for

PrffCSelf- accommodation - $PrffS_3C\{ca(A_1), ca(A_2), \dots, ca(A_n)\}$.

We consider the functional $h(Q)$, which gives a numerical value for the parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy hierarchization of fuzzy Q from the interval $[0,1]$, where 0 corresponds to "no parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy hierarchy," and 1 corresponds to the value "parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy hierarchy." Then for joint parallel fuzzy dynamic hierarchies fuzzy A, B : $h(A+B)=h(A)+h(B)-h(A*B)+hfSC(D)$, D -PrffCSelf- hierarchy from $A*B$, $hfSC(x)$ - the value of PrffCSelf- hierarchy for PrffCSelf- hierarchy x ; for dependent parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy hierarchies: $h(A*B) = ha(A)*h(B/A) = h(B)*h(A/B)$, where $h(B/A)$ - conditional parallel fuzzy

dynamic hierarchization of the parallel fuzzy dynamic hierarchy fuzzy B at the parallel fuzzy dynamic hierarchy fuzzy A, $h(A/B)$ - conditional parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy hierarchy of the parallel fuzzy dynamic hierarchy fuzzy A at the parallel fuzzy dynamic structure fuzzy B. Adding the parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy hierarchy values of inconsistent parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy hierarchies:

$h(A+B)=h(A)+h(B)$. The formula of complete parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy hierarchy: $h(A)=\sum_{k=1}^n h(B_k) * h(A/B_k)$, $B_1, B_2, \dots, B_n$ -full group of hypotheses- (parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy hierarches): $\sum_{k=1}^n h(B_k)=1$ ("parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy hierarchy").

PrffSCprt- structure for set of parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy hierarches $A=\{A_1, A_2, \dots, A_n\}$:

$$\text{PrffSCprt}(t) \begin{matrix} A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix}, \text{PrffSCprt}(t) \begin{matrix} h(A_1) & h(A_2) & \dots & h(A_n) \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix} -$$

PrffSCprt- hierarchization for these parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy hierarches. It is possible to consider the PrffCSelf- hierarchy $PrffS_3CA$ with m parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy hierarches from A , at $m < n$, which is formed by the form (1.1), that is, only m parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy hierarches from A are located in the

$$\text{parallel fuzzy dynamic hierarchy } \text{PrffSCprt}(t) \begin{matrix} A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix}. \text{ The same for}$$

PrffCSelf- hierarchization $PrffS_3C\{h(A_1), h(A_2), \dots, h(A_n)\}$. Can be considered

$$\text{PrffSCprt}(t) \begin{matrix} \{ca(A_1), c(A_1), h(A_1)\} & \{ca(A_2), c(A_2), h(A_2)\} & \dots & \{ca(A_n), c(A_n), h(A_n)\} \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix}.$$

Very interesting next parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy hierarchy type:

$$\begin{matrix} \text{hierarchy } A_1 & \text{hierarchy } A_2 & \dots & \text{hierarchy } A_n & \text{PrffSCprt}(t) & \text{hierarchy } A_1 & \text{hierarchy } A_2 & \dots & \text{hierarchy } A_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} & v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} & \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ \text{hierarchy } A_1 & \text{hierarchy } A_2 & \dots & \text{hierarchy } A_n & \text{hierarchy } A_1 & \text{hierarchy } A_2 & \dots & \text{hierarchy } A_n \end{matrix}.$$

You can enter special operator PrffCCprt to work with fuzzy dynamic fuzzy

$$\text{structures: } \begin{matrix} A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \end{matrix} \text{PrffCCprt} \begin{matrix} R_1 & R_2 & \dots & R_m \\ v_{12} & v_{22} & \dots & v_{m2} \\ \mu_{12} & \mu_{22} & \dots & \mu_{m2} \end{matrix} \text{fuzzy structures fuzzy } R_j \text{ with}$$

$$\begin{matrix} B_1 & B_2 & \dots & B_n \\ Q_1 & Q_2 & \dots & Q_n \end{matrix}$$

the structure from fuzzy Q_j with type of structuring v_{j2} and measure of fuzziness μ_{j2} , fuzzy unstructures fuzzy A_i by the structure fuzzy B_i with type of unstructuring v_{i1} and measure of fuzziness μ_{i1} , simultaneously, ($i = 1, 2, \dots, n, j = 1, 2, \dots, m$).
Very interesting next parallel fuzzy dynamic fuzzy structure type:

$$\begin{matrix} A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \end{matrix} \text{PrffCCrt}(t) \begin{matrix} A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \end{matrix},$$

$$\begin{matrix} A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \\ A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \end{matrix}$$

You can enter special parallel operator PrffHCprt to work with fuzzy dynamic

$$\text{fuzzy hierarches: } \begin{matrix} A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \end{matrix} \text{PrffHCprt} \begin{matrix} R_1 & R_2 & \dots & R_m \\ v_{12} & v_{22} & \dots & v_{m2} \\ \mu_{12} & \mu_{22} & \dots & \mu_{m2} \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{matrix} B_1 & B_2 & \dots & B_n \\ Q_1 & Q_2 & \dots & Q_n \end{matrix}$$

fuzzy hierarchizes fuzzy R_j with the fuzzy hierarchy from fuzzy Q_j with type of hierarching v_{j2} and measure of fuzziness μ_{j2} , fuzzy unhierarchizes fuzzy A_i from the fuzzy hierarchy fuzzy B_i with type of unhierarching v_{i1} and measure of fuzziness μ_{i1} , simultaneously, ($i = 1, 2, \dots, n, j = 1, 2, \dots, m$).

Program operators PrffSCprt , PrfftSpr .

Here it is supposed to use a symbiosis of parallel fuzzy actions and conventional calculations through sequential actions. This must be done through PrffSCprt -Networks in one of the central departments of which a conventional computer system is located. The parallel processor is itself prffceprogram with direct parallel computing not through serial computing.

Using conventional PrffSCprt -coding by a parallel computer system, through a Target-block with a PrffSCprt -program operator -

$$\text{PrffSCprt}(t) \begin{matrix} g_1(t)w_1(t) & g_2(t)w_2(t) & \dots & g_n(t)w_n(t) \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \end{matrix}, \text{ it will be possible to obtain the}$$

$$\begin{matrix} activation & activation & \dots & activation \end{matrix}$$

execution of the parallel fuzzy actions $(g_1(t), g_2(t), \dots, g_n(t))$ with the desired target weights $w(t) = (w_1(t), w_2(t), \dots, w_n(t))$. Each code for a neural network from a conventional computer we "bind" (match) to the corresponding value of current (or voltage). For PrffSCprt-coding and PrffSCprt-translation may be use alternating current of ultrahigh frequency or high-intensity ultra-short optical pulses laser of Nobel laureates 2018-year Gerard Mourou, Donna Strickland, or a combination of them. For the desired fuzzy action, for example, using the direct parallel fuzzy program of operator PrffSCprt(t)

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 (\text{UHF AC})_1(t) := Q_1(t) & (\text{UHF AC})_2(t) := Q_2(t) & \dots & (\text{UHF AC})_n(t) := Q_n(t) & & & \\
 \begin{array}{c} v_{11} \\ \mu_{11} \\ \text{activation} \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} v_{21} \\ \mu_{21} \\ \text{activation} \end{array} & \dots & \begin{array}{c} v_{n1} \\ \mu_{n1} \\ \text{activation} \end{array} & & & , \text{ we}
 \end{array}$$

simultaneously enter the desired fuzzy set of codes $Q_i(t)$, $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$, using a microwave current or high-intensity ultra-short optical pulses laser in Target-block. In a conventional computer, the process of sequential calculation takes a certain time interval, in a directly parallel calculation by a neural network, the calculation is instantaneous, but it occupies a certain region of the space of calculation objects. Consider the types of direct parallel program operators:

- 1) PrffSCprt-program operators
- 2) PrffSCpr-program operators

Here are some of the PrffSCprt-program operators:

- 1) Simultaneous fuzzy assignment of the fuzzy expressions $\tilde{p} = (p_1 | \mu_{\tilde{p}}(p_1), p_2 | \mu_{\tilde{p}}(p_2), \dots, p_n | \mu_{\tilde{p}}(p_n))$ to the variables $\tilde{x} = (x_1 | \mu_{\tilde{x}}(x_1), x_2 | \mu_{\tilde{x}}(x_2), \dots, x_n | \mu_{\tilde{x}}(x_n))$.

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 x_1 := & x_2 := & \dots & x_n := & & & \\
 \text{This is implemented via PrffSCprt} & \begin{array}{c} v_{11} \\ \mu_{11} \\ p_1 \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} v_{21} \\ \mu_{21} \\ p_2 \end{array} & \dots & \begin{array}{c} v_{n1} \\ \mu_{n1} \\ p_n \end{array} & & .
 \end{array}$$

- 2) Simultaneous fuzzy checking the fuzzy set of conditions $\tilde{g} = (g_1 | \mu_{\tilde{g}}(g_1), g_2 | \mu_{\tilde{g}}(g_2), \dots, g_n | \mu_{\tilde{g}}(g_n))$ for the fuzzy set of expressions $\tilde{B} = (B_1 | \mu_{\tilde{B}}(B_1), B_2 | \mu_{\tilde{B}}(B_2), \dots, B_n | \mu_{\tilde{B}}(B_n))$. Implemented via PrffSCprt

$$\begin{array}{cccc} IF\{B_1g_1\} \text{ then} & IF\{B_2g_2\} \text{ then} & \dots & IF\{B_ng_n\} \text{ then} \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ w_1 & w_2 & \dots & w_n \end{array}, \text{ where } w_i (i = 1, \dots, n)$$

can be anything.

3) Similarly for loop operators and others.

PrffSCprt-algorithm Examples:

1) Simultaneous addition and simultaneous parallel fuzzy multiplication of fuzzy sets elements (See point 1, 2 in **Math PrffCSelf**

2) parallel fuzzy pattern recognition: PrffSCprt

$$\begin{array}{cccc} IF\{q_1 \in \text{image archive}_1\} \text{ then} & IF\{q_2 \in \text{image archive}_2\} \text{ then} & \dots & IF\{q_n \in \text{image archive}_n\} \text{ then} \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ \text{Name of } q_1 & \text{Name of } q_2 & \dots & \text{Name of } q_n \end{array}$$

The example of PrffSCprt-program is

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} x_1 := & x_2 := & x_n := & IF\{B_1g_1\} \text{ then} & IF\{B_2g_2\} \text{ then} & IF\{B_ng_n\} \text{ then} & w_1 \quad w_2 \quad w_n \\ \text{PrffSCprt} & v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} & \text{PrffSCprt} & v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} & \text{PrffSCprt} & \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} & \dots & \mu_{n1}, \\ \text{PrffSCprt} & p_1 & p_2 & \dots & p_n & w_1 & w_2 & \dots & w_n & \dots & w_n \\ & v_{11} & & & & & v_{21} & & & & v_{n1} \\ & \mu_{11} & & & & & \mu_{21} & & & & \mu_{n1} \\ & r_1 & & & & & r_2 & & & & r_n \end{array}$$

PrffS₃Cf– software operators will differ only just because fuzzy aggregates

$\{\tilde{g}\}, \{\tilde{p}\}, \{\tilde{B}\}, \{\tilde{x}\}$ will be formed from corresponding PrffSCprt-program operators in form (1.1) for more complex operators in forms (1.1.1) – (1.4) , (2.1*) and analogs of forms (1.1.1) - (1.4) by type (2.1*).

$$\begin{array}{c} \{R\} \\ v \end{array}$$

For example, $\text{PrffSCprt}_{g\{R\}}^\mu$ is the fcapacity in itself of the second type if $g\{R\}$ is a program capable of generating $\{R\}$.

The example of self-program of the first type is

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} x_1 := & x_2 := & x_n := & IF\{B_1g_1\} \text{ then} & IF\{B_2g_2\} \text{ then} & IF\{B_ng_n\} \text{ then} & w_1 \quad w_2 \quad w_n \\ \text{PrffSCprt} & v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} & \text{PrffSCprt} & v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} & \text{PrffSCprt} & \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} & \dots & \mu_{n1}, \\ & p_1 & p_2 & \dots & p_n & w_1 & w_2 & \dots & w_n & \dots & w_n \\ & v_{11} & & & & & v_{21} & & & & v_{n1} \\ & \mu_{11} & & & & & \mu_{21} & & & & \mu_{n1} \\ & & & & & & & & & & \dots \\ x_1 := & x_2 := & x_n := & IF\{B_1g_1\} \text{ then} & IF\{B_2g_2\} \text{ then} & IF\{B_ng_n\} \text{ then} & w_1 \quad w_2 \quad w_n \\ \text{PrffSCprt} & v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} & \text{PrffSCprt} & v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} & \text{PrffSCprt} & \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} & \dots & \mu_{n1}, \\ & p_1 & p_2 & \dots & p_n & w_1 & w_2 & \dots & w_n & \dots & w_n \\ & & & & & & & & & & v_{n1} \end{array}$$

PrffSCprt-coding: 1) fuzzy set A_i to fuzzy set B_i , 2) fuzzy set A_i to a point q_i , where the elements of the fuzzy sets A_i, B_i can be continuous, ($i = 1, 2, \dots, n; j = 1, 2, \dots, m$).

For example, PrffSCprt

$$\begin{array}{ccc} A_1 & A_2 & \dots A_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots \mu_{n1} \\ B_1 & B_2 & \dots B_n \end{array}$$

There are PrffSCprt -coding, PrffSCprt-translation, PrffSCprt-realize of prffeprograms and of the programs from the archives without extraction theirs

Self-coding: 1) fuzzy set A_i to fuzzy set A_i , i.e. A_i on itself 2) fuzzy set A_i to a point q_i in forms (1.1) - (1.4), where the elements of the fuzzy sets A_i can be

continuous. For example, PrffSCprt

$$\begin{array}{ccc} A_1 & A_2 & \dots A_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots \mu_{n1} \\ A_1 & A_2 & \dots A_n \end{array}$$

One of the central departments of the control system should be a computer system of the usual type of the desired level. In symbiosis with PrffSCprt-Networks, it will provide a holistic operation of the control system in three modes: conventional serial through a conventional type computer system, direct parallel through PrffSCprt -Networks and series-parallel. Codes from a conventional type computer system will be used via PrffSCprt -connectors in PrffSCprt - coding, for example:

$$\begin{array}{cccc} (\text{UHF AC})_1(t) := Q_1(t) & (\text{UHF AC})_2(t) := Q_2(t) & \dots & (\text{UHF AC})_n(t) := Q_n(t) \\ \text{PrffSCprt}(t) & v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ & \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ & \text{activation} & \text{activation} & \dots & \text{activation} \end{array}$$

UHF AC field activation is used.

Consider the fuzzy dynamic PrffSCprt and PrffS₃Cf(t) programming:

1. The process of simultaneous fuzzy assignment of the fuzzy expressions $p(t)$ $= (p_1(t)|\mu_{p(t)}(p_1(t)), p_2(t)|\mu_{p(t)}(p_2(t)), \dots, p_n(t)|\mu_{p(t)}(p_n(t)))$ to the variables $x(t)=(x_1(t)|$

$\mu_{\tilde{x}(t)}(x_1(t)), x_2(t)|\mu_{\tilde{x}(t)}(x_2(t)), \dots, x_n(t)|\mu_{\tilde{x}(t)}(x_n(t)))$ is implemented through PrffSCprt

$$\begin{array}{cccc} x_1(t) := & x_2(t) := & \dots & x_n(t) := \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ p_1(t) & p_2(t) & \dots & p_n(t) \end{array} .$$

2. The process of simultaneous check the fuzzy set of conditions $\tilde{g}(t)=(g_1(t)|\mu_{\tilde{g}(t)}$
 $(g_1(t)), g_2(t)|\mu_{\tilde{g}(t)}(g_2(t)), \dots, g_n(t)|\mu_{\tilde{g}(t)}(g_n(t)))$ for the fuzzy set of expressions $\tilde{B}(t)$
 $=(B_1(t)|\mu_{\tilde{B}(t)}(B_1(t)), B_2(t)|\mu_{\tilde{B}(t)}(B_2(t)), \dots, B_n(t)|\mu_{\tilde{B}(t)}(B_n(t)))$ is implemented through

$$\begin{array}{cccc} \text{PrffSCprt} & IF\{B_1(t)g_1(t)\} \text{ then} & IF\{B_2(t)g_2(t)\} \text{ then} & \dots IF\{B_n(t)g_n(t)\} \text{ then} \\ & v_{11} & v_{21} & v_{n1} \\ & \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots \mu_{n1} \\ & w_1(t) & w_2(t) & \dots w_n(t) \end{array} ,$$

where $w(t) = (w_1(t), w_2(t), \dots, w_n(t))$. can be any.

3. Similarly for loop operators and others.

$\text{PrffS}_3\text{Cf}(t)$ – software operators will differ only in that the aggregates

$\{\tilde{g}(t)\}, \{\tilde{p}(t)\}, \{\tilde{B}(t)\}, \{\tilde{x}(t)\}$ will be formed from corresponding processes

$\text{PrffSCprt}(t)$ for the above-mentioned programming operators through form (1.1) or forms (1.1.1) – (1.4) for more complex operators, (2.1*) and analogs of forms (1.1.1) - (1.4) by type (2.1*).

Consider PrfftSCpr -program operators. The ideology of PrftSCpr and PrftS_4Cf is parallel analogue of ft_{S_4f} [14] can be used for programming. Here are some of the PrftSCpr -program operators.

1. Simultaneous fuzzy expelling assignment of the fuzzy expressions $\tilde{p}$

$=(p_1|\mu_{\tilde{p}}(p_1), p_2|\mu_{\tilde{p}}(p_2), \dots, p_n|\mu_{\tilde{p}}(p_n))$ from the variables $\tilde{x}=(x_1|\mu_{\tilde{x}}(x_1), x_2|$

$$\begin{array}{cccc} & x_1 := & x_2 := & \dots x_n := \\ & v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots v_{n1} \\ \mu_{\tilde{x}}(x_2), \dots, x_n|\mu_{\tilde{x}}(x_n)). \text{ It's implemented through} & \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots \mu_{n1} \\ & p_1 & p_2 & \dots p_n \end{array}$$

PrffSCprt .

2. Simultaneous fuzzy expelling checks the fuzzy set of conditions $\tilde{g}=(g_1|\mu_{\tilde{g}}$

$(g_1), g_2|\mu_{\tilde{g}}(g_2), \dots, g_n|\mu_{\tilde{g}}(g_n))$ for the fuzzy set of expressions $\tilde{B}=(B_1|\mu_{\tilde{B}}(B_1),$

$B_2|\mu_{\tilde{B}}(B_2), \dots, B_n|\mu_{\tilde{B}}(B_n))$. It's implemented through

$$\begin{array}{cccc} IF\{B_1g_1\} & then & IF\{B_2g_2\} & then \quad \dots \quad IF\{B_ng_n\} & then \\ v_{11} & & v_{21} & & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & & \mu_{21} & & \mu_{n1} \\ w_1 & & w_2 & & w_n \end{array} \quad \text{PrffSCprt where } w_i \text{ (i =$$

1, ..., n) can be anything.

3. Similarly for loop operators and others.

$Prfft_{S_4Cf}$ – software operators will differ only just because aggregates

$\{\tilde{g}\}, \{\tilde{p}\}, \{\tilde{B}\}, \{\tilde{x}\}$ will be formed from corresponding PrfftSCpr program operators in form (1.1) for more complex operators in forms (1.1.1) – (1.4) , (2.1*) and analogs of forms (1.1.1) - (1.4) by type (2.1*).

Consider hierarchical PrfftSCpr-program operator

$$\begin{array}{cccc} C_1(t) & C_2(t) & \dots & C_m(t) \\ v_{12} & v_{22} & & v_{m2} \\ \mu_{12} & \mu_{22} & \dots & \mu_{m2} \end{array} \text{PrffSCrt}_2(t) = \begin{array}{cccc} D_1(t) & D_2(t) & \dots & D_m(t) \\ \left\{ \begin{array}{cccc} \{\} & \{\} & \dots & \{\} \\ v_{12} & v_{22} & \dots & v_{m2} \\ \mu_{12} & \mu_{22} & \dots & \mu_{m2} \end{array} \right. & \text{PrffSCrt}(t) \end{array}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sum_{i=1}^m Q_i(t) + \\ D_1(t) - D_1(t) \cap C_1(t) \quad D_2(t) - D_2(t) \cap C_2(t) \quad \dots D_m(t) - D_m(t) \cap C_m(t) \\ \sum_{i=1}^m (C_i(t) - D_i(t) \cap C_i(t)) - (D_i(t) - D_i(t) \cap C_i(t)) \end{array} \right\}$$

, where $Q_i(t)$ is oself-(fuzzy set) for $(D_i(t) \cap C_i(t))$ [14].

Consider the PrfftSCpr(t) and $Prfft(t)_{S_4f}$ programming at time t.

1. The process of simultaneous assignment of the expressions $\tilde{p}(t)=(p_1(t)|\mu_{\tilde{p}(t)}(p_1(t)), p_2(t)|\mu_{\tilde{p}(t)}(p_2(t)), \dots, p_n(t)|\mu_{\tilde{p}(t)}(p_n(t)))$ to the variables $\tilde{x}(t)=(x_1(t)|\mu_{\tilde{x}(t)}(x_1(t)), x_2(t)|\mu_{\tilde{x}(t)}(x_2(t)), \dots, x_n(t)|\mu_{\tilde{x}(t)}(x_n(t)))$ is implemented through

$$\begin{array}{cccc} x_1(t) := & x_2(t) := & \dots & x_n(t) := \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ p_1(t) & p_2(t) & \dots & p_n(t) \end{array} \quad \text{PrffSCprt}(t).$$

2. The process of simultaneous check the set of conditions $\tilde{g}(t)=(g_1(t)|\mu_{\tilde{g}(t)}(g_1(t)), g_2(t)|\mu_{\tilde{g}(t)}(g_2(t)), ..., g_n(t)|\mu_{\tilde{g}(t)}(g_n(t)))$ for the fuzzy set of expressions $\tilde{B}(t)=(B_1(t)|\mu_{\tilde{B}(t)}(B_1(t)), B_2(t)|\mu_{\tilde{B}(t)}(B_2(t)), ..., B_n(t)|\mu_{\tilde{B}(t)}(B_n(t)))$ is implemented through

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} IF\{B_1(t)g_1(t)\} & then & IF\{B_2(t)g_2(t)\} & then & ... & IF\{B_n(t)g_n(t)\} & then \\ \begin{array}{c} v_{11} \\ \mu_{11} \\ w_1(t) \end{array} & & \begin{array}{c} v_{21} \\ \mu_{21} \\ w_2(t) \end{array} & & ... & & \begin{array}{c} v_{n1} \\ \mu_{n1} \\ w_n(t) \end{array} & PrffSCprt(t), \end{array}$$

where $\tilde{x}(t)=(x_1(t)|\mu_{\tilde{x}(t)}(x_1(t)), x_2(t)|\mu_{\tilde{x}(t)}(x_2(t)), ..., x_n(t)|\mu_{\tilde{x}(t)}(x_n(t)))$ can be any.

3. Similarly for loop operators and others.

$Prfft(t)_{S_4Cf}$ – software operators will differ only in that the aggregates

$\tilde{x}(t), \tilde{p}(t), \tilde{B}(t), \tilde{g}(t)$ will be formed from corresponding processes $PrffSCprt(t)$ for the above-mentioned programming operators through form (1.1) or forms (1.1.1) – (1.4) for more complex operators, (2.1*) and analogs of forms (1.1.1) - (1.4) by type (2.1*).

Consider $PrffSCrt(t)$ - program operators

$$fSprt_{t_0} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} u \quad u \quad u \quad u \\ v_1 \quad v_2 \quad v_1 \quad v_2 \\ \mu_1 \quad \mu_2 \quad \mu_1 \quad \mu_2 \\ u \quad u \quad u \quad u \end{array} \right\}^{PrffSCpr} \begin{array}{c} E_q \\ W_q \end{array} fSprt_q \left(\begin{array}{c} u \quad u \quad u \quad u \\ v_1 \quad v_2 \quad v_1 \quad v_2 \\ \mu_1 \quad \mu_2 \quad \mu_1 \quad \mu_2 \\ u \quad u \quad u \quad u \end{array} \right)^{PrffSCpr} fSprt_{d_r}^{E_q \{Ex_l^{d_r}\}} \left(E_{in}^{l^{d_r}} \right) \quad . \text{—program}$$

structure example, where the assemblage point d_r is the cursor, it is quite complex ffsel—program.

Remark. Energy with measure of fuzziness μ_1, μ_2 of a living organism other than humans:

$$fPrff(r, u(E_q), \mu_1, \mu_2) = fSprt_{t_0} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} u \quad u \quad u \quad u \\ v_1 \quad v_2 \quad v_1 \quad v_2 \\ \mu_1 \quad \mu_2 \quad \mu_1 \quad \mu_2 \\ u \quad u \quad u \quad u \end{array} \right\}^{PrffSCpr} \begin{array}{c} E_q \\ W_q \end{array} fSprt_q \left(\begin{array}{c} u \quad u \quad u \quad u \\ v_1 \quad v_2 \quad v_1 \quad v_2 \\ \mu_1 \quad \mu_2 \quad \mu_1 \quad \mu_2 \\ u \quad u \quad u \quad u \end{array} \right)^{PrffSCpr} fSprt_{d_r}^{E_q \{Ex_l^{d_r}\}} \left(E_{in}^{l^{d_r}} \right) \quad (**_{B.2}).$$

Energy with measure of fuzziness μ_1, μ_2 of a living organism of a person:

$fPrhff(r, u(E_q), \mu_1, \mu_2) =$

$$\left\{ \begin{pmatrix} u & u & u & u \\ v_1 & v_2 & v_1 & v_2 \\ \mu_1 & \mu_2 & \mu_1 & \mu_2 \\ u & u & u & u \end{pmatrix}^{PrffSCpr} \right\}_{W_q}^{E_q} Sprt_q \left(\begin{pmatrix} u & u & u & u \\ v_1 & v_2 & v_1 & v_2 \\ \mu_1 & \mu_2 & \mu_1 & \mu_2 \\ u & u & u & u \end{pmatrix} \right)^{fSprt_{d_r}^{E_{ex}l^{d_r}} \{ self(E_{in}l^{d_r}) \}} \quad (***_{B.2}).$$

$\begin{matrix} u & u & u & u \\ v_1 & v_2 & v_1 & v_2 \\ \mu_1 & \mu_2 & \mu_1 & \mu_2 \\ u & u & u & u \end{matrix} PrffSCpr$ -internal energy with measure of fuzziness μ_1, μ_2 of a

living organism of double energy structure, q - a gap in the energy cocoon of a living organism, r -the position of the assemblage point d_r on the energy cocoon of a living organism, W_q - energy prominences from the gap in the cocoon of a living organism, E_q -external energy entering the gap in the cocoon of a living organism, $E_{ex}l^{d_r}$ - a bundle of fibers of external energy self-capacities from outside the cocoon, collected at the point of assembly of the cocoon of a living organism, $E_{in}l^{d_r}$ - a bundle of fibers of external energy self-capacities from inside the cocoon, collected at the point of assembly of the cocoon of a living organism in the same position r of the assemblage point d_r . d_r is the subject of identifying the energy fibers of the subtle energy of the Universe in position r both outside and inside the cocoon.

$(**_{B.2}), (***_B.2)$ can be interpreted as $PrffSCrt$ - program operators.

Appendix.

Supplement for string theory: May be to try represent elementary particles in the

form of continual self-elements of the type: $PrffSCprt \begin{matrix} \uparrow I \downarrow_{-1}^1 & \downarrow I \uparrow_{-\infty}^\infty & \dots & \downarrow I \uparrow_{-1}^1 \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix},$

etc.

Supplement for PrffSCprt-logic: We consider PrffSCprt-logic: consider the functional $f(Q)$, which gives a numerical value for the truth of the fuzzy dynamic fuzzy statement Q from the interval $[0,1]$, where 0 corresponds to "ffno," and one corresponds to the logical value "ffyes." Then for joint fuzzy dynamic fuzzy statements A, B : $f(A+B)=f(A)+f(B)-f(A*B)+fS(D)$, D - self- (fuzzy dynamic fuzzy statement) from $A*B$, $fS(x)$ - the value of self-(fuzzy dynamic fuzzy truth) for self- (fuzzy dynamic fuzzy statement) x ; for dependent fuzzy dynamic fuzzy statements: $f(A*B)=f(A)*f(B/A)=f(B)*f(A/B)$, where $f(B/A)$ - conditional fuzzy dynamic fuzzy truth of the fuzzy dynamic fuzzy statement B at fuzzy dynamic fuzzy statement A , $f(A/B)$ - dependent fuzzy dynamic fuzzy truth of the fuzzy dynamic fuzzy statement A at the fuzzy dynamic fuzzy statement B . Adding the fuzzy dynamic fuzzy truth values of inconsistent fuzzy dynamic fuzzy propositions: $f(A+B)=F(A)+f(B)$. The formula of complete fuzzy dynamic fuzzy truth: $f(A)=\sum_{k=1}^n f(B_k) * f(A/B_k)$, $B_1, B_2, \dots, B_n$ -full group of hypotheses- (fuzzy dynamic fuzzy statements): $\sum_{k=1}^n f(B_k)=1$ ("yes").

Remark. A statement can be interpreted as an event, and its truth value as a probability.

PrffSCprt- statement for set of fuzzy dynamic fuzzy statements $A = \{A_1, A_2, \dots,$

$$A_n\}: \text{PrffSCprt} \begin{array}{ccc} A_1 & A_2 & \dots A_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots x_n \end{array} \cdot \text{PrffSCprt} \begin{array}{ccc} f(A_1) & f(A_2) & \dots f(A_n) \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots x_n \end{array} - \text{PrffSCprt- truth}$$

for these fuzzy statements. It is possible to consider the self-(fuzzy statement)

$PrfS_3A$ with m fuzzy statements from A , at $m < n$, which is formed by the form (1.1), that is, only m fuzzy statements from A are located in the structure

$$\text{PrffSCprt} \begin{array}{ccc} A_1 & A_2 & \dots A_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots x_n \end{array} \cdot \text{The same for self-(fuzzy truth)}$$

$$PrffS_3C\{f(A_1), f(A_2), \dots, f(A_n)\}.$$

One can introduce the concepts of PrffSCprt-group: $\text{PrffSCprt} \begin{matrix} A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix}$, A is

the usual fuzzy group, $\text{PrffSCprt} \begin{matrix} A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{matrix}$, where A_i is usual fuzzy group,

$i=1,2, \dots, n$, x - usual fuzzy groups, self- (fuzzy group): PrffS_iCfA , $i=1,2,3$, A is usual fuzzy group.

Definition B.2.5.1. A fuzzy dynamic fuzzy structure with a second degree of freedom will be called complete, i.e., "capable" of reversing itself concerning any of its fuzzy elements clearly, but not necessarily in known operators; it can form (create) new special fuzzy dynamic fuzzy operators (in particular, special fuzzy dynamic fuzzy functions). In particular, PrffCrt

$\begin{matrix} A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \\ v_{11} & v_{21} & \dots & v_{n1} \\ \mu_{11} & \mu_{21} & \dots & \mu_{n1} \\ A_1 & A_2 & \dots & A_n \end{matrix}$ is such structure. Similarly, for working with fuzzy models,

each is structured by its fuzzy dynamic fuzzy structure; for example, use PrffSCprt -groups, PrffSCprt -rings, PrffSCprt -fields, PrffSCprt -spaces, PrffCSelf -groups, PrffCSelf -rings, PrffCSelf -fields, and PrffCSelf -spaces. Like any task, this is also a fuzzy dynamic fuzzy structure of the appropriate fuzzy fcapacity . Since the degree of freedom is double, it is clear that the form of the PrffCSelf -equation contains a fuzzy dynamic fuzzy solutions or fuzzy dynamic fuzzy structures the inversion of the PrffCSelf -equation concerning unknowns, i.e., the fuzzy dynamic fuzzy structure of the Prself -equation is complete.

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Declarations:

Availability of data and material

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